

CS & IT ENGINEERING

Operating System

CPU Scheduling


DPP 01 (Discussion Notes)



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TOPICS TO BE COVERED



01 Question

02 Discussion

Q.1

Process can complete its execution from ____

[MCQ]



A.

Ready state

B.

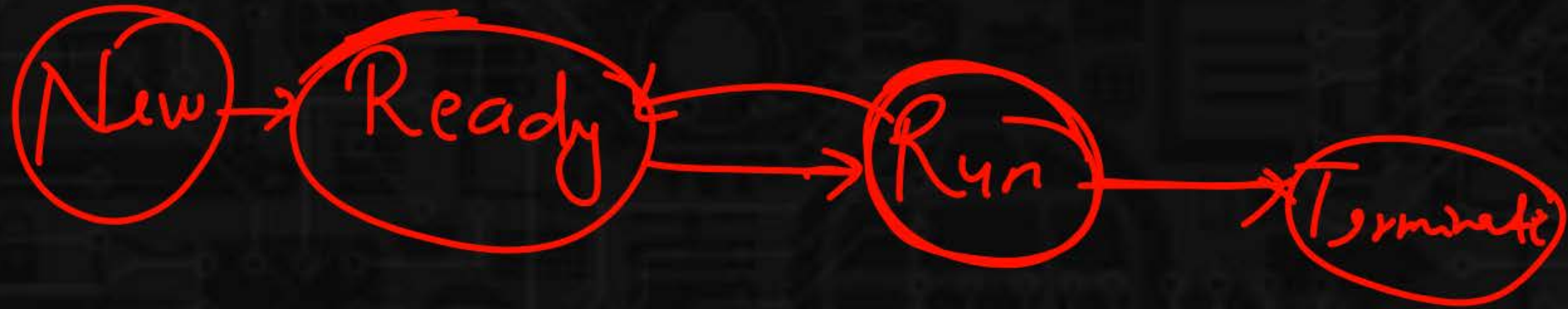
Running state

C.

Block state

D.

All of the above



Q.2



Consider a system with n number of processes, s is time when each process terminates, and t_i is the time each process arrives to the ready queue. What will be the average time for n processes to complete their execution? **[MCQ]**

A. $\sum_{i=1}^n \frac{(t_i - s_i)}{n}$

B. $\sum_{i=1}^n \frac{(n_i - t_i)}{s}$

C. $\sum_{i=1}^n \frac{(s_i - n_i)}{t}$

D. $\sum_{i=1}^n \frac{(s_i - t_i)}{n}$

\Rightarrow

✓

(A)

(P₁)

$$\frac{0-2}{4} = -0.5$$

P₂

$$\frac{2-6}{4} = -1$$

(B)

$$\frac{4-0}{2} = 2$$

$$\frac{4-2}{6} = \frac{2}{6} = \frac{1}{3}$$

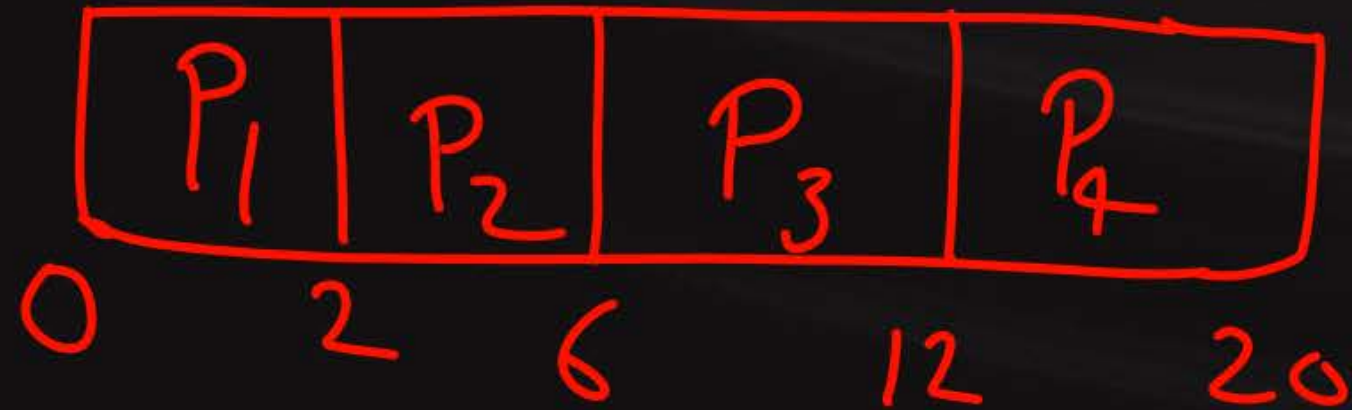
$n=4$				
	AT	BT	s	t
✓ P ₁	0	2	2	0
✓ P ₂	0	4	6	2
✓ P ₃	0	6	12	6
✓ P ₄	0	8	20	12

