

$$M \ddot{y} = F(t) - b_F \dot{y} - mg$$

$$F(t) = K_F \cdot w_p(t) = 1E-2 \cdot w_p(t)$$

$$\tau_p(t) = 2 \dot{x}(t)$$

$$J_p \dot{w}(t) = \tau_p(t) - b_p \cdot w_p(t)$$

$$2E-3 \dot{w}(t) = 2 \dot{x}(t) - 4E-3 w_p(t)$$

$$F(t) = 1E-2 \cdot \frac{-2E-3 \dot{w}(t) + 2 \dot{x}(t)}{4E-3}$$

$$F(t) = \frac{-2E-3 \dot{w}(t) + 2 \dot{x}(t)}{4E-1}$$

$$F(0) = \frac{-2E-3 \dot{w}(0) + 2 \dot{x}(0)}{4E-1}$$

$$F(0) = \frac{2 \dot{x}_0}{4}$$

$$F(0) = 5 \cdot \dot{x}_0$$

$$11$$

$$9.8 \cdot 5 = 5 \cdot \dot{x}_0$$

$$\dot{x}_0 = 0.98 \text{ A}$$

$$\tau_{p0} = 1.96 \text{ N} \cdot \text{m}$$

$$w_{p0} = \frac{1.96}{b_p} = \frac{1.96}{4E-3} = 490 \frac{\text{rad}}{\text{s}}$$

$$F_0 = 490 \cdot 1E-2 = 4.9 \text{ N}$$

$$M \ddot{y} = f(t) - b_F \dot{y}$$

$$\mathcal{L}[M \ddot{y} = f(t) - b_F \dot{y}]$$

$$\Rightarrow M \cdot s^2 Y(s) = F(s) - b_F \cdot s Y(s)$$

$$F(t) = K_F \cdot w_p(t)$$

$$\mathcal{L}[F(t) = K_F \cdot w_p(t)]$$

$$\Rightarrow Y(s) = K_F \cdot W_p(s)$$

$$J_p \dot{w}(t) = \tau_p(t) - b_p \cdot w_p(t)$$

$$\mathcal{L}[J_p \dot{w}(t) = \tau_p(t) - b_p \cdot w_p(t)]$$

$$\Rightarrow J_p \cdot s W_p(s) = (\tau(s) - b_p W_p(s))$$

$$\Rightarrow (J_p s + b_p) W_p(s) = \tau(s)$$

$$\Rightarrow W_p(s) = \frac{\tau(s)}{J_p s + b_p}$$

$$\tau_p(t) = k_\tau \cdot \dot{x}(t)$$

$$\mathcal{L}[\tau_p(t) = k_\tau \cdot \dot{x}(t)]$$

$$\tau_p(s) = k_\tau \cdot I(s)$$

$$W_p(s) = \frac{k_\tau \cdot I(s)}{J_p s + b_p}$$

$$F(s) = \frac{K_F \cdot k_\tau \cdot I(s)}{J_p \cdot s + b_p}$$

$$M \cdot s^2 Y(s) = F(s) - b_F \cdot s Y(s)$$

$$\Rightarrow M \cdot s^2 Y(s) = \frac{K_F \cdot k_\tau \cdot I(s)}{J_p \cdot s + b_p} - b_F \cdot s Y(s)$$

$$(M s^2 + b_F s) Y(s)$$

$$\frac{Y(s)}{I(s)} = \frac{K_F \cdot k_\tau}{(M s^2 + b_F s)(J_p s + b_p)}$$

$$= \frac{1E-2 \cdot 2}{(0.5 s^2 + 5 s)(2E-3 s + 4E-3)}$$

$$= \frac{2E-2}{0.001 \cdot s(s+2)(s+10)}$$

$$= \frac{20}{s(s+2)(s+10)}$$

$$C(s) = K_C$$

$$P(s) = \frac{20}{s(s+2)(s+10)}$$

Design specs;

