## Kaggle\_Ecommerce\_Sale

In [1]: import numpy as np import pandas as pd import matplotlib.pyplot as plt import seaborn as sns import warnings warnings.filterwarnings("ignore") df = pd.read\_csv('C:\Data Analytics\Python Project\Kaggle Sale\sales\_data.csv') In [2]: df.head() Out[2]: Order Order **Purchase** Quantity **Price Product** Product\_ean catégorie **Ordered Date** ID **Address Each** 944 22-Walnut 01-St, 141234 iPhone 5.638010e+12 Vêtements 1 700.00 2019 Boston, 21:25 MA 02215 185 28-Lightning Maple St, 01-14.95 141235 Charging 5.563320e+12 Alimentation Portland, 1 2019 Cable OR 14:15 97035 538 17-Adams 01-Wired 2 141236 2.113970e+12 Vêtements St, San 2 11.99 2019 Headphones Francisco, 13:33 CA 94016 05-738 10th 01-27in FHD St, Los 3 141237 3.069160e+12 Sports 1 149.99 2019 Monitor Angeles, 20:33 CA 90001 25-387 10th 01-Wired St. 9.692680e+12 Électronique 11.99 141238 1 2019 Headphones Austin, 11:59 TX 73301

In [3]: df.isnull().sum()

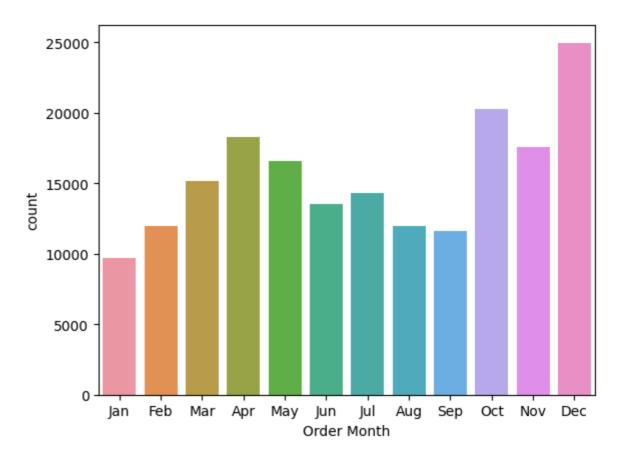
```
Out[3]: Order Date
        Order ID
                           0
        Product
                           0
        Product_ean
                           0
        catégorie
        Purchase Address
                           0
        Quantity Ordered
                           0
        Price Each
                           0
        Cost price
                           0
        turnover
                           0
        margin
        dtype: int64
In [4]: df.info()
       <class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
       RangeIndex: 185950 entries, 0 to 185949
       Data columns (total 11 columns):
       #
           Column
                           Non-Null Count
                                             Dtype
       ---
           ____
                             -----
       0
           Order Date
                            185950 non-null object
       1
           Order ID
                            185950 non-null int64
       2
          Product
                            185950 non-null object
       3 Product_ean
                           185950 non-null float64
                            185950 non-null object
       4
           catégorie
       5
           Purchase Address 185950 non-null object
           Quantity Ordered 185950 non-null int64
                             185950 non-null float64
       7
           Price Each
       8
           Cost price
                             185950 non-null float64
           turnover
       9
                             185950 non-null float64
                            185950 non-null float64
       10 margin
       dtypes: float64(5), int64(2), object(4)
       memory usage: 15.6+ MB
In [5]: df.columns
Out[5]: Index(['Order Date', 'Order ID', 'Product', 'Product_ean', 'catégorie',
               'Purchase Address', 'Quantity Ordered', 'Price Each', 'Cost price',
               'turnover', 'margin'],
              dtype='object')
In [6]: df['Order Year'] = df['Order Date'].str.split(' ').str[0].str.split('-').str[2]
        df['Order Month'] = df['Order Date'].str.split(' ').str[0].str.split('-').str[1]
In [8]: df.info()
```

