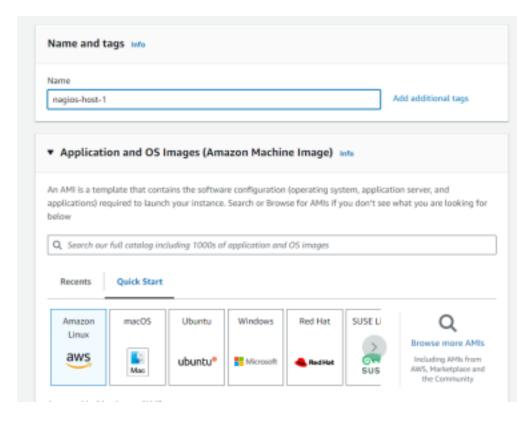
Experiment 9

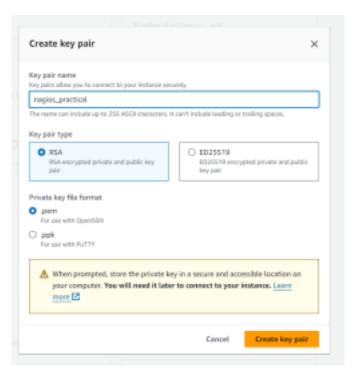
Aim: To understand continuous monitoring and installation and configuration of Nagios Core, Nagios Plugins and NRPE (Nagios Remote Plugin Executor) on Linux Machine.

Steps:

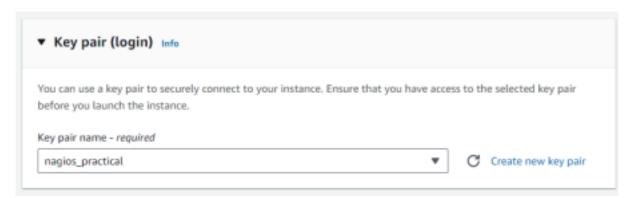
1. Create an ec2 instance and select amazon Linux as the OS



2. Now we will create a key pair.

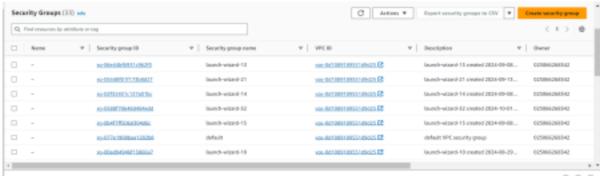


3. Use the created key pair while creating the instance



4. Once the instance is successfully initiated go to security groups and select the security group id of the instance you just created.

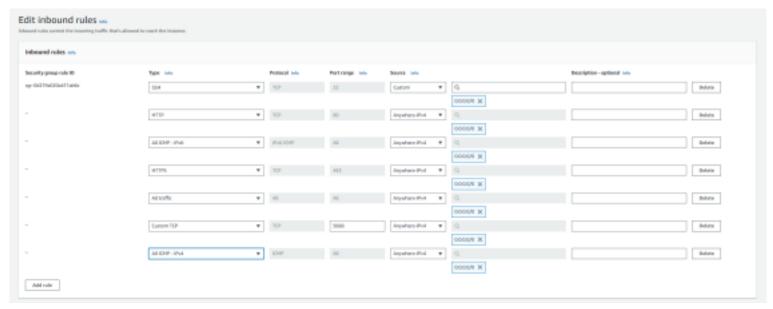
(The security group name is visible during instance creation and also on the ec2 instances dashboard)



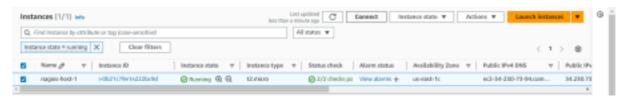
5. To edit the inbound rules select the "Edit inbound rules" button



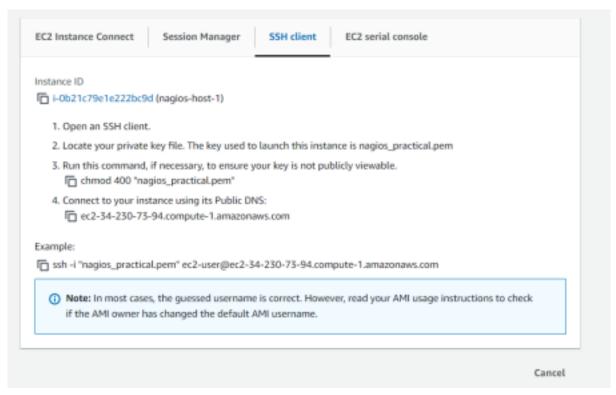
6. Add the rules as given in the screenshot below



