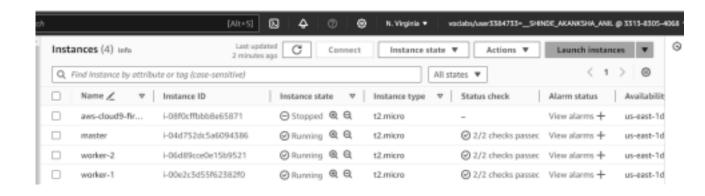
## **Experiment: 3**

**Aim:** To understand the Kubernetes Cluster Architecture, install and Spin Up a Kubernetes Cluster on Linux Machines/Cloud Platforms.

## **Steps:**

1. Create 3 EC2 Ubuntu Instances on AWS.

(Name 1 as Master, the other 2 as worker-1 and worker-2)



**2.** Edit the Security Group Inbound Rules to allow SSH and do it for all the three machines.

**3.** From now on, until mentioned, perform these steps on all 3 machines. Install Docker for all the 3 machines

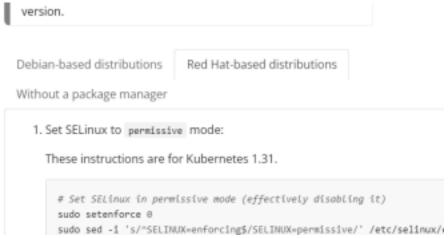
[root@ip-172-31-90-172 ec2-user] # yum install docker -y
Last metadata expiration check: 0:21:16 ago on Fri Aug 30 04:01:12 2024.
Dependencies resolved.

Package	Architecture	Version
Installing:		
docker	x86_64	25.0.6-1.amzn2023.0.1
Installing dependencies:		
containerd	x86_64	1.7.20-1.amzn2023.0.1
iptables-libs	x86_64	1.8.8-3.amxn2023.0.2
iptables-nft	x86_64	1.8.8-3.amzn2023.0.2
libogroup	x86 64	3.0-1.amzn2023.0.1
libnetfilter conntrack	x86_64	1.0.8-2.anzn2023.0.2
libnfnetlink	x86_64	1.0.1-19.amzn2023.0.2
libnftnl	x86_64	1.2.2-2.amzn2023.0.2
pigz	x86 64	2.5-1.amzn2023.0.3

Start the docker by running the command systemetl start docker in the terminal of all the ec2 instance.

**4.** Install the kubernetes on all 3 machines by searching for kubeadm and click on install kubernetes.

Select the red hat based distribution. This process will automatically disable SELinux before configuring kubelet so no need to run it separately in terminal.



Copy the below script, to install kubernetes we need a kubernetes repo so this script helps us in getting that and paste it in the terminal.

```
# This overwrites any existing configuration in /etc/yum.repos.d/kubern
cat <<EOF | sudo tee /etc/yum.repos.d/kubernetes.repo
[kubernetes]
name=Kubernetes
baseurl=https://pkgs.k8s.io/core:/stable:/v1.31/rpm/
enabled=1
gpgcheck=1
gpgkey=https://pkgs.k8s.io/core:/stable:/v1.31/rpm/repodata/repomd.xml.
exclude=kubelet kubeadm kubectl cri-tools kubernetes-cni
EOF
```

```
Installed:
  containerd-1.7.20-1.amzn2023.0.1.x86_64
                                               docker-25.0.6-1.amzn2023.0.1.x86_64
                                                                                       iptables-libs-1
  iptables-nft-1.8.8-3.amzn2023.0.2.x86 64
                                               libcgroup-3.0-1.amzn2023.0.1.x86 64
                                                                                        libnetfilter co
 libnfnetlink-1.0.1-19.amzn2023.0.2.x86_64
                                              libnftnl-1.2.2-2.amzn2023.0.2.x86 64
                                                                                        pigz-2.5-1.amzr
 runc-1.1.11-1.amzn2023.0.1.x86 64
Complete!
[root@ip-172-31-90-172 ec2-user] # systemctl start docker
[root@ip-172-31-90-172 ec2-user] # sudo su
[root@ip-172-31-90-172 ec2-user] # yum repolist
repo id
                                                         repo name
                                                         Amazon Linux 2023 repository
amazonlinux
```

Run the command yum repolist to check whether the kubernetes repo has installed or not if successful installed then you can see a repo named as kubernetes

Do the above steps for all the instances i.e for worker-1 and worker-2.

