# CS & IT ENGINEERING

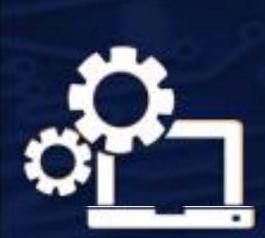
Compiler Design

Syntax Directed Translation

**DPP** (Discussion Notes)



**Mallesham Devasane Sir** 





TOPICS TO BE COVERED

01 Question

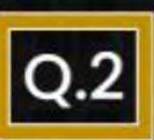
02 Discussion



# Synthesized attributes can be easily simulated using



- A. LL grammar
- B. LR grammar
- C. Ambiguous grammar
- D. None of these



# Consider the following translation rules for the grammar G:



 $S \rightarrow a\{print "A"\} A$ 

 $A \rightarrow b \{ print "C" \} B$ 

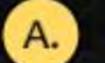
 $A \rightarrow \in \{ print "C" \}$ 

 $B \rightarrow e \{ print "B" \} A$ 

 $B \rightarrow \in \{ print "C" \}$ 

 $C \rightarrow c \{ print "A" \}$ 

What will be the output for the input string abelebe you top-down parser? [MCQ]



ACBCCBAC

C. ACBCCBCC

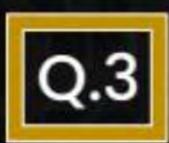


ACCBCCBC

ACBCB



ACBCBCBC



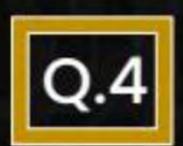
Consider the following attribute grammar:



$$A \rightarrow BA'$$
  $A' \cdot b = A \cdot a$   
 $A \cdot a = A' \cdot b$   
 $A_1' \rightarrow +BA_2' A_2' = A_2' b + B \cdot a$   
 $A_1'a = A_2' a$   
Which of the following is true?

lo is inhabited

- A. Both a and b are inherited attributed.
- B. Both a and b are synthesized attributed.
- c. A is inherited, b is synthesized
- a is inherited, a is synthesized



### Consider the following grammar:



$$E \rightarrow E + T \mid T$$

$$T \rightarrow T/F \mid F$$

$$F \rightarrow F * A \mid A$$

$$A \rightarrow id$$

Which one of the following is true?



/ have higher precedence than \*



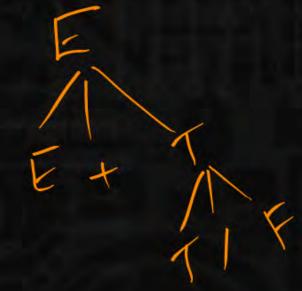
\*have higher precedence than +



+ have lower precedence than/



\*, +, / all have some precedence.



A shift reduce parser perform action specified within process immediately after reduction to the corresponding rule of grammar.



 $S \rightarrow ab \vee \{print '11'\}$ 

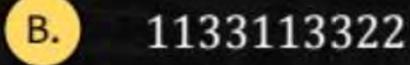
 $S \rightarrow cc \{print '2'\}$ 

 $V \rightarrow Sd \{ print '33' \}$ 

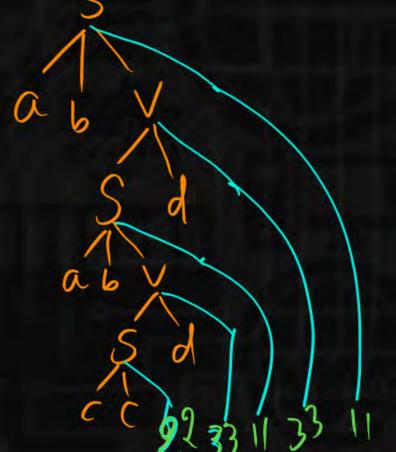
1111 // What is the translation of ababccdd using the SDT scheme described by above rules/