7. Connect the instance



8. Copy the ssh command given in the ssh client section.



9. In your terminal paste the copied command, just replace the .pem file name with the actual location where the .pem file is downloaded in your system

10. Now install the following packages using yum:

sudo yum update

```
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-87-75 ~]$ sudo yum update
Last metadata expiration check: 0:30:09 ago on Tue Oct 1 15:04:44 2024.
Dependencies resolved.
Nothing to do.
Complete!
```

sudo yum install httpd php

Package	Architecture	Version	Repository	Size					
nstalling:									
httpd	×86_64	2.4.62-1.amzn2823	amazonlinux	48 k					
shall. I	×86_64	8.3.19-1.amzn2023.0.1	amazonlinux	10 k					
stalling dependencies:									
	×86_64	1.7.2-2.anzn2923.9.2	amazonlinux	129 k					
apr-util	x86_64	1.6.3-1.amxm2023.0.1	amazonlinux	98 k					
generic-logos-httpd	nearch	18.0.0-12.amzn2023.0.3	amazonlinux	19 k					
httpd-care	x86_64	2.4.62-1.amzn2023	amazonlinux	1.4 8					
	nearch	2.4.62-1.amzn2023	amazonlinux	14 k					
	×86_64	2.4.62-1.amzn2023	amazonlinux	81 k					
libbrotli	×86_64	1.0.9-4.amz=2023.0.2	amazonlinux	315 k					
libsodium	×86_64	1.0.19-4.amzn2023	amazonlinux	176 k					
libeslt	x86_64	1.1.34-5.amzn2023.0.2	amazonlinux	241. k					
	nearch	2.1.49-3.amzn2023.0.3	amazonlinux	33 k					
	nearch	1:1.24.8-1.amze2823.8.4	amazonlinux	9.8 k					
phpB.3-cli	×86_64	8.3.19-1.amzn2023.0.1	amazonlinux	3.7 M					
php8.3-common	x86_64	8.3.10-1.amzn2023.0.1	amazonlinux	737 k					
	x86_64	8.3.19-1.amzn2023.0.1	amazonlinux	45 k					
php8.3-xml	x86_64	8.3.10-1.amzn2023.0.1	amazonlinux	154 k					
nstalling weak dependenci									
	x86_64	1.6.3-1.amzn2023.0.1	amazonlinux	17 k					
mod_http2	×86_64	2.0.27-1.amzn2023.0.3	amazonlinux	166 k					
	×86_64	2.4.62-1.amzn2023	amazonlinux	61 k					
	×86_64	8.3.10-1.amzn2023.0.1	amazonlinux	1.9 #					
phpB.3-mbstring	×86_64	B.3.10-1.amzn2023.0.1	amazonlinux	528 k					
php8.3-opcache	×86_64	8.3.10-1.amzn2023.0.1	amazonlinux	379 k					
php8.3-pdo	×86_64	B.3.19-1.amzn2023.0.1	amazonlinux	89 k					
php8.3-sedium	x86_64	8.3.10-1.amzn2023.0.1	amazonlinux	41 k					
ransaction Summary									
nstalled: apr-1.7.2-2.amrn2023.0.2.x86_	44	epr-util-1.6.3-1.esps2823.0.1.s86.64	approxiil-opensol-1.6.	3-1. appr2823. 0. 1. v86					
generic-Lagos-httpd-18.0.0-12.asan2023.0.3.eaarch httpd://ilesystem-2.4.62-1.asan2023.noarch libsodiam-1.0.19-4.asan2023.x88.64		httpd-2.0.63-1.amr2003.u66.60 httpd-core-2.0.63-1.amr2003.u66.60 httpd-tools-2.4.62-1.amr2003.u66.60 libbrotti-1.0.9-4.amr2023.0.2.u66.64 libbrotti-1.0.9-4.amr2023.0.2.u66.64 mailcar-2.1.49-3.amr2023.0.2.u66.64							
					mod_http2-2.0.27-1.aszn2023.0		mod_lua-2.4.62-1.angs2823.x26_66	ngins-filesystem-1:1.	
					php8.3-8.3.10-1.amm2823.0.1. php8.3-fpm-8.3.18-1.amm2823.		php8.3-cli-8.3.10-1.ascs2023.0.1.s86_64 php8.3-sbstring-8.3.18-1.ascs2023.0.1.s86_64	php8.3-common=8.3.39- php8.3-speache=8.3.19	
php8.3-pds-8.3.16-1.amm2923.		php8.3-process-0.3.18-1.assn2923.0.1.x06_60	php8.3-apcacre-6.3.39- php8.3-apdium-8.3.39-						
php8.3-sel-8.3.18-1.ampn2823.		hadren branches arrests a remaining a rest at 1 and 1 and	P-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1						

