STATIC ANALYISIS OF SOLIDITY SMART CONTRACTS

Nikhil Naik & Dr Naipeng Dong

Introduction

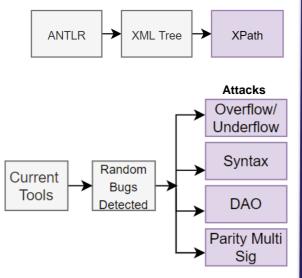
- Static Program Analysis Detects Bugs/Vulnerabilities in code
- ► Solidity Smart Contracts deployed on Ethereum Blockchain
- ▶ Re-Deploying Buggy Smart Contracts is expensive
- Solidity is a new programming language with new Attacks and Vulnerabilities being discovered rapidly

Background

► Current static analysis tools use Parse Trees for detection logic with an ANTLR parser

Limitations:

- Random bugs detected poor attack coverage
- Poor System compatibility and high dependencies
- No bug solution and poor UI/UX to view analysis results

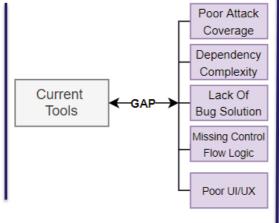


Project Goals & Aims

- ► Build Python based Static Analysis tool overcome limitation of current tools
- ► Construct Control Flow Logic for bug detection of bugs detected
- ► Evaluate current & project tools performance on deployed contracts

Attacks Coverage:

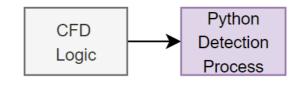
Overflow/Underflow, Syntax DAO



Approach & Execution

- ► Control Flow Diagram (CFD) Logic informs code functions steps
- ► Check bug patterns or missing precaution measures
- Develop Solidity code variations of each bug for testing





- ► 6 Overflow/Underflow, 24 Syntax and 5 DAO attack theme bugs detected in GUI program
- ▶ 35 Python bug detect functions process:
 - 1st Scan contract store variable names, types and data structures
 - 2nd Check if bug condition violates (CFD) conditions
 - Log bug name, Line in code, solution, impact and accuracy
 - Produce contract safety rating (%) based on impact and accuracy

Testing

- ► Comparative Analysis of existing tools:
- Linux OS Virtual Machine: Solint, Solidity Scan
 & sFuzz
- **High Dependency Tools:** Smart Check & Remix
- **PySolSweep*** (Projects Proposed Tool)
- ► 100 General, 50 DAO Withdraw Function Deployed on Etherscan Smart Contracts code using academic papers Benchmark Criteria:
- Minimum 200 LOC, Multiple Complex Functions, numerical operations, loops, gas usage, data structures and libraries
- Independent Variable: Deployed Test Contracts
- ▶ Dependent Variable: Number of Bugs, Bug Attack Theme and False Positive Rate (CFD Logic Crosscheck)

Overflow Underflow Syntax Dao 100 75 50 PVSolSween Remix SFlizz Smart Check Solidty Scan Solint

Tool	Overflow/Underflow	Syntax	Dao	Total Verified Bugs
PySolSweep*	1859	2024	416	4299
Remix	489	1090	61	1640
sFuzz	1282	1860	62	3204
Smart Check	316	1076	12	1404
Solidity Scan	129	527	5	661
Solint	148	690	49	887

- Projects Tool achieves proposed aims:
- Limitation Slightly Lower Accuracy
- Increased Overflow/Underflow, Syntax and DAO bug coverage
- Existing tools only detected 1 DAO bug variant
- PySolSweep tool to detect check-effect-interact and block reentrancy modifier violations for DAO attack
- ► High volume of compromised deployed smart contracts

Conclusion

- ► Control Flow Diagrams logic for bug detection
- Python based minimal dependency Static Analysis tool
- UI/UX GUI Design
- Store Static Analysis results in a file
- Suggestions to resolve bug/vulnerability in code
- ▶ Systematic Approach of *Coverage* Against Attacks Themes
- Analysis of existing static analysis tools on deployed smart contracts
- ► DAO bugs poorly covered in existing tools
- ► Future work integrate attack theme coverage of bugs to ANTLR Parser analysis for increased bug detection accuracy





INNOVATION EXPO