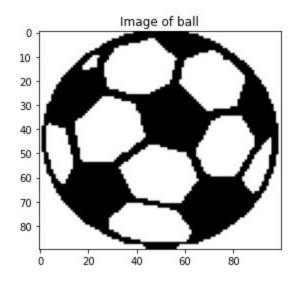
# BT 6270: Computational Neuroscience

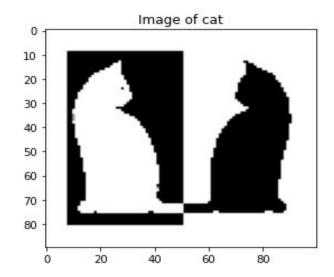
# Assignment No: 3

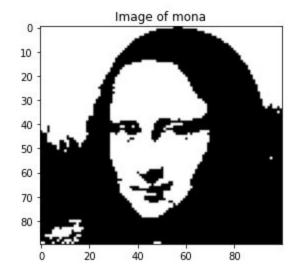
Nikilesh B EE17B112

**Goal:** The goal of this assignment is to understand the Hopfield network.

#### Images Extracted from the given text file:

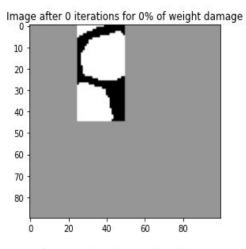


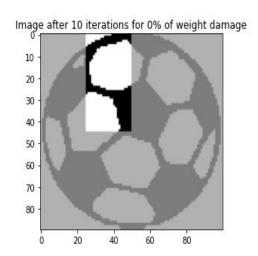


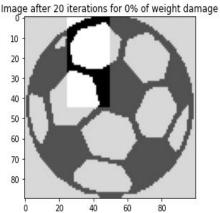


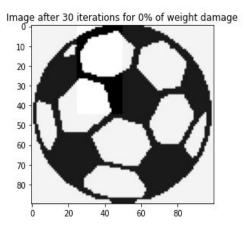
#### Part 2

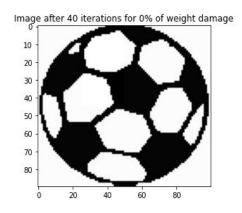
 The image of the football is saved in the network. The weights are not perturbed (set to zero). Then a patch of the original image is given as the input. The original image is retrieved back by the network as follows:



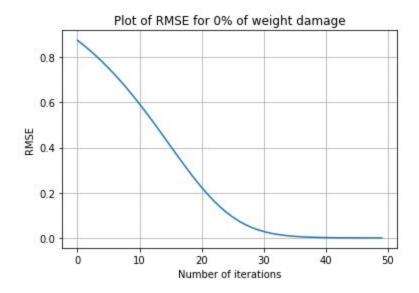








• The Root mean Square of the change in the network is plotted with respect to number of iterations. Initially there is a linear decrease in the loss and then after 20 iterations there is an exponential decrease in the loss.

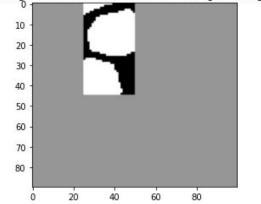


#### Part 3:

- Now all three images are loaded into the network, (Cat, Mona Lisa and Ball). Then
  the weights are perturbed (set to zero) with some probability 'p'.
- Then a patch of the image of the ball is given as the trigger. This will make the initial retrievals a little hazy(has hallucinations of Mona Lisa and the cat) because of the presence of the other images in the network as well as the weights being disturbed.
- But after some number of iterations there is almost no difference between the original and the retrieved image.
- The amount of hallucinations as well as the number of iterations required to get almost similar images depends on the percentage of weights.

