React Bible

Important Libraries Create React App: Styling, Template, Responsiveness: State Maintain: API / Ajax call: Routing in react Unit test cases: Linting: IDE / Editor: **Important React Concepts Procedures & practices** Folder Structure **Browser Support:** API calls **Project Setup** Scaffolding using create-react-app SCSS setup Eslint setup

Important references of best practices:

Components actions and reducers eg:

Environment variables setup
React Router Dom setup

Basic Redux Flow

Jest & Enzyme Setup

React Redux setup

Important Libraries

Create React App:

Basic Folder Structure and scaffolding https://github.com/facebook/create-react-app

Styling, Template, Responsiveness:

- 1. Reactstrap https://reactstrap.github.io/
 - Easy to use React Bootstrap 4 components
 - Bootstrap 4 over Bootstrap 3 has many advantages with lot of new classes that helps development of styling easier.
 - Always use Bootstrap react component based library instead of including cdn, because cdn has jquery and jquery uses its own way of manipulating DOM, this brings conflict on using with react.
- 2. Styled Components https://www.styled-components.com/

State Maintain:

Redux with Redux-thunk middleware

API / Ajax call:

Axios https://www.npmjs.com/package/axios

Routing in react:

React router dom 4 https://reacttraining.com/react-router/core

Unit test cases:

- 1. Jest https://jestjs.io/
- 2. Enzyme (assertion) https://airbnb.io/enzyme/

Linting:

Eslint with airbnb config https://www.npmjs.com/package/eslint-config-airbnb

Chrome Dev tools:

React dev tool
Redux dev tool

IDE / Editor: VS code https://code.visualstudio.com/

Infinite Scroll : React waypoint Form: Redux Form, Formik

Important React Concepts

These following concepts are **most essential** to learn react.

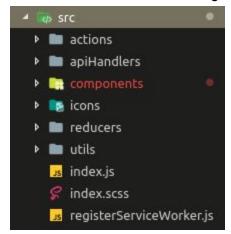
- React component <u>State & Lifecycle</u>
- Handling Events
- Conditional Rendering
- Reconciliation
- Higher Order Components
- Commonly used Lifecycle Methods
 - → render()
 - → componentDidMount()
 - → componentDidUpdate()
 - → componentWillUnmount()
- Component Lifecycle Diagram

Checkout this for list of blogs for reference on these concepts.

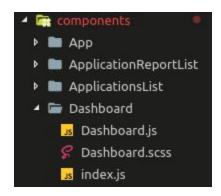
Procedures & practices

Folder Structure

- In react, every UI thinking should be in terms of components.
 Building components gives multiple advantages like reusability etc.
- **src/** folder should have following folder structure



• Each component should be written in a folder with corresponding component name, Each component can contain css/scss file with corresponding name.



• Component folder should contain one **index.js** file that exports main default component

• Simple React Component eg:

```
us Dashboard.js 🗙
       You, a few seconds ago 3 authors (You and others)
      import React, { Component } from 'react';
      import './Dashboard.scss';
       You, a few seconds ago | 2 authors (You and others)
       export class Dashboard extends Component {
         render() {
           return (
  7
              Hello world
  8
             </div>
           );
 12
      export default Dashboard;
 14
```

Browser Support:

 To add different browser support, we should install and import these packages in src/index.js file

```
import 'core-js/es6/map';
import 'core-js/es6/set';
import 'core-js/fn/array/find';
import 'core-js/fn/array/includes';
import 'core-js/fn/number/is-nan';
import 'raf/polyfill';
```

API calls

- All API calls should go through actions,
- A common Wrapper can be written that can take parameters and makes API call and returns promise.

Project Setup

Scaffolding using create-react-app

• Create new project from create-react-app

```
→ Private-Dir create-react-app hello-world
Creating a new React app in /home/qwinix/Documents/Private-Dir/hello-world.
Installing packages. This might take a couple of minutes.
Installing react, react-dom, and react-scripts...
```

SCSS setup

• Run "npm eject"

```
→ hello-world git:(master) npm run eject
> hello-world@0.1.0 eject /home/qwinix/Documents/Private-Dir/hello-world
> react-scripts eject
? Are you sure you want to eject? This action is permanent. Yes
Ejecting...
```

Ejecting the application gives multiple advantages, implementing Sass, setting up different environments, custom webpack config etc.

