Project 2 Codebook

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Table 1 presents an overall summary statistics of patients' baseline characteristics by their behavioral and pharmacological treatment assignment. Since our study is a 2×2 , factorial, randomized, placebo-controlled trial, patients are randomly assigned to either behavioral activation for smoking cessation group (BASC) or standard behavioral treatment group (ST) and either varenicline or placebo blister pack. Patients can be categorized into four treatment arm groups: BASC + placebo, BASC + varenicline, ST + placebo, and ST + varenicline. Seeing from Table 1, the two placebo groups both have 68 obervations while the two varenicline groups both have 83 observations.

Most variables are evenly distributed across the four treatment arms, which reflects successful randomization in this factorial trial. However, a few key factors, such as socioeconomic indicators (income and education) and specific mental health variables (MDD status, DSM-5 diagnoses), exhibit slight variations that may influence outcomes. Notably, treatment arms with varenicline show higher abstinence rates than placebo groups, suggesting the potential efficacy of this pharmacotherapy in combination with behavioral interventions. While many baseline characteristics are evenly distributed across groups, some may still function as moderators, potentially interacting with treatment assignment to affect abstinence success.

Table 1: Participant Characteristics by Treatment Arm

Characteristic	Behavioral and Pharmacological Treatment Assignment						
	BASC + placebo N = 68	$\begin{array}{c} { m BASC} + \\ { m varenicline} \\ { m N} = 83 \end{array}$	ST + placebo N = 68	ST + varenicline $N = 81$	Overall $N = 300$		
Smoking abstinence	4 (5.9%)	26 (31%)	8 (12%)	26 (32%)	64 (21%)		
Age	51 (14)	50 (13)	50 (11)	49 (13)	50 (13)		
Sex							
Male	30 (44%)	39 (47%)	29 (43%)	37 (46%)	135 (45%)		
Female	38 (56%)	44 (53%)	39 (57%)	44 (54%)	165 (55%)		
Income							
Less than \$20,000	25 (37%)	30 (37%)	26 (38%)	29 (36%)	110 (37%)		
\$20,000-35,000	16 (24%)	17 (21%)	14 (21%)	21 (26%)	68 (23%)		
\$35,001-50,000	8 (12%)	13 (16%)	14 (21%)	11 (14%)	46 (15%)		
\$50,001-75,000	12 (18%)	12 (15%)	8 (12%)	6 (7.5%)	38 (13%)		
More than \$75,000	6 (9.0%)	10 (12%)	6 (8.8%)	13 (16%)	35 (12%)		
Missing	1	1	0	1	3		
Education							
Grade School	1 (1.5%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	1 (0.3%)		
Some high school	3 (4.4%)	7 (8.4%)	2 (2.9%)	4 (4.9%)	16 (5.3%)		
High school graduate or	23 (34%)	15 (18%)	11 (16%)	27 (33%)	76 (25%)		
GED							
Some college/technical	22 (32%)	32 (39%)	38 (56%)	24 (30%)	116 (39%)		
school	, ,	, ,	, ,	, ,	, ,		
College graduate	19 (28%)	29 (35%)	17 (25%)	26 (32%)	91 (30%)		
FTCD score	5(2)	5 (2)	5 (2)	5(2)	5(2)		
Missing	0	0	1	0	1		
Smoking within 5 mins	32 (47%)	33 (40%)	35 (51%)	38 (47%)	138 (46%)		
of waking up	, ,	, ,	, ,	. ,	, ,		
BDI score	19 (12)	18 (11)	18 (11)	20 (12)	19 (11)		
Cigarettes smoked per	16 (9)	16 (9)	15 (7)	14 (7)	15 (8)		
day	. ,	. ,	. ,	` ,	. ,		
Cigarette reward value	7 (4)	7 (4)	7 (4)	7 (3)	7 (4)		
Missing	ì	3	8	6	18		
Pleasurable events (substitute reinforcers)	23 (20)	23 (19)	21 (20)	23 (19)	23 (20)		

