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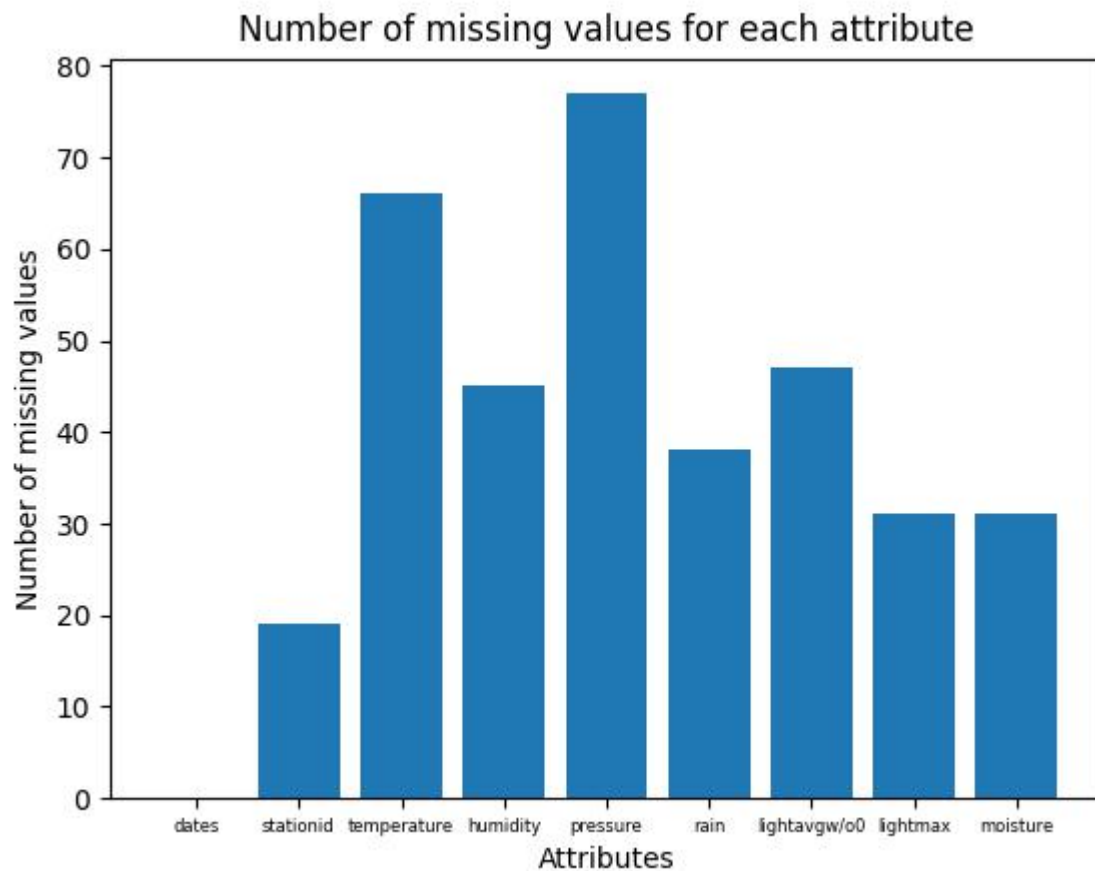


Figure 1 Number of missing values vs. attributes

Inferences:

1. The attribute 'pressure' has the highest number of missing values while the attribute 'dates' has the lowest number of missing values.

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2. We see that temperature and pressure have high number of missing values (66 and 77 respectively). Humidity, Rain, ghtavgw/o0, ghtmax and moisture have moderate number of missing values (45,38,47,31 and 31 respectively) while dates and stationid have low number of missing values (0 and 19 respectively)

2 a.

Inferences:

1. We usually delete the tuples with missing value of the target attribute because our main concern in data is of this attribute. So if any row has missing value in this attribute, there is no point in doing calculations and taking that row into consideration.
2. A total of 19 tuples had to be deleted from the data-set.
3. 2% of the total number of tuples have been deleted

b.

