Total No. of Questions—8]

[Total No. of Printed Pages—3

Seat	
No.	1

[5252]-570

S.E. (Computer Engg.) (Second Semester) EXAMINATION, 2017 PRINCIPLES OF PROGRAMMING LANGUAGES

(2015 PATTERN)

Time: Two Hours

Maximum Marks: 50

- N.B. := (i) All questions are compulsory.
 - (ii) Figures to the right indicate full marks.
- 1. (a) List the Programming paradigms. For any three state which programming languages are based on them and how ? [6]
 - (a) What are benefits of implementing built-in data types in programming languages? State the built-in data types implemented by C++. [7]

Or

- 2. (a) What is interpretation and translation process? With neat diagram state the purpose of each activity in language processing with interpretation and translation. [6]
 - (b) What are abstract data types? How C++ implements abstract data types? Give example. [7]
- 3. (a) What are generic data structures and generic algorithms?

 How C++ implements this generic programming constructs?

 Give example of each.
 - (b) Justify the meaning of each characteristic of Java in the

statement "Java is simple, architecture neutral, portable, interpreted and robust and secured programming language".

[6]

Or

- 4. (a) What are challenges for Programming in Large? How these are addressed by programming languages? [6]
 - (b) Write a program in Java to perform the addition of two matrices (multidimensional arrays) and set the diagonal elements of resultant matrix to 0. [6]
- **5.** (a) Explain the concept of dynamic dispatch while overriding method in inheritance. Give example and advantages of doing so. [5]
 - (b) Write a program in Java which defines Class CONVERSION which converts one unit of length into another using multiplying factor. This class has data members unit_in, unit_out and multiplier. When user creates object, constructor accepts value of multiplier and sets this for further conversion of units. The object uses methods to get value of unit_in and output value of unit_out and stores these in class variables. [8]

6. (a) State two major differences in class and an interface.

"Interface gives multiple inheritance facility just as in C++"
justify.

[7]

- (b) State the use of the following constructs in Java with example: [6]
 - (1) final method declaration in super class while inheritance
 - (2) abstract class declaration
 - (3) method overriding.

[5252]-570

- 7. (a) Define the term exception. State the advantage of exception handling. What are types of exceptions? [6]
 - (b) State the use of the following methods for programming applet.

 Give example of using each of these, init(), start(), paint(), stop(), destroy(), update().

 [6]

Or

- 8. (a) What is difference between byte streams and character streams?

 Demonstrate the use of console class to get inputs and show results.

 [6]
 - (b) Write a program in Java to calculate the value of ((x + y)/(x y)). Program should prevent the condition x y = 0. [6]

The state of the s