Table 1: Participant Characteristics by Treatment Arm (continued)

Characteristic	Behavioral and Pharmacological Treatment Assignment						
	BASC + placeb N = 68	ooBASC + vareni N = 83	cliffie + placebo N = 68	ST + varenicline N = 81	Overall N = 300		
Pleasurable events	28 (22)	22 (17)	27 (20)	25 (19)	25 (19)		
(complementary							
reinforcers)							
Anhedonia	2(3)	2(3)	3 (3)	2(3)	2(3)		
Missing	2	0	1	0	3		
Other lifetime DSM-5	35 (51%)	30 (36%)	28 (41%)	40 (49%)	133 (44%)		
diagnosis							
Taking antidepressant	28 (41%)	24 (29%)	15 (22%)	15 (19%)	82 (27%)		
Current vs. past MDD							
Past MDD	36 (53%)	43~(52%)	37 (54%)	37~(46%)	153 (51%)		
Current MDD	32 (47%)	40 (48%)	31 (46%)	44 (54%)	147 (49%)		
Nicotine metabolism	0.34(0.18)	0.38 (0.25)	0.37(0.27)	0.36 (0.21)	0.36 (0.23		
ratio							
Missing	7	3	2	9	21		
Exclusive mentholated	40 (59%)	48 (59%)	43 (64%)	47 (58%)	178 (60%)		
cigarette user							
Missing	0	1	1	0	2		
Readiness to quit	7 (1)	7 (1)	7 (1)	7 (1)	7 (1)		
smoking							
Missing	4	5	4	4	17		
Race							
Black	37 (54%)	37 (45%)	40 (59%)	43 (53%)	157 (52%)		
Hispanic	4 (5.9%)	3(3.6%)	4 (5.9%)	5(6.2%)	16 (5.3%)		
Non-Hispanic White	24 (35%)	34 (41%)	22 (32%)	25 (31%)	105 (35%)		
Other	3 (4.4%)	9 (11%)	2(2.9%)	8 (9.9%)	22 (7.3%)		

To further investigate the variation among groups, we generate a series of stacked bar plots to illustrate the proportions of several key categorical variables by abstinence status and treatment arms, along with distribution plots for selected continuous variables. We can examine potential differences in these baseline characteristics across treatment and abstinence outcomes, understanding how these factors would influence or interact with our treatment effectiveness.

