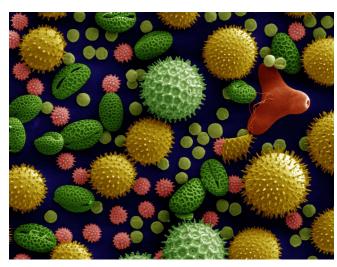
## Houston, We Have an *Allergy* Problem



Predicting Pollen Counts in Texas

May, 2022

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#### Introduction:

Allergies & Public Health After Covid-19

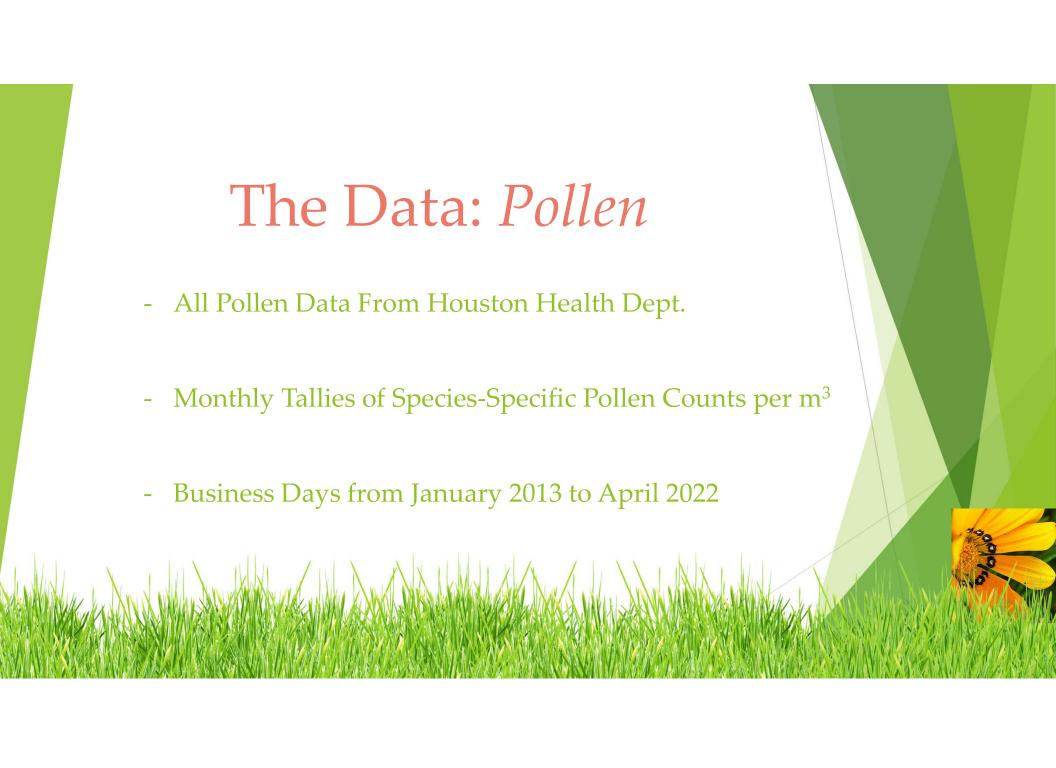
- 1. Heightened Public Awareness of Allergies
- 2. Seasonal Strain on Healthcare Providers



## Allergies: A Business Problem



Preparing Medical Providers & the General Public for Allergy Season Through Public Health Initiatives



#### The Data: Climate

- Daily Climate Data from

- 2 Testing Centers in Houston, TX, 1 from Shreveport, LA

Average Daily Temp (F),
 Average Wind Speed (mph),

Precipitation (inches)



Pollen Counts & Allergies

#### TREE POLLEN:

- 90-1499 /m<sup>3</sup>: Heavy

- 1500+/m³: Extremely Heavy

#### **GRASS POLLEN:**

- 20-199/m<sup>3</sup>: Heavy

- 200+/m³: Extremely Heavy

#### WEED POLLEN:

 $-50-499 \text{ /m}^3$ : Heavy

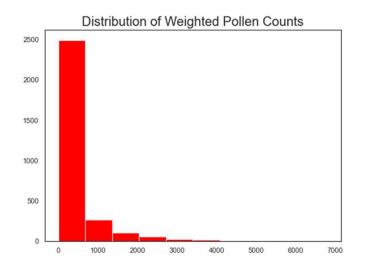
- 500+/m³: Extremely Heavy

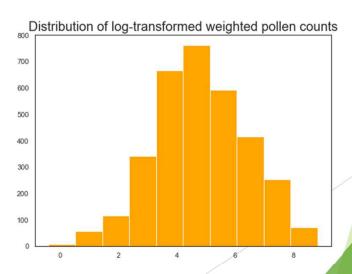
#### Weighted Pollen Counts

- Weighted using Different Severities of Tree, Grass and Weed
- "high" pollen set at 500+ particles per m³ per HHD
- ~50% of days 'high' pollen for Houston, TX

