

# CS & IT ENGINEERING

Operating System

Deadlock

DPP 01 (Discussion Notes)



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## TOPICS TO BE COVERED

01 Question

02 Discussion

**Q.1**

Which of the following is not a hardware resource?

**[MSQ]**



- A. Semaphore ✓
- B. Files ✓
- C. Register
- D. CPU

**Q.2**

If a process request is denied by OS and it is blocked forever, then  
the process is in \_\_\_\_.

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**[MCQ]**

- A. Starvation
- B. Deadlock
- C. Ageing
- D. Blocking

**Q.3**

What are the necessary conditions for deadlock?

**[MSQ]**



- A. Mutual exclusion
- B. Hold and wait
- C. Circular wait
- D. Pre-emption

four Characteristics:

1. Mutual Exclusion
2. Hold & Wait:
3. Circular Wait
4. No Preemption



**Q.4**

Consider the following statements:

- (i) Cycle in single instance resource is sufficient and necessary condition for deadlock. **True.**
- (ii) Cycle in multi-instance resource is necessary and sufficient condition for deadlock. **False**

**[MCQ]**

Which of the following is correct?

- A. Only (i) is correct
- B. Only (ii) is correct
- C. Both (i) and (ii) are correct
- D. Both (i) and (ii) are incorrect

**Q.5**

In which deadlock handling strategy, deadlock can never occur?

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**[MSQ]**

- A. Deadlock avoidance (Banker's algorithm) ✓
- B. Deadlock recovery ✗
- C. Deadlock removal ✗
- D. Deadlock prevention ✓

**Q.6**

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Consider a system having 'n' resources. All these resources are shared between four processes  $P_0, P_1, P_2, P_3$  and each process has a demand of 6, 9, 7 and 14 respectively.

What should be the maximum value of 'n' in order to lead the system to deadlock?

**[NAT]**

Peak demands  $\Rightarrow (P_0 \ 6) (P_1 \ 9) (P_2 \ 7) (P_3 \ 14)$

$\Downarrow \quad \Downarrow \quad \Downarrow \quad \Downarrow$

5      8      6      13       $\Rightarrow$  

Q.7

Consider the following system state:

[MSQ]

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Process	Allocated	Maximum allocation
P <sub>1</sub>	2	7
P <sub>2</sub>	3	8
P <sub>3</sub>	4	6

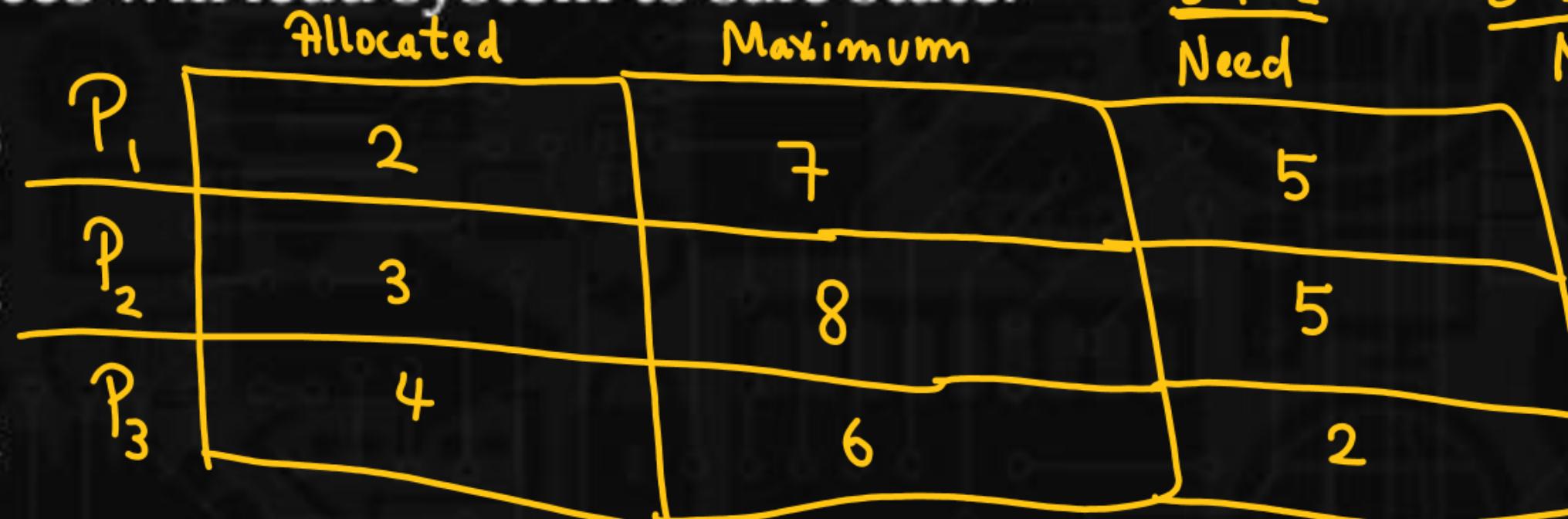
$$\text{Total} = 11 - 9$$

$$\text{Available} = \underline{\underline{2}}$$

There are total 11 resources available, which of the following sequences will lead system to safe state.