sudo yum install gcc glibc glibc-common

```
| Rec|| unserting = 172 - 21 - 65 - 75 | sude you destall got glibt - comment
| Last metadata expiration checks 0.25 int 3.00 of 1 in 3.00 at 200.
| Backage of 350 - Cammon - 3.01 | x85.00 is already installed.
| Package of 350 - cammon - 3.01 | x85.00 is already installed.
| Package of 350 - cammon - 3.01 | x85.00 is already installed.
| Package of 350 - cammon - 3.01 | x85.00 is already installed.
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| Package of 350 - cammon - 3.01 | x85.00 is already installed.
| Package of 350 - cammon - 3.01 | x85.00 is already installed.
| Package of 350 - cammon - 3.01 | x85.00 is already installed.
| Package of 350 - cammon - 3.01 | x85.00 is already installed.
| Package of 350 - cammon - 3.01 | x85.00 |
```

```
Installed:
annobin-docs-10.93-1.amzn2023.0.1.noarch
gc-8.0.4-5.amzn2023.0.2.x86_64
glibc-headers-x86-2.34-52.amzn2023.0.11.noarch
libmpc-1.2.1-2.amzn2023.0.2.x86_64
make-1:4.3-5.amzn2023.0.2.x86_64
```

annobin-plugin-gcc-10.93-1.amzn2023.0.1.x86_64 gcc-11.4.1-2.amzn2023.0.2.x86_64 guile22-2.2.7-2.amzn2023.0.3.x86_64 libtool-ltdl-2.4.7-1.amzn2023.0.3.x86_64 cpp-11.4.1-2.amzn2023.0.2.x86_64 glibc-devel-2.34-52.amzn2023.0.11.x86, kernel-headers-6.1.109-118.189.amzn20 libxcrypt-devel-4.4.33-7.amzn2023.x86

sudo yum install gd gd-devel

```
[ec3-acceptigh=172-21-67-75 -]6 code you install gd gd-devel.

Last estable espiration check: 0:35:52 ago on Toe Get 1:15:04:04 2024.

Dependencies resolved.

Package Architecture Version Separate Sepa
```

```
| Institution | Part |
```

11. Create a new Nagios User with its password using the below given commands.

sudo adduser -m nagios sudo passwd nagios

```
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-87-75 ~]$ sudo adduser -m nagios sudo passwd nagios
Changing password for user nagios.
New password:
Retype new password:
passwd: all authentication tokens updated successfully.
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-87-75 ~]$ |
```

12. Create a new user group

sudo groupadd nagemd

```
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-87-75 ~]$ sudo groupadd nagcmd
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-87-75 ~]$ |
```

13. Next execute these commands so that you don't have to use sudo for Apache and Nagios:

sudo usermod -a -G nagemd nagios

sudo usermod -a -G nagemd apache

```
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-87-75 ~]$ sudo usermod -a -G nagcmd nagios sudo usermod -a -G nagcmd apache [ec2-user@ip-172-31-87-75 ~]$ |
```

14. Create a new directory for Nagios downloads

```
mkdir ~/downloads
cd ~/downloads
```

```
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-87-75 ~]$ mkdir ~/downloads
cd ~/downloads
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-87-75 downloads]$|
```

