

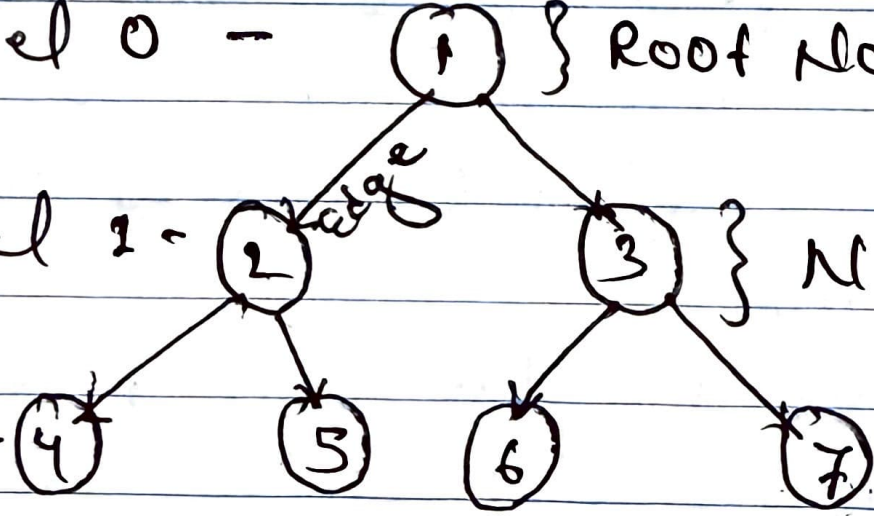
## \* Non-Linear data structure :-

→ Tree is one of the type of non-linear data structure.

→

Level 0 - (1) } Root Node.

Level 1 - (2) (3) } Node



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graph TD; 1((1)) -- edge --> 2((2)); 1 --> 3((3)); 2 --> 4((4)); 2 --> 5((5)); 3 --> 6((6)); 3 --> 7((7));
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Level 2 - (4) (5) (6) (7)

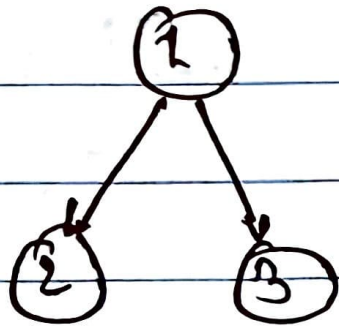
\* Root Node is where we start our tree.

→ (1) is parent of (2) (3)

→ (2) and (3) is child node.

