#### Gradual Liquid Types

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fast type checking & inference for

Refinement Types

```
(/) :: Int -> {v:Int | 0 < v } -> Int

Basic Type Refinement
```

```
(/) :: Int -> {v | 0 < v } -> Int
```

Simplification

```
(/) :: Int -> {v | 0 < v } -> Int isPos :: Int -> Bool
```

```
divIf :: Int -> Int
divIf x = if isPos x then 1/x else 1/(1-x)
```

Q: What is a refinement type for divIf?

A: Let's ask Liquid Inference!

```
(/) :: Int -> {v | 0 < v } -> Int isPos :: Int -> Bool
```

```
divIf :: x:{Int | false } -> {Int | false }
divIf x = if isPos x then 1/x else 1/(1-x)
```

**Problem:** Inferred type for divIf insensible!

```
divIf :: x:{Int | 0 < x } -> {Int | true }
divIf x = if isPos x then 1/x else 1/(1-x)
```

```
client = divIf 42
```

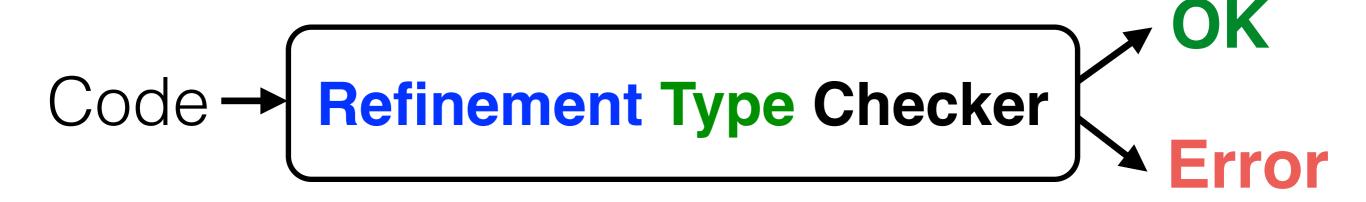
**Problem:** Inferred type for divIf insensible!

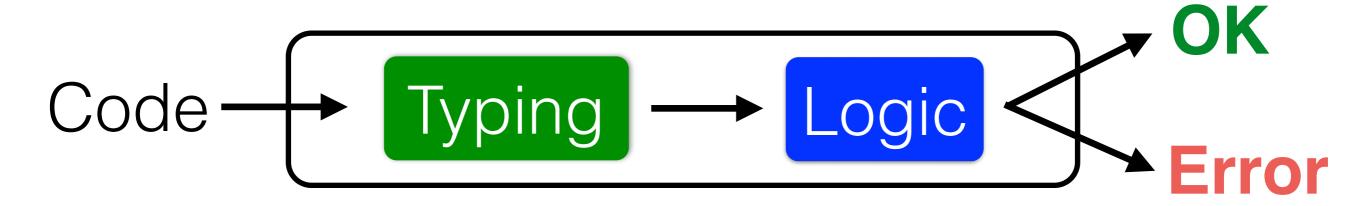
Worse: Inferred type is non-modular!

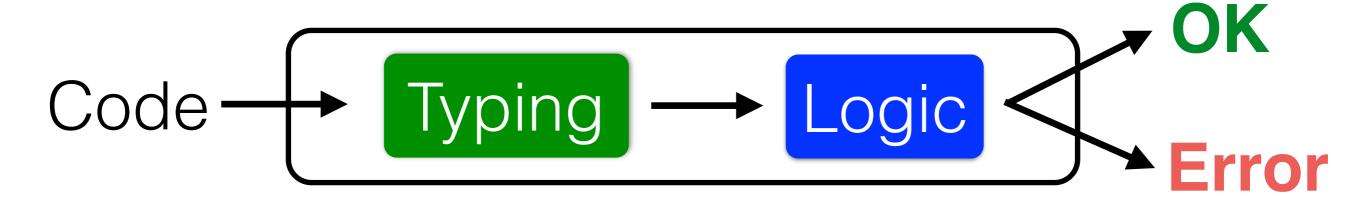
**Problem:** To understand errors ... you need to know how inference works!

