AGO binding sites definition

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1 Libraries and settings # # libraries	
# tronumes #	
<pre>library(rtracklayer) library(GenomicRanges) library(ggplot2) library(AnnotationDbi) library(dplyr) library(reshape2) library(UpSetR) library(GenomicFeatures) library(kableExtra) library(knitr) library(ggrepel) library(gridExtra)</pre>	
library(grid)	

```
library(viridis)
library(BindingSiteFinder)
library(ComplexHeatmap)
library(forcats)
library(ggtext)
library(patchwork)
library(tibble)
library(tidyr)
library(dplyr)
library(ggpointdensity)
library(ggsci)
library(ggrepel)
here <- here::here()
source(pasteO(here,"/Supporting_scripts/themes/CustomThemes.R"))
source(paste0(here, "/Supporting_scripts/themes/theme_paper.R"))
# settings
# ------
out <- pasteO(here, "/Figure1/01 AGO binding site definition/")
# farben
farbe4 <- "#7AA6DCFF"</pre>
farbe6 <- "#003C67FF"
```

2 What was done?

- Here we define AGO binding sites on basis of the non-chimeric non-enriched miR-eCLIP data.
- Peaks are called with pureclip on the .bam merge of all three replicates.
- Then binding sites are defined with BindingSiteFinder.
- Binding sites are filtered for their reproducibility in at least 2 of 3 samples.
- Then bindingsites are matched to the bound gene and the bound gene region.

 $NOTE: Large\ parts\ of\ code\ and\ text\ are\ from\ the\ BindingSiteFinder\ Vignette.\ For\ a\ detailed\ explanation\ see\ https://www.bioconductor.org/packages/release/bioc/vignettes/BindingSiteFinder/inst/doc/vignette.html$

3 Files

3.1 Merge bam files run pureclip

We use the peak caller pureclip to detect crosslink peaks. pureclip is run on the merge of the non-chimeric crosslinks of all three samples.

```
# ------
# Run pureclip
# ------

pureclip \
-i crosslinks_all_samples.sort.bam\
```

```
-bai crosslinks_all_samples.sort.bam.bai \
-g GRCm38.p6.genome.strict.IUPAC.fa \
-nt 10 \
-o IP_WT_pureclip_sites.bed \
# -----
# -----
# Files
# ______
# annotation
# -----
annoDb <- loadDb(paste0(here, "/Supporting_scripts/annotation_preprocessing/annotation.db"))</pre>
gns <- readRDS(paste0(here, "/Supporting_scripts/annotation_preprocessing/gene_annotation.rds"))</pre>
# pureclip sites (from peak calling)
pureclip_sites <- "/Users/melinaklostermann/Documents/projects/AgoCLIP_miR181/pureclip/IP_WT_pureclip_s</pre>
pureclip_sites = import(con = pureclip_sites , format = "BED", extraCols=c("additionalScores" = "chara
pureclip_sites = keepStandardChromosomes(pureclip_sites , pruning.mode = "coarse")
# Load clip data
clipFiles = "/Users/melinaklostermann/Documents/projects/AgoCLIP_miR181/pipe_output_22_02_14/non-chimer
clipFiles = list.files(clipFiles, pattern = ".bw$", full.names = TRUE)
clipFiles = clipFiles[!grepl("Inp", clipFiles)]
clipFiles = clipFiles[!grepl("miR181_", clipFiles)]
clipFiles = clipFiles[grepl("WT", clipFiles)]
clipFilesP = clipFiles[grep(clipFiles, pattern = "plus")]
clipFilesM = clipFiles[grep(clipFiles, pattern = "minus")]
```