Inferences:

1. 35 tuples have been deleted in this step.
2. 3.78% of the total number of tuples have been deleted.
3. Comment on the data loss
4. Since these rows contained very low amount of data, they are almost useless, as taking them into consideration will change the net properties of non missing attributes in these and also require extra time for computation. So we delete these kind of rows

3

Table 1 Number of missing values per attribute after removing missing values

S. No	Attribute	Number of missing values	Percentage of missing values
1	dates	0	0%
2	stationid	0	0%
3	temperature (in °C)	34	3.6%
4	humidity (in g.m ⁻³)	13	1.37%
5	pressure (in mb)	41	4.334%

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6	rain (in ml)	6	0.634%
7	lightavgw/o0 (in lux)	15	1.585%
8	lightmax (in lux)	1	0.1%
9	moisture (in %)	6	0.634%

Inferences:

1. 'pressure' has maximum number of missing values. 'dates' and 'stationid' have minimum number of missing values.
2. The file has 116 missing values.

4 a. i.

Table 2 Mean, mode, median and standard deviation before and after replacing missing values by mean

Mean, Median, Mode and Standard Deviation of original file :

	Attributes	Mean	Median	Mode	Standard Deviation
0	temperature	21.215	22.273	12.727	4.356
1	humidity	83.480	91.381	99.000	18.210
2	pressure	1009.009	1014.678	789.393	46.980
3	rain	10701.538	18.000	0.000	24852.255
4	lightavgw/o0	4438.428	1656.880	4488.910	7573.163
5	lightmax	21788.623	6634.000	4000.000	22064.993
6	noisture	32.386	16.704	0.000	33.653

Before

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Mean, Median, Mode and Standard Deviation after being replaced by respective means:

	Attributes	Mean	Median	Mode	Standard Deviation
0	temperature	21.052	21.927	21.052	4.340
1	humidity	83.126	91.000	99.000	18.394
2	pressure	1009.466	1014.482	1009.466	45.856
3	rain	10798.379	15.750	0.000	24833.965
4	lightavgw/o0	4458.298	1502.938	4488.910	7606.284
5	lightmax	21463.221	6569.000	4000.000	21943.889
6	moisture	32.603	14.169	0.000	33.714

After

Inferences:

Differences in the properties after replacing the missing values by respective means:

differences after replacing by respective means:

	Attributes	mean-	median-	mode-	std-
0	temperature	-0.163	-0.346	8.325	-0.016
1	humidity	-0.354	-0.381	0.000	0.184
2	pressure	0.457	-0.196	220.073	-1.124
3	rain	96.841	-2.250	0.000	-18.290
4	lightavgw/o0	19.870	-153.942	0.000	33.121
5	lightmax	-325.402	-65.000	0.000	-121.104
6	moisture	0.217	-2.535	0.000	0.061

1. Attributes having the maximum and the minimum change :

Property	Attribute having max change	Attribute having min change
Mean	lightmax	temperature
Median	lightavgw/o0	pressure
Mode	pressure	All except temperature
Standard Deviation	lightmax	temperature

2. Pressure had most number of missing values and it showed minimum change in median and maximum change in mode. Lightmax had least number of missing values and it showed maximum

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change in mean and standard deviation and minimum change in mode. It doesn't seem a good relation.

- The change observed in almost all attribute is significantly high for at least one property so the data is not fully reliable for further experimental analysis.

ii.