15. Use wget to download the source zip files.

wget https://assets.nagios.com/downloads/nagioscore/releases/nagios-4.5.5.tar.gz

wget https://nagios-plugins.org/download/nagios-plugins-2.4.11.tar.gz

16. Use tar to unzip and change to that directory.

tar zxvf nagios-4.5.5.tar.gz

```
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-87-75 downloads]$ tar zxvf nagios-4.5.5.tar.gz
nagios-4.5.5/
nagios-4.5.5/.github/
nagios-4.5.5/.github/workflows/
nagios-4.5.5/.github/workflows/test.yml
nagios-4.5.5/.gitignore
nagios-4.5.5/CONTRIBUTING.md
nagios-4.5.5/Changelog
nagios-4.5.5/INSTALLING
nagios-4.5.5/LEGAL
nagios-4.5.5/LICENSE
nagios-4.5.5/Makefile.in
nagios-4.5.5/README.md
nagios-4.5.5/THANKS
nagios-4.5.5/UPGRADING
nagios-4.5.5/aclocal.m4
nagios-4.5.5/autoconf-macros/
nagios-4.5.5/autoconf-macros/.gitignore
nagios-4.5.5/autoconf-macros/CHANGELOG.md
nagios-4.5.5/autoconf-macros/LICENSE
nagios-4.5.5/autoconf-macros/LICENSE.md
nagios-4.5.5/autoconf-macros/README.md
nagios-4.5.5/autoconf-macros/add_group_user
nagios-4.5.5/autoconf-macros/ax_nagios_get_distrib
nagios-4.5.5/autoconf-macros/ax_nagios_get_files
```

17. We have to now change the directory to nagios-4.5.5, for this first verify whether nagios-4.5.5 exists by using ls command.

```
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-87-75 downloads]$ ls
nagios-4.5.5 nagios-4.5.5.tar.gz nagios-plugins-2.4.11.tar.gz
```

18. As nagios-4.5.5 is present we will now use cd command to change directory.

```
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-87-75 downloads]$ cd nagios-4.5.5
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-87-75 nagios-4.5.5]$ |
```

19. Now we will install openssl dev library by using the command: sudo yum install openssl-devel

20. Run the configuration script

```
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-87-75 nagios-4.5.5]$ ./configure --with-command-group=nagcmd
checking for a BSD-compatible install... /usr/bin/install -c checking build system type... x86_64-pc-linux-gnu checking host system type... x86_64-pc-linux-gnu
checking for gcc... gcc
checking whether the C compiler works... yes
checking for C compiler default output file name... a.out
checking for suffix of executables...
checking whether we are cross compiling... no
checking for suffix of object files... o
checking whether the compiler supports GNU C... yes
checking whether gcc accepts -g... yes
checking for gcc option to enable C11 features... none needed
checking whether make sets $(MAKE)... yes
checking whether ln -s works... yes
checking for strip... /usr/bin/strip
checking for sys/wait.h that is POSIX.1 compatible... yes
checking for stdio.h... yes
checking for stdlib.h... yes
checking for string.h... yes
```

```
*** Configuration summary for nagios 4.5.5 2024-09-17 ***:
General Options:
        Nagios executable:
                           nagios
       Nagios user/group:
                            nagios, nagios
      Command user/group:
                           nagios, nagcmd
            Event Broker:
        Install ${prefix}:
                            /usr/local/nagios
   Install ${includedir}:
                            /usr/local/nagios/include/nagios
               Lock file:
                            /run/nagios.lock
   Check result directory:
                            /usr/local/nagios/var/spool/checkresults
           Init directory:
                            /lib/systemd/system
 Apache conf.d directory:
                           /etc/httpd/conf.d
                            /bin/mail
            Mail program:
                           linux-gnu
                 Host OS:
         IOBroker Method:
                            epoll
Web Interface Options:
                 HTML URL:
                           http://localhost/nagios/
                 CGI URL: http://localhost/nagios/cgi-bin/
Traceroute (used by WAP):
                           /usr/bin/traceroute
Review the options above for accuracy. If they look okay,
type 'make all' to compile the main program and CGIs.
```