→ arrival in the RQ

$$\text{Avg ET} = \frac{2+4+6+8}{4}$$

$$= 5$$

FCFS



$$[C] P_1 = \frac{2-4}{0} =$$

$$= 0.5 + 1 + 1.5P_2$$

$$= \underline{\underline{5}}$$

$$[D] \sum_{i=1}^n \frac{S_i - t_i}{n} \Rightarrow \textcircled{P_1} \frac{2-0}{4} = 0.5$$

$$\textcircled{P_2} \frac{6-2}{4} = 1$$

$$\textcircled{P_3} \frac{12-6}{4} = 1.5$$

$$[P_4] \frac{20-12}{4} = 2$$

Q.3



Which of the following statement is/ are INCORRECT regarding total number of schedules if the system has n number of processes?

[MSQ]

A.

Total number of schedules possible in non-preemptive system are n .

Incorrect.

B.

Total number of schedules possible in non-preemptive system are n^2 .

Incorrect.

C.

Total number of schedules possible in preemptive system are n^2 .

Incorrect.

D.

Total number of schedules possible in non-preemptive system are $n!$.

Correct.

$$\left\{ \begin{matrix} p_1 \\ p_2 \\ p_3 \end{matrix} \right\} \Rightarrow \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 4 \\ 6 \end{pmatrix} \Rightarrow 3! = 3 \times 2 = 6$$

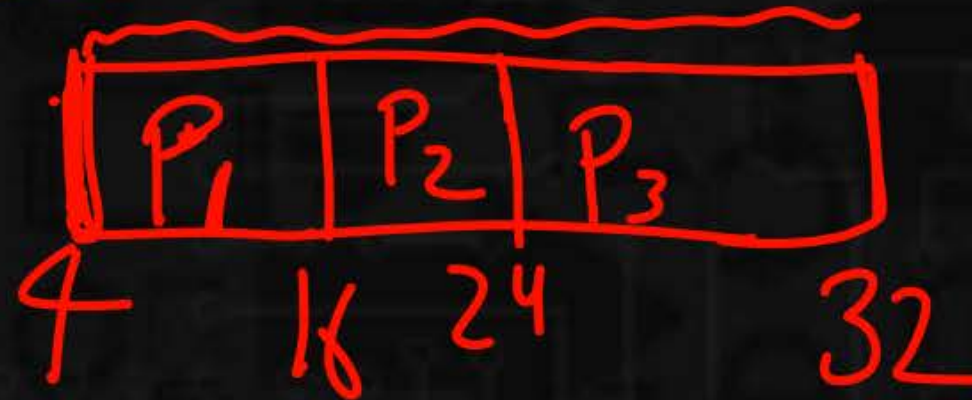
(n!)

