# Part 2 Report

#### **Team Members:**

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Repo URL: https://github.com/nikhil-01a/567FinalProject

## 1. Function Implementation:

- **class HardwareScanner():** An empty class function for hardware scanner that will be mocked to return actual values during testing.
- **decode():** A function that takes 2 MRZ Strings as its inputs from the mocked HardwareScanner() and returns a string of '4 check digits concatenated together' and a dictionary of all the fields.
- **class dummydatabase():** An empty class function for database scanner that will be mocked to return actual values during testing.
- **encode():** A function that takes 2 dictionary lines as input from the mocked dummydatabase() and returns a string of ' 4 check digits concatenated together' and a string of MRZ lines joined by a semi-colon ';'.
- **getCheckCode(inputString: str) -> int**: return the correct check code for the given string.
- **compare\_EndDec():** A function that compares the check digit output of both encode() and decode() and then it reports if any mismatch is found in the corresponding fields of those check digits.

#### 2. Test Case Functions:

- **test\_decode\_firstmiddle\_name():** (Used mock with this)

  Testing decode function with Mocking HardwareScanner() and giving two strings as input to the decode function. This string contains a given name with first and middle names inside it.
- test\_encode\_firstmiddle\_name(): (Used mock with this)

  Testing encode function with Mocking the dummydatabase() and giving two dictionary lines containing all the information fields of a person. Here, again the given name of the person includes first and middle name in it.

## • **test\_decode\_givenname()**: (Used mock with this)

Testing decode function with Mocking HardwareScanner() and giving two strings as input to the decode function. This string contains a single given name.

## • test encode givenname(): (Used mock with this)

Testing encode function with Mocking the dummydatabase() and giving two dictionary lines containing all the information fields of a person. This person has a single given name.

## test\_getCheckCode():

Testing the check digit generator function by giving a passport number as an input.

## test\_NoMismatch():

Testing the 'encoder-decoder check digits comparing' function with both equal check digits.

## • test MismatchPassNo():

Testing the 'encoder-decoder check digits comparing' function with 'passport number' not matching (the first digit).

## test\_MismatchDOB():

Testing the 'encoder-decoder check digits comparing' function with 'Date of Birth' not matching (the second digit).

## • test MismatchDOE():

Testing the 'encoder-decoder check digits comparing' function with 'Date of Expiration' not matching (the third digit).

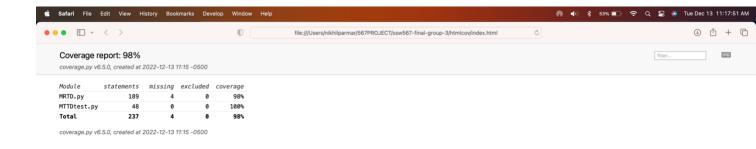
## • test\_MismatchPersNo():

Testing the 'encoder-decoder check digits comparing' function with 'Personal Number' not matching (the fourth digit).

## 3. Unit Testing:

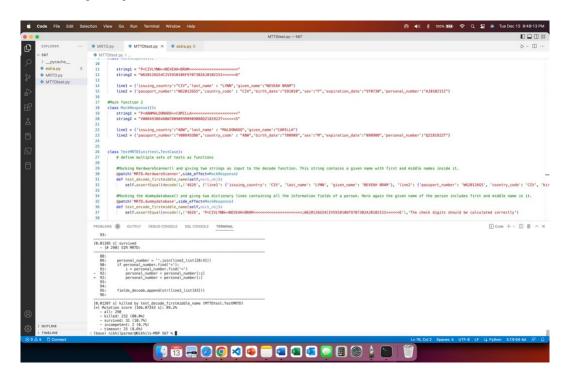
Coverage report:

| (base) MacBoo<br>Name  | ok-Pro:Pa<br>Stmts |        | ilury\$<br>Cover | python | -m | coverage | report |  |
|------------------------|--------------------|--------|------------------|--------|----|----------|--------|--|
| MRTD.py<br>MTTDtest.py | 189<br>48          | 4<br>0 | 98%<br>100%      |        |    |          |        |  |
| TOTAL                  | 237                | 4      | 98%              | _      |    |          |        |  |



## 4. Mutation testing

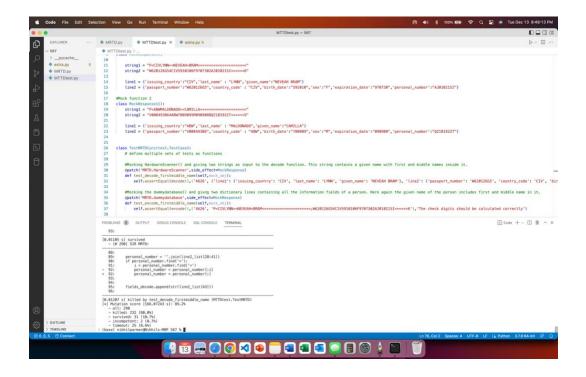
## **MutPy Report:**



How many mutants are generated based on your functions?

Based on my functions, there were a total of 290 mutants generated.

 How many mutants are killed by your test cases; how many mutants survived your test cases? Discuss how you could improve your test cases based on results from MutPy.



- 1. The number of mutants killed: 232
- 2. The number of mutants that survived are: 31
- 3. Based on the results from MutPy, I'm able to see where all the MutPy tool is going around in my functions and mutating (changing) parts of those functions. When those parts of the functions are changed and if my testcases don't notice it then that means that I need to create specific testcases that target those parts of the functions, so that when those parts are changed by MutPy, my new testcase will be able to detect the mutants and kill them.
- Please create additional test cases to kill the mutants. And list the names of the additional test cases.