**5.** Perform this ONLY on the Master machine. Initialize the Kubecluster sudo kubeadm init --pod-network-cidr=10.244.0.0/16 --ignore-preflight-errors=all

```
[addons] Applied essential addon: kube-proxy

Your Kubernetes control-plane has initialized successfully!

To start using your cluster, you need to run the following as a regular user:

mkdir -p $HOME/.kube
sudo cp -i /etc/kubernetes/admin.conf $HOME/.kube/config
sudo chown $(id -u):$(id -g) $HOME/.kube/config

You should now deploy a pod network to the cluster.

Run "kubectl apply -f [podnetwork].yaml" with one of the options listed at:

https://kubernetes.io/docs/concepts/cluster-administration/addons/

Then you can join any number of worker nodes by running the following on each as root:

Kubeadm join 172.31.12.28:6443 --token 4bqwb8.lua2ud01lr02uu55 \
--discovery-token-ca-cert-hash sha256:b4edc7948be9bca50767f623b58e0612feedc144a7364f95be8dbd8c4614a169
```

Copy the join command and keep it in a notepad, we'll need it later.

Copy the mkdir and chown commands from the top and execute them

```
[ec2-user@ip-172.31.12.28 docker]$ mkdir -p $HOME/.kube
sudo cp -i /etc/kubernetes/admin.conf $HOME/.kube/config
sudo chown $(id -u):$(id -g) $HOME/.kube/config
```

Then, add a common networking plugin called flammel file as mentioned in the code. kubectl apply -f

https://raw.githubusercontent.com/coreos/flannel/master/Documentation/ k ube-flannel.yml

```
[ec2-user@ip-172.31.12.28 docker]$ kubectl apply -f 
https://raw.githubusercontent.com/coreos/flannel/master/Documentation/kube-flannel.yml
```

Check the created pod using this command

Now, keep a watch on all nodes using the following command - watch kubectl get nodes

**6.** Perform this ONLY on the worker machines Run the following command

sudo yum install iproute-tc -y

sudo systemctl enable kubelet sudo systemctl restart kubelet

Check the status of the pods using the following command

This command will show the status of all the pods.

kubectl get pods -n kube-system

Following command will show the status of the pod named daemonset.

kubectl get daemonset -n kube-system

```
[ec2-usen@ip-172.31.12.28 docker]$ kubectl get pods -n kube-system
                                                                                  RESTARTS
                                                                                             AGE
coredns-55cb5b8774-fx12f
                                                      1/1
                                                              Running
                                                                                             100s
coredns-55cb5b8774-xn14v
                                                      1/1
                                                                                  9
                                                                                             100s
                                                              Running
                                                                                  9
etcd-ip-172.31.12.28.ec2.internal
                                                      1/1
                                                              Running
                                                                                             75s
kube-apiserver-ip-172.31.12.28.ec2.internal
                                                     1/1
                                                              Running
                                                                                  1
                                                                                             2m
kube-controller-manager-ip-172.31.12.28.ec2.internal 0/1 CrashLoopBackOff
                                                                                             70s
kube-proxy-4dv8m
                                                     1/1
                                                              Running
                                                                                  2
                                                                                             100s
kube-scheduler-ip-172.31.12.28.ec2.internal
                                                     1/1
                                                              Running
                                                                                  1
                                                                                             76s
[ec2-user@ip-172.31.12.28 docker] $\text{kubectl get daemonset -n kube-system}
            DESIRED CURRENT READY
                                         UP-TO-DATE
                                                     AVAILABLE NODE SELECTOR
                                                                                            AGE
kube-proxy
                       1
                                 1
                                         1
                                                       1
                                                                   kubernetes.io/os=linux
                                                                                            3m
```

That's it, we now have a Kubernetes cluster running across 3 AWS EC2 Instances. This cluster can be used to further deploy applications and their loads being distributed across these machines.

## **Conclusion:**

Kubernetes cluster was successfully established using three AWS EC2 instances, which includes one Master and two Worker nodes. The process began with the creation of instances and configuration of settings to begin the communication. Docker was installed on all machines followed by the installation of Kubernetes components and the necessary repositories. The Master node was initialized with the 'kubeadm init' command, and a plugin called Flannel was deployed to enable pod communication. Error incurred during initialization can be solved by changing the instance type to t3.medium or t3.large and thus 3 nodes were connected successfully