# **Machine Learning Lab Assignment**

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### Slot- L39+L40

Here in this Jupyter notebook i have performed KNN and weigted KNN on Auto MPG Data Set available at <a href="https://archive.ics.uci.edu/ml/datasets/auto+mpg">https://archive.ics.uci.edu/ml/datasets/auto+mpg</a>.

I have used three parameters for comparision which are- Displacement, Horsepower and mpg.

### First of all lets load the Training and testing dataset-

```
In [0]:
```

```
import pandas

training_data = pandas.read_csv("auto_train.csv")
print(training_data.head())

test_data = pandas.read_csv("auto_test.csv")
print(test_data.head())

x = training_data.iloc[:,:-1]
y = training_data.iloc[:,-1]

x_test = test_data.iloc[:,-1]
y_test = test_data.iloc[:,-1]
```

```
displacement horsepower mpg
              130 18.0
0
       307.0
                   165 15.0
       350.0
1
       318.0
                   150 18.0
2
       304.0
                   150 16.0
3
              140 17.0
       302.0
    Spracement horsepower mpg
89 71 31.9
  displacement horsepower
0
          86
1
                    65 34.1
          98
2
                    80 35.7
         121
3
                    80 27.4
         183
                    77 25.4
```

#### k-NN

Implemented k Nearest Neighbor from scratch. Using the data in the training set, predicted the output for each example in the test, for k = 1, k = 3, and k = 20. Reported the squared error Err on the test set.

```
In [0]:
```

```
from kNN import kNN
from sklearn.metrics import mean_squared_error

for k in [1, 3, 20]:
    classifier = kNN(x,y, k)
    pred_test = classifier.predict(x_test)

    test_error = mean_squared_error(y_test, pred_test)
    print("Test_error with k={}: {}".format(k, test_error * len(y_test)/2))
```

```
Test error with k=1: 2868.0049999999997
Test error with k=3: 2794.729999999999
Test error with k=20: 2746.1914125
```

#### Weighted k-NN

Instead of computing an average of the k neighbors, I computed a weighted average of the neighbors using a gaussian function to retrieve the weight for each neighbor.

```
In [0]:
```

```
from kNN import kNN

for k in [1, 3, 20]:
    classifier = kNN(x,y, k, weighted=True)
    pred_test = classifier.predict(x_test)

    test_error = mean_squared_error(y_test, pred_test)
    print("Test error with k={}: {}".format(k, test_error * len(y_test)/2))
```

```
Test error with k=1: 2868.005
Test error with k=3: 2757.3065023859417
Test error with k=20: 2737.9437262401907
```

So based on these three parameters its clear that **weighted KNN is more accurate** as it has less error by a measure of 2746-2736 = 10.