

## Syntax

<b>Value</b>	$v ::= c \mid \lambda x.e \mid D \bar{e}$
<b>Expressions</b>	$e ::= c \mid \lambda x.e \mid x \mid D \mid e e$ $\text{case } e \text{ of } \overline{D \bar{x} \rightarrow e}$
<b>Basic Types</b>	$b ::= \text{int} \mid \text{bool}$
<b>Types</b>	$\tau ::= \{v:b \mid e\} \mid x:\tau \rightarrow \tau \mid \{v:T \bar{\tau} \mid e\}$
<b>Environment</b>	$\Gamma ::= \emptyset \mid x:\tau, \Gamma$

## Erasing

$$\begin{aligned} \llbracket \{v:b \mid e\} \rrbracket &= b \\ \llbracket x:\tau_x \rightarrow \tau \rrbracket &= \llbracket \tau_x \rrbracket \rightarrow \llbracket \tau \rrbracket \\ \llbracket \{v:T \bar{\tau} \mid e\} \rrbracket &= T \overline{\llbracket \tau \rrbracket} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \llbracket \emptyset \rrbracket &= \emptyset \\ \llbracket x:\tau, \Gamma \rrbracket &= x:\llbracket \tau \rrbracket, \llbracket \Gamma \rrbracket \end{aligned}$$

## Substitutions

$$\begin{aligned} (\{v:b \mid e\}) [e_y/y] &= \{v:b \mid e [e_y/y]\} \\ (x:\tau_x \rightarrow \tau) [e_y/y] &= x:(\tau_x [e_y/y]) \rightarrow (\tau [e_y/y]) \\ (\{v:T \bar{\tau} \mid e\}) [e_y/y] &= \left\{ v:T \overline{\tau [e_y/y]} \mid e [e_y/y] \right\} \end{aligned}$$

## Interpretations

**Definition 1.** Let  $\text{Fin}_i(\star)$  and  $\text{Valid}_i(\star)$  be predicates on expressions such that

1. For  $\emptyset \vdash e: \{v:b \mid e_r\}$  ( $\forall i. \text{Fin}_i(e) \Rightarrow \text{Valid}_i(e_r)$ ) is a “meaningful” soundness predicate.
2. For any  $x, e, e_r, \theta$ , if  $e \hookrightarrow e'$  then  $\forall i. \text{Valid}_i(\theta e_r[e'/x]) \Rightarrow \text{Valid}_i(\theta e_r[e/x])$  and  $\forall i. \text{Valid}_i(\theta e_r[e/x]) \Rightarrow \text{Valid}_i(\theta e_r[e'/x])$ .

$$\begin{aligned} \llbracket \{v:b \mid e_v\} \rrbracket &= \{e \mid \vdash e:b \wedge (\forall i. \text{Fin}_i(e) \Rightarrow \text{Valid}_i(e_v[e/v]))\} \\ \llbracket x:\tau_x \rightarrow \tau \rrbracket &= \{e \mid \vdash e:\llbracket \tau_x \rrbracket \rightarrow \llbracket \tau \rrbracket \wedge \forall e_x \in \llbracket \tau_x \rrbracket. e e_x \in \llbracket \tau [e_x/x] \rrbracket\} \\ \llbracket \{v:T \bar{\tau} \mid e_v\} \rrbracket &= \{e \mid \vdash e:\llbracket \{v:T \bar{\tau} \mid e_v\} \rrbracket \wedge (\forall i. \text{Fin}_i(e) \Rightarrow \text{Valid}_i(e_v[e/v])) \wedge \\ &\quad e \hookrightarrow^* D \bar{e} \Rightarrow \text{ty}(D) = \overline{x:\tau'} \rightarrow \{v:T \bar{\tau} \mid e_T\} \wedge e_i \in \overline{\llbracket [e_i/x_i] \tau'_i \rrbracket}\} \end{aligned}$$

ASSUMING ALL ARGUMENTS ARE COVARIANT!

