

## **WORKSHEET 7 SQL**

**Q1 and Q2 have one or more correct answer. Choose all the correct option to answer your question.**

1. The primary key is selected from the

***B. Candidate keys***

2. Which is/are correct statements about primary key of a table?

***B. Primary keys cannot contain NULL values...***

***C. A table can have only one primary key with single or multiple fields....***

**Q3 to Q10 have only one correct answer. Choose the correct option to answer your question.**

3. Which SQL command is used to insert a row in a table?

***C. Insert***

4. Which one of the following sorts rows in SQL?

***C. ORDERBY***

5. The SQL statement that queries or reads data from a table is

***C. SELECT***

6. Which normal form is considered adequate for relational database design?

***C. 3NF***

7. SQL can be used to

*C. All of the above can be done by SQL*

8. SQL query and modification commands make up

***B. DML***

9. The result of a SQL SELECT statement is a(n).

***B. Table***

10. Second normal form should meet all the rules for

***B. 2 NF***

**Q11 to Q15 are subjective answer type questions, Answer them briefly.**

**11. What are joins in SQL?**

**Ans-** A **JOIN** clause is used to combine rows from two or more tables, based on a related column between them.

**12. What are the different types of joins in SQL?**

**Ans-**

Here are the different types of the JOINS in SQL:

- **(INNER) JOIN**: Returns records that have matching values in both tables
- **LEFT (OUTER) JOIN**: Returns all records from the left table, and the matched records from the right table
- **RIGHT (OUTER) JOIN**: Returns all records from the right table, and the matched records from the left table
- **FULL (OUTER) JOIN**: Returns all records when there is a match in either left or right table

### 13. What is SQL Server?

#### Ans-

SQL Server is a **relational database management system, or RDBMS**, developed and marketed by Microsoft.

### 14. What is primary key in SQL?

#### Ans-

The PRIMARY KEY constraint **uniquely identifies each record in a table**. Primary keys must contain UNIQUE values, and cannot contain NULL values. A table can have only ONE primary key; and in the table, this primary key can consist of single or multiple columns (fields).

### 15. What is ETL in SQL?

#### Ans-

ETL, which stands for “**extract, transform, load**,” are the three processes that, in combination, move data from one database, multiple databases, or other sources to a unified repository—typically a data warehouse.