



The Data Incubator Capstone Project



Nikhil Ajgaonkar

Department of Physics & Astronomy

University of Kentucky

Introduction

- 1. Airfoil self noise is caused due to interaction of smooth non-turbulent flow with airfoil edges near wake.
- 2. At high speeds, noise can increase vibrations on the airplane wing and can cause the wing to break.
- 3. Reducing airfoil self-noise is an important problem in the aerospace industry.

How to predict airfoil self noise? Cross section *Chord Length Leading Edge Relative Wind ower Camber - Chord

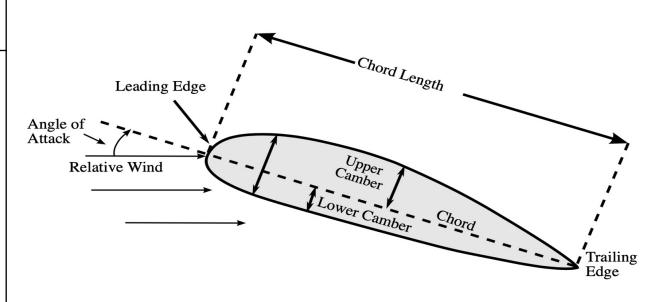
The Data Set

Noise measurements from different sizes of NACA 0012 airfoils placed at various wind tunnel speeds(v) and angles of attack(θ).

(http://archive.ics.uci.edu/ml/datasets/Airfoil+Self-Noise#)

Number of measurements = 1503, Number of variables = 6 (Continuous)

Independent Variables (X)	Dependent Variable (Y)
Frequency (f) [Hz]	
Angle of Attack (θ) [deg]	Scaled sound pressure level (P) [dB] Aim: Predict P
Chord Length (L) [m]	
Free stream velocity (v) [m/s]	
Suction side displacement Thickness (t) [m]	