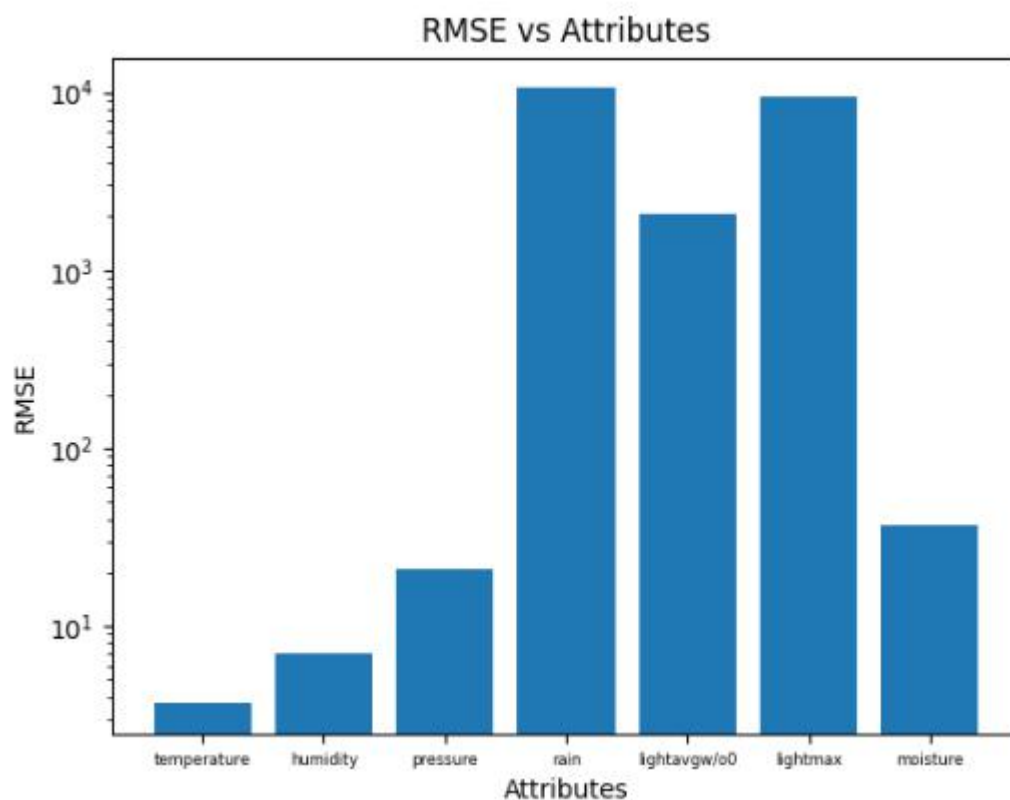


Figure 2 RMSE vs. attributes

Inferences:

- The attributes rain and temperature have maximum and minimum RMSE values respectively.
- Rain had neither any maximum nor minimum change in any property but here it shows maximum RMSE value. Some attributes like pressure had highest change in some properties but they show very less change in RMSE. Pressure had most missing value but very less change in RMSE. So there is no appreciable relation.
- Since many attributes show high RMSE values, the data is not so reliable for further analysis.

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b. i.

Table 3 Mean, mode, median and standard deviation before and after replacing missing values by linear interpolation technique

Mean, Median, Mode and Standard Deviation of original file :

	Attributes	Mean	Median	Mode	Standard Deviation
0	temperature	21.215	22.273	12.727	4.356
1	humidity	83.480	91.381	99.000	18.210
2	pressure	1009.009	1014.678	789.393	46.980
3	rain	10701.538	18.000	0.000	24852.255
4	lightavgw/o0	4438.428	1656.880	4488.910	7573.163
5	lightmax	21788.623	6634.000	4000.000	22064.993
6	moisture	32.386	16.704	0.000	33.653

Before

Mean, Median, Mode and Standard Deviation after being replaced by interpolation:

	Attributes	Mean	Median	Mode	Standard Deviation
0	temperature	21.115	22.140	12.727	4.399
1	humidity	83.166	91.180	99.000	18.408
2	pressure	1009.968	1014.925	789.393	45.999
3	rain	10727.959	15.750	0.000	24848.715
4	lightavgw/o0	4496.754	1500.500	4488.910	7649.458
5	lightmax	21473.799	6569.000	4000.000	21946.161
6	moisture	32.529	13.894	0.000	33.791

After

Inferences:

Differences in the properties after replacing the missing values by interpolation:

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differences after replacing by interpolation:
  Attributes  mean-  median-  mode-  std-
0  temperature -0.100 -0.133  0.0  0.043
1   humidity  -0.314 -0.201  0.0  0.198
2   pressure   0.959  0.247  0.0 -0.981
3     rain    26.421 -2.250  0.0 -3.540
4 lightavgw/o0 58.326 -156.380  0.0 76.295
5   lightmax -314.824 -65.000  0.0 -118.832
6   moisture   0.143  -2.810  0.0  0.138
  
```

1. Attributes having the maximum and the minimum change :

Property	Attribute having max change	Attribute having min change
Mean	lightmax	temperature
Median	lightavgw/o0	temperature
Mode	All show no change	All show no change
Standard Deviation	lightmax	temperature

1. Temperature shows least change in all properties and it has 2nd highest number of missing values, but pressure, which has most number of missing values shows a significant amount of change in all the attributes. This shows that there is no appreciable relation.
2. The change observed in properties is low as compared to mean for most of the attributes, and that's why it can be taken as a little reliable for further investigation.
3. Almost all attributes except lightavgw/o0 show less change in the properties than the previous case.
4. Inference 5(You may add or delete the number of inferences)

ii.

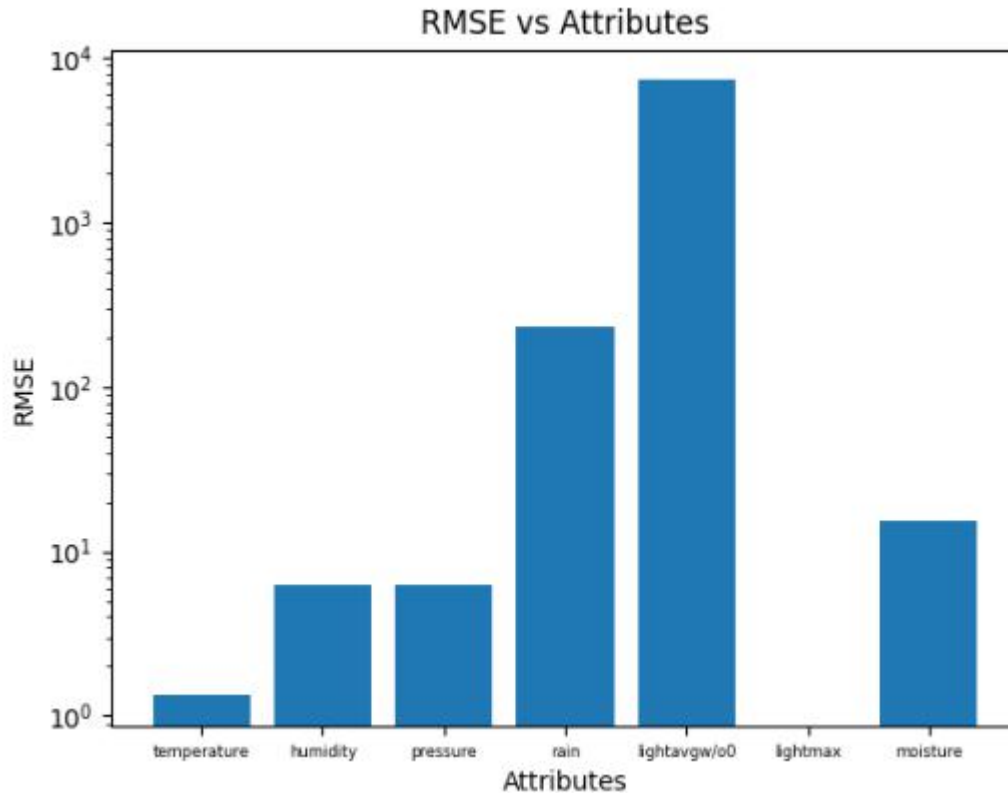


Figure 3 RMSE vs. attributes

Inferences:

1. The attributes lightavgw/o0 and lightmax have maximum and minimum values of RMSE respectively.
2. The RMSE and missing values do not show any following trend. But lightavgw/o0 has highest RMSE and also shows high difference in properties, same is with rain, it has 2nd highest RMSE and also shows high difference in properties. Temperature has low RMSE and shows very less differences in properties. Hence there is an appreciable relation between RMSE and difference in properties.
3. Since RMSE is significantly high for most attributes, this is not reliable for further experimental analysis.