Figure 1: Baseline Characteristics by Abstinence Status and Treatment Group

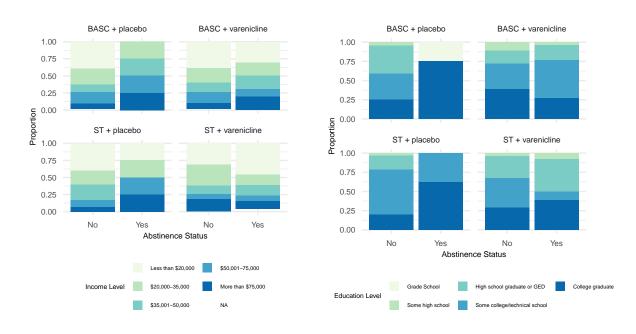


Figure 2: Race by Abstinence Status and Treatment Group

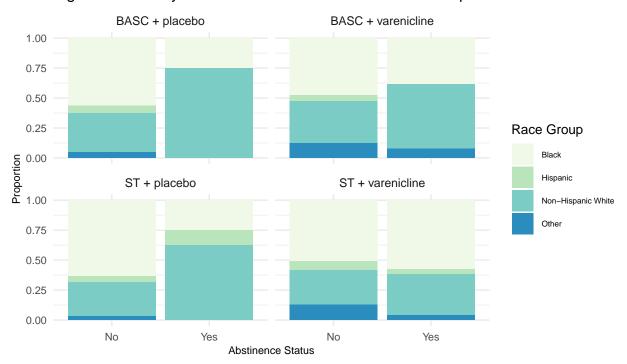


Figure 1: Baseline Characteristics by Abstinence Status and Treatment Group

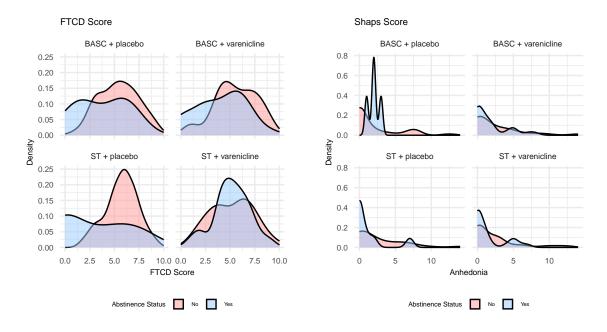


Figure : Baseline Characteristics by Abstinence Status and Treatment Group

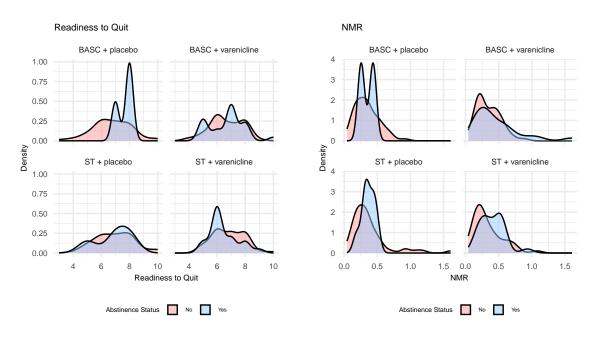
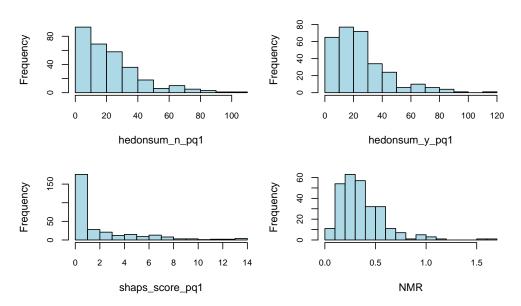
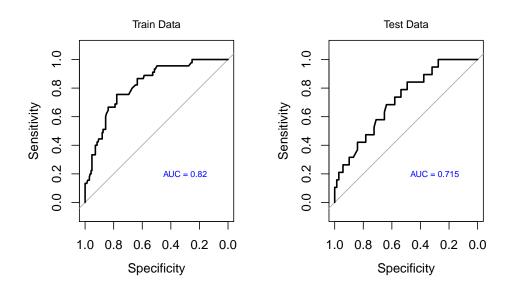
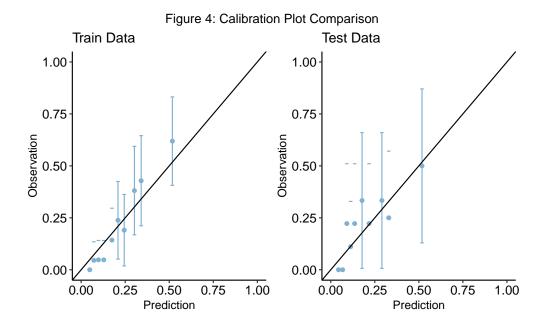


Figure: Distribution of Skewed Variables (Before Transformation)