• Run npm i sass-loader node-sass --save

```
→ hello-world git:(master) X npm install sass-loader node-sass --save
```

• Rename App.css to App.scss and in App.js too

```
import './App.scss'; You, a mi

App.js

App.scss
```

Eslint setup

Eslint Airbnb has good and friendly eslint rules.
 Install following packages as dev dependencies.
 eslint
 eslint-config-airbnb
 eslint-plugin-import
 eslint-plugin-jsx-a11y
 eslint-plugin-react

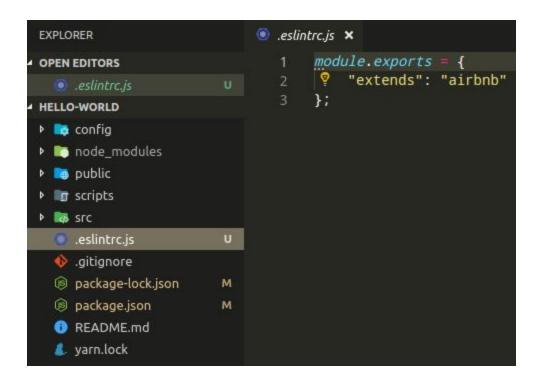
npm i eslint-eslint-config-airbnb eslint-plugin-import eslint-plugin-jsx-a11y eslint-plugin-react --save-dev

hello-world git:(master) npm i eslint eslint-config-airbnb eslint-plugin-import eslint-plugin-jsx-a11y eslint-plugin-react --save-dev

Run ./node_modules/.bin/eslint --init, and answer the questions by referring following image.

```
→ hello-world git:(master) X ./node_modules/.bin/eslint --init
? How would you like to configure ESLint? Use a popular style guide
? Which style guide do you want to follow? Airbnb (https://github.com/airbnb/javascript)
? Do you use React? Yes
? What format do you want your config file to be in? JavaScript
Checking peerDependencies of eslint-config-airbnb@latest
The config that you've selected requires the following dependencies:
eslint-config-airbnb@latest eslint@^4.19.1 || ^5.3.0 eslint-plugin-import@^2.14.0 eslint
? Would you like to install them now with npm? Yes
```

• This provides **eslintrc.** is file in your project directory.



• Update this file with code below

```
module.exports = {
 extends: 'airbnb',
 env: {
 browser: true,
jest: true,
 },
 rules: {
indent: [ 'error', 2, { MemberExpression: 0 }, ],
'react/jsx-filename-extension': [1, {
extensions: ['.js', '.jsx'],
}],
'react/prefer-stateless-function': [{
ignorePureComponents: true,
'react/jsx-one-expression-per-line': false,
'react/prop-types': [
'enabled',
],
},
};
```

• Create new file with name .eslintignore with following code

```
node_modules
build
src/registerServiceWorker.js
/build/**
/coverage/**
/docs/**
/jsdoc/**
/templates/**
/tmp/**
test.js
/config
/scripts
!.eslintrc.js
```

• Add this in "scripts" section of package.json

```
"eslint": "./node_modules/.bin/eslint .",
"eslint-fix": "./node_modules/.bin/eslint . --fix"
```

```
"scripts": {
   "start": "node scripts/start.js",
   "build": "node scripts/build.js",
   "test": "node scripts/test.js",
   "eslint": "./node_modules/.bin/eslint .",
   "eslint-fix": "./node_modules/.bin/eslint . --fix"
},
```

NOTE: This eslint setup does not compile your source code if there are any linting errors.
 This can be disabled by commenting out eslintFormatter options in both webpack.config.dev.js and webpack.config.prod.js.