Exploratory Data Analysis

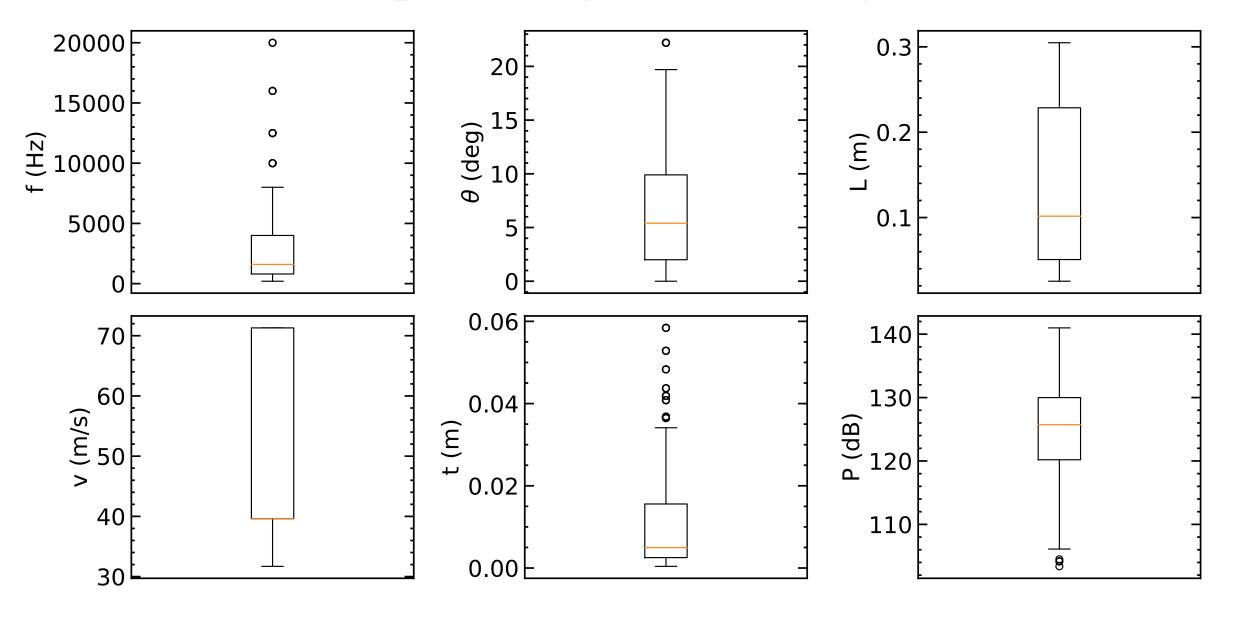
1. Check for null values

2. Outlier Removal \Rightarrow For a variable q:

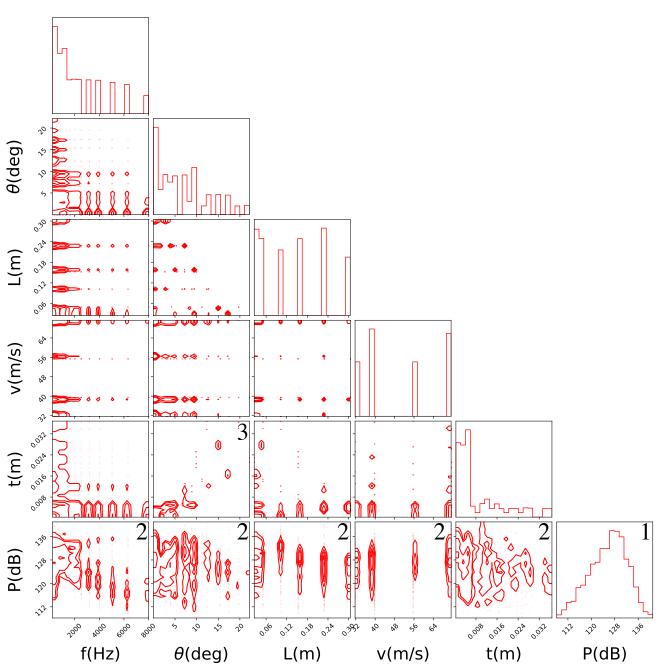
$$Outlier(q)_{Lower}$$
, $Outlier(q)_{Upper} = q^{25th} - 1.5IQR$, $q^{75th} + 1.5IQR$

 $q^{25th} = 25^{th}$ percentile of q distribution $q^{25th} = 75^{th}$ percentile of q distribution IQR = Interquartile range