## Typing

$$\begin{array}{c}
\Gamma \vdash e : \tau \\
\\
\frac{\Gamma \vdash e : \{v:b \mid e'\}}{\Gamma \vdash e : \{v:b \mid v =_b e\}} \text{ T-Ex} \\
\\
\frac{(x, \{v:b \mid e\}) \in \Gamma}{\Gamma \vdash x : \{v:b \mid v =_b x\}} \text{ T-VAR-BASE} \quad \frac{(x, \tau) \in \Gamma \quad \tau \equiv x' : \tau'_x \rightarrow \tau'}{\Gamma \vdash x : \tau} \text{ T-VAR} \\
\\
\frac{}{\Gamma \vdash c : \text{ty}(c)} \text{ T-CONST} \quad \frac{\Gamma \vdash e : \tau' \quad \Gamma \vdash \tau' \preceq \tau \quad \Gamma \vdash \tau}{\Gamma \vdash e : \tau} \text{ T-SUB} \\
\\
\frac{\Gamma, x : \tau_x \vdash e : \tau \quad \Gamma \vdash \tau_x}{\Gamma \vdash \lambda x. e : (x : \tau_x \rightarrow \tau)} \text{ T-FUN} \quad \frac{\Gamma \vdash e_1 : (x : \tau_x \rightarrow \tau) \quad \Gamma \vdash e_2 : \tau_x}{\Gamma \vdash e_1 e_2 : \tau [e_2/x]} \text{ T-APP} \\
\\
\frac{\begin{array}{c} \Gamma \vdash e : \{v:T \bar{\tau} \mid e_T\} \\ \forall i. \{\text{ty}(D_i) = \bar{x} : \bar{\tau}_D \rightarrow \{v:T \bar{\alpha} \mid e'_T\} \\ \theta_x = [y/x] \quad \theta_\alpha = [\tau/\alpha] \quad \theta = \theta_x \theta_\alpha \\ \Gamma, y : \theta \tau_D, x : \{v:T \bar{\tau} \mid e_T \wedge \theta e'_T\} \vdash e_i : \tau \end{array}}{\Gamma \vdash \text{case } e \text{ of } \bar{D}_i \bar{y}_i \rightarrow e_i : \tau} \text{ T-CASE} \\
\\
\frac{}{\Gamma \vdash D : \text{ty}(D)} \text{ T-DATA} \\
\\
\Gamma \vdash \tau \\
\\
\frac{[\Gamma], v : b \vdash_B e : \text{bool}}{\Gamma \vdash \{v:b \mid e\}} \text{ WF-BASE} \quad \frac{\Gamma \vdash \tau_x \quad \Gamma, x : \tau_x \vdash \tau}{\Gamma \vdash x : \tau_x \rightarrow \tau} \text{ WF-FUN} \\
\\
\frac{\forall i. \Gamma \vdash \tau_i \quad [\Gamma], v : [\{v:T \tau \mid e\}] \vdash_B e : \text{bool}}{\Gamma \vdash \{v:T \tau \mid e\}} \text{ WF-CON} \\
\\
\Gamma \vdash \tau \preceq \tau \\
\\
\frac{\Gamma, v : b \vdash e_1 \Rightarrow e_2}{\Gamma \vdash \{v:b \mid e_1\} \preceq \{v:b \mid e_2\}} \preceq\text{-BASE} \quad \frac{\Gamma \vdash \tau'_x \preceq \tau_x \quad \Gamma, x : \tau'_x \vdash \tau \preceq \tau'}{\Gamma \vdash x : \tau_x \rightarrow \tau \preceq x : \tau'_x \rightarrow \tau'} \preceq\text{-FUN} \\
\\
\frac{\forall i. \Gamma \vdash \tau \preceq \tau' \quad \Gamma, v : T \bar{\tau} \vdash e \Rightarrow e'}{\Gamma \vdash \{v:T \bar{\tau} \mid e\} \preceq \{v:T \bar{\tau}' \mid e'\}} \preceq\text{-CON} \\
\\
\Gamma \vdash e \Rightarrow e \\
\\
\frac{\forall \theta. \Gamma \vdash \theta \wedge \forall i. \text{Valid}_i (\theta e_1) \Rightarrow \text{Valid}_i (\theta e_2)}{\Gamma \vdash e_1 \Rightarrow e_2} \Rightarrow\text{-BASE} \\
\\
\vdash \Gamma \\
\\
\frac{\vdash \Gamma \quad \Gamma \vdash \tau}{\vdash x : \tau, \Gamma} \quad \frac{}{\vdash \emptyset} \\
\\
\Gamma \vdash \theta \\
\\
\frac{\forall x \in \text{Dom}(\Gamma). \theta(x) \in [\![\theta \Gamma(x)]\!]}{\Gamma \vdash \theta}
\end{array}$$

## Constants

**Definition 2.** For each constant  $c$ ,

1.  $\emptyset \vdash c:ty(c)$  and  $\vdash ty(c)$
2. If  $ty(c) = x:\tau_x \rightarrow \tau$ , then for each  $v$  such that  $\emptyset \vdash v:\tau_x$   $[[c]](v)$  is defined and  $\vdash [[c]](v):\tau[v/x]$
3. If  $ty(c) = \{v:b \mid e\}$ , then  $(\forall i. Fin_i(c) \Rightarrow Valid_i(e[c/v]))$  and  $\forall c' \ c' \neq c. \neg((\forall i. Fin_i(c) \Rightarrow Valid_i(e[c'/v])))$