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
       RangeIndex: 185950 entries, 0 to 185949
       Data columns (total 13 columns):
        # Column
                           Non-Null Count Dtype
       --- -----
                            -----
        0 Order Date 185950 non-null object
        1 Order ID
                           185950 non-null int64
        2 Product
                            185950 non-null object
        2 Product_ean
                           185950 non-null float64
        4
           catégorie
                            185950 non-null object
        5 Purchase Address 185950 non-null object
        6 Quantity Ordered 185950 non-null int64
        7 Price Each
                            185950 non-null float64
                          185950 non-null float64
           Cost price
        8
                           185950 non-null float64
        9 turnover
        10 margin
                            185950 non-null float64
        11 Order Year
                            185950 non-null object
        12 Order Month
                            185950 non-null object
       dtypes: float64(5), int64(2), object(6)
       memory usage: 18.4+ MB
In [9]: df['Order Year'] = df['Order Year'].astype(int)
In [10]: df['Order Month'] = df['Order Month'].astype(int)
In [11]: month mapping = {
            1: 'Jan',
            2: 'Feb',
            3: 'Mar',
            4: 'Apr',
            5: 'May',
            6: 'Jun',
            7: 'Jul',
            8: 'Aug',
            9: 'Sep',
            10: 'Oct',
            11: 'Nov',
            12: 'Dec'
In [12]: df['Order Month'].replace(month_mapping,inplace = True)
In [13]: | df['Time'] = df['Order Date'].str.split(' ').str[1].str.split(":").str[0]
In [14]: df['Time'] = df['Time'].astype(int)
         df['Time_Zone'] = df['Time']
In [15]: df_{copy} = df
In [16]: def Time_Changes(x):
            if(x<=5):
                return 'Night'
            elif(x<=12):
                return "Morning"
            elif(x<=16):
                return "After_noon"
            elif(x<=21):</pre>
                return 'Evening'
```

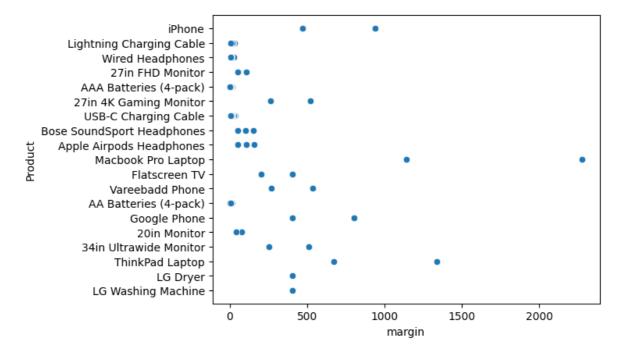
```
else:
                 return "Night"
In [17]: df['Time_Zone'] = df['Time_Zone'].apply(Time_Changes)
In [18]: df.columns
Out[18]: Index(['Order Date', 'Order ID', 'Product', 'Product_ean', 'catégorie',
                 'Purchase Address', 'Quantity Ordered', 'Price Each', 'Cost price',
                 'turnover', 'margin', 'Order Year', 'Order Month', 'Time', 'Time_Zone'],
                dtype='object')
In [19]: df['Category'] = df['catégorie']
In [20]: df.drop(['catégorie','Product_ean'],axis = 1, inplace = True)
In [21]: def category changes(x):
             if(x == 'Vêtements'):
                 return 'Clothes'
             elif(x=='Alimentation'):
                 return 'Food'
             elif(x=='Électronique'):
                 return 'Electronic'
             else:
                 return 'Sports'
In [22]: df['Category'] = df['Category'].apply(category_changes)
In [23]: | df['Purchase City'] = df['Purchase Address'].str.split(',').str[1]
In [24]: df.drop(['Purchase Address'],axis = 1, inplace = True)
In [25]: df['Order Year'].unique()
Out[25]: array([2019, 2020])
In [26]: df['Order Year'].value_counts()