#### 25% weight damage 3.1

Image after 0 iterations for 25.0% of weight damage



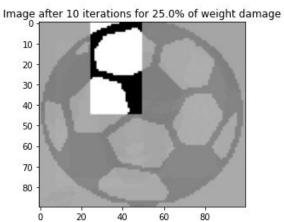


Image after 20 iterations for 25.0% of weight damage

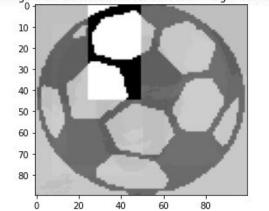
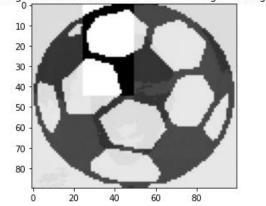


Image after 30 iterations for 25.0% of weight damage



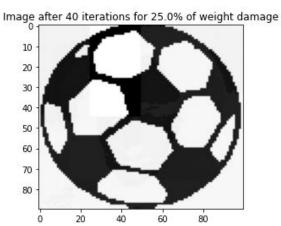
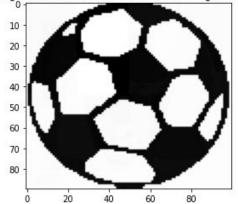
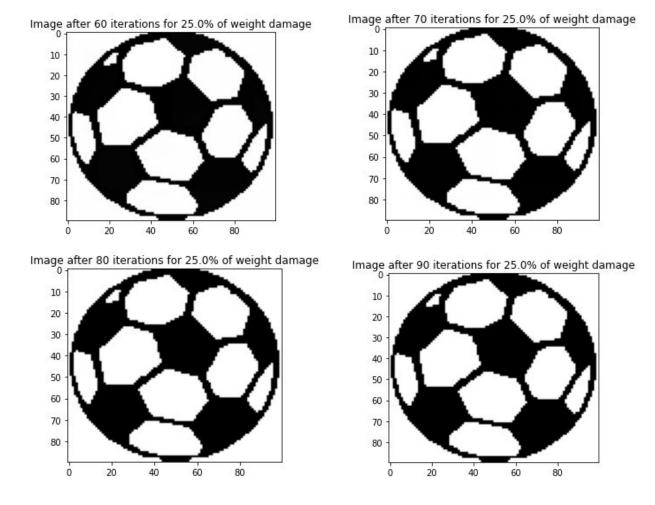
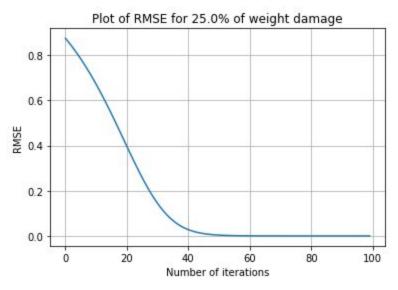


Image after 50 iterations for 25.0% of weight damage







#### 3.2 50% weight damage

Image after 0 iterations for 50.0% of weight damage

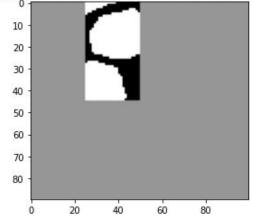


Image after 10 iterations for 50.0% of weight damage

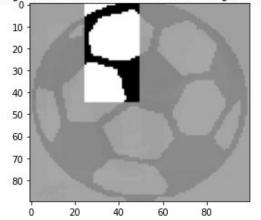
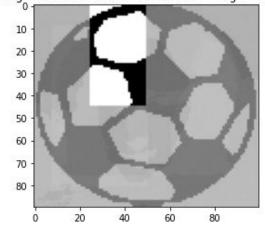
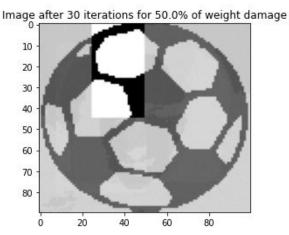


