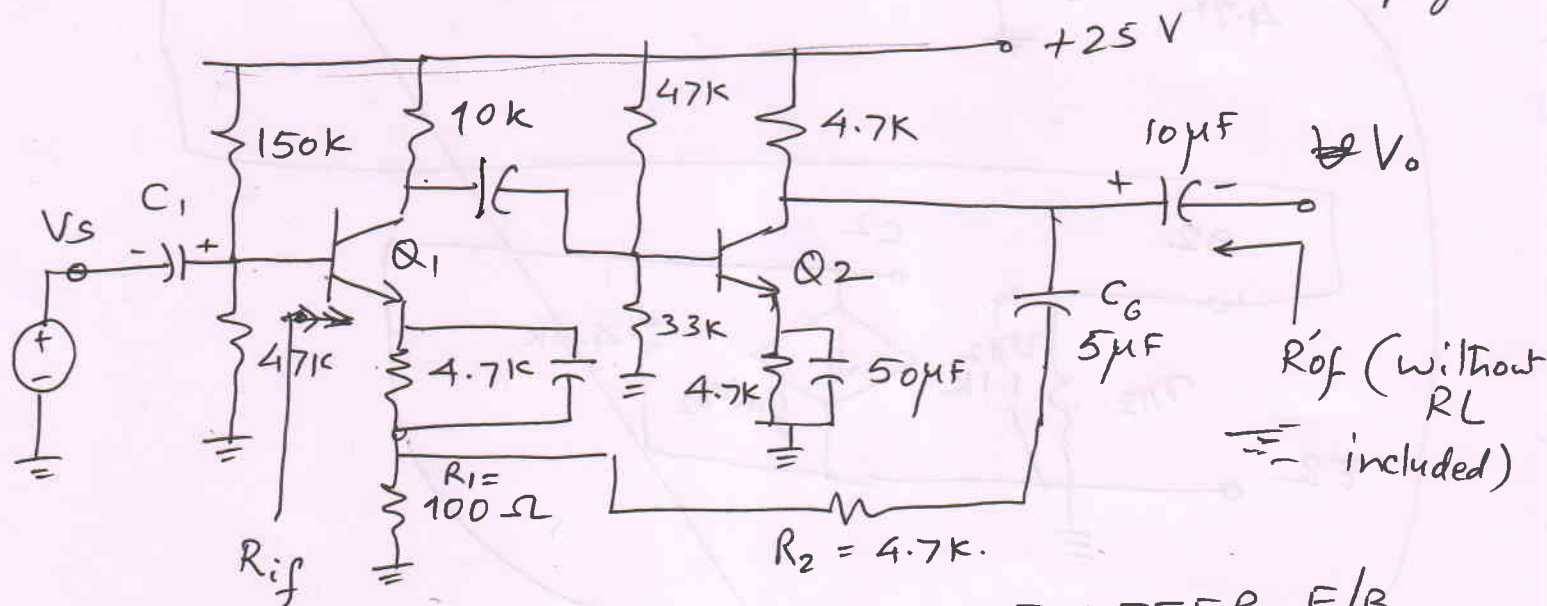


VOLTAGE - SERIES
Solved Example from Millman & Halkias pp 480. (1)
Calculate A_{vf} , R_{of} and R_{if} . Assume $R_s = 0$, $\beta = h_{fe} = 50$
 $r_{\pi} = h_{ie} = 1.1 \text{ k}$, r_o (Early Effect) $= \infty$ and both BJTs are identical.

Note that no separate R_L is connected. See the equivalent model on next page.



SECOND - COLLECTOR - TO - FIRST-EMITTER F/B
Feedback

Calculate Overall Voltage Gain without feedback

$$A_v = A_{v1} \cdot A_{v2}$$

Effective load in collector of Q_1 is $R_{C1} = 10k \parallel 47k \parallel 33k \parallel r_{u2}$