4 Functions

```
# -----
# utility functions
# ------
basicVectorToNiceDf <- function(x){
    # NOTE MK you could do all starting from the 3. line in one mutate command, might be faster and easied    df = data.frame(Type = names(table(x$olType)), Freq = as.vector(table(x$olType)))
    df = df[order(df$Freq, decreasing = F),]
    df$Type = factor(df$Type, levels = df$Type)
    df$Frac = df$Freq / sum(df$Freq)
    df$ymax = cumsum(df$Frac)
    df$ymin = c(0, head(df$ymax, n=-1))
    df$labPos = (df$ymax + df$ymin) / 2</pre>
```

```
df$NFrac = round(df$Frac * 100)
df$NFrac2 = round(df$Freq / sum(df$Freq), digits = 4)
df$NFracNice = df$NFrac2 * 100
df$labelNice = pasteO(format(df$Freq, big.mark = ",", decimal.mark = "."), " (", df$NFracNice, "%)")
df$labelNice2 = pasteO(df$Type, ": ", format(df$Freq, big.mark = ",", decimal.mark = "."), " (", df$NFracNice, "%)")
return(df)
}
```

5 Preprocess pureCLIP output

Initial peak calling was performed with PureCLIP, which results in single nucleotide wide crosslink sites. These sites are pre-filtered before merging them into wider binding sites.

5.1 Global filter

PureCLIP score global filter. Distribution of the pureCLIP score. The red line indicates the 95% threshold used to keep only strong signal sites.

Here, PureCLIP called crosslink sites are filtered on a global level, removing sites with the lowest 5% PureCLIP score. This essentially removes crosslink sites that are only barely enriched above the local background. These sites rather contribute more noise to the data rather then enhancing the spectrum of detected sites to lowly abundant transcripts, since they are present uniformly across almost all transcripts.

5.2 Gene level filter

To enrich for the most prominent crosslink pattern one can restrict the binding site definition to the top 50% of PureCLIP sites per gene. This type of filter can be very restrictive, potentially removing a large proportion of the data. It is beneficial for detecting the strongest binding pattern presented in the data. It should be removed for the detection of finer more subtle binding pattern, or to allow for a high vs. low comparison scheme.

5.2.1 Final gene level settings

Here we select for the top 50% highest PureCLIP site for each gene.

```
# ------
# Filter peaks genewise by pureCLIP score
# -------

filterByRegion <- function(region, peaks, keepAbove) {
    # remove peaks not located on selected regions
    ols = findOverlaps(region, peaks)
    queries = unique(queryHits(ols))</pre>
```

```
# apply selected cutoff to every region
  filteredPerRegion = sapply(queries, function(x){
    currentHits = subjectHits(ols)[queryHits(ols) == x]
   currentPeaks = peaks[currentHits]
    currentQuantiles = quantile(currentPeaks$score, probs = seq(0,1, by = 0.01))
   names(currentQuantiles) = seq(0,1, by = 0.01)
   filteredPeaks = currentPeaks[currentPeaks$score >= currentQuantiles[names(currentQuantiles) == keep.
   filteredPeaks
  })
  filteredPerRegion = unlist(GRangesList(filteredPerRegion))
  # Remove peaks on multiple regions
  filteredPerRegion = filteredPerRegion[countOverlaps(filteredPerRegion) == 1]
  # Explanation:
  # It can happen that a single peak overlaps multiple different genes. If that peaks
  # survives the filter for both genes the range of the peak would be duplicated in the output.
  # To prevent this from happening all duplicated peaks were removed to one unique representative
  # after the filtering.
 return(filteredPerRegion)
}
peaksFilteredPerGene = filterByRegion(gns, peaksFiltered, keepAbove = 0.5)
```

 \rightarrow PureCLIP score gene level filter. Distribution of the pureCLIP score. Only the top 50% binding sites per gene are retained.

6 Compute binding sites

6.1 Merge and extend binding sites

```
# ------
# set BS final options
# ------
bsSize_Final = 7
minWidth_Final = 2
minCrosslinks_Final = 2
minClSites_Final = 2
```

Next binding sites are merged into binding sites of a fixed width. Choosing this width parameter is explained in the following plots.

```
# Make BindingSiteFinder object
bds = BSFDataSetFromBigWig(ranges = peaksFilteredPerGene, meta = colData)
bds

## Object of class BSFDataSet
## Contained ranges: 112.357
## ----> Number of chromosomes: 22
## ----> Ranges width: 1
## Contained Signal: 21,250,289
## Contained conditions: WT
```