Out[26]: Order Year
          2019
                 185916
          2020
                     34
          Name: count, dtype: int64
In [27]: df = df[df['Order Year'] == 2019]
In [28]: df.head()
```

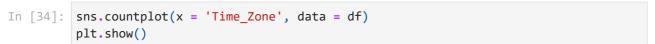
Out[28]:		Order Date	Order ID	Product	Quantity Ordered	Price Each	Cost price	turnover	margin	Order Year		
	0	22- 01- 2019 21:25	141234	iPhone	1	700.00	231.0000	700.00	469.0000	2019		
	1	28- 01- 2019 14:15	141235	Lightning Charging Cable	1	14.95	7.4750	14.95	7.4750	2019		
	2	17- 01- 2019 13:33	141236	Wired Headphones	2	11.99	5.9950	23.98	11.9900	2019		
	3	05- 01- 2019 20:33	141237	27in FHD Monitor	1	149.99	97.4935	149.99	52.4965	2019		
	4	25- 01- 2019 11:59	141238	Wired Headphones	1	11.99	5.9950	11.99	5.9950	2019		
	4									•		
In [29]:	<pre>graph = sns.FacetGrid(df, col="Time_Zone", hue="Category", height=5, aspect=1.2) graph.map(sns.scatterplot, "Order Month", "turnover", alpha=0.7) graph.add_legend() plt.show()</pre>											
25 25 26 26 21 31 31 31 31	00 -	Time_Zon	e = Ecening	Time_Zone = i	sher_noon	jan Pelo Mar Ajer Ma	me_Zane = Morning	w Dic. juli Rib Mar Adr	Time_Zone = Night  Time_Zone = Night  Night   Simple   Si	Category Gothes Sports Sports Bectrenic		
In [30]:	sns	s.count	plot(x='	Order Month'	, data=df	:)						

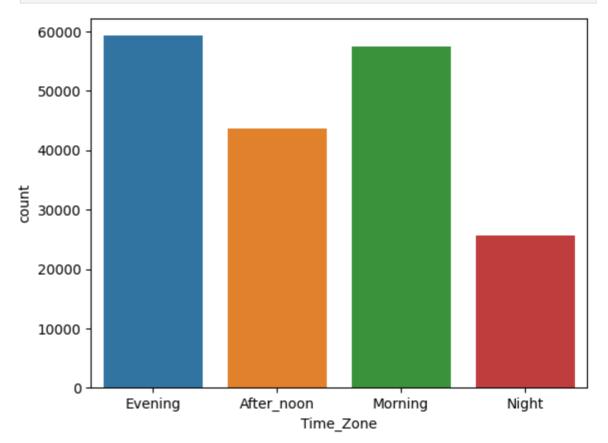
Out[30]: <Axes: xlabel='Order Month', ylabel='count'>



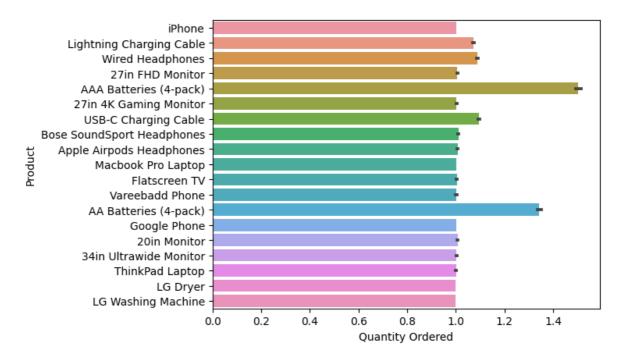
```
In [31]:
         #we make a def funtion to minimize our unique values to lower
         def change(x):
             if x in ['USB-C Charging Cable','Lightning Charging Cable']:
                 return 'Charging Cables'
             elif x in ['AAA Batteries (4-pack)','AA Batteries (4-pack)']:
                 return 'Batteries'
             elif x in ['Wired Headphones','Apple Airpods Headphones','Bose SoundSport He
                 return 'Headphones'
             elif x in ['27in FHD Monitor','27in 4K Gaming Monitor','34in Ultrawide Monit
                 return 'Smart Tv'
             elif x in ['iPhone','Google Phone','Vareebadd Phone']:
                 return 'Smart Phones'
             elif x in ['Macbook Pro Laptop','ThinkPad Laptop']:
                 return 'Laptops'
             elif x in ['LG Washing Machine','LG Dryer']:
                 return 'Cleaning Machines'
             else:
                 return 'Others'
In [32]: df['Sub_Product'] = df['Product'].apply(change)
In [33]:
         sns.scatterplot(y="Product", x="margin",data=df)
         plt.show()
```



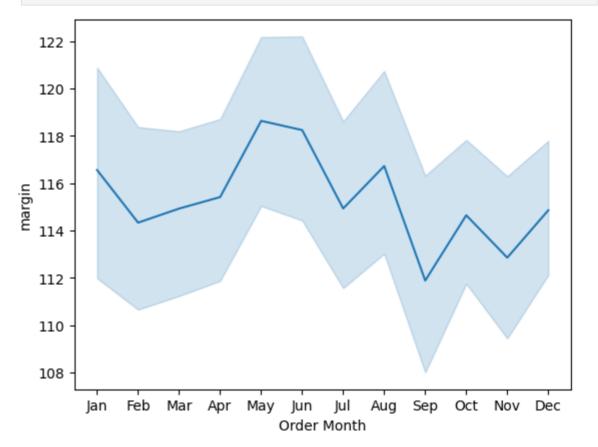




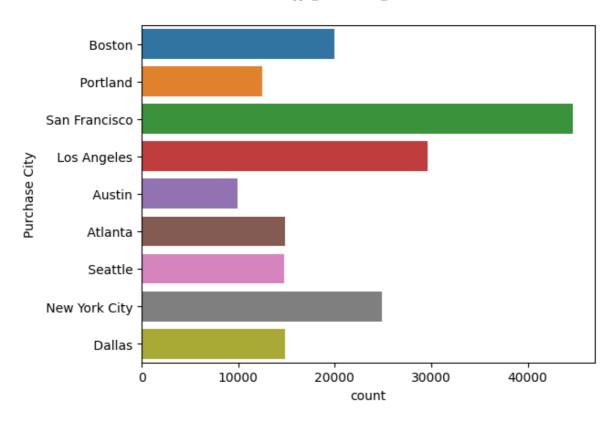
```
In [35]: sns.barplot(y = 'Product', x = 'Quantity Ordered', data = df )
plt.show()
```



In [36]: sns.lineplot(x = 'Order Month', y = 'margin', data = df)
plt.show()



```
In [37]: sns.countplot(y= 'Purchase City', data = df)
plt.show()
```



In [38]: df.drop(['Time'], axis=1, inplace=True)

In [39]: # df.to\_excel("output.xlsx", index=False)

In [40]: df.head()

Out[40]:

		······································										
	Order Date	Order ID	Product	Quantity Ordered	Price Each	Cost price	turnover	margin	Order Year			
0	22- 01- 2019 21:25	141234	iPhone	1	700.00	231.0000	700.00	469.0000	2019			
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4									•			