DESIGN AND ANALYSIS OF ALGORITHMS

IT - 216

STABLE MATCHING PROBLEM (1962)

By: DAVID GALE

LLOYD SHAPLEY*

* NOBEL PRIZE WINNER. (In 2012)

STATEMENT :

 $M = \{ w_1, w_2, \dots, m_n \}$ $W = \{ w_1, w_2, \dots, w_n \}$

Mis a set of n men. Wis a set of n women. $M = \{ w_1, m_2, \dots, m_n \}$ $W = \{ w_1, w_2, \dots, w_n \}$

if each meM and each we W appears in at most one pair.

SEMXW is PERFECT MATCHING if each me M and each we W appears in precisely one pair.



PREFERENCE

- . Each man me M ranks all the women.
- . Each woman weW ranks all the men.

. No ties

Given the following S But: . m prefers w' to w . w' prefers m to m' (m, w) is an instability wirt S

 $M = \{ w_1, m_2, ..., m_m \}$ (7) $W = \{ w_1, w_2, ..., w_m \}$

SCMXW is STABLE

MATCHING/MARRIAGE

if:

- (1) S is a perfect matching
- (2) There is no instability pair wrt S.

PROBLEM STATEMENT 8

- · Each m ∈ M has a preference list
- . Each we W has a preference list.

FIND A STABLE MARRIAGE

- (1) Does there exist a SM for every set of preference list
- (2) Given a set of preference, lists, how to construct a sm algorithmically

EXAMPLE

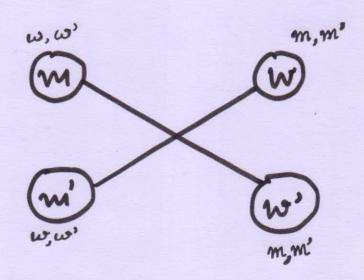






Is the marriage stable?

ANOTHER EXAMPLE :



Is the marriage stable now?

m', m

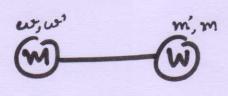
w'w

m, m'

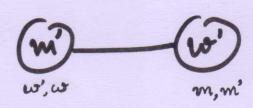
FIND a SM, plz.

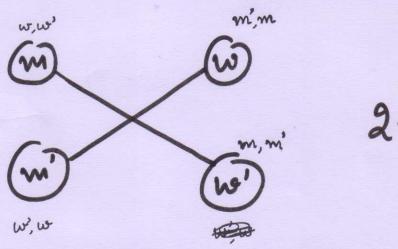
THERE COULD BE MULTIPLE SMs.





Ist





2nd

ALGO (PLS)

INITIALIZE S = 4

WHILE (3 m & M st

(4) m is single

(b) I woman not proposed by m

proposed w yet.

If (w is single), then S=S+ (m, w). Else

If (w prefers m to its current partner m'), them S = S + (m,w) - (m', w) Else w rejects m. End If.

Endif

End While

RETURN S

- . Is the ALGO correct?
- . What is the complexity?

WE NEED TO ESTABLISH

THE ABOVE TWO

POINTS.

OBSERVATION 1

THE ALGORITHM

TERMINATES.

OBSERVATION 2

THE SET S ALWAYS
REMAINS A MATCHING
DURING THE ENTIRE
ALGORITHM.

OBSERVATION 3

EACH $\omega \in W$ gets engaged when she receives the first proposal, and never gets disengaged there after. Her parter gets better with every new marriage.

Proof:

LEMMA

Set S returned after
the end of the algorithm is
a PM (perfect matching)

THEOREM

THE SET S RETURNED

AT THE END OF THE

ALGO IS A SM.