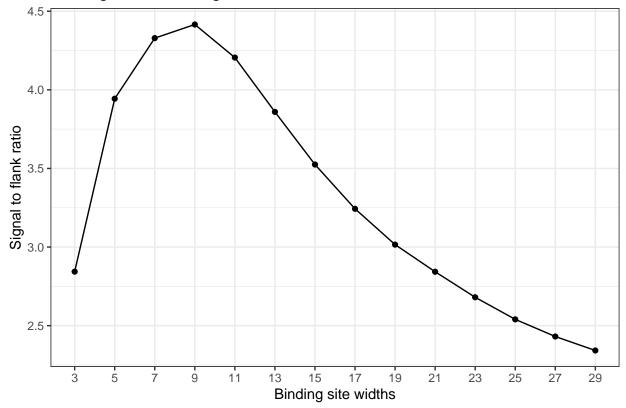
In total 3 samples from 1 condition(s) are used.

6.2 Controls for binding site width setting

We use the following plots to define the optimal binding site width for this experiment.

The optimal binding site width is determined by the binding site signal to noise ratio. For each binding site, the ratio of crosslink events within the binding site and of crosslink events flanking the binding site to both sides is determined.

Binding site widths signal ratios



This plot shows that the optimal resolution of signal in binding sites would be for 9nt or 11nt binding sites.

For further visual inspection selected binding site width are plotted as count profiles centered around the binding sites central position.

In these plot binding sites with width 7 look even better. We therefore used 7nt in the further steps.

Lastly the final set of binding sites is computed with the following settings:

```
object = bds
bsSize_Final = 7
minWidth_Final = 2
minCrosslinks_Final = 2
minClSites_Final = 2
```

- bsSize = 7
- minWidth = 2
- minCrosslinks = 2
- minClSites = 2

7 Make binding sites

Table 1: Binding sites

Option	nRanges
inputRanges	112357
mergeCrosslinkSites	30304
minCrosslinks	29975
minClSites	29133
centerIsClSite	29112
centerIsSummit	28843

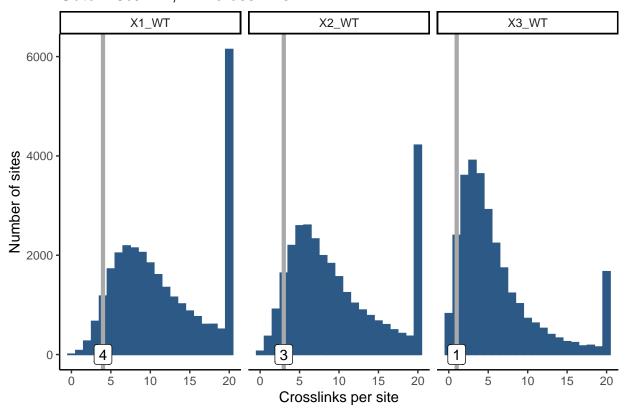
7.1 Binding site composition

8 Reproducibility Filter

Since peak calling is based on the merge of all replicates, we filter processed binding site for their support by the individual replicates. First, crosslinks are summed up per replicate creating a crosslink distribution. Then, a threshold is set for each replicate to the 5% quantile of that distribution. To account for low crosslink replicates, a lower boundary of 1 crosslink events per binding site is enforced.

```
# -----
# Check reproducibility cutoff
# Supplementary Figure 1e
# ------
p <- reproducibilityCutoffPlot(bds_sites, max.range = 20, cutoff = 0.05)
p</pre>
```

Cutoff: 5% WT; min.crosslinks = 1



```
p <- p + theme_paper()
ggsave(p, filename = paste0(out, "FigureS1E_BS_WT_repro_cutoff.pdf"), width = unit(12, "cm"), height = '</pre>
```