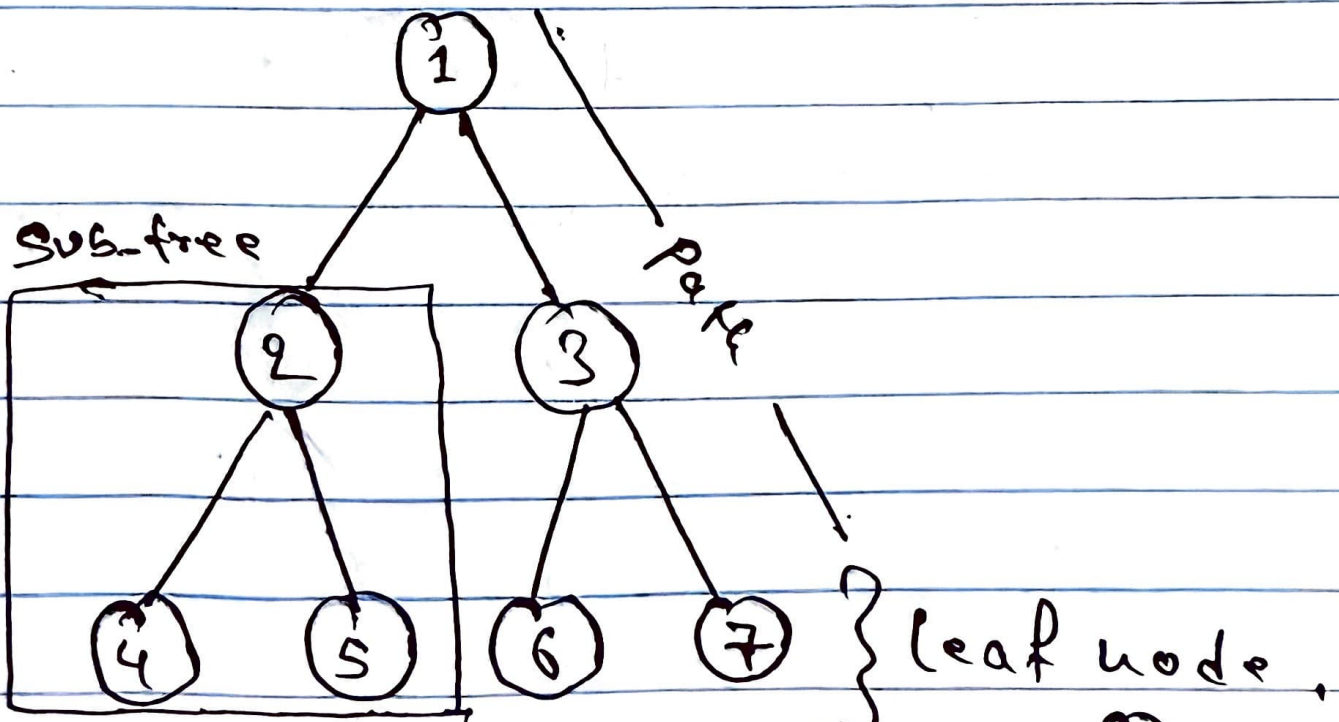
→ (1) → (2) is edge and direction from 1 to 2.

\* Node with same parents are referred as siblings.



(2) and (3) are siblings.

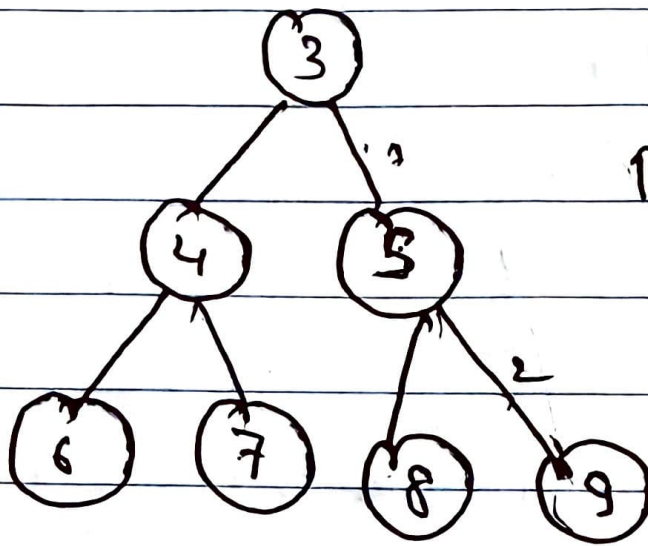
\* The last node which doesn't have any child is called leaf node.



\* Traversing from (1) to (7) is called path.



e.g facebook comments and replies are stored as tree data structure.



Depth of (5) is 1  
Depth of (9) is 2

- ✓ (3) is root node.
- ✓ (3) (4) (5) are parent node.
- ✓ (4) (5) child of (3)
- ✓ (6) (7) child of (4)
- ✓ (8) (9) child of (5)
- ✓ (6) (7) (8) (9) are leaf node.
- ✓ (5) is sibling of (4)
- ✓ (7) is sibling of (6)
- ✓ (9) is sibling of (8)

\* Depth of any tree node can be defined the path from root node to that particular node.

\* The height of any node is the number of edges from the node to the deepest leaf.

e.g height of 5 is 1, 3 is 2,

\* Any node that is not leaf node is inner or internal node.