Image after 20 iterations for 50.0% of weight damage





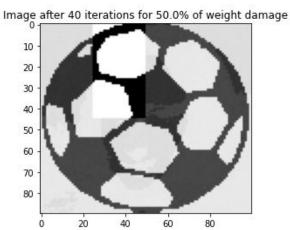
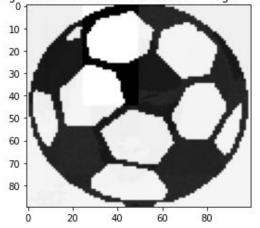
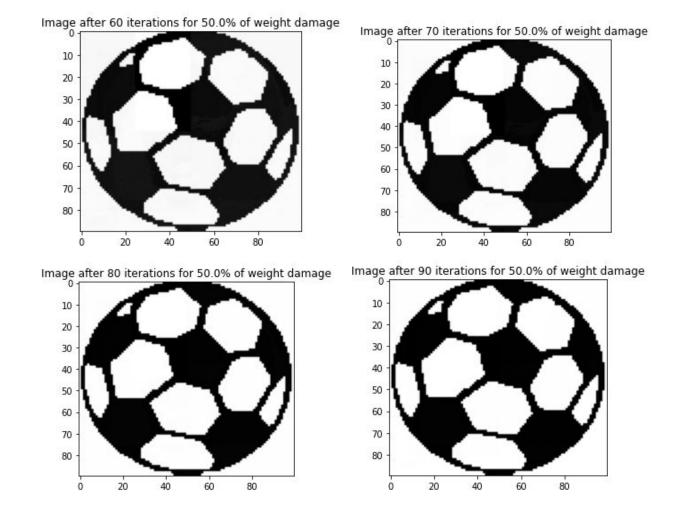


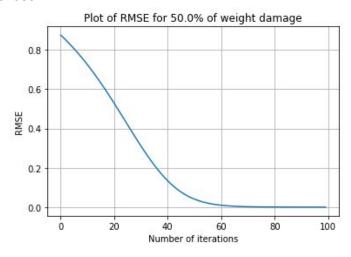
Image after 50 iterations for 50.0% of weight damage





The Root mean Square of the change in the network is plotted with respect to number of iterations. Initially

there is a linear decrease in the loss and then after 35 iterations there is an exponential decrease in the loss.