Finally, a binding sites is deemed reproducible if the thresholds are met for all three replicates. This is the most stringent filter possible.

```
ha = HeatmapAnnotation(
  col = list(select = c("All" = "#004d4d", "Two" = "#00b3b3", "One" = "#3182BD", "None" = "grey")),
  "Sample intersections" = anno_barplot(comb_size(m), border = FALSE, gp = gpar(fill = "#595959"), heig
    select = df$status
)
ht = UpSet(m,
           set_order = colnames(s1),
           comb_order = order(comb_size(m), decreasing = T),
           top_annotation = ha,
           comb_col = "cornflowerblue", bg_col = "white", pt_size = unit(.5, "cm") ,
           border = T, lwd = 2, bg_pt_col = "#333333"
)
ss = set_size(m)
cs = comb_size(m)
ht = draw(ht, padding = unit(c(0, 0, 10, 0), "mm"))
od = column_order(ht)
decorate_annotation("Sample intersections", {
    grid.text(format(cs[od], big.mark = ",", decimal.mark = "."), x = seq_along(cs), y = unit(cs[od], ":
        default.units = "native", just = c("left", "bottom"),
        gp = gpar(fontsize = 6, col = "black"), rot = 45)
})
   20000
                                                            Sample intersections
   10000
                                                            select
                                                                                  select
X1 WT
                                                                                    All
X2_WT
                                                                                     None
                                                                                     One
X3_WT
                                                                                     Two
                                                             Set size
pdf(pasteO(out, "FigureS1F_BS_WT_repro_upset.pdf"), height = unit(6, "cm"), width = unit(10, "cm"))
draw(ht, padding = unit(c(0, 0, 10, 0), "mm"))
dev.off()
```

seqnames	start	end	width	strand	scoreSum	scoreMean	scoreMax
chr1	4529031	4529037	7	+	20.37027	10.18514	13.34730
chr1	4529066	4529072	7	+	33.00360	16.50180	21.85370
chr1	6238329	6238335	7	+	36.87593	18.43796	32.46330
chr1	6244182	6244188	7	+	9.45328	4.72664	5.37285
chr1	6245324	6245330	7	+	123.40239	24.68048	38.21990
chr1	6245604	6245610	7	+	28.79086	14.39543	23.35330

```
## pdf
## 2
```

Reproducibility summary. Overview of binding sites that are shared between replicates. A binding site is reproducible if supported by all 3 replicates.

8.1 Final binding sites

This leaves us with a final set of binding sites:

We get 27531 reproducible binding sites.

9 Downstream characterization

Next, we assign each binding site to the hosting gene and transcript part, using the initially loaded gene annotation from GENCODE.

9.1 Assignment of binding sites to genes

Assigning each binding site to its hosting gene is done by computing the overlap of all binding sites with the gene annotation. This typically results in some binding sites overlapping multiple different genes.

To resolve these overlaps genes are assigned based on the following hierarchical order: "protein_coding" > "tRNA" > "lincRNA" > "miRNA" > "snRNA"