22. To install binaries, init script and sample config files run

sudo make install-init
sudo make install-config
sudo make install-commandmode

```
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-87-75 nagios-4.5.5]$ sudo make install
sudo make install-init
sudo make install-config
sudo make install-commandmode
cd ./base && make install
make[1]: Entering directory '/home/ec2-user/downloads/nagios-4.5.5/base'
/usr/bin/install -c -m 775 -o nagios -g nagios -d /usr/local/nagios/bin
/usr/bin/install -c -s -m 774 -o nagios -g nagios nagios /usr/local/nagios/bin
/usr/bin/install -c -s -m 774 -o nagios -g nagios nagiostats /usr/local/nagios/bin
make[1]: Leaving directory '/home/ec2-user/downloads/nagios-4.5.5/base'
cd ./cgi && make install
make[1]: Entering directory '/home/ec2-user/downloads/nagios-4.5.5/cgi'
make install-basic
make[2]: Entering directory '/home/ec2-user/downloads/nagios-4.5.5/cgi'
/usr/bin/install -c -m 775 -o nagios -g nagios -d /usr/local/nagios/sbin
for file in *.cgi; do \
/usr/bin/install -c -s -m 775 -o nagios -g nagios $file /usr/local/nagios/sbin; \
make[2]: Leaving directory '/home/ec2-user/downloads/nagios-4.5.5/cgi'
make[1]: Leaving directory '/home/ec2-user/downloads/nagios-4.5.5/cgi'
cd ./html && make install
make[1]: Entering directory '/home/ec2-user/downloads/nagios-4.5.5/html'
/usr/bin/install -c -m 775 -o nagios -g nagios -d /usr/local/nagios/share
/usr/bin/install -c -m 775 -o nagios -g nagios -d /usr/local/nagios/share/media
/usr/bin/install -c -m 775 -o nagios -g nagios -d
                                                                      /usr/local/nagios/share/stylesheets
/usr/bin/install -c -m 775 -o nagios -g nagios -d
/usr/bin/install -c -m 775 -o nagios -g nagios -d
                                                                      /usr/local/nagios/share/contexthelp
/usr/local/nagios/share/docs
/usr/bin/install -c -m 775 -o nagios -g nagios -d
                                                                      /usr/local/nagios/share/docs/images
/usr/bin/install -c -m 775 -o nagios -g nagios -d /usr/local/nagios/share/js
/usr/bin/install -c -m 775 -o nagios -g nagios -d /usr/local/nagios/share/images
/usr/bin/install -c -m 775 -o nagios -g nagios -d /usr/local/nagios/share/images/logos
/usr/bin/install -c -m 775 -o nagios -g nagios -d /usr/local/nagios/share/includes
/usr/bin/install -c -m 775 -o nagios -g nagios -d /usr/local/nagios/share/ssi
/usr/bin/install -c -m 664 -o nagios -g nagios ./robots.txt /usr/local/nagios/share
/usr/bin/install -c -m 664 -o nagios -g nagios ./jsonquery.html /usr/local/nagios/share
rm -f /usr/local/nagios/share/index.html
rm -f /usr/local/nagios/share/main.html
   -f /usr/local/nagios/share/side.html
```

23. In the config file edit the email address

sudo nano /usr/local/nagios/etc/objects/contacts.cfg

```
# CONTACTS
# Just one contact defined by default - the Nagios admin (that's you)
 This contact definition inherits a lot of default values from the 'generic-contact' template which is defined elsewhere.
define contact {
                                           ; Short name of user
   contact_name
                       nagiosadmin
                       generic-contact
Nagios Admin
                                             Inherit default values from generic-contact template (defined abov
   use
   alias
                                             Full name of user
                       d2022.nayaab.jindani@ves.ac.in ; <<**** CHANGE THIS TO YOUR EMAIL ADDRESS *****
   email
```

24. To configure the web interface run: sudo make install-webconf

25. Create a nagios admin account and password sudo htpasswd -c /usr/local/nagios/etc/htpasswd.users nagiosadmin

```
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-87-75 nagios-4.5.5]$ sudo htpasswd -c /usr/local/nagios/etc/htpasswd.users nagiosadmin
New password:
Re-type new password:
Adding password for user nagiosadmin
```

26. Restart apache sudo service httpd restart

```
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-87-75 nagios-4.5.5]$ sudo service httpd restart
Redirecting to /bin/systemctl restart httpd.service
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-87-75 nagios-4.5.5]$ |
```

