

# Supervised Algorithms Cheatsheet

## 1. Data Handling & Preprocessing

### Pandas / IO

```
df = pd.read_csv("<path>")
df.head()
df.info()
df.describe()
df.columns
df.shape
df.drop(columns=[<col_list>], inplace=<True/False>)
df.rename(columns={<old>:<new>,...}, inplace=<True/False>)
```

### Nulls & Masks

```
any(df["col"].isna())
any(df["col"].isnull())
mask = df["col"].isna()
df["col"].isnull().sum()
```

### Fill / Impute

```
df["col"].fillna(value=<value>, inplace=<True/False>)
```

```
from sklearn.impute import SimpleImputer
imp = SimpleImputer(missing_values=np.nan, strategy=<"mean"/"median"/"most_frequent">)
X = imp.fit_transform(X)
```

### Descriptive

```
mean = df["col"].mean()
median = df["col"].median()
mode = df["col"].mode()
std = df["col"].std()
qk = df["col"].quantile(<k>)
```

### Transformations

```
trans = np.log1p(df["col"])
orig = np.expm1(trans) # inverse log1p
df["col"] = np.where(<condition>, <true_val>, <false_val>)
```

### Scaling & Encoding

```
from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler, MinMaxScaler
from sklearn.preprocessing import MaxAbsScaler, RobustScaler
X_std = StandardScaler().fit_transform(X)
X_min = MinMaxScaler().fit_transform(X)
X_maxabs = MaxAbsScaler().fit_transform(X)
X_robust = RobustScaler().fit_transform(X)
```

```
from sklearn.preprocessing import OrdinalEncoder, OneHotEncoder
X_ord = OrdinalEncoder().fit_transform(X_cat)
X_oh = OneHotEncoder(
    handle_unknown=<"ignore"/"error">
).fit_transform(X_cat).toarray()
```

### Polynomial

```
from sklearn.preprocessing import PolynomialFeatures
X_poly = PolynomialFeatures(
    degree=<d>, include_bias=<True/False>
).fit_transform(X)
```

### Split

```
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(
    X, y, test_size=<float>, random_state=<int>, stratify=<y_or_None>
)
```

## 2. Models (Syntactic)

### Pipeline

```
from sklearn.pipeline import make_pipeline
pipe = make_pipeline(<step1>, <step2>, ...)
```

### Linear & Logistic

```
from sklearn.linear_model import LinearRegression, Ridge, Lasso, LogisticRegression
```

```
LinearRegression()
Ridge(alpha=<alpha>)
Lasso(alpha=<alpha>)
```

```
LogisticRegression(
    penalty=<"l1"/"l2"/"elasticnet"/"none">,
    C=<float>,
    solver=<"liblinear"/"saga"/"lbfgs">,
    l1_ratio=<float_or_None>,
    random_state=<int>
)
```

### Decision Tree

```
from sklearn.tree import DecisionTreeClassifier, DecisionTreeRegressor
```

```
DecisionTreeClassifier(
    criterion=<"gini"/"entropy">,
    max_depth=<int_or_None>,
    min_samples_split=<int>,
    min_samples_leaf=<int>,
    random_state=<int>
)
```

```
DecisionTreeRegressor(
    criterion=<"squared_error"/"friedman_mse"/"absolute_error">,
    max_depth=<int_or_None>,
    min_samples_split=<int>,
    random_state=<int>
)
```

### Naive Bayes, KNN, SVM

```
GaussianNB()
MultinomialNB()
```

```
KNeighborsClassifier(n_neighbors=<int>, algorithm=<"auto"/"ball_tree"/"kd_tree">)
```

```
SVC(kernel=<"linear"/"poly"/"rbf"/"sigmoid">,
    C=<float>, degree=<int>, gamma=<"scale"/"auto">,
    probability=<True/False>, random_state=<int>)
```

### Bagging & RandomForest

```
BaggingClassifier(estimator=<est>, n_estimators=<int>, max_samples=<float>,
    max_features=<float>, random_state=<int>)
```

```
RandomForestClassifier(n_estimators=<int>, criterion=<"gini"/"entropy">,
    max_depth=<int_or_None>, min_samples_split=<int>,
    max_features=<"sqrt"/"log2"/<float>>, random_state=<int>)
```

```
BaggingRegressor(...), RandomForestRegressor(...)
```

## Boosting

```
AdaBoostClassifier(  
    estimator=DecisionTreeClassifier(...),  
    n_estimators=<int>, learning_rate=<float>, random_state=<int>  
)  
  
AdaBoostRegressor(...)  
  
GradientBoostingClassifier(  
    n_estimators=<int>, learning_rate=<float>, max_depth=<int>,  
    min_samples_split=<int>, min_samples_leaf=<int>,  
    subsample=<float>, max_features=<"sqrt"/"log2">, random_state=<int>  
)  
  
GradientBoostingRegressor(...)  
  
XGBClassifier(  
    use_label_encoder=<False/True>, eval_metric=<"logloss">,  
    n_estimators=<int>, max_depth=<int>, learning_rate=<float>,  
    subsample=<float>, random_state=<int>  
)  
  
XGBRegressor(...)
```