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Let's start by how refinement types work!







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(/) :: Int -> {v:Int | 0 < v } -> Int
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x:Int,b:\{b|b\Leftrightarrow 0< x, b\} | -\{v|v=x\} <: \{v|0< v\} 
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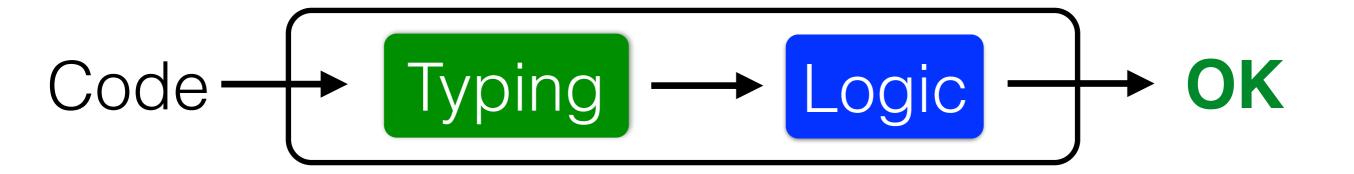
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```

### Code — Typing — Logic

```
x:Int,b:\{b|b\Leftrightarrow 0< x, b\} \mid -\{v|v=x\} <: \{v|0< v\} 
 x:Int,b:\{b|b\Leftrightarrow 0< x, \neg b\} \mid -\{v|v=1-x\} <: \{v|0< v\}
```

```
true, b\Leftrightarrow 0< x, b=> v=x=> 0< v
true, b\Leftrightarrow 0< x, \neg b=> v=1-x=> 0< v
```



true, 
$$b\Leftrightarrow 0< x$$
,  $b \Rightarrow 0< x$   $\Rightarrow v=x \Rightarrow 0< v$  true,  $b\Leftrightarrow 0< x$ ,  $\Rightarrow v=1-x \Rightarrow 0< v$ 

```
(/) :: Int -> \{v: | 10 < v \} -> Int isPos :: x:Int -> \{b | b \Leftrightarrow 0 < x \} divIf x = if isPos x then 1/x else 1/(1-x)
```

```
(/) :: Int -> {v:Int | 0 < v } -> Int

isPos :: x:Int -> {b | b \Leftrightarrow 0 < x }

divIf x = if isPos x then 1/x else 1/(1-x)

x: \{0 < x\}^* x: \{x \le 0\}^*
```

What if isPos is not verified?

```
(/) :: Int -> {v:Int | 0 < v } -> Int

divIf x = if isPos x then 1/x else 1/(1-x)

x: \{0 < x\}^*
x: \{x \le 0\}^*
```

What if isPos is not verified?

```
(/) :: Int -> {v:Int | 0 < v } -> Int divIf :: x:{Int | ? } -> Int divIf x = if isPos x then 1/x else 1/(1-x) x:{0<x}^* x:{x\le 0}^*
```

What if isPos is not verified?

Is there a type for x that makes divIf OK?

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```
divIf :: x:{Int | ? } -> Int
divIf x = if isPos x then 1/x else 1/(1-x)
x:{0<x}* x:{x\le 0}*
```

For every occurrence of x,
there exists a predicate p, so that
x:{Int | p x }

#### Gradual Refinement Types

For every occurrence of x, there exists a predicate p, so that

```
x:\{Int \mid p \mid x \}
```

### Code→ Gradual Refinement Type Checker Error

```
divIf :: x:\{Int \mid ? \} \rightarrow Int
divIf x = if isPos x then 1/x else 1/(1-x)
```

```
divIf :: x:\{Int \mid ? \} \rightarrow Int
divIf x = if isPos x then 1/x else 1/(1-x)
```