27. Go back to the downloads folder by using "cd ~/downloads" and unzip the plugins zip file using

tar zxvf nagios-plugins-2.4.11.tar.gz

```
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-87-75 nagios-4.5.5]$ cd ~/downloads
tar zxvf nagios-plugins-2.4.11.tar.gz
nagios-plugins-2.4.11/
nagios-plugins-2.4.11/build-aux/
nagios-plugins-2.4.11/build-aux/compile
nagios-plugins-2.4.11/build-aux/config.guess
nagios-plugins-2.4.11/build-aux/config.rpath
nagios-plugins-2.4.11/build-aux/config.sub
nagios-plugins-2.4.11/build-aux/install-sh
nagios-plugins-2.4.11/build-aux/ltmain.sh
nagios-plugins-2.4.11/build-aux/missing
nagios-plugins-2.4.11/build-aux/mkinstalldirs
nagios-plugins-2.4.11/build-aux/depcomp
nagios-plugins-2.4.11/build-aux/snippet/
nagios-plugins-2.4.11/build-aux/snippet/_Noreturn.h
nagios-plugins-2.4.11/build-aux/snippet/arg-nonnull.h
nagios-plugins-2.4.11/build-aux/snippet/c++defs.h
nagios-plugins-2.4.11/build-aux/snippet/warn-on-use.h
nagios-plugins-2.4.11/build-aux/test-driver
nagios-plugins-2.4.11/config_test/
nagios-plugins-2.4.11/config_test/Makefile
nagios-plugins-2.4.11/config_test/run_tests
nagios-plugins-2.4.11/config_test/child_test.c
nagios-plugins-2.4.11/gl/
```

28. Compile and install the plugins

cd nagios-plugins-2.0.3

./configure --with-nagios-user=nagios --with-nagios-group=nagios

```
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-87-75 downloads]$ cd nagios-plugins-2.4.11
./configure --with-nagios-user=nagios --with-nagios-group=nagios
checking for a BSD-compatible install... /usr/bin/install -c
checking whether build environment is sane... yes
checking for a thread-safe mkdir -p... /usr/bin/mkdir -p
checking for gawk... gawk
checking whether make sets $(MAKE)... yes
checking whether make supports nested variables... yes
checking whether to enable maintainer-specific portions of Makefiles
checking build system type... x86_64-pc-linux-gnu
checking host system type... x86_64-pc-linux-gnu
checking for gcc... gcc
checking whether the C compiler works... yes
checking for C compiler default output file name... a.out
checking for suffix of executables...
checking whether we are cross compiling... no
checking for suffix of object files... o
checking whether we are using the GNU C compiler... yes
checking whether gcc accepts -g... yes
```

make

sudo make install

```
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-87-75 nagios-plugins-2.4.11]$ sudo make install
Making install in gl
make[1]: Entering directory '/home/ec2-user/downloads/nagios-plugins-2.4.11/gl'
make install-recursive
make[2]: Entering directory '/home/ec2-user/downloads/nagios-plugins-2.4.11/gl'
make[3]: Entering directory '/home/ec2-user/downloads/nagios-plugins-2.4.11/gl'
make[4]: Entering directory '/home/ec2-user/downloads/nagios-plugins-2.4.11/gl'
if test yes = no; then \
    case 'linux-gnu' in \
    darwin[56]*) \
    need_charset_alias=true ;; \
    darwin* | cygwin* | mingw* | pw32* | cegcc*) \
    need_charset_alias=false ;; \
    *) \
    need_charset_alias=true : \

                        need_charset_alias=true ;; \
          esac ; \
        lse \
need_charset_alias=false ; \
          ; \
$need_charset_alias; then \
/bin/sh ../build-aux/mkinstalldirs /usr/local/nagios/lib ; \
 foliosi :/barto den/
ff ; \
if test -f /usr/local/nagios/lib/charset.alias; then \
sed -f ref-add.sed /usr/local/nagios/lib/charset.alias > /usr/local/nagios/lib/charset.tmp; \
/usr/bin/install -c -o nagios -g nagios -m 644 /usr/local/nagios/lib/charset.tmp /usr/local/nagios/lib/charset.alias; \
rm -f /usr/local/nagios/lib/charset.tmp; \
else \
if $need_charset_alias; then \
sed -f ref-add.sed charset.alias > /usr/local/nagios/lib/charset.tmp; \
/usr/bin/install -c -o nagios -g nagios -m 644 /usr/local/nagios/lib/charset.tmp /usr/local/nagios/lib/charset.alias; \
```