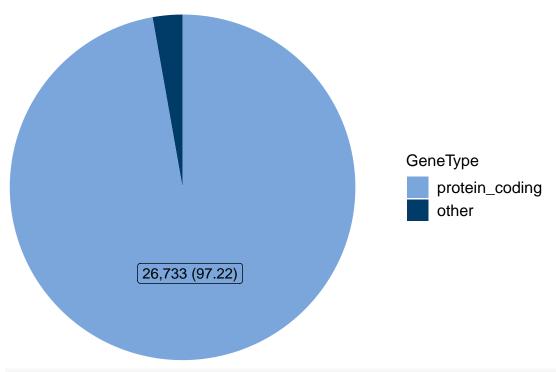
```
# Assign to genes
# get genes with binding signal
target_genes = subsetByOverlaps(gns, bdsFinal_gr)
df = findOverlaps(target_genes, bdsFinal_gr) %>% as.data.frame()
# split into easy and complex cases
idxDouble = df[duplicated(df$subjectHits),]
idxSingle = df[!duplicated(df$subjectHits),]
# handle single overlap cases
peaksRepoSingle = bdsFinal_gr[idxSingle$subjectHits]
mcols(peaksRepoSingle)$geneType = target_genes$gene_type[idxSingle$queryHits]
mcols(peaksRepoSingle)$geneName = target_genes$gene_name[idxSingle$queryHits]
mcols(peaksRepoSingle)$geneID = target_genes$gene_id[idxSingle$queryHits]%>% sub("\\..*", "", .)
# handle multi overlap cases
peaksRepoDouble = bdsFinal_gr[idxDouble$subjectHits]
peaksRepoDoubleCleaned = as(lapply(seq_along(peaksRepoDouble), function(x){
  currPeak = peaksRepoDouble[x]
  currtarget_genes = subsetByOverlaps(target_genes, currPeak)
  nOverlaps = length(currtarget_genes)
  # 1) take gene type as first criterion
  # -> prefer the type that is first in the `rule` list
  solution = unique(match(currtarget_genes$gene_type, rule))
  nSolutions = length(solution)
  if (nSolutions == nOverlaps) {
    # solution sucessfull
   mcols(currPeak)$geneType = currtarget_genes$gene_type[min(solution)]
   mcols(currPeak)$geneName = currtarget_genes$gene_name[min(solution)]
   mcols(currPeak)$geneID = currtarget_genes$gene_id[min(solution)]%>% sub("\\..*", "", .)
  if (nSolutions < nOverlaps) {</pre>
    # no solution found
    # -> Stop and return NA
   mcols(currPeak)$geneType = NA
   mcols(currPeak)$geneName = NA
   mcols(currPeak)$geneID = NA
 return(currPeak)
}), "GRangesList")
peaksRepoDoubleCleaned = unlist(peaksRepoDoubleCleaned)
peaksRepoDoubleCleaned = peaksRepoDoubleCleaned[!is.na(peaksRepoDoubleCleaned$geneID)]
# assign peaks
bsGene = c(peaksRepoSingle, peaksRepoDoubleCleaned)
```

```
bsGene = sortSeqlevels(bsGene)
bsGene = sort(bsGene)
bsGene = unique(bsGene)

# assign target_genes
target_genesGene = target_genes[target_genes$gene_id %in% bsGene$geneID]
```

Number bound protein-coding genes: 4589

```
#-----
# plot bound gene types
# Figure 1 b
df1 = data.frame(GeneType = (bsGene$geneType), type = "Peak") %>%
  mutate(GeneType = ifelse(grep1("pseudogene", GeneType), "pseudogene", GeneType)) %>%
  # mutate(GeneType = fct_lump_n(GeneType, n = 3)) %>%
  table() %>%
  as.data.frame() %>%
  mutate(label = paste0(format(Freq, big.mark = ",", decimal.mark = "."),
                       " (", format(round((Freq / sum(Freq))*100, digits = 2),
                                    big.mark = ",", decimal.mark = "."),")")) %>%
  mutate(GeneType = factor(GeneType, levels = c(GeneType[order(Freq)])))
df3 <- mutate(df1, GeneType = case_when(GeneType != "protein_coding" ~ "other", T ~ "protein_coding"))
  group_by(GeneType)%>%
  summarize(Freq = sum(Freq))
p <- ggplot(df3, aes(y=Freq, x="", fill=GeneType)) +</pre>
     geom_col()+
     coord_polar(theta="y") +
     xlim(c(2, 4)) +
  geom_label(data = df1 %>% subset(GeneType == "protein_coding"), aes(y=Freq, x="", fill=GeneType,label
            position = position_stack(vjust = 0.5),
            show.legend = FALSE) +
  scale_fill_manual(values = c (farbe6, farbe4)) +
  theme_paper() +
  theme_nice_pie() +
  #theme(legend.position = "none") +
  guides(fill = guide legend(reverse = TRUE)) +
  labs(y = NULL,
      x = NULL
```



```
ggsave(p, filename = paste0(out, "Figure1B_bound_gene_types_AGO.pdf"), width = unit(8, "cm"), height = filename
```

9.2 Assignment of binding sites to transcripts

```
### setting the hierarchical rule for assignment
rule = c("utr3", "utr5", "cds", "intron")
```

