

## LL(1) Parser Visualization

Write your own context-free grammar and see an LL(1) parser in action!  
Written by Zak Kincaid and Shaozei Zhu based on <http://jmachines.sourceforge.net/machine01.html>

1. Write your LL(1) grammar (empty string "" represents ε):

```
S := B
S := C
S := E
S := E'
C := create D
D := H
D := G
E := insert into L Y ;
E := M table L N ;
E := J L
J := J not exists
J := *
* := database
J := schema
L := A
L := L
L := L'
M := temporary
M := *
```

## Valid LL(1) Grammars

For any production  $S \rightarrow A | B$ , it must be the case that:

- For no terminal  $t$  could  $A$  and  $B$  derive strings beginning with  $t$ .
- At most one of  $A$  and  $B$  can derive the empty string.
- If  $B$  can derive the empty string, then  $A$  does not derive any string beginning with a terminal in  $\text{Follow}(B)$ .

## Formatting Instructions

- The non-terminal on the left-hand side of the first rule is the start non-terminal.
- Write each production rule in a separate line (see example to the left).
- Separate each token using whitespace.
- $\epsilon$  is reserved as the end-of-input symbol, and  $\epsilon$  is reserved as an artificial start symbol. The grammar is automatically augmented with the rule  $S \rightarrow \text{start } \epsilon$ .

## Debugging

- More information about the parser construction is printed on the console.
- The source code follows the pseudocode in lecture. In particular, see [computability](#), [computational](#), [complexity](#), and [computational](#).

Generate tables

## 2. Nullable/First/Follow Table and Transition Table

Nonterminal	Nullable?	First	Follow
S	X	create, insert, select	
A	X	create, insert, select	\$
B	X	create, insert, select	\$
C	X	create	\$
D	X	table, database, schema, temporary	\$
E	X	insert	\$
G	X	table, temporary	\$
H	X	database, schema	\$
I	✓	if	
J	X	database, schema	$\epsilon, *$
L	X	$\epsilon, *$	(, values, ,, ,, int, char, varchar, text, bool, ), A, ,, where, in, between, like, and, <, <=, >, from
M	✓	temporary	table
N	✓	(, ,, )	
O	X	$\epsilon, *$ , primary, foreign	{ (, ,, ) }
P	X	int, char, varchar, text, bool	{ (, ,, ) }
Q	X	primary, foreign	{ (, ,, ) }
R	✓	$\epsilon, *$ , from	
S'	X	select	\$
T	✓	$\epsilon, A, *$ , ,,	from
U	X	from	:
W	✓	where	:
Y	X	(, values	:
X	X	$\epsilon, *$	:
Z	✓	in, $\epsilon, *$ , between, like, and, <, <=	:
O'	✓	$\epsilon, *$ , ,,	)
WHEREOPR	X	between, like, and, <, <=	(, in, $\epsilon, *$ , between, like, and, <, <=
X'	X	<, <=, >	

	\$	create	insert	into	,	table	if	not	exists	database	schema	a	..	*	temporary	(	)	,	int	char	varchar	text	bool	primary	key	foreign	select	*	from	where	
S		S := A S	S := A S																								S := A S				
A		A := B	A := B																								A := B				
B		B := C	B := E																								B := E				
C		C := create D																													
D						D := G				D := H	D := H				D := G																
E			E := insert into L Y ;																												
G						G := M table L N ;									G := M table L N ;																
H										H := J L ;	H := J L ;																				
I							I := if not exists																								
J										J := database	J := schema																				
L												L := a	L := .. L	L := L *																	
M						M := e									M := temporary																
N				N := e												N := ( ON )	N := e	N := .. ON							O := Q		O := Q				
O												O := L P	O := L P	O := L P																	
P																			P := int	P := char	P := varchar	P := text	P := bool								
Q																								Q := primary key ( R )		Q := foreign key ( R )					
R												R := L R	R := L R	R := L R		R := e	R := .. L													R := e	
S'																											S' := select T U ;				
T												T := R	T := R	T := R				T := R										T := *	T := R		
U						W := e																							U := from L W		
W																														W := where X	
Y																Y := ( R ) Y															
X												X := L Z	X := L Z	X := L Z																	
Z					Z := e							Z := L Q'	Z := L Z	Z := L Z																	
O'												O' := L Q'	O' := L Q'	O' := L Q'			O' := e	O' := .. L Q'													
WHEREOPR																															
X'																															

## 3. Parsing

Token stream separated by spaces:

Start/Reset Step Forward

Stack  
S L  
Remaining Input  
L S  
Rule  
Match x

Partial Parse Tree