29. Run below given commands to start nagios:

sudo chkconfig --add nagios sudo chkconfig nagios on

```
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-87-75 nagios-plugins-2.4.11]$ sudo chkconfig --add nagios
sudo chkconfig nagios on
error reading information on service nagios: No such file or directory

Note: Forwarding request to 'systemctl enable nagios.service'.

Created symlink /etc/systemd/system/multi-user.target.wants/nagios.service → /usr/lib/systemd/system/nagios.service.
```

sudo /usr/local/nagios/bin/nagios -v /usr/local/nagios/etc/nagios.cfg

```
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-87-75 nagios-plugins-2.4.11]$ sudo /usr/local/nagios/bin/nagios -v /usr/local/nagi
Copyright (c) 2009-present Nagios Core Development Team and Community Contributors
Copyright (c) 1999-2009 Ethan Galstad
Last Modified: 2024-09-17
License: GPL
Website: https://www.nagios.org
Reading configuration data...
   Read main config file okay...
Read object config files okay...
Running pre-flight check on configuration data...
Checking objects...
         Checked 8 services.
         Checked 1 hosts.
         Checked 1 host groups.
Checked 0 service groups.
         Checked 1 contacts.
         Checked 1 contact groups.
Checked 24 commands.
         Checked 5 time periods
         Checked 0 host escalations.
         Checked 0 service escalations.
Checking for circular paths...
Checked 1 hosts
         Checked 0 service dependencies
         Checked 0 host dependencies
        Checked 5 timeperiods
Checking global event handlers...
Checking obsessive compulsive processor commands...
Checking misc settings...
Total Warnings: 0
Total Errors:
Things look okay - No serious problems were detected during the pre-flight check
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-87-75 nagios-plugins-2.4.11]$
```

If the message says no errors detected then run "sudo service nagios start"

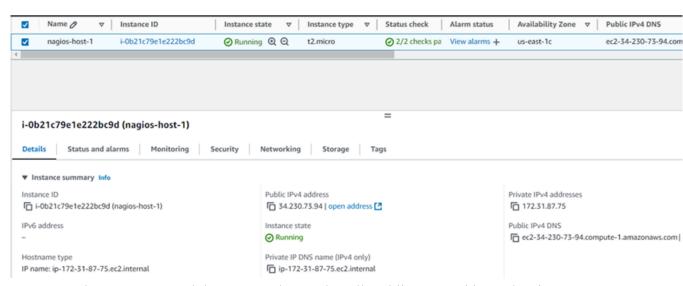
```
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-87-75 nagios-plugins-2.4.11]$ sudo service nagios s
Redirecting to /bin/systemctl start nagios.service
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-87-75 nagios-plugins-2.4.11]$ |
```

sudo systemctl status nagios

```
hecking global event handlers...
 Checking obsessive compulsive processor commands...
 Checking misc settings...
 Total Warnings: 0
 Total Errors:
  Things look okay - No serious problems were detected during the pre-flight check
 [ec2-user@ip-172-31-87-75 nagios-plugins-2.4.11]$ sudo service nagios start
 Redirecting to /bin/systemctl start nagios.service
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-87-75 nagios-plugins-2.4.11]$ sudo systemctl status nagios
• nagios.service - Nagios Core 4.5.5
Loaded: loaded (/usr/lib/systemd/system/nagios.service; enabled; preset: disabled)
Active: active (running) since Tue 2024-10-01 16:32:27 UTC; 48s ago
           Docs: https://www.nagios.org/documentation
Process: 66684 ExecStartPre=/usr/local/nagios/bin/nagios -v /usr/local/nagios/etc/nagios.cfg (code=exited, status=0/Process: 66693 ExecStart=/usr/local/nagios/bin/nagios -d /usr/local/nagios/etc/nagios.cfg (code=exited, status=0/SUC)
        Main PID: 66694 (nagios)
              Tasks: 6 (limit: 1112)
Memory: 5.7M
CPU: 82ms
              CGroup: /system.slice/nagios.service
                                       -66694 /usr/local/nagios/bin/nagios -d /usr/local/nagios/etc/nagios.cfg
-66694 /usr/local/nagios/bin/nagios -d /usr/local/nagios/var/rw/nagios.qh
-66695 /usr/local/nagios/bin/nagios --worker /usr/local/nagios/var/rw/nagios.qh
-66697 /usr/local/nagios/bin/nagios --worker /usr/local/nagios/var/rw/nagios.qh
-66698 /usr/local/nagios/bin/nagios --worker /usr/local/nagios/var/rw/nagios.qh
                                        66739 /usr/local/nagios/bin/nagios -d /usr/local/nagios/etc/nagios.cfg
          01 16:32:27 ip-172-31-87-75.ec2.internal nagios[66694]: qh: Socket '/usr/local/nagios/var/rw/nagios.qh' successfully
Oct 01 16:32:27 ip-172-31-87-75.ec2.internal nagios[66694]: qh: Socket '/usr/local/nagios/var/rw/nagios.qh' successfully Oct 01 16:32:27 ip-172-31-87-75.ec2.internal nagios[66694]: qh: core query handler registered Oct 01 16:32:27 ip-172-31-87-75.ec2.internal nagios[66694]: qh: echo service query handler registered Oct 01 16:32:27 ip-172-31-87-75.ec2.internal nagios[66694]: qh: help for the query handler registered Oct 01 16:32:27 ip-172-31-87-75.ec2.internal nagios[66694]: wproc: Successfully registered manager as @wproc with query Oct 01 16:32:27 ip-172-31-87-75.ec2.internal nagios[66694]: wproc: Registry request: name=Core Worker 66696;pid=66696 Oct 01 16:32:27 ip-172-31-87-75.ec2.internal nagios[66694]: wproc: Registry request: name=Core Worker 66697;pid=66695 Oct 01 16:32:27 ip-172-31-87-75.ec2.internal nagios[66694]: wproc: Registry request: name=Core Worker 66697;pid=66697 Oct 01 16:32:27 ip-172-31-87-75.ec2.internal nagios[66694]: wproc: Registry request: name=Core Worker 66698;pid=66698 Oct 01 16:32:27 ip-172-31-87-75.ec2.internal nagios[66694]: Successfully launched command file worker with pid 66739 [ec2-user@ip-172-31-87-75 pagios-plugins-2 # 11]$
  [ec2-user@ip-172-31-87-75 nagios-plugins-2.4.11]$
```