Effective \Rightarrow load in collector of Q_2

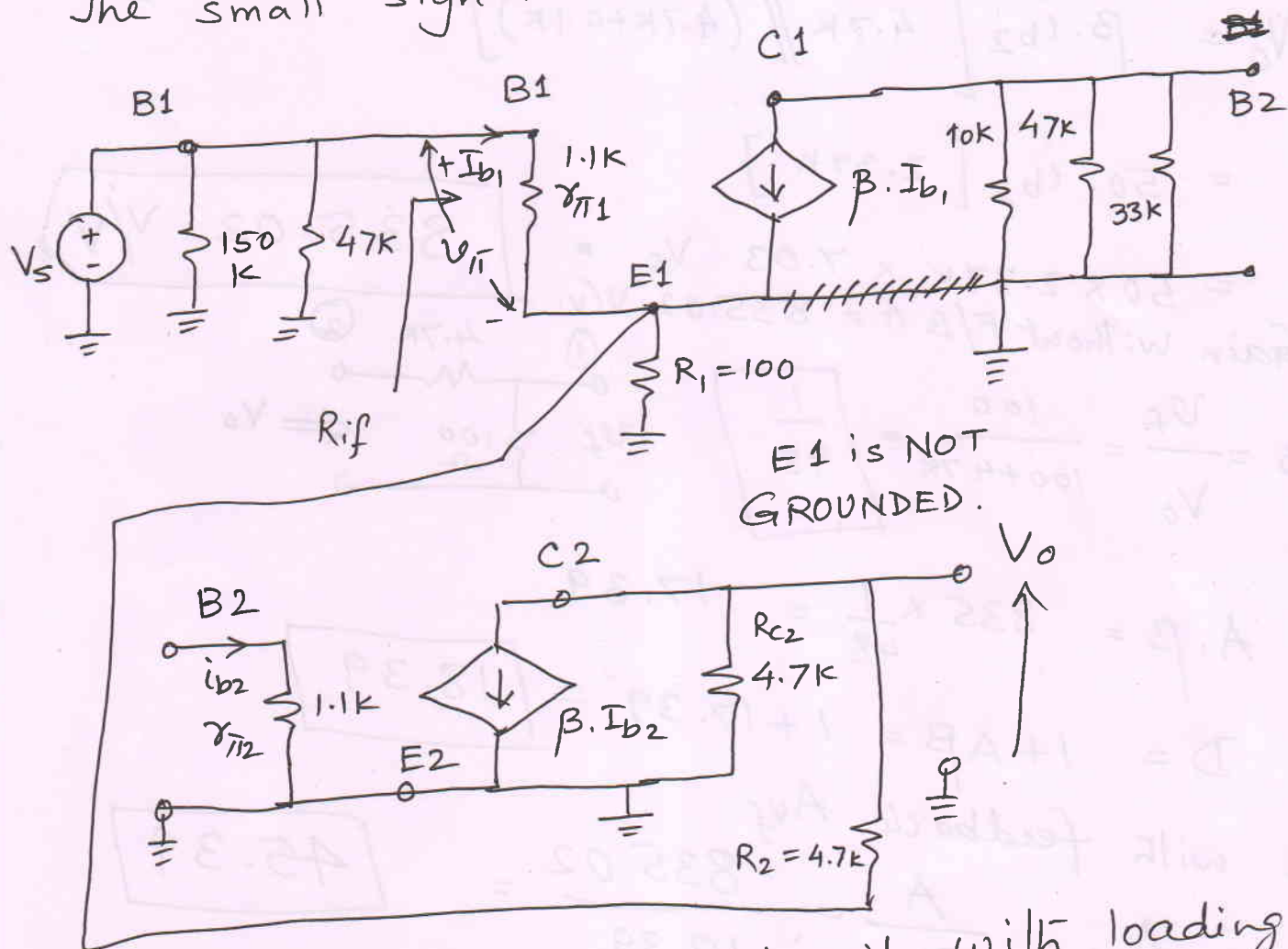
is $R_{C2} = 4.7k \parallel (R_1 + R_2)$ the feedback resistors

