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55
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Advance DevOps Assignment 2

- > Create REST API with the serverless framework?
Steps to create a REST API with serverless work:
- > Install serverless Framework globally using the following command on the terminal:-

install -g serverless

This command installs the serverless your machine globally using npm.

Create a new services with Aws Nodejs serverless create template aws-nodejs

This command initializes a new serverless service called rest-api using Nodejs on AWS Lambda

- > Navigate to the project directory:

cd rest-api

This command changes directory into the newly created directory to manage files

Initialise Nodejs project and install dependencies

npm init -y

npm install express serverless http . The express dependency build the REST API and serverless.

edit the serverless your file to include service

rest api

Provider

name : aws

routine : nodejs 14.x

stage : dev

region : us-east-1

Function : ~~function~~

app:

handler : handler app

events :

- http:

Path: /

method: any.

This configuration specifies the service name AWS providers setting and defines Lambda function with HTTP events.

- 6) Edit handler js to add the Express app.
const express requires (express)
const Serverless requires (Serverless: http)
app - get ('/hello world') (req - res) \Rightarrow res.json ({mes
'Hello world'})
- 7) Deploy the service
Serverless the service
Deploy the API to AWS ~~setting up resources like~~
Lambda and API
- 8) Test the deployed API
curl https://~~capi - id~~ > execute-api (region).amazonaws.com / dev / hello world
- 9) Redeploy after update:
Serverless deploy
After modifying the code redploy it to update
API with service
- 10) Remove the service
serverless remove
The above command removes all AWS resource

associated with the API, ensuring that there are charges for unused services.

Case study for Sonarqube : Create your own profile in Sonarqube for testing project quality

Use Sonarcloud to analyse your GitHub code

Install Sonarlint in your Java IntelliJ

Eclipse IDE and analyse your Java code

Analyse Python project with Sonarqube.

Analyse Node.js project with Sonarqube.

Create your own Profile in Sonarqube :-

Download and install Sonarqube from the official website unzips the file and start the server

by running bin/ on windows x 86 - 64 / start sonar.

Log in Sonarqube using the default credentials name : admin , password admin). After logging in, change the password.

Navigate to project tab, click on create new project assign a project key and name generate project token

Use Sonarcloud to analyse your GitHub code :-

Sign up for Sonarcloud from official website, using your GitHub account.

An Sonarcloud under project > create project, choose

your GitHub account.

- 3) Add a Sonar project properties file in the root of your repository with following code:
Sonar Project Key < your-project-key >
Sonar Organisation < your-organisation >
- 4) Use Sonar Scanner to analysis the code by running the following command, Sonar Scan

* Install SonarLint in your Java IntelliJ.

- 1) Install SonarLint by going out IntelliJ or Eclipse going to plugin / market place.
- 2) In the IDE, configure SonarLint by linking to your SonarQube or Sona cloud project.
- 3) Open a Java project and use SonarLint to analyse it. It will display issue directly in the IDE while coding.

* Analyse python project with SonarQube:-

- 1) Set up a python code in a project and ensure that SonarQube is running locally.
- 2) Download and configure Sonar Scanner from its official website and in Sonar Project Properties, run the analyse of the project by executing the command sonar-scanner. The result will be pushed to your local SonarQube server.

- ★ Analyse Node.js project with SonarQube:-
- 1) Set up a Node.js project.
- 2) In SonarQube ensure that all Java script / Type Script plugins have been installed. Plugins can be installed from the Market place tab in SonarQube.
- 3) Create Sonar project , properties file in your project root and include following in it.
 - Sonar project key node , project
 - Sonar language js .
 - Sonar sources .
- 4) Run the analyse of the project by executing the sonar Scanner command .
 SonarQube will analyse the Node.js project and show result on the dashboard , highlighting code , quality , bugs and vulnerabilities .
- At a large organisation your centralised operation , may get many repetition infrastructure request . You can see temptation to build a self serve infrastructure model that lets product teams manage their infrastructure independently . Terraform cloud can also integrate with ticketing system like service Now generate new infrastructure requests .
- Creating a self service infrastructure model using Terraform for a large organisation involves

for a large organisation involves the following steps:-

Step 1 :- Define infrastructure standard:-

Establish clear standard and best practices for infrastructure deployment including naming conventions, resources type, tagging policies and security compliance.

Step 2 :- Create Terraform modules:-

Develop reusable Terraform modules based on your Organisation , Standard .

Step 3 :- set up Terraform cloud or Enterprise
use terraform cloud or enterprise for centralised management of configuration and state files
Location and access control for infrastructure

Step 4 :- configure Version Control:-

Integrate terraform modules with version control . This tracks changes facilitates collaboration and ensure proper versioning .

Step 5 :- Integrate with Service Now or other ticket systems:-

Integrate with systems like services . Now to automate infrastructure request . This triggers .

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practices
ming
policies

Step - 6 :- Provide Documentation and Training :-

Create documentation and training for using Terraform modules and submitting request, helping teams understand best practices.

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Step - 7 :- Monitor and support :-
Monitor the usage of the self service model provide ongoing support to users. Gathering feedback help identify pain points and areas

Step - 8 :- Iterate and Improve :-

Regularly review and update Terraform modules
mentation and policies based on feedback and
changing organisational needs continuous.
Security and compliance