The transcript parts bound by the RBP are identified by overlapping the binding sites of protein-coding genes with the transcripts of these genes. The respective transcript region, such as intron, CDS or UTR can be deduced from these overlaps. Similar to the gene assignment, some binding sites might also overlap with multiple different annotated transcript parts. These are resolved by application of the hierarchical rule: utr3, utr5, cds, intron. Note that the majority vote system is not used here!

region	Freq
cds	6907
intron	6211
outside	25
utr3	11462
utr5	2128

```
cdseq = regions$CDS %>% countOverlaps(bsProt,.)
intrns = regions$Intron %>% countOverlaps(bsProt,.)
utrs3 = regions$UTR3 %>% countOverlaps(bsProt,.)
utrs5 = regions$UTR5 %>% countOverlaps(bsProt,.)
countDf = data.frame(cds = cdseq, intron = intrns, utr3 = utrs3, utr5 = utrs5)
# sort by rule
countDf = countDf[, rule] %>%
  as.matrix() %>%
  cbind.data.frame(., outside = ifelse(rowSums(countDf) == 0, 1, 0) )
names = colnames(countDf)
# disable majority vote -> set all counts to 1
countDf = as.matrix(countDf)
countDf[countDf > 0] = 1
region = apply(countDf, 1, function(x){ names[which.max(x)] })
# add region annotation to binding sites object
mcols(bsProt)$region = region
kable(table(region)) %>%
  kable_material(c("striped", "hover"))
```

10 Save final binding sites

```
bs_annotated <- c(bsProt, bsNonCodeing)
saveRDS(bs_annotated, pasteO(out, "AGO_BS.rds"))</pre>
```