Exploratory Data Analysis

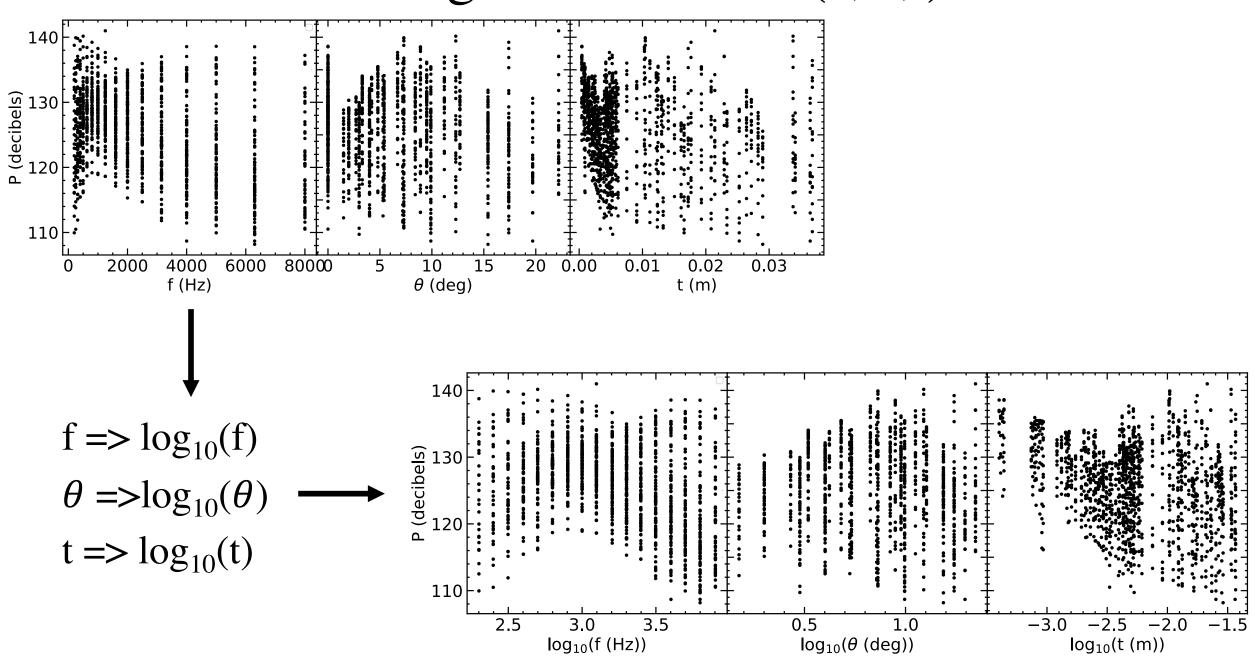


Exploratory Data Analysis

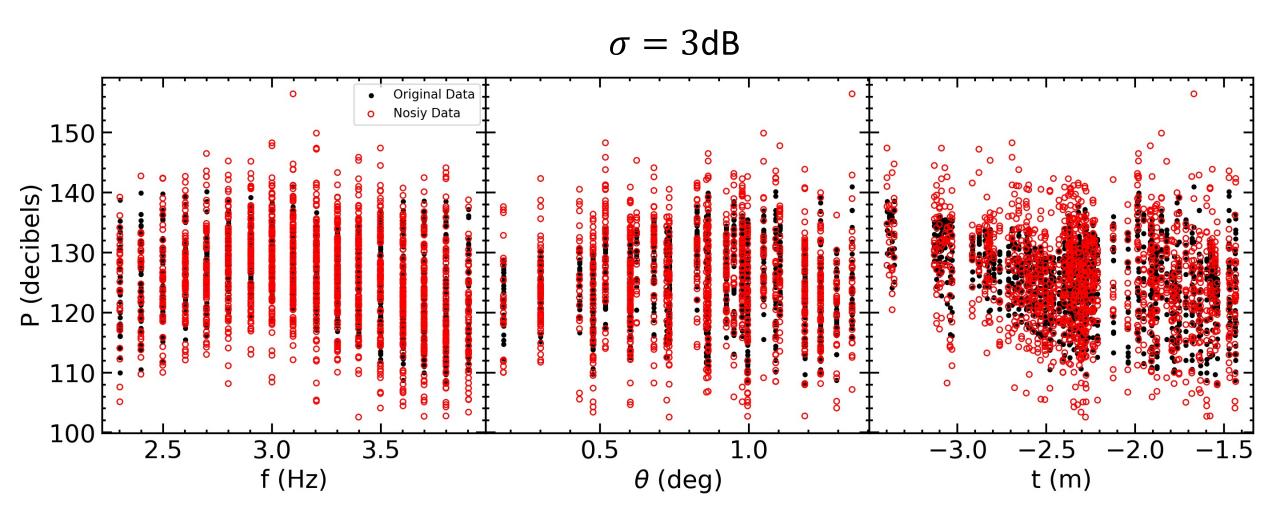


- 1. Distribution of *P* is approximately Gaussian.
- 2. *P* varies **non-linearly** w.r.t f, θ, L, v & t => **non-linear regression required**
- 3. Signs of multi-collinearity => regularization

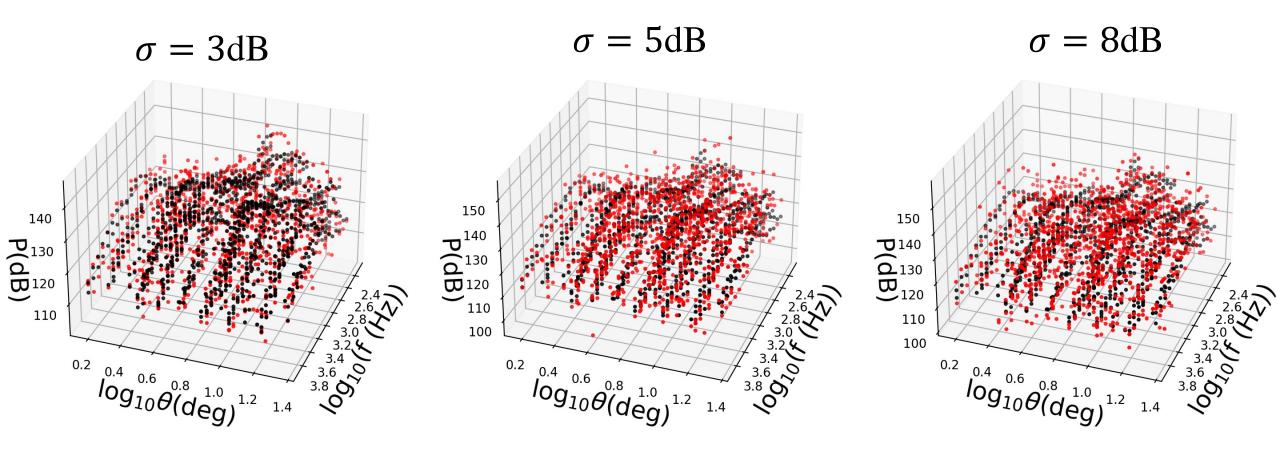
Change of variables (f,θ,t)



Adding Gaussian Noise to dependent variable, P P_{noisv}= P + $N(0, \sigma)$; $\sigma = Noise$ in pressure in dB



3D view of added noise



Future work

⇒ Predict P using different techniques like non-linear regression (OLS, SVR, Neural Networks etc) and compare the accuracies.

⇒ Use regularization techniques (Lasso/Ridge) to constrain the parameters of correlated independent variables

⇒ Perform the above two for different levels of added noise to P. Relate the accuracy of the selected model.

Thank you....

Questions?