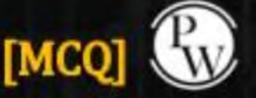
2233113311



2211331122



### Consider the following transition rules:



$$A \rightarrow BC$$

$$C \rightarrow +BC \mid A + \mid \in$$

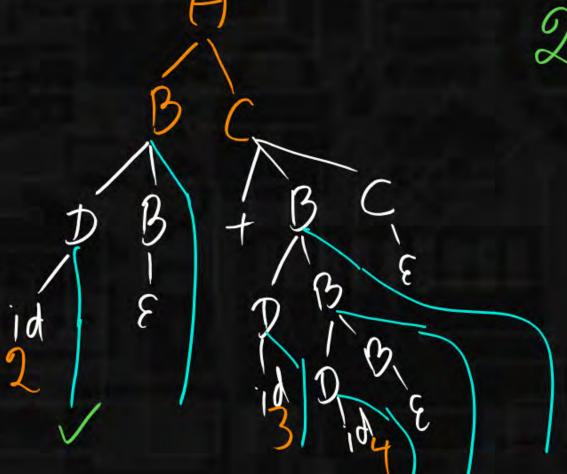
$$B \rightarrow DB \{ print '+' \} \mid \in$$

 $D \rightarrow (A)$  id {print number value}

If input is given "2 + 34" then his translation scheme will generate output.

B. 
$$+2+3+4$$

$$++2+34$$



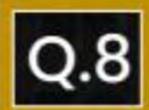


\_\_\_is performed by attaching <u>rules</u> or algorithms to production in a grammar.

[MCQ]



- A. Lexical analysis
- B. Execution
- Syntax directed translation
- D. None of these.



Consider a translation scheme is given as:

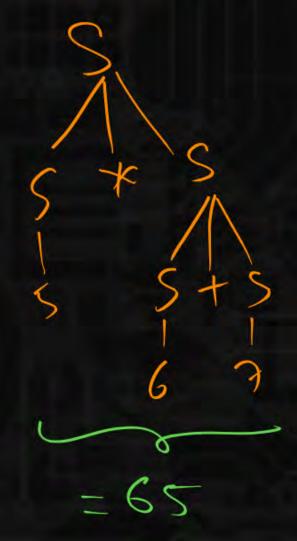
$$S \rightarrow S_1 + S_2 \{S \cdot val = S_1 \cdot val + S_2 \cdot val\}$$

$$S \rightarrow S_1 * S_2 \{S \cdot val = S_1 \cdot val * S_2 \cdot val \}$$

$$S \rightarrow id \{S \cdot val = id\}$$

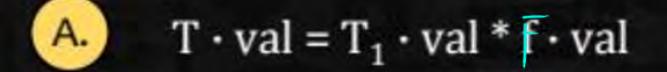
What will be the output for 5\*6+7?





Consider the given translation rules. If the expression 8 # 12 & 4 # 16 & 12 # 4 & 2 is evaluated to 512, then which of the following is correctly representing x?

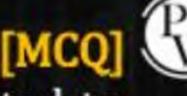
$$E \rightarrow E \# T$$
 {E·val = E1· val \* T· val}  
 $T \rightarrow T \& F$   $X$   
 $F \rightarrow id$  {F·val = id}



B. 
$$T \cdot val = T_1 \cdot val + F \cdot val$$

$$T \cdot \text{val} = T_1 \cdot \text{val} - F \cdot \text{val}$$

D. 
$$T \cdot val = T \cdot val \div f \cdot val$$



Q.10

## Consider the following SDT:

$$S \rightarrow E$$
  $\{S \cdot val = E \cdot val\}$   
 $E \rightarrow E + T$   $\{E \cdot val\} = E_1 \cdot val + T \cdot val\}$   
 $E \rightarrow T$   $\{E \cdot val\} = T \cdot val\}$   
 $T \rightarrow T \land F$   $\{T \cdot val\} = T_1 \cdot val \land F \cdot val\}$   
 $T \rightarrow F$   $\{T \cdot val\} = F \cdot val\}$ 

$$F \rightarrow (E)$$
 { $F \cdot val = E \cdot val$ }

$$F \rightarrow a$$
  $\{f \cdot val = a\}$ 

What will be the output of the expression "20 +  $8 \times 6$ "