Area under the curve: 0.8204





Appendix

```
knitr::opts_chunk$set(echo = FALSE, warning = FALSE, message = FALSE)
# load necessary packages
library(tidyverse)
library(mice)
library(gt)
library(gtsummary)
library(kableExtra)
library(RColorBrewer)
library(scico)
library(caret)
library(glmnet)
library(pROC)
library(predtools)
library(gridExtra)
library(ggpubr)
library(patchwork)
# set working directory
# setwd("C:/Users/yingx/OneDrive/Desktop/Fall 2024/PHP 2550/Data/")
# Mac
setwd("~/Desktop/Fall 2024/PHP 2550/Data/")
# read in data
data <- read.csv("project2.csv")</pre>
data[, c("abst", "Var", "BA", "sex_ps", "NHW",
         "Black", "Hisp", "inc", "edu", "ftcd.5.mins",
         "otherdiag", "antidepmed", "mde_curr",
         "Only.Menthol")] <- lapply(data[, c("abst", "Var", "BA", "sex_ps", "NHW",
                                              "Black", "Hisp", "inc", "edu",
                                              "ftcd.5.mins", "otherdiag", "antidepmed",
                                              "mde curr", "Only.Menthol")], as.factor)
# Recode factor levels in the dataset
averaged_data_factor <- data %>%
  mutate(abst = fct_recode(as.factor(abst), "Yes" = "1", "No" = "0"),
         inc = fct_recode(as.factor(inc),
                          "Less than $20,000" = "1",
                          "$20,000-35,000" = "2",
                          "$35,001-50,000" = "3",
                          "$50,001-75,000" = "4",
                          "More than $75,000" = "5"),
         sex_ps = fct_recode(as.factor(sex_ps), "Male" = "1", "Female" = "2"),
         edu = fct_recode(as.factor(edu),
                          "Grade School" = "1",
                          "Some high school" = "2",
                          "High school graduate or GED" = "3",
                          "Some college/technical school" = "4",
                          "College graduate" = "5"),
         ftcd.5.mins = fct_recode(as.factor(ftcd.5.mins), "Yes" = "1", "No" = "0"),
```

```
otherdiag = fct_recode(as.factor(otherdiag), "Yes" = "1", "No" = "0"),
         antidepmed = fct_recode(as.factor(antidepmed), "Yes" = "1", "No" = "0"),
         mde_curr = fct_recode(as.factor(mde_curr), "Current MDD" = "1", "Past MDD" = "0"),
         Only.Menthol = fct_recode(as.factor(Only.Menthol), "Yes" = "1", "No" = "0"),
         race = case_when(Black == 1 ~ "Black",
                          Hisp == 1 ~ "Hispanic";
                          NHW == 1 ~ "Non-Hispanic White",
                          TRUE ~ "Other"),
         trt = case_when(Var == 1 & BA == 1 ~ "BASC + varenicline",
                         Var == 0 & BA == 1 ~ "BASC + placebo",
                         Var == 1 & BA == 0 ~ "ST + varenicline",
                         Var == 0 & BA == 0 ~ "ST + placebo",
                         TRUE ~ NA_character_))
averaged_data_factor <- averaged_data_factor %>%
  mutate(inc = fct_relevel(inc, "Less than $20,000", "$20,000-35,000",
                           "$35,001-50,000", "$50,001-75,000", "More than $75,000"),
         edu = fct_relevel(edu, "Grade School", "Some high school", "High school graduate or GED",
                           "Some college/technical school", "College graduate"))
# Now create the summary table
summary_table <- averaged_data_factor %>%
  select(-c("id", "Var", "BA", "Black", "Hisp", "NHW")) %>%
  tbl_summary(by = trt, label = list(abst ~ "Smoking abstinence",
                                     race ~ "Race",
                                     age_ps ~ "Age",
                                     sex_ps ~ "Sex",
                                     inc ~ "Income",
                                     edu ~ "Education",
                                     ftcd_score ~ "FTCD score",
                                     ftcd.5.mins ~ "Smoking within 5 mins of waking up",
                                     bdi_score_w00 ~ "BDI score",
                                     cpd_ps ~ "Cigarettes smoked per day",
                                     crv_total_pq1 ~ "Cigarette reward value",