```
x:\{x|?\},b:\{b|b\}\}-\{v|v=x\}<:\{v|0<v\}
 x:\{x|?\},b:\{b|\neg b\}\}-\{v|v=1-x\}<:\{v|0<v\}
```

### Code Typing + Gradual

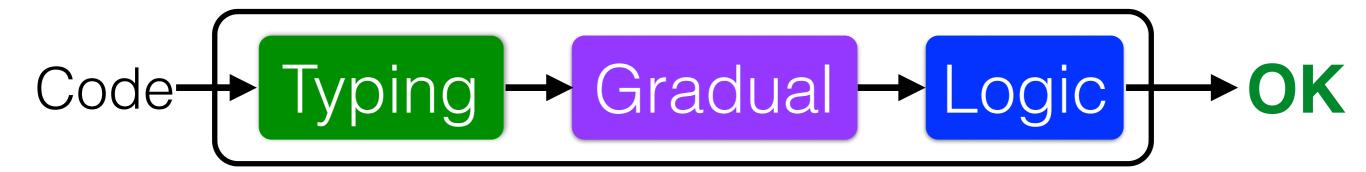
```
x:\{x| ? \},b:\{b|b\} | -\{v|v=x\} <: \{v|0<v\} 
 x:\{x| ? \},b:\{b|-b\} | -\{v|v=1-x\} <: \{v|0<v\}
```

$$\exists p. p x, b => v = x => 0 < v$$
 $\exists p. p x, \neg b => v = 1-x => 0 < v$ 

$$\exists p. p x, \neg b$$

$$=> V = 1-X => 0$$

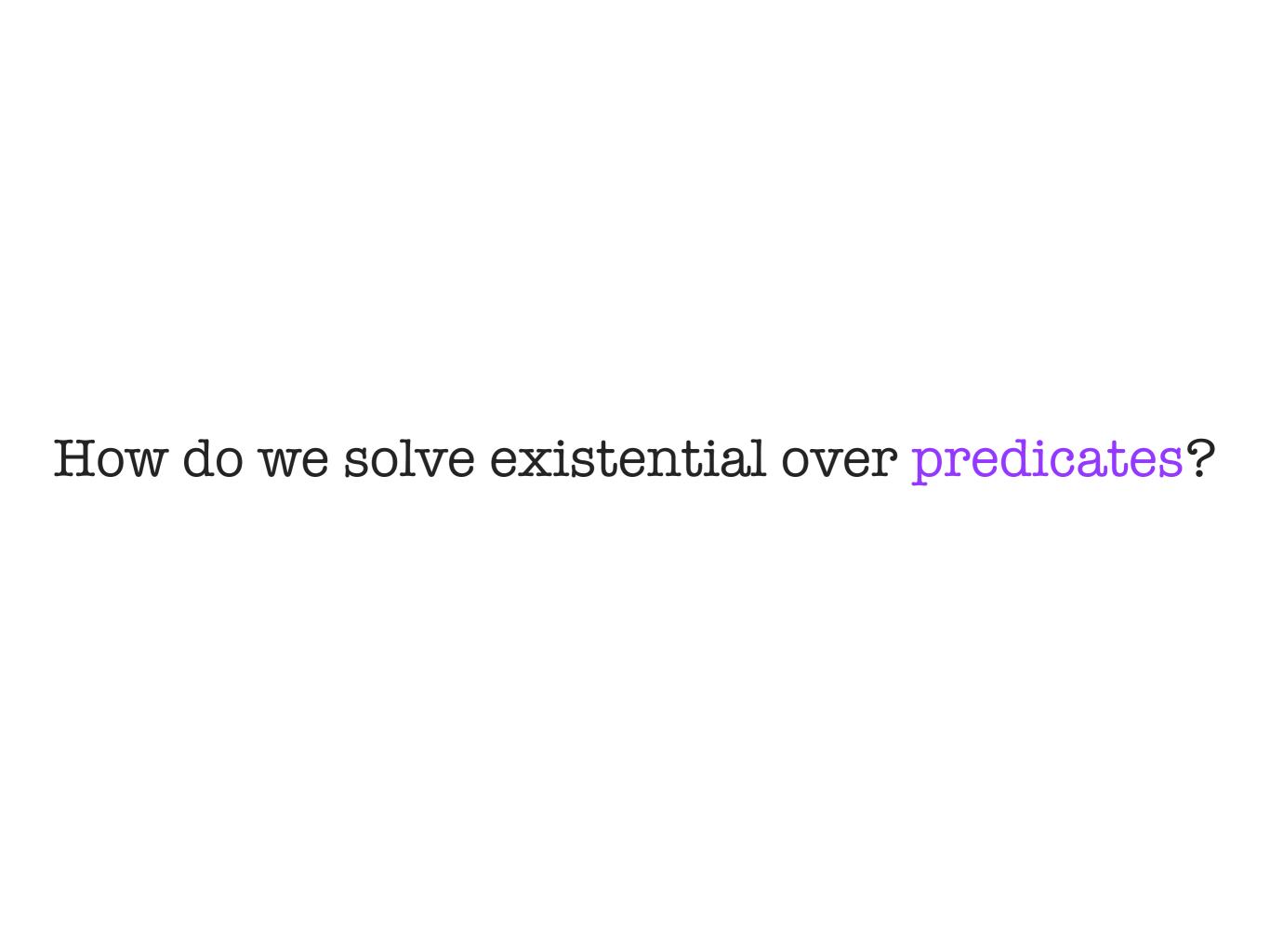
$$\vee = \rangle$$



$$0 < x$$
, b =>  $v = x$  =>  $0 < v$   
 $x \le 0$ ,  $\neg b$  =>  $v = 1 - x$  =>  $0 < v$ 

