Congratulations! You passed!

Grade received 100% To pass 80% or higher

Go to next item

Compute the length of $\mathbf{x}=\begin{bmatrix}1\\-1\\3\end{bmatrix}$ using the dot product. Do the exercises using pen and paper.

1/1 point

- \odot $\sqrt{11}$
- \bigcirc 3
- O 11
- $\bigcirc \sqrt{3}$
- \bigcirc $\sqrt{5}$
- \bigcirc $\sqrt{13}$
- ✓ Correct Well done!
- 2. Compute the angle (in rad) between $\mathbf{x}=\begin{bmatrix}3\\4\end{bmatrix}$ and $\mathbf{y}=\begin{bmatrix}-1\\-1\end{bmatrix}$ using the dot product.

1/1 point

3

Compute the distance between $\mathbf{x} = \begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ 4 \end{bmatrix}$ and $\mathbf{y} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix}$. Do the exercises using pen and paper. Enter your answer as a decimal number (calculator is fine to get it).

1/1 point

5.38

⊘ Correct

4. Write a piece of code that computes the length of a given vector x.

1/1 point

```
import numpy as np

def length(x):
    """Compute the length of a vector"""
length_x = 0
for i in range(len(x)):
    length_x += x[i]**2 # <--- compute the length of a vector x here.

return np.sqrt(length_x)

return np.sqrt(length_x)

Run

print(length(np.array([1,0,1,1,1,1,1,1,1])))

Reset</pre>
```

⊘ Correct

Good job!

5. We are given two vectors

1/1 point

$$\mathbf{x} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix}, \quad \mathbf{y} = \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ 0 \\ 8 \end{bmatrix}$$

Compute the angle (in rad) between ${f x}$ and ${f x}-{f y}$.

Do the exercises using pen and paper, but you will need a calculator at some point.

2

⊘ Correct