## Stacking

```
StackingClassifier(  
    estimators=[("<name>", <estimator>), ...],  
    final_estimator=<estimator>, cv=<int>, n_jobs=<int>  
)  
  
StackingRegressor(...)
```

## General

```
model.fit(<X_train>, <y_train>)  
y_pred = model.predict(<X_test>)  
y_proba = model.predict_proba(<X_test>)[:, <class_index>]  
score = model.score(<X_test>, <y_test>)
```

## 3. Validation & Hyperparam Search

### K-Fold & CV

```
from sklearn.model_selection import KFold, cross_val_score, cross_validate  
  
KFold(n_splits=<int>, shuffle=<True/False>, random_state=<int>)  
  
cross_val_score(estimator=<model>,  
X=<X>, y=<y>,  
cv=<int_or_KFold>, scoring=<metric>)
```

### Grid / Randomized Search

```
from sklearn.model_selection import GridSearchCV, RandomizedSearchCV  
  
GridSearchCV(estimator=<model>,  
    param_grid={<param>: [<values>], ...},  
    cv=<int_or_KFold>,  
    scoring=<metric>,  
    n_jobs=<int>)  
  
RandomizedSearchCV(estimator=<model>,  
    param_distributions={<param>: [<values>], ...},  
    n_iter=<int>, cv=<int>, scoring=<metric>, n_jobs=<int>)
```

## 4. Metrics & Visualization

### Classification Metrics

```
from sklearn.metrics import (  

```

```
accuracy_score, precision_score, recall_score, f1_score,  
confusion_matrix, classification_report, roc_auc_score,  
roc_curve, average_precision_score  
)
```

```
accuracy_score(<y_true>, <y_pred>)  
precision_score(<y_true>, <y_pred>, average=<"binary"/"micro"/"macro"/"weighted">)  
recall_score(<y_true>, <y_pred>)  
f1_score(<y_true>, <y_pred>)  
confusion_matrix(<y_true>, <y_pred>)  
classification_report(<y_true>, <y_pred>)
```

### Probabilistic / ROC

```
y_proba = model.predict_proba(<X_test>)[:, <class_index>]  
roc_auc_score(<y_true>, <y_score>)  
fpr, tpr, thr = roc_curve(<y_true>, <y_score>)
```

### Regression Metrics

```
from sklearn.metrics import r2_score, mean_squared_error, mean_absolute_error  
  
r2_score(<y_true>, <y_pred>)  
adjusted_r2 = 1 - (1 - r2)*(n - 1)/(n - p - 1)  
mean_squared_error(<y_true>, <y_pred>)  
mean_absolute_error(<y_true>, <y_pred>)
```

### Visualization (Syntactic)

```
sns.heatmap(<conf_matrix>, annot=<True/False>, fmt=<"fmt">, cmap=<"cmap">,  
    xticklabels=<labels>, yticklabels=<labels>)  
  
fpr, tpr, thr = roc_curve(<y_true>, <y_score>)  
plt.plot(fpr, tpr); plt.plot([0,1],[0,1], linestyle="ls")  
  
sns.regplot(x=<y_true>, y=<y_pred>, ci=<int_or_None>)  
sns.scatterplot(x=<x>, y=<y>, hue=<col_or_None>)  
plt.bar(<feature_names>, <coef_or_importance>)
```

## 5. Available Metric Strings (sklearn)

```
# Classification:  
"accuracy", "precision", "recall", "f1",  
"f1_micro", "f1_macro", "f1_weighted",  
"precision_micro", "precision_macro", "precision_weighted",  
"recall_micro", "recall_macro", "recall_weighted",  
"roc_auc", "average_precision"  
  
# Regression:  
"r2",  
"neg_mean_squared_error",  
"neg_root_mean_squared_error",  
"neg_mean_absolute_error",  
"neg_median_absolute_error",  
"explained_variance"
```

## 6. Miscellaneous (NumPy & Pandas)

```
# NumPy  
np.sqrt(<x>), np.exp(<x>), np.log(<x>)  
np.log1p(<x>), np.exp1p(<x>)  
np.mean(<x>), np.median(<x>), np.std(<x>), np.var(<x>)  
np.max(<x>), np.min(<x>), np.argmax(<x>), np.argmin(<x>)  
np.unique(<x>), np.dot(<a>, <b>)  
np.linalg.inv(<A>), np.linalg.det(<A>)  
np.corrcoef(<x>, <y>)  
np.linspace(<start>, <stop>, <num>), np.arange(<start>, <stop>, <step>)  
np.random.rand(<n>), np.random.randn(<n>), np.random.seed(<int>)  
  
# Pandas quick  
df.head(<n>), df.tail(<n>), df.sample(<n>)  
df.isnull().sum(), df.dropna(axis=<0_or_1>)  
df.groupby(<cols>).agg({<col>: <func>})
```