$$= 4.7k \parallel 4.8k = 2374 \Omega = 2.374 k$$

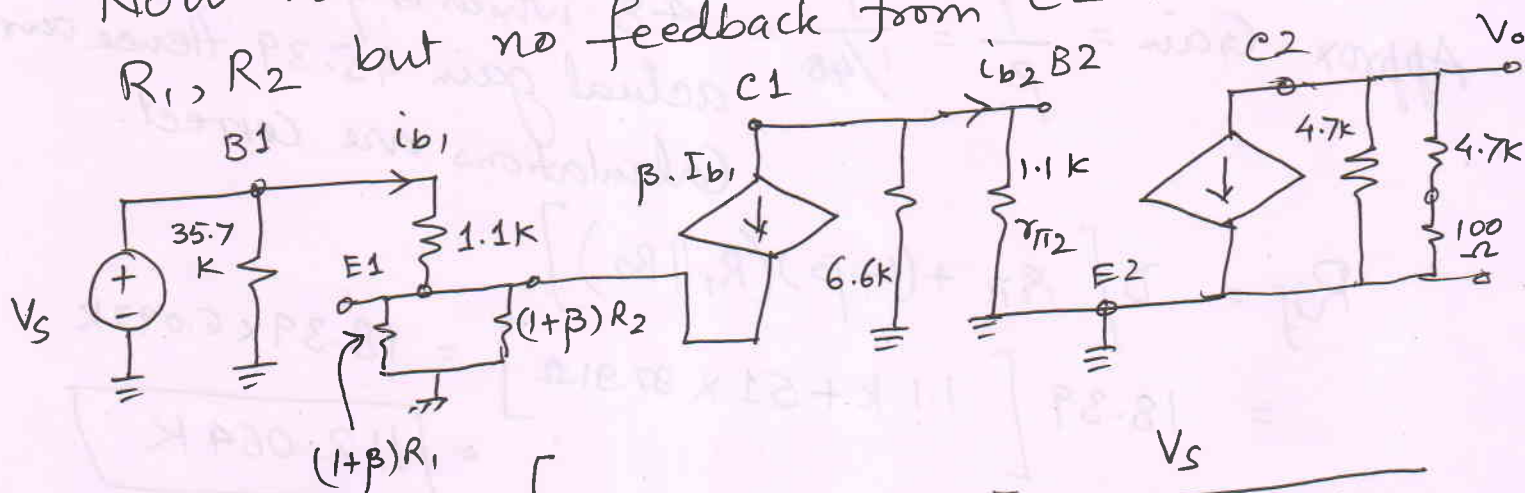
$$g_m = \frac{\beta}{r_{\pi}} = \underline{\underline{1}} \quad r_{\pi} = \frac{\beta}{g_m}$$

The small signal model is drawn here:

(2)



Now redraw above circuit with loading of R_1, R_2 but no feedback from C_2 to E_1 .



$$i_{b1} = \frac{V_s}{1.1k + 51[4.7k \parallel 0.1k]} = \frac{V_s}{6k}$$

$$= \frac{V_s}{1.1k + 4.993k} \approx 4.6093 \text{ A}$$

$$i_{b2} = (\beta \cdot I_{b1}) \left(\frac{6.6k}{6.6k + 1.1k} \right) = 42.85 i_{b1} = \frac{42.85 \cdot V_s}{6k} = 7.03 V_s$$

(3)

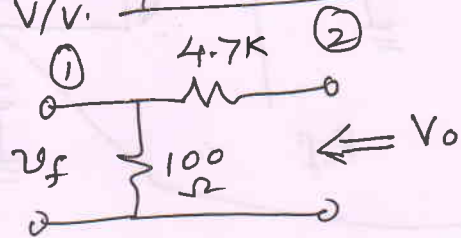
$$V_o = \beta \cdot i_{b2} \left[4.7k \parallel (4.7k + 0.1k) \right]$$

$$= 50 \cdot i_{b2} [2.37k]$$

$$= 50 \times 2.37k \times 7.03 \text{ } V_s =$$

$$\therefore \text{Gain without F/B } A = 835.02 \text{ V/V}$$

$$\beta = \frac{V_f}{V_o} = \frac{100}{100 + 4.7k} = \boxed{\frac{1}{48}}$$



$$A \cdot \beta = 835 \times \frac{1}{48} = 17.39$$

$$D = 1 + A\beta = 1 + 17.39 = \boxed{18.39}$$

Gain with feedback A_{vf}

$$A_{vf} = \frac{A}{D} = \frac{835.02}{18.39} = \boxed{45.39}$$

Approx. Gain = $\frac{1}{\beta} = \frac{1}{1/48} = 48$ which is quite close to actual gain 45.39 hence our calculations are correct.