Always restart application when config files are changed, to take effect.

```
// First, run the linter.
// It's important to do this before Babel processes the JS.
// You, a few seconds ago * Uncommitted changes

// test: /\.(js|mjs|jsx)$/.
enforce: 'pre'.
// use: [
// options: {
// options: {
// options: {
// react-dev-utils/eslintFormatter'),
// eslintPath: require.resolve('eslint'),
// loader: require.resolve('eslint-loader'),
// include: paths.appSrc,
// }
// include: paths.appSrc,
```

(Optional) install eslint and editorconfig plugins in your editor (vscode)
 Create .editorconfig file in your project root path with following code.
 This helps in removing trailing spaces and fixing up project indentation on saving files

```
root = true
[*]
charset = utf-8
end_of_line = If
indent_size = 2
indent_style = space
max_line_length = 80
trim_trailing_whitespace = true
[*.md]
max_line_length = 0
trim_trailing_whitespace = false
[COMMIT_EDITMSG]
max_line_length = 0
```

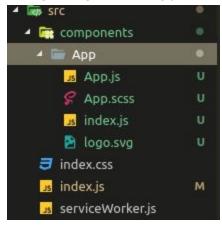
Environment variables setup

 The config/env.js can have environment variables setup, this can be used throughout the application as process.env.MY_ENV_VAR

```
63 ☐ function getClientEnvironment(publicUrl) {
       const raw = Object.keys(process.env)
64 ⊟
         .filter(key => REACT_APP.test(key))
         .reduce(
           (env, key) \Rightarrow {
             env[key] = process.env[key];
             return env;
70
           },
71 ⊡
72
             NODE_ENV: process.env.NODE_ENV || 'd
76
78
             PUBLIC_URL: publicUrl,
79
80
             MY_ENV_VAR: 'myValue'
```

React Router Dom setup

Have following folder structure setup. Move App.js, App.scss to components/App.
 Change things accordingly in index.js with respect to imported path.



</BrowserRouter>

);

ReactDOM.render(app, document.getElementById('root'));

• The **src/components/App/App.js** should contain all routes

• The 404 component can be implemented like this, any path not mentioned will render this component.

```
<Switch>
  <Route exact path="/" component={Home} />
  <Route component={FourOhFourComponent} />
</Switch>
```

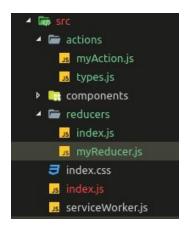
 The official documentation and tutorial https://reacttraining.com/react-router/core/guides/philosophy

React Redux setup

• Run npm i redux react-redux redux-thunk --save

```
hello-world git:(master) npm i redux react-redux redux-thunk --save
```

• Create actions and reducers directories under src/ and have following folder structure



Next step is to create store and make it available for whole application.
 Add following to src/index.js

```
import { Provider } from 'react-redux';
import { createStore, applyMiddleware, compose } from 'redux';
import ReduxThunk from 'redux-thunk';
import reducers from './reducers';

const composeEnhancers =
window.__REDUX_DEVTOOLS_EXTENSION_COMPOSE__ || compose;

const store = createStore(reducers, {},

composeEnhancers(applyMiddleware(ReduxThunk)));

const app = (
    <Provider store={store}>
         <Route component={App} />
         </BrowserRouter>
         </Provider>
);
```

```
import React from 'react';
  port ReactDOM from 'react-dom';
  port './index.css';
  port { Route, BrowserRouter } from 'react-router-dom';
  port { Provider } from 'react-redux';
  port { createStore, applyMiddleware, compose } from 'redux';
 mport ReduxThunk from 'redux-thunk';
mport reducers from './reducers';
 mport App from './components/App';
import * as serviceWorker from './serviceWorker';
const composeEnhancers = window.__REDUX_DEVTOOLS_EXTENSION_COMPOSE__ || compose;
const store = createStore(reducers, {}, composeEnhancers(applyMiddleware(ReduxThunk)));
const app = (
 <Provider store={store}>
    <BrowserRouter basename={process.env.PUBLIC_URL}>
     <Route component={App} />
    </BrowserRouter>
 </Provider>
);
ReactDOM.render(app, document.getElementById('root'));
```

- The actions/types.js should contain all constants that are saved in store
- Now the *reducers/index.js* should have *combineReducers* that combines all reducers.

```
index.js x

import { combineReducers } from 'redux';
import myReducer from './myReducer';

export default combineReducers({
    myReducer,
    });
```

Components actions and reducers eg:

Source code for following eg https://github.com/s8sachin/react-hello-world

- In this example let's have an input tag and on clicking button, it should send the value to redux store and display it.
- In your *actions/myAction.js*

```
import { INPUT_VALUE } from './types';

export const submitValueAction = value => (
    dispatch => dispatch({ type: INPUT_VALUE, payload: value })
};
```

This action should dispatch an object with type & payload.