$$0.5 \approx 4.3\%, t_r = 2.5 \text{ (s)}$$

$$0.043 = e^{-\pi \frac{\alpha}{\beta}}$$

$$2.5 \approx \frac{\gamma}{\alpha}$$

$$\alpha = 2$$

$$\ln(0.043) = -\pi \cdot \frac{2}{\beta}$$

$$1 = \frac{2}{\beta}$$

$$\beta = 2$$

$$s = -\alpha \pm j\beta$$

$$s = -2 \pm j2.5$$

$$G(s) = C(s) \cdot P(s)$$

$$= K_C \frac{20}{s(s+2)(s+10)}$$

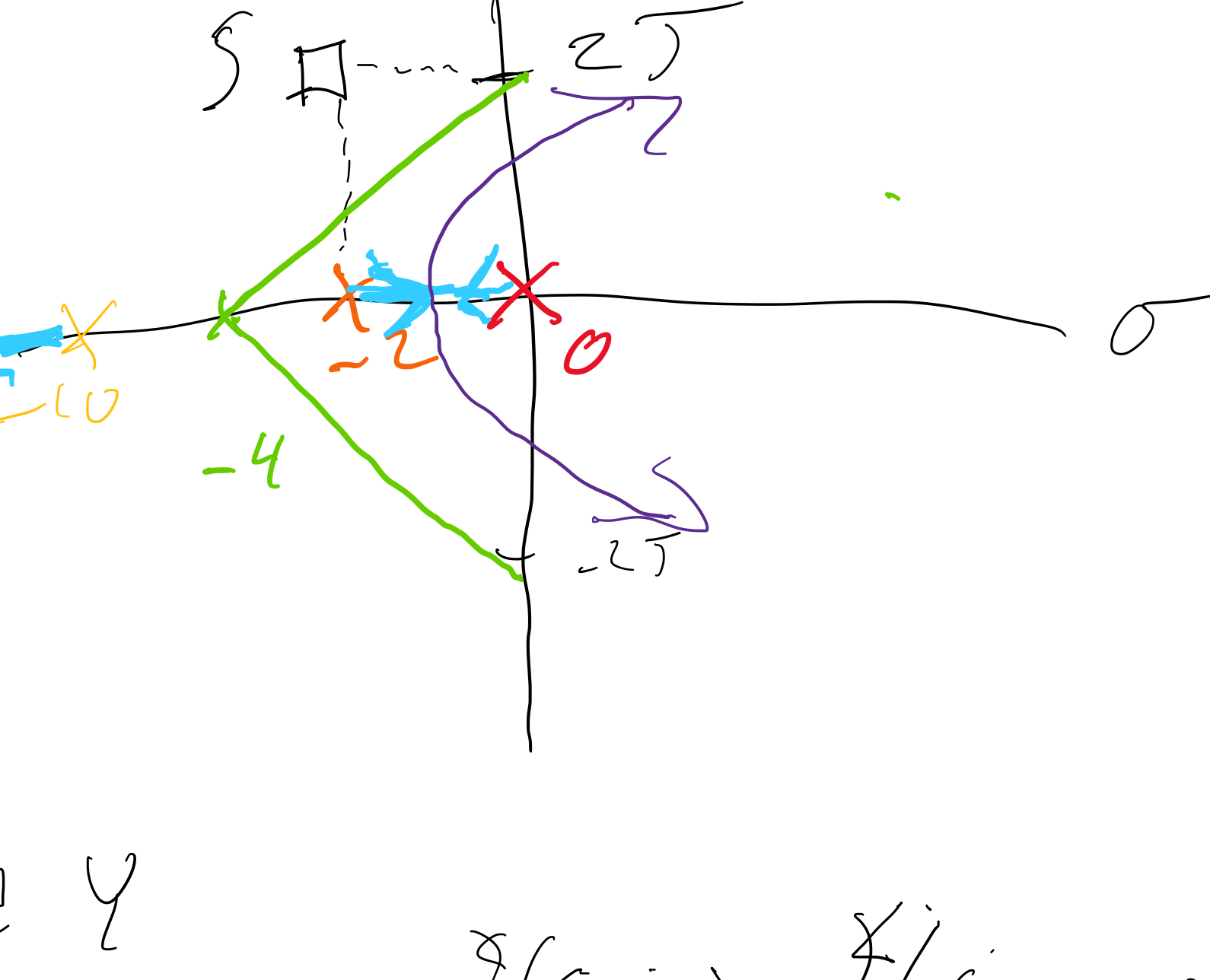
$$K_E = 20 \cdot K_C$$

$$\frac{K_E}{s(s+2)(s+10)} = -1$$

$$n=3$$

$$m=0 \rightarrow \frac{s + (s+2) + (s+10)}{n-m} =$$

$$\sigma_c = \frac{0 + -2 -10}{3} = -4$$



Find γ

$$\angle(s-0) + \angle(s+2) + \angle(s+10) = 180 - \gamma$$

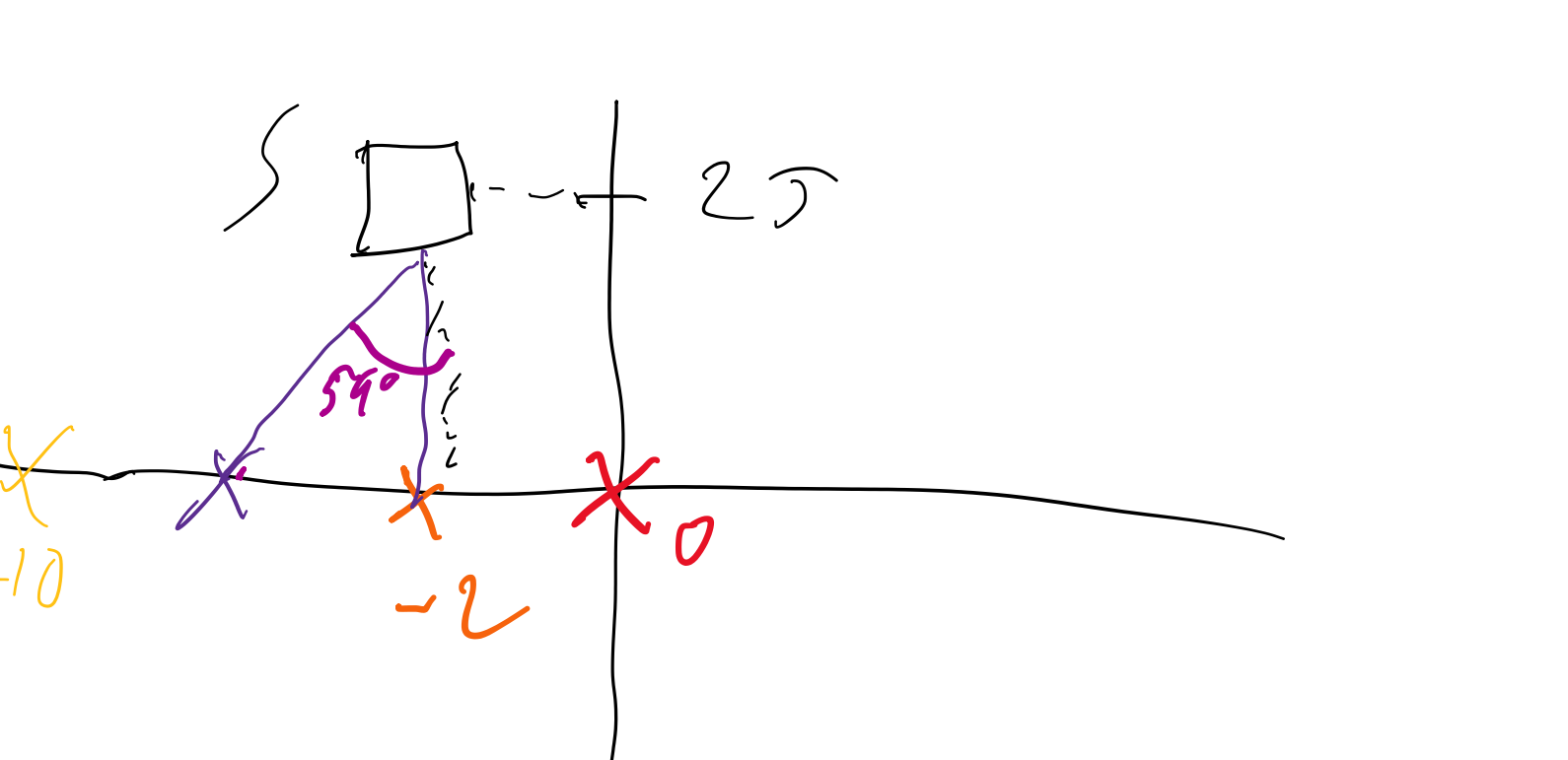
$$\angle(s-0) = 2.5 \rightarrow 180 - 45 = 135^\circ$$

$$\angle(s+2) = 90^\circ$$

$$\angle(s+10) = 14.03^\circ \approx 14^\circ$$

