

GNL-11

Q.1. Explain Routing protocol:

- 1. It specifies how router communicate with each other discriminating info that enables them to select router bet any 2 nodes on CN.
2. Routing algo determine specific choice of route.
3. Each route has prior knowledge only of network attached to it directly.
4. Routing protocol shares this info 1st throughout network
5. Routers gain knowledge of topology of network.

Q.2. Explain architecture of AODV.

- 1. AODV protocol is reactive MANET routing protocol, means it discovers route to destination only, when required.
2. The algorithm is similar to distance vector algo th has been adapted to work in mobile environment
3. Routes to destination host are discovered on device i.e it determines route to some destination only when any node wants to send a data packet to the destination.
4. 2 nodes are said to be connected if they can communicate directly using their radio signals.
- 5.

AODV

Type	Flag	Reserved	Hopcount
		Broadcast-id	
		Dest-addr	
		Dest- sequence #	
		source-addr	
		source- sequence #	

Q.3. Explain network simulator tools

- 1. Network simulator is software that provides behaviour of CN.
2. communication networks have become too complex for traditional analytical methods to provide an accurate understanding, network simulators are used.
 3. In simulators, computer networks is modelled & with devices, links, applications, & performance is analyzed.
 4. Simulators come with support for most popular technologies & N/W in use today such as wireless sensors.
 5. Networks, wireless LANs, mobile Ad-Hoc networks, vehicle ad-Hoc network, cognitive radio networks, LTE/LTE-adv networks, IOT's are some of popular tech. used today.
 6. Most of commercial simulators are GUI driven while some better simulators are CLI driven.
 7. They use discrete events simulator in which a list of 'events' that are pending is stored & those events triggering future events such as events of arrival of packet at one node triggering event of arrival of that packet at downstream node.