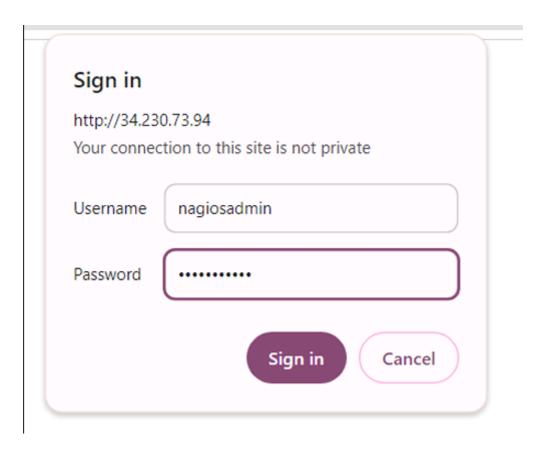
We can see that Nagios has been initialized correctly and its status is active.

30. Go back to your instances and copy the public IPv4 address

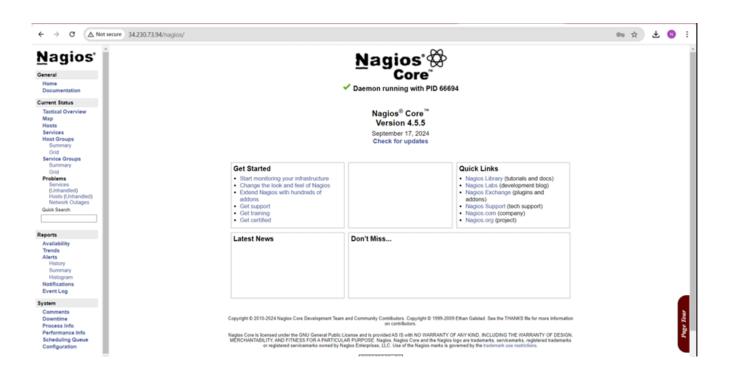


31. Lastly, go to your web browser and type "http://<public-IPv4-address>/nagios" Replace public-IPv4-address with the public ip address of your instance which you copied.

You will get a prompt to enter the username and password that have been set for nagios admin in step 25.



You will see the below shown page after entering credentials.



Conclusion:In this experiment, the primary challenge I encountered was accessing the Nagios web interface due to a "Forbidden: You do not have permission to access this resource" error. This issue was resolved by modifying the inbound security rules and verifying that all necessary files were installed in the correct directories. Additionally, it is crucial to restart Apache after making any changes to ensure they take effect. Once Nagios was activated without any errors, the output was successfully displayed on the web interface.