```
Code Typing - Gradual - Logic - OK
```

How do we solve existential over predicates?



#### Gradual Refinement Types

#### In Theory \*

How do we solve existential over predicates?

#### In Practise

\*Lehmann & Tanter [POPL'16]

How do we solve existential over predicates?

**Problem:** Domain of predicates is infinite

$$p \in \{ 0 < x, x \le 0, b \Leftrightarrow 0 < x, b, \neg b, ... \}$$

How do we solve existential over predicates?

**Problem:** Domain of predicates is infinite

Solution: Predicates over finite domain

$$p \in \{ 0 < x, x \le 0, b \Leftrightarrow 0 < x, b, \neg b \}$$

#### Predicates over finite domain

# Liquid Types

Application: Type Inference

```
isPos :: x:Int-> {b:Bool | p b }
isPos x = 0 < x
divIf x = if isPos x then 1/x else 1/(1-x)</pre>
```

Solution for p so that divIf is OK?

```
isPos :: x:Int-> {b:Bool | p b }
isPos x = 0 < x
divIf x = if isPos x then 1/x else 1/(1-x)</pre>
```

```
x:Int |-\{v|v=0<x\}\} <: \{v|p v\} x:Int,b:\{b|p b, b\} |-\{v|v=x\}\} <: \{v|0<v\} x:Int,b:\{b|p b, \neg b\} |-\{v|v=1-x\}\} <: \{v|0<v\}
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```

$$p \lor \in \{ \emptyset < \lor, \lor \le \emptyset, \lor \Leftrightarrow \emptyset < x, \lor, \neg \lor \}$$

$$p \lor \in \{ 0 \lt \lor, \lor \le 0, \lor \Leftrightarrow 0 \lt x, \lor, \neg \lor \}$$

```
x:Int I - \{v|v=0 < x\} < : \{v|p v\} x:Int,b:\{b|p b, b\} | - \{v|v = x\} < : \{v|0 < v\} x:Int,b:\{b|p b, \neg b\} | - \{v|v = 1-x\} < : \{v|0 < v\}
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$$p \lor \in \{ 0 < \lor, \lor \le 0, \lor \Leftrightarrow \emptyset < x, \lor, \neg \lor \}$$

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```

$$p \lor \in \{ 0 \lt \lor, \lor \le 0, \lor \Leftrightarrow \emptyset \lt x, \lor, \neg \lor \}$$

$$p \lor = 0 < \lor, \lor \le 0, \lor \Leftrightarrow 0 < x \lor, \neg \lor$$