Q.4



Consider a system with three non-preemptive processes, first process arrives at time unit 4 and executes for 12 ms, while first process was executing second process arrives at time 6 with burst time 8 ms and third process arrives at time 19 with burst time 8 ms. Assume X is the schedule length of the above system and Y is the amount of time CPU is idle and waiting for processes, calculate $X + Y$? [NAT]

Note: CPU time started at 0.



	AT	BT
P ₁	4	12
P ₂	6	8
P ₃	19	8

$$\begin{aligned}\text{Schedule length} &= \text{Max}(CT) - \text{Min}(AT) \\ &= 32 - 4\end{aligned}$$

$$X = 28$$

$$\text{Idle}(Y) = 4$$

$$X + Y = 28 + 4 = 32$$

Q.5



Which of the following statements are CORRECT regarding process state transition diagram?

[MSQ]

- A. A process can move from ready to suspend blocked state. *Incorrect.*
- B. A blocked process can move to suspend ready state. *Correct.*
- C. A blocked process can move to running state. *Incorrect.*
- D. A running process can move to blocked state. *Correct.*



Q.6

Consider the following processes, with their respective arrival time and burst times:

[NAT]

Processes	Arrival Time	Burst Time
P1	3	4
P2	5	6
P3	2	5
P4	0	3

Calculate the average turnaround time of all the processes scheduled using First come first serve algorithm. [Upto two decimal places]

Note: Scheduling overhead is negligible

CT-AT

FCFS

	AT	BT	CT	TAT	WT
X P ₁	3	4	12	9	5
P ₂	5	6	18	13	7
X P ₃	2	5	8	6	1
X P ₄	0	3	3	3	0



→ TAT - BT

→ Avg TAT = $\frac{9+13+6+3}{4}$

= $\frac{31}{4} = \underline{7.75}$

P_4	P_3	P_1	P_2	
0	3	8	12	18

Q.7

Consider the following processes, with their respective arrival time and burst times:



[NAT]

Processes	Arrival Time	Burst Time
P1	2	5
P2	5	4
P3	4	6
P4	0	4

Calculate the sum of average waiting time and average turn around time of all the processes scheduled using First come first serve algorithm. [Upto two decimal places]

Note: Scheduling overhead is negligible.

TAT-BT

13.25

CT-AT

	AT	BT	CT	TAT	WT
P₁	2	5	9	7	2
✓P ₂	5	4	19	14	10
✓P ₃	4	6	15	11	5
P₄	0	4	4	4	0

FCFS

P_4	P_1	P_3	P_2	
0	4	9	15	19

$$\text{Avg}_{TAT} = \frac{7+14+11+4}{4}$$

$$= \frac{36}{4} = \underline{\underline{9}}$$

$$\text{Avg}_{WT} = \frac{2+10+5}{3}$$

$$= \frac{17}{3} = \underline{\underline{4.25}}$$

$$\text{Sum} = 9 + 4.25$$

$$= \underline{\underline{13.25}}$$

Q.8



Consider a pre-emptive system with 6 processes, each process executes for 2 ms and leaves the system, and again enters the system (in any order) after all other processes has executed its first 2 ms. Each process has a burst time of 5 ms. What will be the total schedule length. Assuming no process went in block state.

[NAT]

$P_1 = 2$
 $P_2 = 2$
 $P_3 = 2$
 $P_4 = 2$
 $P_5 = 2$
 $P_6 = 2$



30

	BT
P ₁	5 30
P ₂	5 30
P ₃	5 30
P ₄	5 30
P ₅	5 30
P ₆	5 30

P ₁	P ₂	P ₃	P ₄	P ₅	P ₆	P ₂	P ₁	P ₄	P ₅	P ₆	P ₃
02	4	6	8	10	12	15	18	21	24	27	30
SL = 30 - 0 = 30											

P_1	P_2	P_3	P_4	P_5	P_6	P_6	P_5	P_4	P_3	P_2	P_1	
0	2	4	6	8	10	12	15	18	21	24	27	30

$$SL = 30 - 0 = 30$$