11 Session Info

```
## R version 4.2.2 (2022-10-31)
## Platform: x86_64-apple-darwin17.0 (64-bit)
## Running under: macOS Big Sur ... 10.16
##
## Matrix products: default
## BLAS: /Library/Frameworks/R.framework/Versions/4.2/Resources/lib/libRblas.0.dylib
## LAPACK: /Library/Frameworks/R.framework/Versions/4.2/Resources/lib/libRlapack.dylib
##
```

```
## locale:
## [1] en_US.UTF-8/en_US.UTF-8/en_US.UTF-8/C/en_US.UTF-8/en_US.UTF-8
## attached base packages:
## [1] grid
                 stats4
                           stats
                                     graphics grDevices utils
                                                                    datasets
## [8] methods
                 base
## other attached packages:
## [1] ggsci_3.0.0
                                ggpointdensity_0.1.0
                                                        tidyr_1.3.0
## [4] tibble_3.2.1
                                patchwork_1.1.2
                                                         ggtext_0.1.2
## [7] forcats_1.0.0
                                ComplexHeatmap_2.14.0
                                                        BindingSiteFinder_1.4.0
## [10] viridis_0.6.3
                                viridisLite_0.4.2
                                                         gridExtra_2.3
## [13] ggrepel_0.9.3
                                kableExtra_1.3.4
                                                         GenomicFeatures_1.50.4
                                reshape2_1.4.4
## [16] UpSetR_1.4.0
                                                         dplyr_1.1.2
## [19] AnnotationDbi_1.60.2
                                Biobase_2.58.0
                                                         ggplot2_3.4.2
## [22] rtracklayer_1.58.0
                                GenomicRanges_1.50.2
                                                         GenomeInfoDb_1.34.9
## [25] IRanges_2.32.0
                                S4Vectors_0.36.2
                                                         BiocGenerics_0.44.0
## [28] knitr_1.43
##
## loaded via a namespace (and not attached):
##
     [1] backports_1.4.1
                                     circlize_0.4.15
##
     [3] Hmisc_5.1-0
                                     BiocFileCache_2.6.1
##
     [5] systemfonts_1.0.4
                                     plyr_1.8.8
                                     BiocParallel 1.32.6
##
     [7] lazyeval 0.2.2
##
     [9] digest_0.6.33
                                     foreach 1.5.2
## [11] ensembldb 2.22.0
                                     htmltools 0.5.5
## [13] magick_2.7.4
                                     fansi_1.0.4
## [15] magrittr_2.0.3
                                     checkmate_2.2.0
## [17] memoise_2.0.1
                                     BSgenome_1.66.3
## [19] cluster_2.1.4
                                     doParallel_1.0.17
##
   [21] Biostrings_2.66.0
                                     matrixStats_1.0.0
## [23] svglite_2.1.1
                                     prettyunits_1.1.1
##
  [25] jpeg_0.1-10
                                     colorspace_2.1-0
## [27] blob_1.2.4
                                     rvest_1.0.3
##
   [29] rappdirs 0.3.3
                                     textshaping_0.3.6
## [31] xfun_0.39
                                     crayon_1.5.2
## [33] RCurl 1.98-1.12
                                     VariantAnnotation 1.44.1
## [35] iterators_1.0.14
                                     glue_1.6.2
## [37] polyclip_1.10-4
                                     gtable_0.3.3
## [39] zlibbioc_1.44.0
                                     XVector_0.38.0
## [41] webshot 0.5.5
                                     GetoptLong_1.0.5
## [43] DelayedArray_0.24.0
                                     car 3.1-2
## [45] shape_1.4.6
                                     abind_1.4-5
## [47] scales_1.2.1
                                     DBI_1.1.3
## [49] rstatix_0.7.2
                                     Rcpp_1.0.11
## [51] gridtext_0.1.5
                                     progress_1.2.2
## [53] htmlTable_2.4.1
                                     clue_0.3-64
## [55] foreign_0.8-84
                                     bit_4.0.5
## [57] Formula_1.2-5
                                     htmlwidgets_1.6.2
## [59] httr_1.4.6
                                     RColorBrewer_1.1-3
## [61] pkgconfig_2.0.3
                                     XML_3.99-0.14
## [63] farver_2.1.1
                                     Gviz 1.42.1
## [65] nnet_7.3-19
                                     dbplyr_2.3.3
## [67] deldir 1.0-9
                                     here_1.0.1
```

```
[69] utf8 1.2.3
                                     labeling_0.4.2
##
   [71] tidyselect_1.2.0
                                     rlang_1.1.1
## [73] munsell 0.5.0
                                     tools 4.2.2
## [75] cachem_1.0.8
                                     cli_3.6.1
## [77] generics_0.1.3
                                     RSQLite_2.3.1
## [79] broom 1.0.5
                                     evaluate_0.21
## [81] stringr 1.5.0
                                     fastmap 1.1.1
## [83] ragg_1.2.5
                                     yaml_2.3.7
## [85] bit64 4.0.5
                                     purrr_1.0.1
## [87] KEGGREST_1.38.0
                                     AnnotationFilter_1.22.0
## [89] xml2_1.3.5
                                     biomaRt_2.54.1
## [91] compiler_4.2.2
                                     rstudioapi_0.15.0
## [93] filelock_1.0.2
                                     curl_5.0.1
## [95] png_0.1-8
                                     ggsignif_0.6.4
## [97] tweenr_2.0.2
                                     stringi_1.7.12
## [99] highr_0.10
                                     lattice_0.21-8
## [101] ProtGenerics_1.30.0
                                     Matrix_1.5-4.1
## [103] vctrs 0.6.3
                                     pillar 1.9.0
## [105] lifecycle_1.0.3
                                     GlobalOptions_0.1.2
## [107] data.table 1.14.8
                                     bitops 1.0-7
## [109] R6_2.5.1
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## [111] latticeExtra_0.6-30
                                     codetools 0.2-19
## [113] dichromat_2.0-0.1
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## [115] SummarizedExperiment 1.28.0 rprojroot 2.0.3
## [117] rjson_0.2.21
                                     withr 2.5.0
## [119] GenomicAlignments_1.34.1
                                     Rsamtools_2.14.0
## [121] GenomeInfoDbData_1.2.9
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## [123] hms_1.1.3
                                     rpart_4.1.19
## [125] rmarkdown_2.23
                                     carData_3.0-5
## [127] MatrixGenerics_1.10.0
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                                     biovizBase_1.46.0
## [129] ggpubr_0.6.0
## [131] ggforce_0.4.1
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## [133] interp_1.1-4
                                     restfulr_0.0.15
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