The payload value is dispatched to *reducer*.

• Add this in *reducers/myReducer.js*

```
import { INPUT_VALUE } from '../actions/types';

const INITIAL_STATE = {
   inputValueFromReducer: '',
};

export default (state = INITIAL_STATE, action) => {
   switch (action.type) {
   case INPUT_VALUE:
   return { ...state, inputValueFromReducer: action.payload };

default:
   return state;
}
```

The reducer has *INITIAL_STATE* defined where, and it checks for state change on *dispatch* from action.

However now we dispatched type *INPUT_VALUE*, the previous state is maintained the same through *{ ...state }* and the new value *inputValueFromReducer* is changed to *action.payload*, the payload value dispatched from *action*.

• Now it's the component that talks to action

```
→ Home.js ★

      import React, { Component } from 'react';
      import { connect } from 'react-redux';
      import { submitValueAction } from '../../actions/myAction';
      class Home extends Component {
      constructor(props) {
  6
         super(props);
          this.state = { inputVal: '' };
          this.handleChange = this.handleChange.bind(this);
         this.handleSubmit = this.handleSubmit.bind(this);
        handleChange(e) {
        this.setState({ inputVal: e.target.value });
 15
        handleSubmit() {
         const { inputVal } = this.state;
          this.props.submitValueAction(inputVal);
 21
        render() {
 23
         const { inputVal } = this.state;
          const { inputValueFromReducer } = this.props;
 24
              <input value={inputVal} onChange={this.handleChange} /><br />
 27
              <button type="button" onClick={this.handleSubmit}>Submit/button> <br/> <br/>/button
              <span>Your value : {inputValueFromReducer}</span>
 29
      const mapStateToProps = (state) => {
 35
        const { inputValueFromReducer } = state.myReducer;
        return { inputValueFromReducer };
 38
      };
      export default connect(mapStateToProps, { submitValueAction })(Home);
```

This Home component has an input tag and button.

The Component should use *connect* from *react-redux* to connect the component *Home* to the redux store.

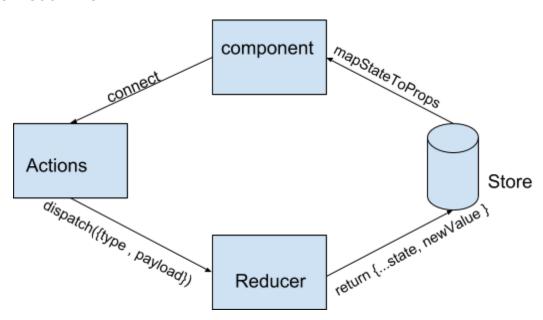
From above example, *connect* uses *mapStateToProps*, this *mapStateToProps* defines the value that needs to be taken from the redux store. In this case, we are taking *inputValueFromReducer*, this is the value that is being updated from reducer from previous step.

Then connect *submitValueAction* action. This action is called *onClick* of submit button. Observe *handleSubmit()* function, here we are calling the *submitValueAction* and passing *this.state.inputVal* that currently holds value from input tag.

Finally the value form redux store is obtained through

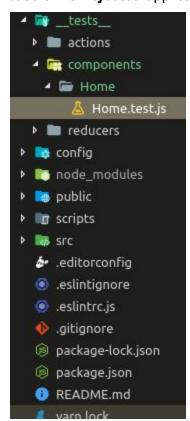
this.props.inputValueFromReducer and can be used to display.

Basic Redux Flow



Jest & Enzyme Setup

Add the __tests__ folder should replicate test cases for src/ directory.
 NOTE: The __tests__ directory is outside src/ is only in case of ejected application, If in case of non-ejected application, __tests__ should be under src/ directory.



