ASSIGNMENT-1 NAME: T. Nikhil Kumar Reddy REG-NO: 192372024 SUBJECT: Python CODE: CSA0898

1. Converting Roman Numbers to integers?

```
15
main.py
                                                           ∝ Share
                                                                        Run
                                                                                  Output
1 def roman_to_int(s):
       roman_dict = {'I': 1, 'V': 5, 'X': 10, 'L': 50, 'C': 100, 'D': 500, 'M': 9
           1000}
       result = 0
                                                                                 1994
       prev_value = 0
                                                                                 === Code Execution Successful ===
6
       for char in s:
           value = roman_dict[char]
8
           result += value
9 -
           if value > prev_value:
10
               result -= 2 * prev_value
           prev_value = value
13
       return result
14 print(roman_to_int("IV"))
15 print(roman_to_int("IX"))
16 print(roman_to_int("LVIII"))
17 print(roman_to_int("MCMXCIV"))
```

2.

```
1. ×
main.py
                                                          ∝ Share
                                                                                 Output
                                                                       Run
1 def longestCommonPrefix(strs):
       if not strs:
                                                                                === Code Execution Successful ===
       prefix = strs[0]
       for s in strs[1:]:
           while s[:len(prefix)] != prefix:
               prefix = prefix[:-1]
10
               if not prefix:
12
13
       return prefix
14
  print(longestCommonPrefix(["flower", "flow", "flight"]))
   print(longestCommonPrefix(["dog", "racecar", "car"]))
```

```
15
main.py
                                                    -;ó:-
                                                          ∝ Share
                                                                       Run
                                                                                 Output
 1 class TreeNode:
                                                                              True
        def __init__(self, val=0, left=None, right=None):
                                                                                False
           self.val = val
 3
 4
           self.left = left
                                                                                === Code Execution Successful ===
           self.right = right
 7 def hasPathSum(root: TreeNode, targetSum: int) -> bool:
        if not root:
 9
10 -
       if not root.left and not root.right:
11
           return root.val == targetSum
12
        return hasPathSum(root.left, targetSum - root.val) or hasPathSum(root
            .right, targetSum - root.val)
13 root1 = TreeNode(5)
14 root1.left = TreeNode(4)
15 root1.right = TreeNode(8)
16 root1.left.left = TreeNode(11)
17 root1.left.left.left = TreeNode(7)
18 root1.left.left.right = TreeNode(2)
19 root1.right.left = TreeNode(13)
20 root1.right.right = TreeNode(4)
21 root1.right.right.right = TreeNode(1)
22
23 print(hasPathSum(root1, 22))
```

4. Given the root of a binary tree and an integer of targetsum return true if the tree has a root to leaf such that adding up all the values

```
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main.py
                                                                        Run
                                                                                  Output
 1 class TreeNode:
                                                                                True
       def __init__(self, val=0, left=None, right=None):
                                                                                False
           self.val = val
           self.left = left
                                                                                === Code Execution Successful ===
           self.right = right
 6
 7 def hasPathSum(root: TreeNode, targetSum: int) -> bool:
       if not root:
 8
 9
10
       if not root.left and not root.right:
           return root.val == targetSum
12
       return hasPathSum(root.left, targetSum - root.val) or hasPathSum(root
            .right, targetSum - root.val)
13 root1 = TreeNode(5)
14 root1.left = TreeNode(4)
15 root1.right = TreeNode(8)
16 root1.left.left = TreeNode(11)
17 root1.left.left.left = TreeNode(7)
18 root1.left.left.right = TreeNode(2)
19 root1.right.left = TreeNode(13)
20 root1.right.right = TreeNode(4)
21 root1.right.right.right = TreeNode(1)
22
23 print(hasPathSum(root1, 22))
```

5.bit reversing?

```
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main.py
                                                                        Run
                                                                                  Output
                                                                                964176192
1 def reverseBits(n: int) -> int:
       result = 0
       for i in range(32):
                                                                                === Code Execution Successful ===
           result = (result << 1) | (n & 1)
5
           n >>= 1
6
       return result
8
9 num = 43261596
10 reversed_num = reverseBits(num)
   print(reversed_num)
12
```

6. convert sorted array to binary search tree?

```
main.py
                                                           ∝ Share
                                                                                  Output
                                                                                 Inorder traversal of the BST:
 1 class TreeNode:
       def __init__(self, value=0, left=None, right=None):
                                                                                 -10 -3 0 5 9
           self.value = value
                                                                                 === Code Execution Successful ===
           self.left = left
           self.right = right
   def sorted_array_to_bst(nums):
        if not nums:
12
        mid = len(nums) // 2
13
14
        root = TreeNode(nums[mid])
15
16
17
        root.left = sorted_array_to_bst(nums[:mid])
18
        root.right = sorted_array_to_bst(nums[mid + 1:])
19
20
        return root
21
22 def print_bst_inorder(root):
23
        if root:
           print_bst_inorder(root.left)
```

7. given a binary tree, determine if it is height-balanced?

```
15
main.py
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                                                                         Run
                                                                                   Output
  class TreeNode:
                                                                                  Is the tree balanced? True
       def __init__(self, value=0, left=None, right=None):
           self.value = value
                                                                                  === Code Execution Successful ===
           self.left = left
           self.right = right
6
   def is_balanced(root):
8
       def check_height(node):
9
           if not node:
10
           left_height = check_height(node.left)
           if left_height == -1:
           right_height = check_height(node.right)
           if right_height == -1:
19
20
           if abs(left_height - right_height) > 1:
           return max(left_height, right_height) + 1
```

8. Climbing stairs?

```
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                                                                         Run
                                                                                   Output
 main.py
  def climb_stairs(n):
                                                                                  Number of ways to climb the stairs: 8
                                                                                  === Code Execution Successful ===
4
5
6
7
8
9
        dp = [0] * (n + 1)
        dp[0] = 1
        dp[1] = 1
12
13
        for i in range(2, n + 1):
14
            dp[i] = dp[i - 1] + dp[i - 2]
15
16
        return dp[n]
17
18
19
   print("Number of ways to climb the stairs:", climb_stairs(n))
20
```

9. best time to buy and sell stock?

```
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                                                                                      Output
main.py
                                                 45
                                                                           Run
1 def max_profit(prices):
                                                                                     Maximum profit: 5
        if not prices or len(prices) < 2:</pre>
                                                                                     === Code Execution Successful ===
        min_price = float('inf')
        max_profit = 0
        for price in prices:
10
            if price < min_price:</pre>
11
                min_price = price
12
13
14
            profit = price - min_price
15
16
17
            if profit > max_profit:
18
                max_profit = profit
19
20
        return max_profit
21
22
23 prices = [7, 1, 5, 3, 6, 4]
  print("Maximum profit:", max_profit(prices))
```

10.sum of two binary strings?

```
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                                                          ∝ Share
                                                                                 Output
                                                                       Run
main.py
1 def add_binary(a: str, b: str) -> str:
                                                                                Sum of binary strings: 10111
                                                                                === Code Execution Successful ===
        int_a = int(a, 2)
       int_b = int(b, 2)
6
       sum_int = int_a + int_b
8
9
10
       return bin(sum_int)[2:]
12
13 binary_str1 = "1010"
14 binary_str2 = "1101"
   print("Sum of binary strings:", add_binary(binary_str1, binary_str2))
16
```