# Credit card data analysis Power Bi Project Report

**Project Objective:** To develop a comprehensive credit card weekly dashboard that provides real-time insights into key performance metrics and trends, enabling stakeholders to monitor and analyse credit card operations effectively.

### **Database Creation and Data Import in MySQL**

- Created a new database in MySQL: CREATE DATABASE ccdb;
- Created the required tables and imported data from two CSV files : credit\_card and customer.
- Modified column data types during the import process to match the required schema.

# Adding Additional Data for Real-Time Insights after creating the Power BI dashboard .

The following SQL queries were used to append new records to existing tables from additional CSV files:

#### 1. For the credit card table:

```
LOAD DATA LOCAL INFILE 'C:/Users/nikhi/Desktop/power bi project/Credit_Card_Financial_Dashboard-main/credit_card_add.csv'

INTO TABLE credit_card

FIELDS TERMINATED BY ','

ENCLOSED BY ''''

LINES TERMINATED BY '\n'

IGNORE 1 ROWS;
```

#### 2. For the customer table:

 $LOAD\ DATA\ LOCAL\ INFILE\ 'C:/Users/nikhi/Desktop/power\ bi\ project/Credit\_Card\_Financial\_Dashboard-main/customer\_add.csv'$ 

```
INTO TABLE customer
FIELDS TERMINATED BY ','
ENCLOSED BY ''''
LINES TERMINATED BY '\n'
IGNORE 1 ROWS;
```

#### Integration with Power BI

• Imported the MySQL database (ccdb) into Power BI Desktop for visualization.

• Created measures and calculated columns using **DAX** queries to generate interactive dashboards.

#### **DAX Queries used:**

• **AgeGroup** = SWITCH(

TRUE(),

'public cust\_detail'[customer\_age] < 30, "20-30", 'public cust\_detail'[customer\_age] >= 30 && 'public cust\_detail'[customer\_age] >= 40 && 'public cust\_detail'[customer\_age] >= 40 && 'public cust\_detail'[customer\_age] >= 50 && 'public cust\_detail'[customer\_age] >= 50 && 'public cust\_detail'[customer\_age] >= 60, "50-60", 'public cust\_detail'[customer\_age] >= 60, "60+", "unknown")

• IncomeGroup =

SWITCH(TRUE(),

'public cust\_detail'[income] < 35000, "Low", 'public cust\_detail'[income] >= 35000 && 'public cust\_detail'[income] = 70000, "High", "unknown" )

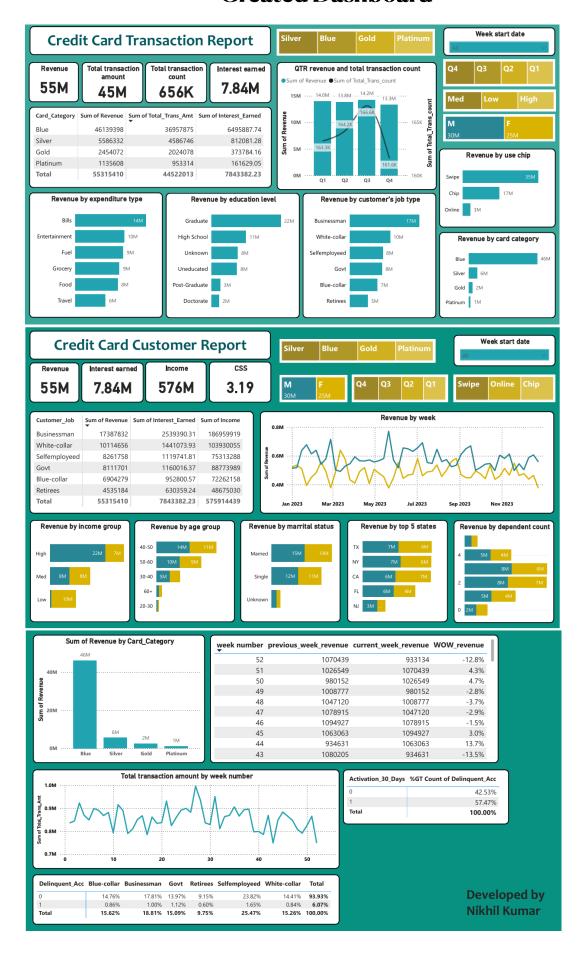
- week\_num2 = WEEKNUM('public cc\_detail'[week\_start\_date])
- **Revenue** = 'public cc\_detail'[annual\_fees] + 'public cc\_detail'[total\_trans\_amt] + 'public cc\_detail'[interest\_earned]
- Current\_week\_Reveneue =