#### **ADDITIONAL TESTCASES:**

The different places where I wrote the testcases to kill the mutants are as follows:

test\_getCheckCode\_arrow()

```
PROBLEMS 5
             OUTPUT DEBUG CONSOLE SQL CONSOLE
                                                         TERMINAL
  35:
                               c = 0
                               for d in m_name:
  36:
  37:
                                   if d == '<':
  38:
                                       m_name = m_name[0:c]
[0.01184 s] killed by test_decode_firstmiddle_name (MTTDtest.TestMRTD)
  - [# 278] SIR MRTD:
  34:
                               m_name = secondary_name[j + 1:]
  35:
                               c = 0
  36:
                               for d in m_name:
  37:
                                   if d == '<':
  38:
                                       m name = m name[0:c]
  38:
                                      m_name = m_name[:c]
  39:
                                   c = c + 1
  40:
                               break
                           else:
  42:
                               f name.append(b)
[0.01109 s] survived
   - [# 279] SIR MRTD:
  34:
                               m_name = secondary_name[j + 1:]
  35:
                               c = 0
```

This mutant survived since I didn't have any testcase checking for '<' arrow input in the getCheckCode(). So, I wrote a testcase with name:

"test\_getCheckCode\_arrow()" and gave "<" as an input to activate that part of the function and kill the mutant.

### test\_getCheckCode\_illegalcharacter()

```
PROBLEMS 5 OUTPUT DEBUG CONSOLE SQL CONSOLE
          arr_str = ''.join(arr_list)
 199:
[0.01326 s] killed by test_encode_firstmiddle_name (MTTDtest.TestMRTD)
  - [# 261] ROR MRTD:
 217:
                  asci value = ord(char)
                  asci_differnce = asci_value - ord('A')
 218:
 219:
                 numeric.append(10 + asci_differnce)
 220:
- 221:
             elif char == '<':
              elif char != '<':
+ 221:
 222:
                 numeric.append(0)
 223:
 224:
                  return 'Illegal character found.'
 225:
[0.01111 s] survived
  - [# 262] ROR MRTD:
 235:
 236:
          check_num = []
 237:
          k = 0
 238:
         for i in dec list:
```

This mutant survived since I didn't have any testcase checking for 'Illegal character' return input in the getCheckCode(). So, I wrote a testcase with name: "test\_getCheckCode\_illegalcharacter() " and gave "\$" as an input to activate that part of the function and kill the mutant.

#### test\_MismatchPersNoDoe()

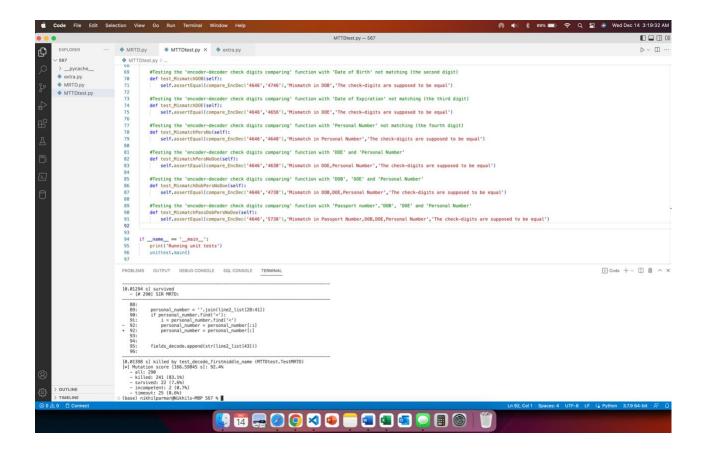
```
PROBLEMS (4) OUTPUT DEBUG CONSOLE SQL CONSOLE TERMINAL
[0.01027 s] killed by test_MismatchDOB (MTTDtest.TestMRTD)
  - [# 240] CRP MRTD:
                  if x == '4':
  259:
                        mismatch_col.append('Personal Number')
  260:
  261:
            if len(check_num) != 0:
                   mismatchSTR = ','.join(mismatch_col)
- 262:
                   mismatchSTR = 'mutpy'.join(mismatch_col)
mismatchSTR = ''.join('Mismatch in ' + mismatchSTR)
+ 262:
  263:
  264:
                  return mismatchSTR
  265:
  266: if __name__ == '__main__':
[0.01069 s] survived
  - [# 241] CRP MRTD:
  258:
                  if x == '4':
  259:
                        mismatch_col.append('Personal Number')
  260:
261: if len(check_num) != 0:
- 262: mismatchSTR = ','.je
                   mismatchSTR = ','.join(mismatch_col)
```

This mutant survived since I didn't have any testcase returning a multiple fields mismatch which would have involved a 'comma' to represent them. So, I wrote a testcase with name: "test\_MismatchPersNoDoe()" which will involve a return with mismatch in personal number, date of expiration.

## Likewise, here are other additional testcases written to kill more mutants.

- 4. test\_MismatchDobPersNoDoe()
- test\_MismatchPassDobPersNoDoe()

## **UPDATED MutPy Report:**



After killing the mutants, the mutation score went up from 89.2% to 92.4%.

The number of mutants killed went up from 232 to 241.

#### **UPDATED COVERAGE REPORT:**