## **Exploratory Findings**

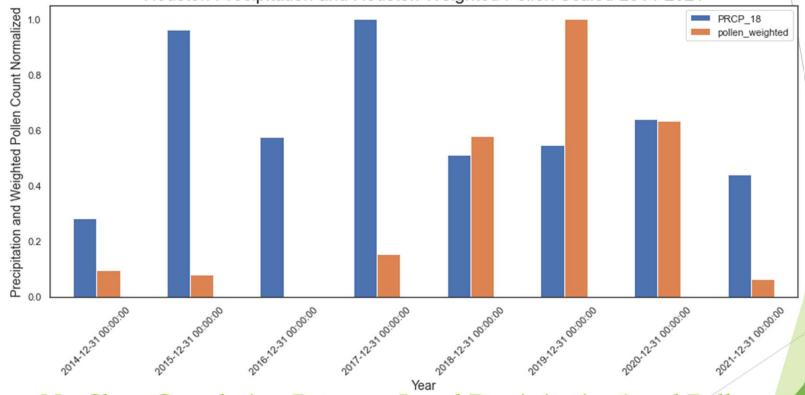
- Many Days had pollen counts of zero especially in summertime
- Max Pollen Count of over 9,000 per m<sup>3</sup> occurred in March, 2019
- Pollen's Logarithmic Distribution





### **Exploratory Findings**

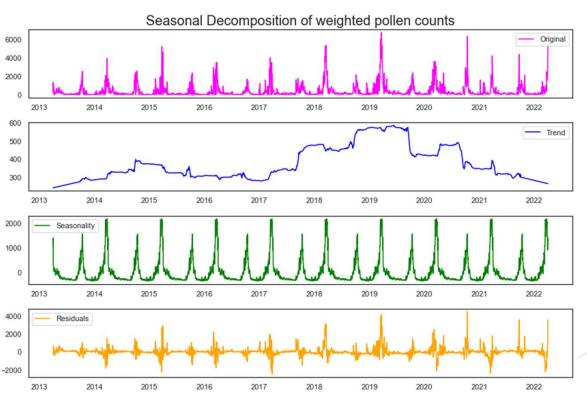




No Clear Correlation Between Local Precipitation\* and Pollen Counts for Current or Prior Year

\* Also True for Shreveport, & other variables (see Appendix)

### Classification Modeling: The Seasonality Problem

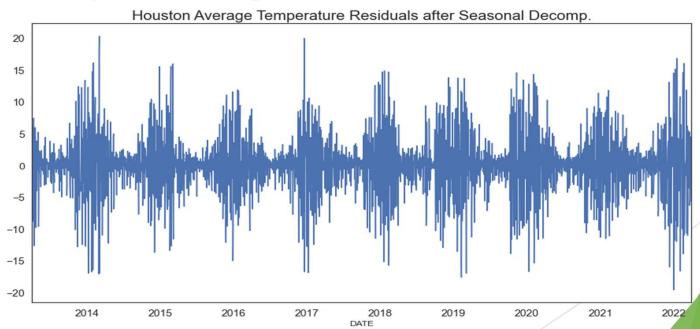


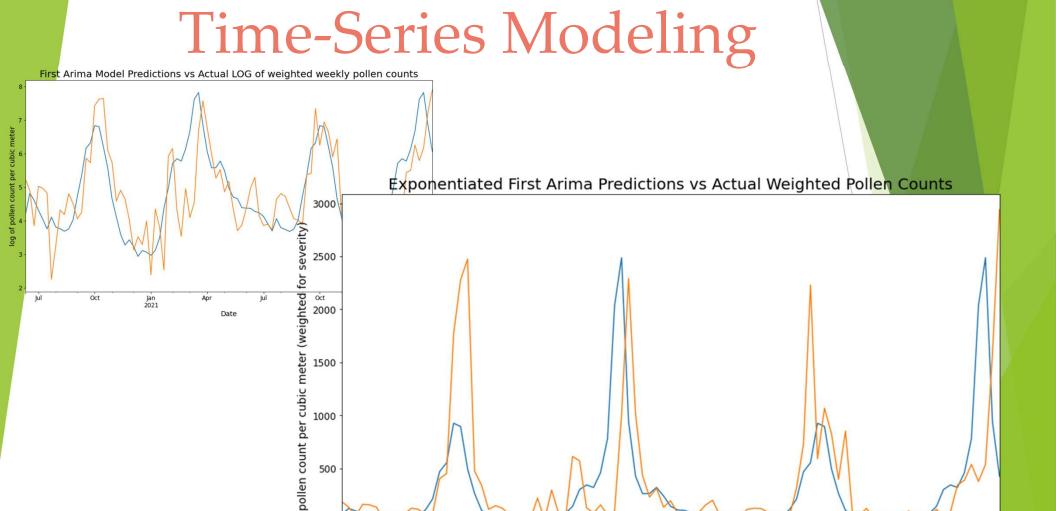
### Classification Modeling

Decision Tree Model: Local Temp most important feature

- Random Forest Classifier Achieved 60% Accuracy

- Seasonality after decomposition?