4. For most attributes(except humidity and lightavgw/o0), RMSE was higher when replaced by mean than when replaced by interpolation.

5 a.

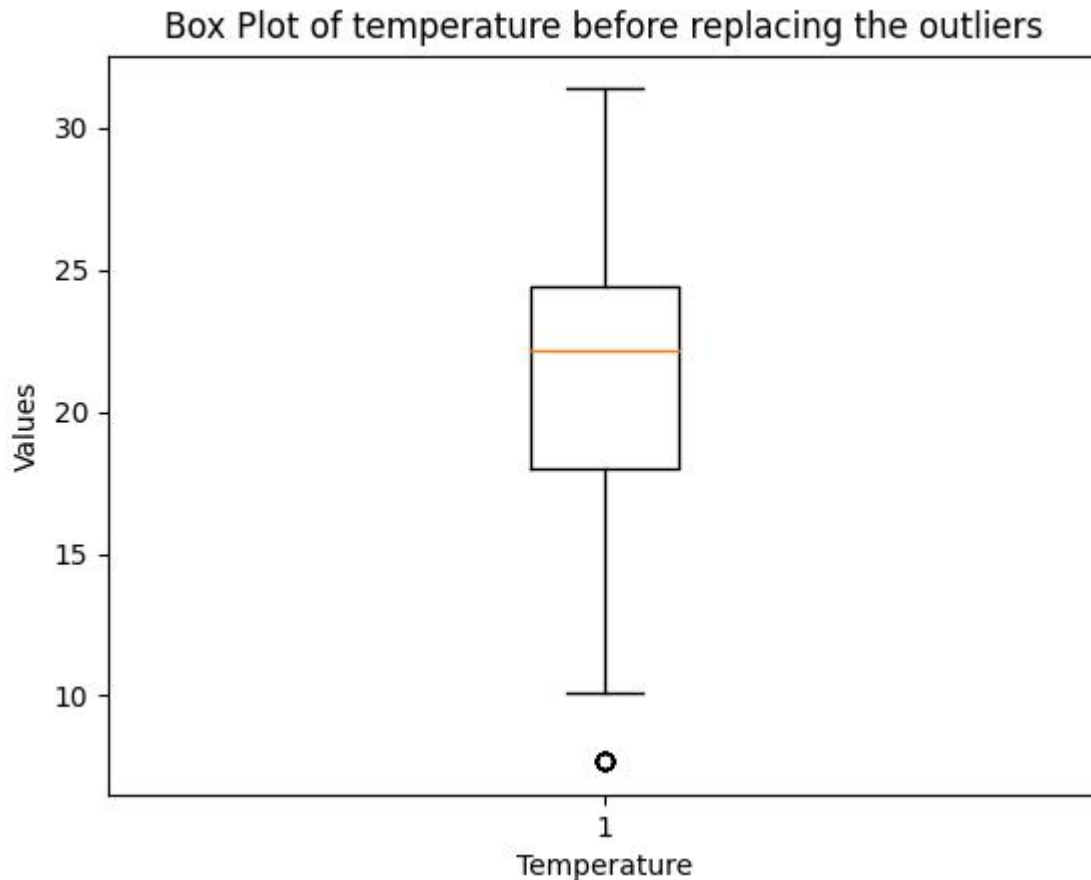


Figure 4 Boxplot for attribute temperature (in °C)

Inferences:

1. There is 1 outlier with value nearly 7.7.
2. The Inter quartile range is $24.5 - 18 = 6$.
3. The data has maximum value 31.33 and minimum value 7.7. The first quartile lies at temperature 18, the second quartile(median) lies at temperature 22 and the third quartile lies at temperature 24.5. The mode of the data lies between the 2nd and 3rd quartile.
4. Since median is smaller than the mode, the data is left(negative) skewed.

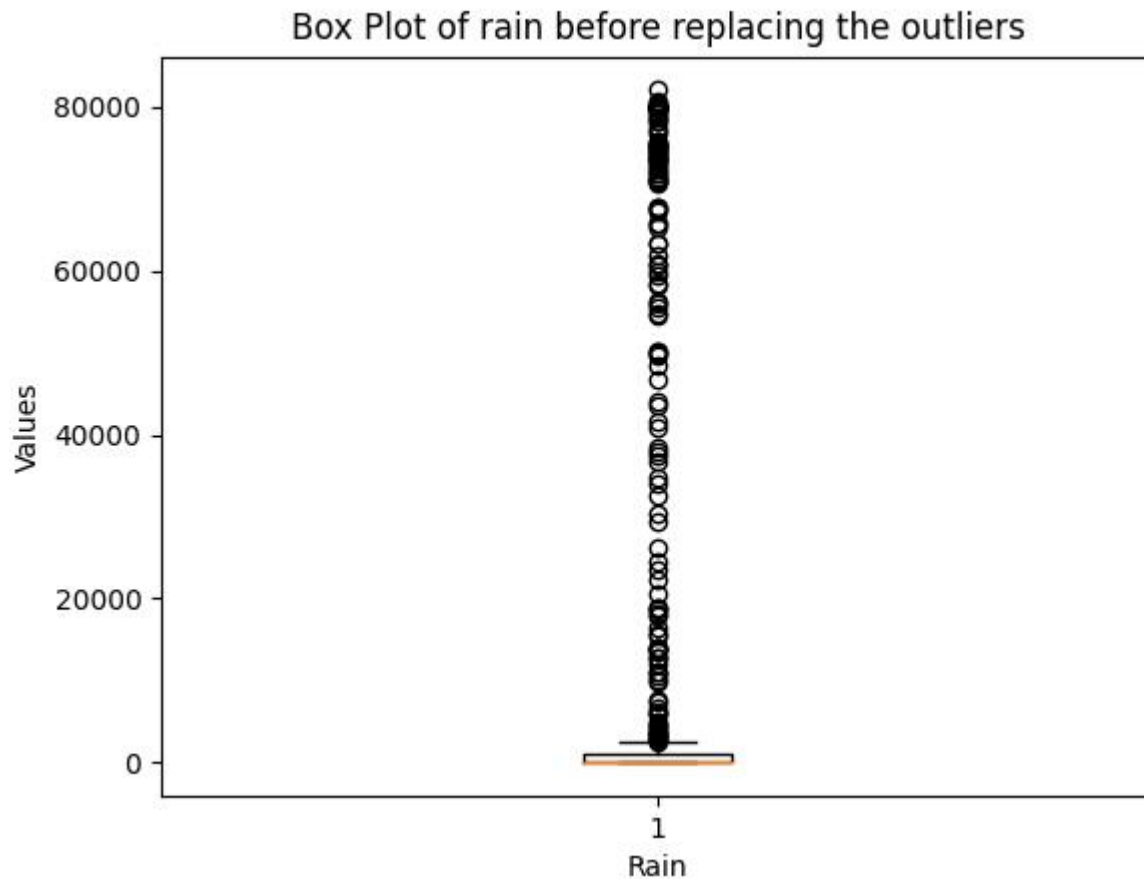


Figure 5 Boxplot for attribute rain (in ml)

Inferences:

1. There are a large number of outliers lying in the range 2500-80000.
2. The Inter quartile range is $1050 - 0 = 1050$.
3. The data has maximum value 80000 and minimum value 0. The first quartile lies at 0, the second quartile (median) lies at 15.7 and the third quartile lies at 1050. The mode of the data lies between the 1st and 2nd quartile.