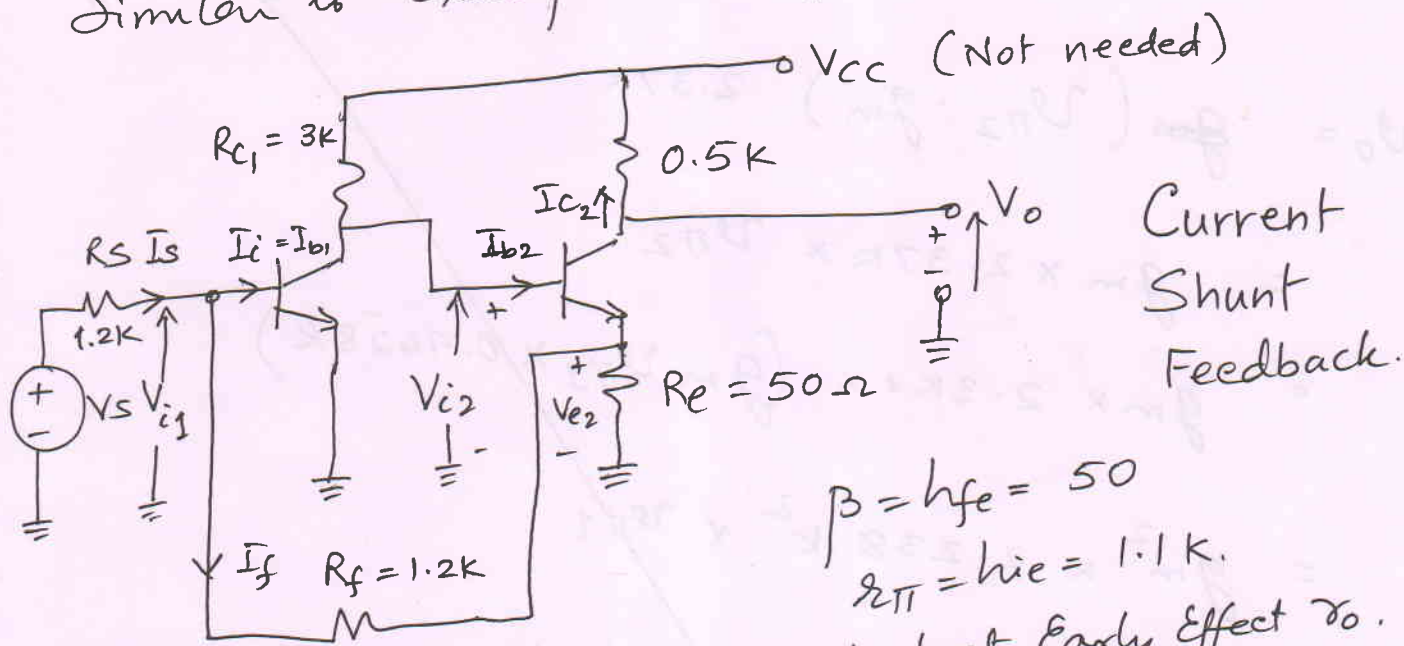
$$R_{if} = D \left[R_{\pi} + (1 + \beta)(R_1 \parallel R_2) \right]$$

$$= 18.39 \left[1.1k + 51 \times 97.91\Omega \right] = 18.39 \times 6.093k = \boxed{112.064k}$$

$$R_o = \frac{R_{c2} \parallel (R_1 + R_2)}{D} = \frac{4.7k \parallel 4.8k}{18.39} = \frac{2.37k}{18.39}$$

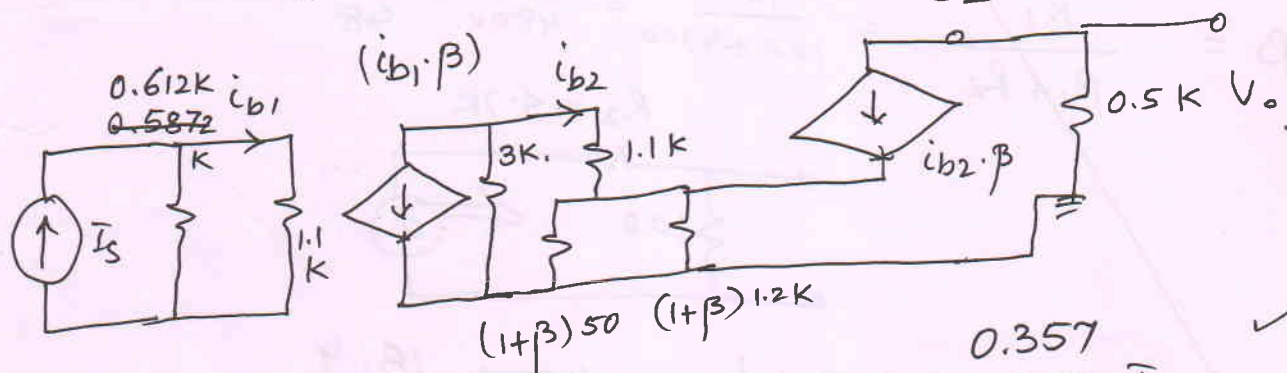
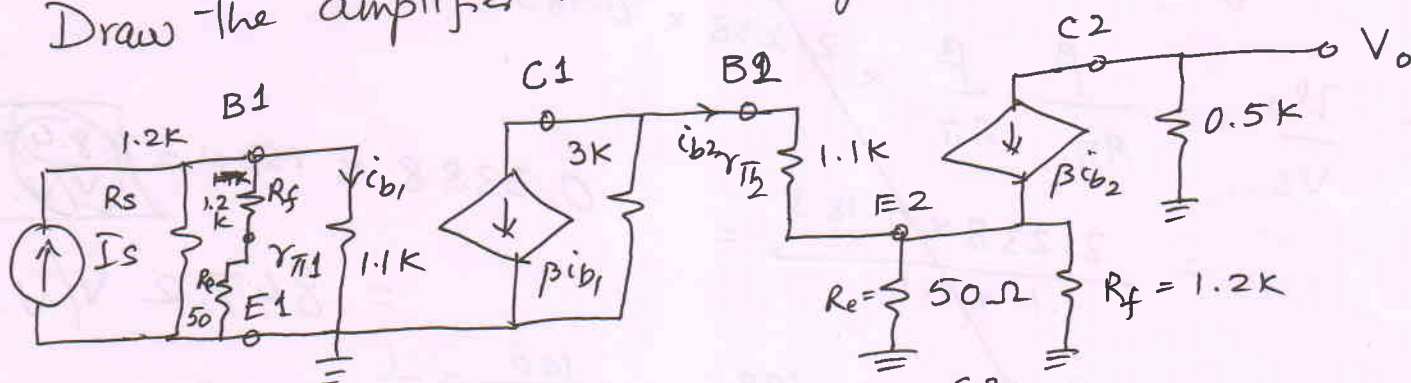
$$= \boxed{129.1 \Omega}$$