CALCULATE( SUM('public cc\_detail'[Revenue]), FILTER( ALL('public cc\_detail'), 'public cc\_detail'[week\_num2] = MAX('public cc\_detail'[week\_num2])))

• Previous\_week\_Reveneue =

CALCULATE( SUM('public cc\_detail'[Revenue]), FILTER( ALL('public cc\_detail'), 'public cc\_detail'[week\_num2] = MAX('public cc\_detail'[week\_num2])-1))

## **Created Dashboard**



## **Project Insights Report**

#### **Overall Performance:**

- The credit card portfolio shows a robust financial performance with **total revenue of \$55 million**, and **interest earned of \$7.84 million**.
- Total transaction amount of \$45 million across 656,000 transactions. A closer look reveals a significant week-over-week fluctuation in transaction amounts, with a notable 13.7% increase in week 44 and a sharp 13.5% decrease in week 43.

## **Revenue by Card Category:**

The **Blue card** is the clear leader in the portfolio, contributing **\$46 million in revenue**, which is substantially higher than Silver (\$6 million), Gold (\$2 million), and Platinum (\$1 million) cards. The Blue card also dominates in terms of transaction amount and interest earned, bringing in **\$36.9 million in transaction volume** and **\$6.5 million in interest**. While the Platinum card generates the least revenue, it's important to analyse the average revenue per customer for each card type to understand the complete picture of profitability.

#### **Customer Demographics and Behaviour:**

- Job Type: Businessmen are the most lucrative customer segment, generating \$17 million in revenue, followed by white-collar professionals (\$10 million). This aligns with the income data, where businessmen also have the highest income levels.
- **Education Level:** Customers with a graduate-level education contribute the most to revenue, at \$22 million. This is followed by high school graduates (\$11 million).
- Age and Marital Status: The 40-50 age group is the highest revenue generator, bringing in \$14 million. Married individuals contribute more to revenue (\$15 million) than single individuals (\$12 million).
- **Geographic Location:** The top 5 states for revenue are Texas and New York, both contributing \$7 million each.

#### **Transaction Insights:**

- Expenditure Type: Bills are the largest spending category, accounting for \$14 million in revenue. This is followed by entertainment (\$10 million) and fuel (\$9 million).
- **Transaction Method:** Swiping the card is the most common method of transaction, generating \$35 million in revenue, significantly more than chip (\$17 million) and online (\$3 million) transactions.

#### **Recommendations to Increase Profit Margin and Overall Revenue:**

Based on the insights from the dashboard, these are actionable steps to enhance profitability:

#### **Targeted Marketing and Customer Segmentation:**

- Focus on High-Value Segments: Develop targeted marketing campaigns aimed at businessmen
  and graduates, as they are the highest revenue-generating segments. Offer premium benefits
  and personalized rewards to further incentivize their spending.
- **Promote Premium Cards:** Create a strategic marketing plan to upsell existing Blue cardholders to Silver, Gold, or Platinum cards. Highlight the enhanced benefits, such as higher credit limits, better rewards, and exclusive access, to justify the upgrade.
- **Geographic Targeting:** Concentrate marketing efforts in Texas and New York, as these are the top revenue-generating states. Consider local partnerships and offers to increase card usage.

#### **Enhance Product Offerings and Usage:**

- Incentivize Online and Chip Transactions: Given the high revenue from swipe transactions, there's an opportunity to encourage more secure payment methods. Offer bonus reward points or cashback for online and chip transactions to drive adoption.
- Category-Specific Promotions: Launch targeted promotions for high-spending categories like bills, entertainment, and fuel. For instance, offer a higher cashback rate on bill payments made through the card or provide discounts on entertainment spending.
- Develop Loyalty Programs: Implement a tiered loyalty program based on spending levels and card type. This will encourage customers to consolidate their spending on your card to unlock better rewards.

#### **Improve Customer Engagement and Retention:**

- Personalized Communication: Utilize customer data to send personalized offers and communications. For example, if a customer frequently spends on travel, send them travelrelated offers and benefits.
- **Proactive Customer Service:** Monitor transaction data for any signs of decreased activity and proactively reach out to customers with offers to re-engage them.
- **Financial Wellness Tools:** Offer tools and resources to help customers manage their finances better. This can build trust and loyalty, leading to a longer-term customer relationship.

Χ		
Nikhil Kumar	•	