4. Since median is greater than the mode, the data is right (positive) skewed.

b.

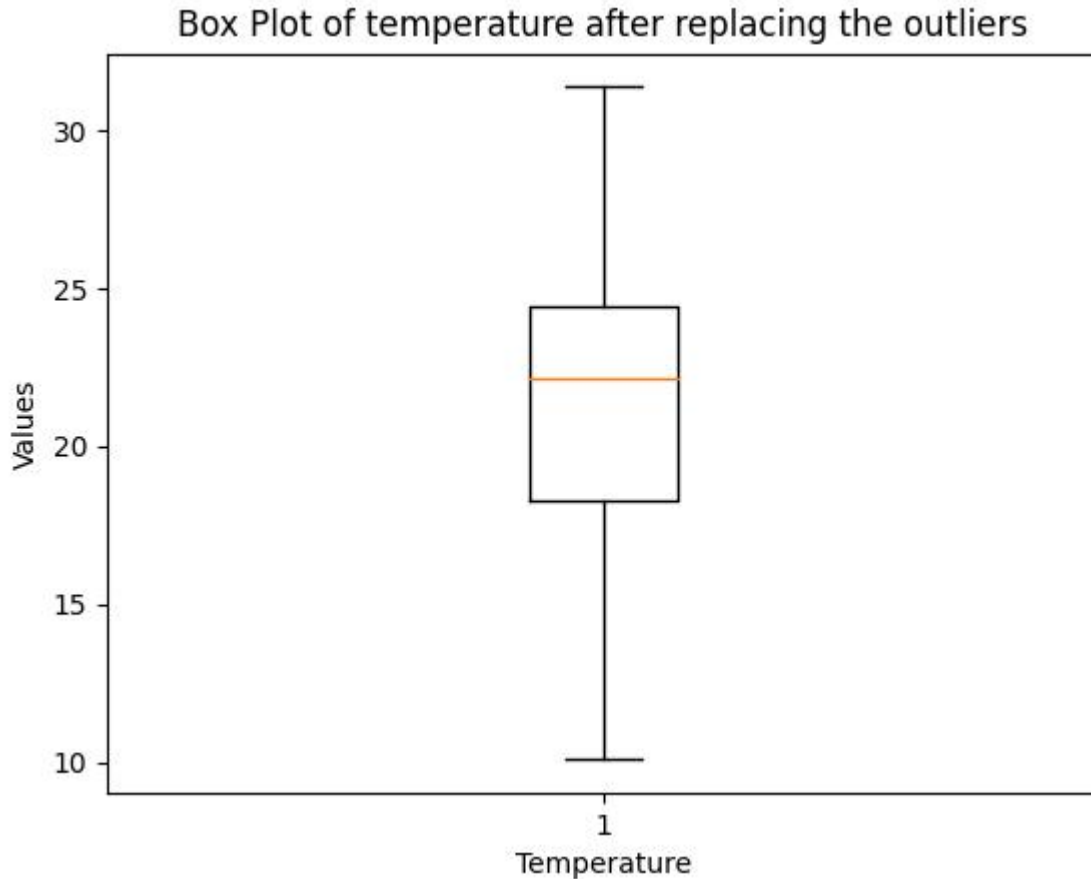


Figure 6 Boxplot for attribute temperature (in °C) after replacing median with outliers

Inferences:

1. There are no outliers, unlike the data before replacing outliers.
2. The inter quartile range is $24.4 - 18.2 = 6.2$, which is almost same as previously obtained value.
3. The data has maximum value 31.33, which is same as the previous data and minimum value 10, which is almost 2.3 greater than the previous data. The first quartile lies at temperature 18.2, the second quartile(median) lies at temperature 22 and the third quartile lies at temperature 24.5, which are all almost same as the previous data. The mode of the data lies between the 2nd and 3rd quartile, same as the previous data.
5. Since median is smaller than the mode, the data is left(negative) skewed, as in the previous case.