```
isPos :: x:Int-> {b:Bool | p b }
isPos x = 0 < x
divIf x = if isPos x then 1/x else 1/(1-x)</pre>
```

$$p \lor = \lor \Leftrightarrow \emptyset < x$$

```
isPos :: x:Int-> {b:Bool | p b }
isPos x = 0 < x
divIf x = if isPos x then 1/x else 1/(1-x)</pre>
```

$$p \ V = V \Leftrightarrow \emptyset < X$$

there exists a predicate p, so that for every occurrence of b, b:{Bool | p b }

```
isPos :: x:Int-> {b:Bool | p b }
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x:\{x|?\},b:\{b|b\}|-\{v|v=x\}<:\{v|0< v\}
 x:\{x|?\},b:\{b|-b\}|-\{v|v=1-x\}<:\{v|0< v\}
```

```
divIf :: x:\{Int \mid ? \} \rightarrow Int
divIf x = if isPos x then 1/x else 1/(1-x)
```

```
x:\{x \mid p_1\}, b:\{b \mid b\} \mid -\{v \mid v=x\} <: \{v \mid 0 < v\} 
 x:\{x \mid p_2\}, b:\{b \mid \neg b\} \mid -\{v \mid v=1-x\} <: \{v \mid 0 < v\}
```

```
x:\{x \mid p_1\},b:\{b \mid b\} \mid -\{v \mid v=x\} <: \{v \mid 0 < v\} \\ x:\{x \mid p_2\},b:\{b \mid \neg b\} \mid -\{v \mid v=1-x\} <: \{v \mid 0 < v\} \\
```

$$p_1 \lor \in \{0 < \lor, \lor \le 0, \lor \Leftrightarrow 0 < x, \lor, \neg \lor \}$$
 $p_2 \lor \in \{0 < \lor, \lor \le 0, \lor \Leftrightarrow 0 < x, \lor, \neg \lor \}$ 

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```

$$p_1 \lor \in \{0 < \lor, \lor \le 0, \lor \Leftrightarrow 0 < x, \lor, \neg \lor \}$$
 $p_2 \lor \in \{0 < \lor, \lor \le 0, \lor \Leftrightarrow 0 < x, \lor, \neg \lor \}$ 

For every occurrence of x, there exists a predicate p, so that x:{Int | p x }

#### In Theory

How do we solve existential over predicates? Exhaustive search over finite domain.

#### In Practise

Exhaustive search over finite domain.

In Practise

Advantage: Type Inference

Type Inference

```
x_1:\{?\},...,x_n:\{0 < x_n\} \mid - \{v \mid true\} <: \{v \mid r_1\}
y_1:\{r_1\},...,y_n:\{?\} \mid - \{v \mid ?\} > <: \{v \mid v < 0\}
```

For every gradual solution

If there exists a static solution

then return OK

return Error

Exhaustive search over finite domain.

In Practise

Advantage: Type Inference

Exhaustive search over finite domain.

#### In Practise

Advantage: Type Inference

Disadvantage: A lot of extra work

How do we solve existential over predicates? Exhaustive search over finite domain.

Disadvantage: A lot of extra work

Side-Effect: Certificate Generation

Application: Error Reporting

#### Application: Error Reporting

```
(!!) :: xs:[a]-> {Int| ? } -> a

(x:xs) !! 0 = x
(x:xs) !! i = xs !! (i-1)
_ !! _ = error "Out of bounds!"
```

#### Application: Error Reporting

```
(!!) :: xs:[a]-> {Intl ?} -> a

(x:xs) !! 0 = x
(x:xs) !! i = xs !! (i-1)
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```

Q: Give me all the certificates

A: Demo

Application: Error Reporting

#### In Theory

How do we solve existential over predicates? Exhaustive search over finite domain.

#### In Practise

Advantage: Type Inference

Application: Error Reporting

Thanks!