$$\underline{\underline{P_3 P_1 P_2}} \text{ OR } \underline{\underline{P_3 P_2 P_1}}$$

- A. X P<sub>1</sub> P<sub>2</sub> P<sub>3</sub>
- B. X P<sub>1</sub> P<sub>3</sub> P<sub>2</sub>
- C. ✓ P<sub>3</sub> P<sub>2</sub> P<sub>1</sub>
- D. ✓ P<sub>3</sub> P<sub>1</sub> P<sub>2</sub>

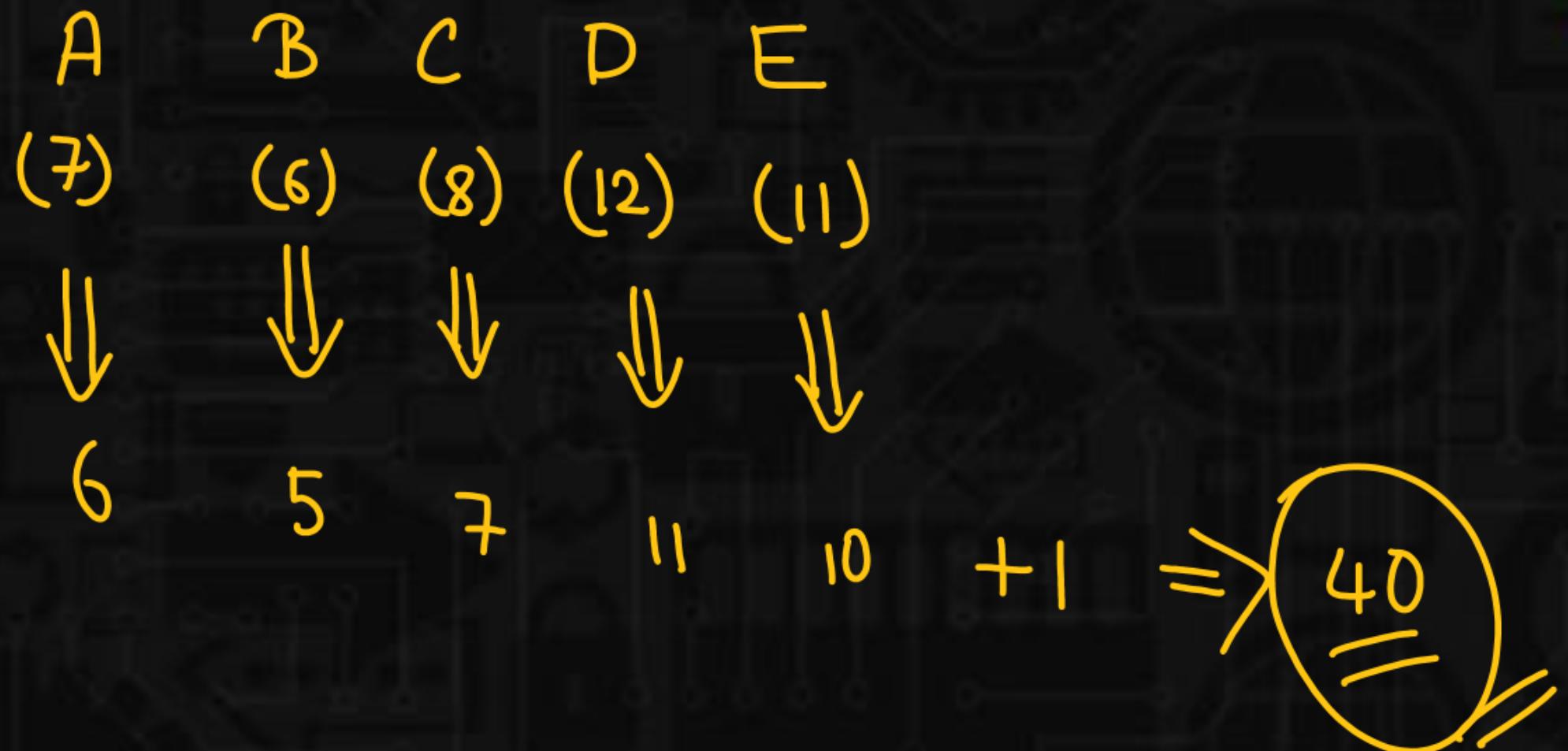


**Q.8**

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Consider a system with five processes A, B, C, D and E. The requirements of resources to complete execution by A, B, C, D and E are 7, 6, 8, 12 and 11 respectively. Then, what is the minimum number of resources required to avoid deadlock in such a system?

**[NAT]**



**Q.9**

If a system has 8 processes, each process needs maximum of 4 instances of a resources 'R', what is the maximum value of resources, so that the system is in deadlock?

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**[NAT]**

- (n) No. of processes  $\Rightarrow 8$
- (r) Maximum demand  $\Rightarrow 4$

$$n(r-1) + 1 \leq R$$

$$8(4-1) \leq R$$

*To avoid deadlock*

$$8(3) \Rightarrow R \geq 24$$