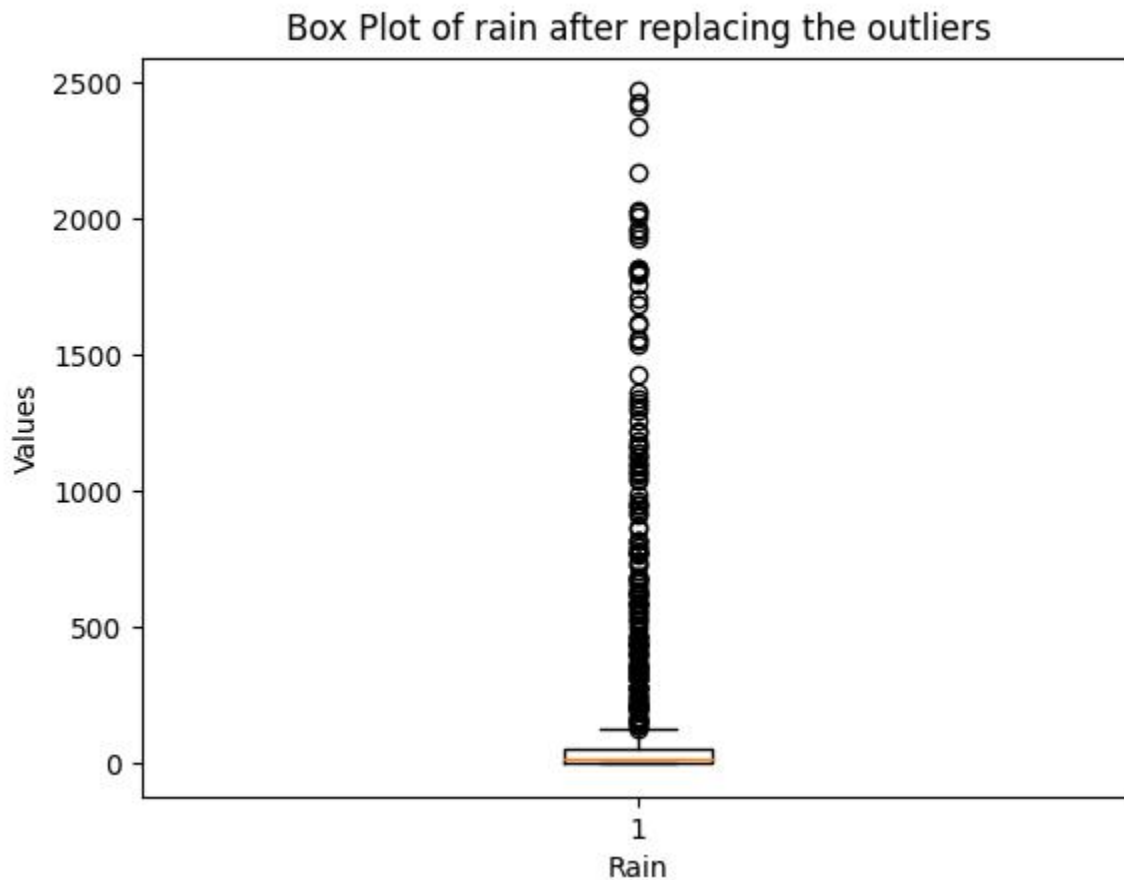


Figure 7 Boxplot for attribute rain (in ml) after replacing median with outliers

Inferences:

1. There are a large number of outliers lying in the range 130-2500, which is way less than the previous case(almost 30 times smaller range)
2. The Inter quartile range is $52 - 0 = 52$, which is way less than the previous case(almost 20 times less).
3. The data has maximum value 2450, which is way less than the previous case(almost 32 times less) and minimum value 0, which is same as the previous case. The first quartile lies at 0(same as previous case), the second quartile(median) lies at 15.7(same as previous case) and the third quartile lies at 52 (at almost 20 times smaller value than the previous case) . The mode of the data lies between the 1st and 2nd quartile, same as in previous case.



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4. Since median is greater than the mode, the data is right(positive) skewed, same as the previous case.