### 3.3 80% weight damage



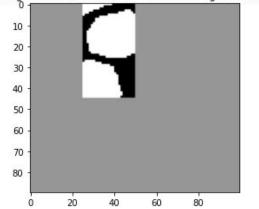


Image after 10 iterations for 80.0% of weight damage

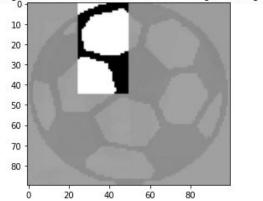


Image after 20 iterations for 80.0% of weight damage

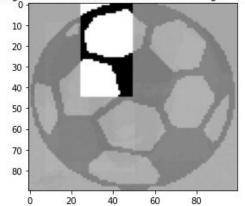


Image after 30 iterations for 80.0% of weight damage

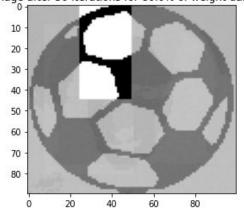


Image after 40 iterations for 80.0% of weight damage

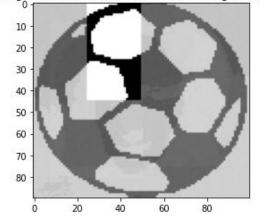
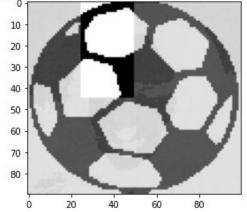
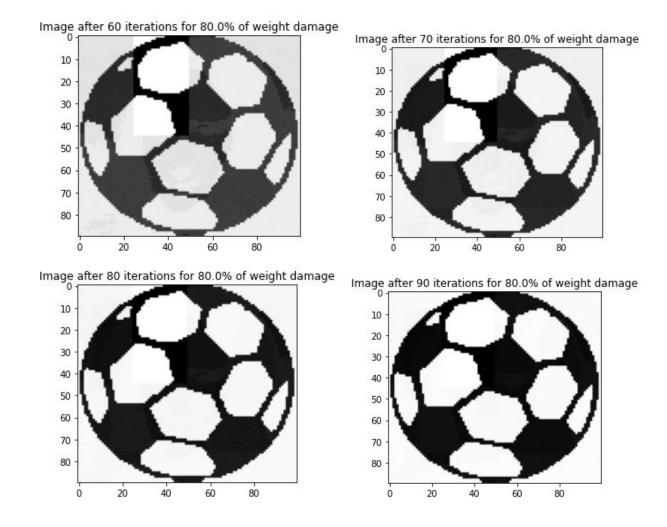


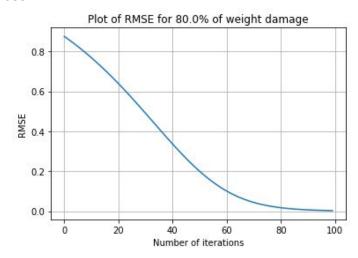
Image after 50 iterations for 80.0% of weight damage





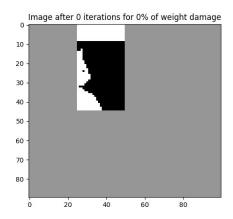
The Root mean Square of the change in the network is plotted with respect to number of iterations. Initially

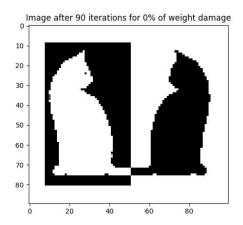
there is a linear decrease in the loss and then after 45 iterations there is an exponential decrease in the loss.

