Assign mir181 binding sites to a specific transcript

Melina Klostermann

05 July, 2023

Contents

1 Libraries and settings2 What was done?1

1 Libraries and settings

2 What was done?

arrange(desc(width), .by_group = T) %>%

- The main expressed transcript isoform (as defined by APRIS) of each mir181 binding site is obtained
- Then the mir181 binding sites are mapped to their respective transcript
- The transcript annotations are later used for motiv discovery and structure predictions

```
dplyr::slice(1)
# add transcript id to binding sites
transcripts_appris <- makeGRangesFromDataFrame(transcripts_appris, keep.extra.columns = T)</pre>
mir181_bs <- makeGRangesFromDataFrame(mir181_bs, keep.extra.columns = T)
idx <- findOverlaps(mir181_bs, transcripts_appris)</pre>
transcripts_appris <- as.data.frame(transcripts_appris) %>%
  select(seqnames, start, end, width, strand, geneID, transcript_id)
colnames(transcripts_appris) <- paste0(colnames(transcripts_appris), "_tx")</pre>
mir181_bs_appris <- as.data.frame(mir181_bs)</pre>
mir181_bs_appris <- cbind(mir181_bs_appris[queryHits(idx),], transcripts_appris[subjectHits(idx),])
# get mir181 bs position relativ to transcript
# (start of transcript is 1, strand is always +)
rel_mir181_bs_appris_p <- mir181_bs_appris %>%
  subset(strand == "+") %>%
  rowwise(.) %>%
  mutate(start = start - start_tx,
         end = end - start_tx)
rel_mir181_bs_appris_m <- mir181_bs_appris %>%
  subset(strand == "-") %>%
  rowwise(.) %>%
  mutate(start_genomic = start,
         start = abs(end - end_tx),
         end = abs(start_genomic - end_tx),
         strand = "+")
rel_mir181_bs_appris_m$start_genomic <- NULL</pre>
rel_mir181_bs_appris <- rbind(rel_mir181_bs_appris_p, rel_mir181_bs_appris_m)
saveRDS(rel_mir181_bs_appris, paste0(out, "mir181_bs_on_transcripts.rds"))
```