• Do npm i enzyme enzyme-adapter-react-16 redux-mock-store enzyme-to-json

```
hello-world git:(master) ✗ npm i enzyme enzyme-adapter-react-16 redux-mock-store enzyme-to-json
```

• In your package.json file change this under "jest"

```
"testMatch": [
  "<rootDir>/__tests__/**/*.{js,jsx,ts,tsx}",
  "<rootDir>/?(*.)(spec|test).{js,jsx,ts,tsx}"
],
```

```
"collectCoverageFrom": [
  "!*/node_modules/**",
  "!<rootDir>/coverage/**",
  "!*/public/**",
  "!*/scripts/**",
  "!*/src/registerServiceWorker.js",
  "**/*.{js,jsx}"
],
```

```
"coveragePathIgnorePatterns": [
   "/node_modules/",
   "<rootDir>/build/",
   "<rootDir>/scripts/",
   "<rootDir>/config/",
   "<rootDir>/public/",
   "<rootDir>/coverage/",
   "<rootDir>/.eslintrc.js",
   "<rootDir>/src/registerServiceWorker.js",
   "<rootDir>/src/index.js"
],
```

• Writing your component test cases.

Home.test.js basic test case is to test whether component loads without crashing

```
🔼 Home.test.js 🗙
      import React from 'react';
      import { shallow, mount, configure } from 'enzyme';
      import Adapter from 'enzyme-adapter-react-16';
      import ReduxThunk from 'redux-thunk';
      import configureStore from 'redux-mock-store';
      import toJson from 'enzyme-to-json';
      import Home from '../../src/components/Home';
      configure({ adapter: new Adapter() });
      const middlewares = [ReduxThunk];
      const mockStore = configureStore(middlewares);
      describe('Home', () => {
        it('should load without crashing', () => {
          const store = mockStore({ myReducer: { inputValueFromReducer: '' } });
          const wrapper = mount(<Home store={store} />);
          expect(toJson(wrapper)).toMatchSnapshot();
        });
 20
```

Sample test case for action is as follows

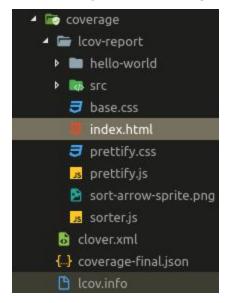
```
MyAction.test.js
       import { configure } from 'enzyme';
       import configureStore from 'redux-mock-store';
       import ReduxThunk from 'redux-thunk';
      import Adapter from 'enzyme-adapter-react-16';
      import { submitValueAction } from '../../src/actions/myAction';
      const middlewares = [ReduxThunk];
      const mockStore = configureStore(middlewares);
      configure({ adapter: new Adapter() });
      let store;
      beforeEach(() => { // Runs before each test in the suite
       store = mockStore();
       store.clearActions();
      });
      describe('submitValueAction', () => {
        it('dispatch sample action', () => {
           store.dispatch(submitValueAction('testingValue'));
           const expected = [{ payload: 'testingValue', type: 'inputValue' }];
           expect(store.getActions()).toEqual(expected);
        });
 23
       1);
```

Sample reducer test case

```
import myReducer from '../../src/reducers/myReducer';
import { INPUT_VALUE } from '../../src/actions/types';

describe('Reducers', () => {
   it('initial state is correct', () => {
      const action = { type: INPUT_VALUE, payload: 'dummyVal' };
      const INITIAL_STATE = {
      inputValueFromReducer: 'dummyVal',
      };
      expect(myReducer(undefined, action)).toEqual(INITIAL_STATE);
};
};
```

Run npm run test-coverage to get coverage
 This should generate coverages/ directory.



Important references of best practices:

React Official Documentation: https://reactjs.org/docs/hello-world.html

React Official Tutorial: https://reactjs.org/tutorial/tutorial.html

Open Dota web: https://github.com/odota/web

Sound redux: https://github.com/andrewngu/sound-redux

Similar project structure and coding standards followed:

https://github.com/s8sachin/react-hello-world

https://github.com/s8sachin/grabbd-demo

https://github.com/s8sachin/dota2-react

https://github.com/s8sachin/unsplash-react

Blogs:

Best Practices

Render Props

Intro to Webpack

Folder structure

Mini patterns

Cool React based projects:

https://react.rocks/

https://www.opendota.com/

https://soundredux.io/#/