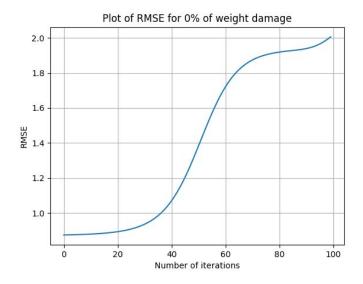


## 4 Cat as the input

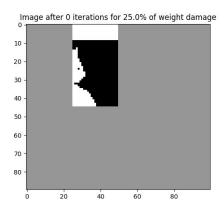
#### 4.0 0% weight damage

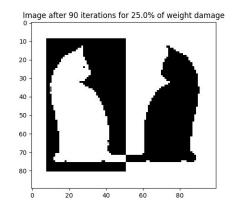


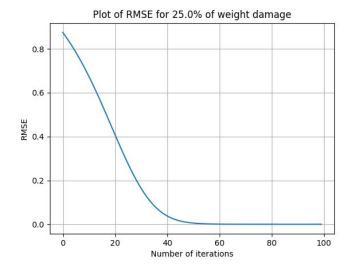




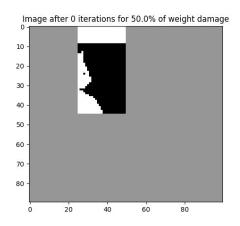
#### 4.1 25% weight damage

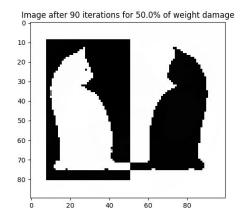


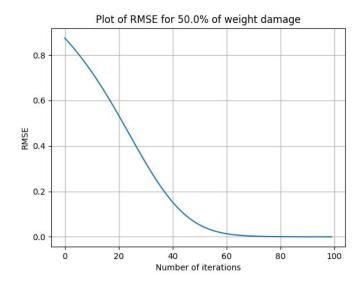




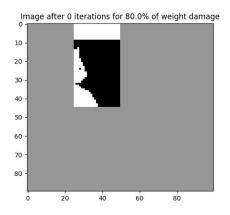
#### 4.2 50% weight damage

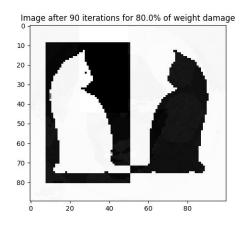


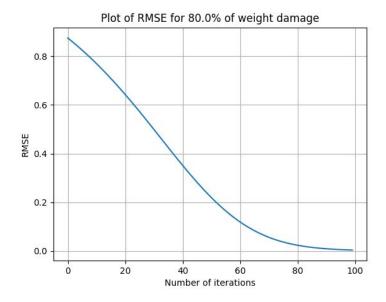




#### 4.3 80% weight damage



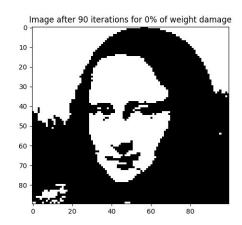


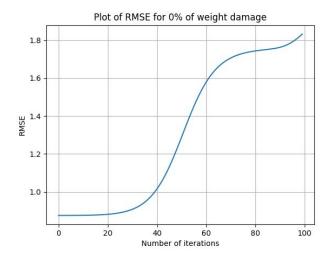


## 5 Mona Lisa as the input

#### 5.0 0% weight damage

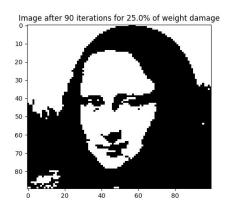


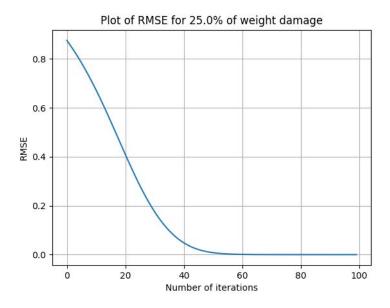




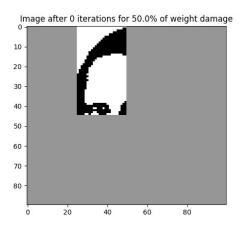
#### 5.1 25% weight damage

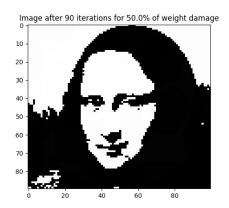


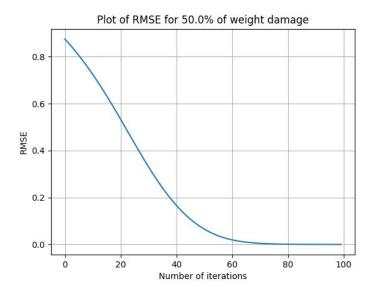




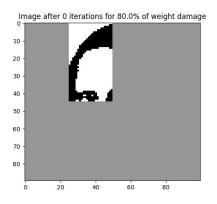
#### 5.2 50% weight damage

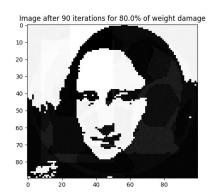




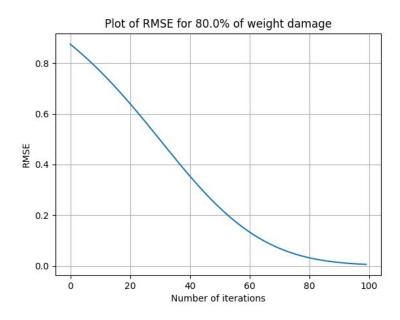


#### 5.3 80% weight damage





The Root mean Square of the change in the network is plotted with respect to number of iterations. Initially there is a linear decrease in the loss and then after 50 iterations there is an exponential decrease in the loss.



#### **6 Conclusions**

The images stored in the Hopfield Network are retrieved back by giving in suitable inputs (triggers). Thus showing the effectiveness of the Network to remember the stored images even after damaging the weights.