Example on page 489 of Millman & Halkias (4)
 Second Emitter to first Base feedback. (Less bias resistors & R_L)
 Similar to Example 7.4 of Sedra Smith. resistors & R_L).



$\beta = h_{fe} = 50$
 $r_{\pi} = h_{ie} = 1.1k$
 Neglect Early Effect r_o .

Draw the amplifier with loading of β network.



$$i_{b1} = \left[\frac{0.612}{0.5872} \right] \cdot I_S = 0.357 I_S$$

$$R_{i2} = r_{\pi2} + (1 + \beta)(R_E \parallel R_f) = 1.1k + 51[50 \Omega \parallel 1.2k] = 3.548k$$

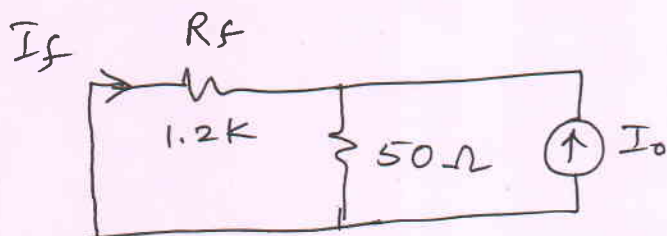
$$i_{b2} = [\beta \cdot i_{b1}] \frac{3k}{3k + 3.548k} = \frac{50 \times 3k}{6.548k} \cdot i_{b1} = 22.907 i_{b1}$$

$$i_{b2} = 22.907 i_{b1} = 22.907 \times \frac{0.357}{8.191} \times I_s = 409.5$$

$$i_{c2} = I_o = \beta \cdot i_{b2} = 50 \times \frac{8.191}{7.973} I_s = 398.6 I_s$$

\therefore Current Gain w/o feedback

$$A_I = \frac{I_o}{I_s} = \frac{i_{c2}}{I_s} = \boxed{\frac{398.6}{409.5}}$$



$$\beta = \frac{I_f}{I_o} = \left[\frac{50}{50 + 1.2K} \right] = 0.04 = \frac{1}{25}$$

$$\left[\text{Approx. } A_I = \frac{1}{\beta} = 25 \right]$$

$$D = 1 + A_I \beta = 1 + 409.5 \times \frac{1}{25} = 1 + 16.38 = 17.38$$

$$A_{If} = A/D = 409.5/17.38 = \boxed{23.56}$$

$$A_{vf} = \frac{V_o}{V_s} = \frac{-I_{c2} \cdot R_{c2}}{I_s \cdot R_s} = A_I \cdot \frac{0.5K}{1.2K} = \boxed{9.81 \text{ V/V}}$$

$$R_i \text{ without } f/b = R_{i2} + 0.612K \parallel 1.1K = 379 \Omega$$

$$R_{if} = R_i/D = 379/17.38 = \boxed{21.84 \Omega}$$

If R_s is added to this it is $1.2K + 21.84 \Omega$

$$R_o = R_{c2} = 0.5K$$

R_{of} is not altered since output voltage is not sampled. Since 50Ω is inserted in series with current source, its effect on V_o is negligible.