Jan 2021 Oct

oct

#### Results

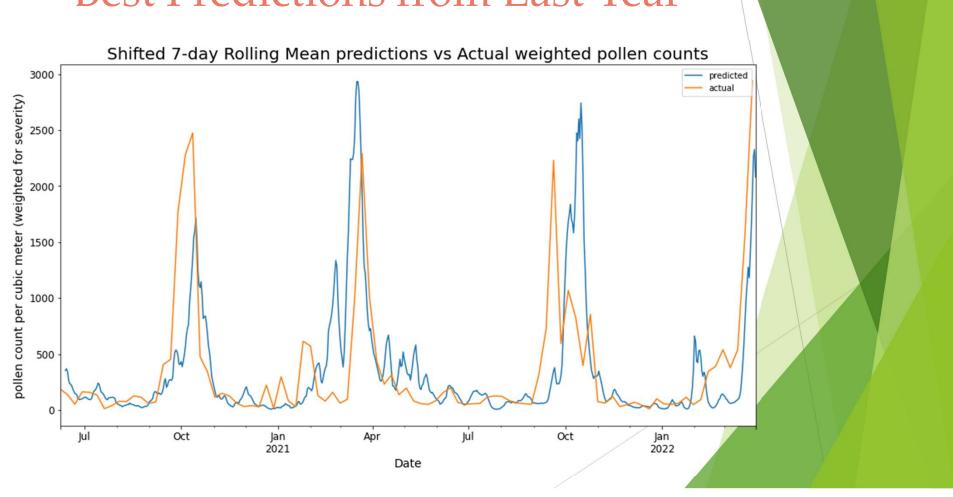
#### Classification:

- Best Model was Random Forest 60% Accuracy, 59% Precision

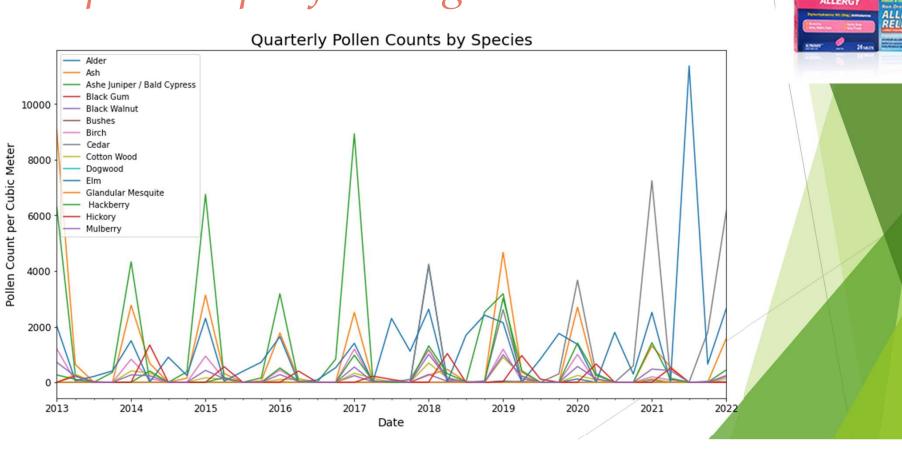
#### Time Series:

- Best Predictor was Prior Year's Pollen Counts
- Off by ~ 425 particles per m<sup>3</sup> on average

## Results: Best Predictions from Last Year



## Proposal for Next Steps: Species-Specific Diagnostic Tool

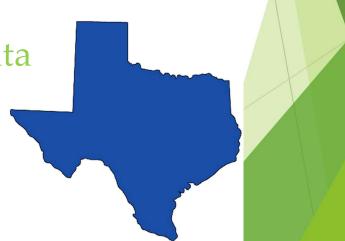


#### Further Considerations:

1. Mold Spores



2. More Local and Statewide Data



#### Conclusion

#### Seasonality is King

- The local seasonality of pollen production is the best predictor of pollen counts.

Thanks!
Questions and Comments



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#### Additional References

- 1. https://www.chpa.org/sites/default/files/me/dia/docs/2020-10/Assessing-Consumer-Benefits-of-Allergy-Rx-OTC-Switches-03012017.pdf
- 2. https://www.ochsner.org/services/allergy-asthma-and-immunology/pollen-mold

## Appendix