Moreover, for any base type  $b = \bar{b}$  is a constant and

- For any expression  $e$  we have

$$\forall i. Valid_i(e =_b e)$$

- For any base type  $b$

$$ty(=_b) \equiv x:b \rightarrow y:b \rightarrow bool$$

## Semantic Typing

$$\begin{aligned} \Gamma \vdash e \in \tau &\doteq \forall \theta. \Gamma \vdash \theta \Rightarrow \theta \ e \in [[\theta \ \tau]] \\ \Gamma \vdash \tau_1 \subseteq \tau_2 &\doteq \forall \theta. \Gamma \vdash \theta \Rightarrow [[\theta \ \tau_1]] \subseteq [[\theta \ \tau_2]] \end{aligned}$$

**Lemma 1.** .

1. If  $\Gamma \vdash \tau_1 \preceq \tau_2$  then  $\Gamma \vdash \tau_1 \subseteq \tau_2$
2. If  $\Gamma \vdash e:\tau$  then  $\Gamma \vdash e \in \tau$

proved

**Lemma 2** (Substitution). If  $\Gamma \vdash e_x:\tau_x$  and  $\vdash \Gamma, x:\tau_x, \Gamma'$ , then

1. If  $\Gamma, x:\tau_x, \Gamma' \vdash \tau_1 \preceq \tau_2$  then  $\Gamma, [e_x/x] \Gamma' \vdash [e_x/x] \tau_1 \preceq [e_x/x] \tau_2$
2. If  $\Gamma, x:\tau_x, \Gamma' \vdash e:\tau$  then  $\Gamma, [e_x/x] \Gamma' \vdash [e_x/x] e:[e_x/x] \tau$
3. If  $\Gamma, x:\tau_x, \Gamma' \vdash \tau$  then  $\Gamma, [e_x/x] \Gamma' \vdash [e_x/x] \tau$

proved

**Lemma 3.** If  $\Gamma \vdash e:\tau$  then  $[\Gamma] \vdash_B e:[\tau]$ .

**Lemma 4.** If  $\vdash \Gamma$  and  $\Gamma \vdash e:\tau$  then  $\Gamma \vdash \tau$ .

proved

## Operational Semantic

$$\begin{aligned} \begin{array}{ll} e_1 \ e_2 \hookrightarrow e'_1 \ e_2 & \text{if } e_1 \hookrightarrow e'_1 \\ c \ e \hookrightarrow c \ e' & \text{if } e \hookrightarrow e' \end{array} & \quad \begin{array}{l} \lambda x. e \ e_x \hookrightarrow e \ [e_x/x] \\ c \ v \hookrightarrow [[c]](v) \end{array} \\ \begin{array}{ll} \text{case } e \ x \text{ of } \overline{D_i \ \bar{y} \rightarrow e_i} & \hookrightarrow \text{case } e' \ x \text{ of } \overline{D_i \ \bar{y} \rightarrow e_i} \quad \text{if } e \hookrightarrow e' \\ \text{case } D_j \ e' \ x \text{ of } \overline{D_i \ \bar{y} \rightarrow e_i} & \hookrightarrow e_j \ [e'_i/y_i] \end{array} \end{aligned}$$

## Soundness

**Lemma 5.** *If  $e \hookrightarrow e'$  then  $\Gamma \vdash \tau[e'/x] \preceq \tau[e/x]$ .*

proved

**Lemma 6** (Preservation). *If  $\emptyset \vdash e:\tau$  and  $e \hookrightarrow e'$  then  $\emptyset \vdash e':\tau$ .*

proved

**Lemma 7** (Progress). *If  $\emptyset \vdash e:\tau$  and  $e \neq v$  then there exists an  $e'$  such that  $e \hookrightarrow e'$ .*

proved

## Interpretations

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Fin}(e) &\doteq \exists v. e \hookrightarrow^* v \\ \text{Valid}(e) &\Leftrightarrow e \hookrightarrow^* v \Rightarrow e \hookrightarrow^* \text{true} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{array}{ll} \llbracket x \rrbracket = x & \llbracket \lambda x. e \rrbracket = f \\ \llbracket c \rrbracket = c & \llbracket e_1 \ e_2 \rrbracket = \llbracket e_1 \rrbracket (\llbracket e_2 \rrbracket) \end{array}$$

**Claim 1.**

$$\left\{ \bigwedge_{(x, \{b:v|e\}) \in \Gamma} (\text{Fin}(x) \Rightarrow \llbracket e[x/v] \rrbracket) \Rightarrow \llbracket e_1 \rrbracket \Rightarrow \llbracket e_2 \rrbracket \right\} \Rightarrow \{\Gamma \vdash e_1 \Rightarrow e_2\}$$