$$135 + 90 + 14 = 180 - \gamma$$

$$\gamma = 59^\circ$$



$$\tan^{-1}(\frac{x}{2})$$

$$\tan(79) \cdot 2 = x$$

$$x = 3.32$$

$$x = -2 - 3.32 = -5.32$$

$$p_c = -5.32 = -\frac{1}{T} \Rightarrow T = \frac{1}{5.32} = 0.188$$

$$z_c = -2 = -\frac{1}{aT} \Rightarrow a = \frac{1}{0.188 \cdot 2} = 2.66$$

$$C(s) = a K_C \frac{s + \frac{1}{aT}}{s + \frac{1}{T}}$$

$$C(s) = 2.66 K_C \frac{s + 2}{s + 5.32}$$

$$G(s) = C(s) \cdot P(s)$$

$$\Rightarrow 2.66 K_C \frac{s+2}{s+5.32} \cdot \frac{20}{s(s+2)(s+10)}$$

$$K_E = \frac{(s+10) \cdot (s+2) \cdot (s+0) | s+5.32 |}{(s+2) |$$

$$\frac{(s+10) \cdot (s+2) \cdot (s+0) | s+5.32 |}{(s+2) |$$

$$= (\sqrt{8^2 + 2^2}) (\sqrt{2^2 + 2^2}) (\sqrt{3.32^2 + 0^2})$$

$$= 90.4$$

$$K_E = 20 \cdot 2.66 \cdot K_C$$

$$K_C = \frac{90.4}{20 \cdot 2.66}$$

$$K_C = 1.7$$