                                     hedonsum_n_pq1 ~ "Pleasurable events (substitute reinforcers)",
                                     hedonsum_y_pq1 ~ "Pleasurable events (complementary reinforcers)",
                                     shaps_score_pq1 ~ "Anhedonia",
                                     otherdiag ~ "Other lifetime DSM-5 diagnosis",
                                     antidepmed ~ "Taking antidepressant",
                                     mde_curr ~ "Current vs. past MDD",
                                     NMR ~ "Nicotine metabolism ratio",
                                     Only.Menthol ~ "Exclusive mentholated cigarette user",
                                     readiness ~ "Readiness to quit smoking"),
              type = list(readiness ~ "continuous"),
              statistic = all_continuous() ~ "{mean} ({sd})",
              missing = "ifany",
              missing_text = "Missing") %>%
  add_overall(last = TRUE) %>%
  modify_spanning_header(update = all_stat_cols() ~ "**Behavioral and Pharmacological Treatment Assignm
  modify_footnote(update = all_stat_cols() ~ "Mean (SD) for continuous; n (%) for categorical") %>%
  bold_labels()
summary_table %>%
```

```
as_kable_extra(booktabs = TRUE, caption = "Participant Characteristics by Treatment Arm",
                 longtable = TRUE, linesep = "") %>%
  kableExtra::kable_styling(font_size = 7,
                            latex_options = c("repeat_header", "HOLD_position", "scale_down"))%>%
  column_spec(1, width = "3.5cm") %>%
  column_spec(2, width = "2cm") %>%
  column_spec(3, width = "2cm") %>%
  column spec(4, width = "2cm") %>%
  column spec(5, width = "2cm") %>%
  column_spec(6, width = "2cm") %>%
  row_spec(0, bold = TRUE, font_size = 7)
a <- ggplot(averaged_data_factor, aes(x = abst, fill = inc)) +
  geom_bar(position = "fill") +
  facet_wrap(~ trt) +
  labs(x = "Abstinence Status",
       y = "Proportion",
       fill = "Income Level") +
  theme_minimal() +
  scale_fill_brewer(palette = "GnBu") +
  theme(axis.title = element_text(size = 6),
        title = element_text(size = 6),
        axis.text = element_text(size = 6),
        legend.title = element_text(size = 5),
        legend.text = element_text(size = 4),
        legend.key.size = unit(0.3, "cm"),
        legend.position = "bottom",
        strip.text = element text(size = 6)) +
  guides(fill = guide_legend(nrow = 3))
b <- ggplot(averaged_data_factor, aes(x = abst, fill = edu)) +</pre>
  geom_bar(position = "fill") +
  facet_wrap(~ trt) +
  labs(x = "Abstinence Status",
       y = "Proportion",
       fill = "Education Level") +
  theme_minimal() +
  scale_fill_brewer(palette = "GnBu") +
  theme(axis.title = element text(size = 6),
        title = element_text(size = 6),
        axis.text = element_text(size = 6),
        legend.title = element_text(size = 5),
        legend.text = element_text(size = 4),
        legend.key.size = unit(0.3, "cm"),
        legend.position = "bottom",
        strip.text = element_text(size = 6)) +
  guides(fill = guide_legend(nrow = 2))
combined_plot <- (wrap_elements(panel = a + theme(legend.position = "bottom")) /</pre>
                  wrap_elements(panel = b + theme(legend.position = "bottom"))) +
  plot_layout(ncol = 2, guides = 'collect') +
  plot_annotation(title = "Figure 1: Baseline Characteristics by Abstinence Status and Treatment Group"
                  theme = theme(plot.title = element_text(size = 8, hjust = 0.5)))
```

```
combined_plot <- combined_plot & theme(plot.margin = margin(10, 10, 10),</pre>
                                       legend.position = c(0.5, 0.1))
combined_plot
ggplot(averaged_data_factor, aes(x = abst, fill = race)) +
  geom_bar(position = "fill") +
 facet wrap(~ trt) +
 labs(title = "Figure 2: Race by Abstinence Status and Treatment Group",
       x = "Abstinence Status",
       y = "Proportion",
       fill = "Race Group") +
  theme minimal() +
  scale_fill_brewer(palette = "GnBu") +
  theme(axis.title = element_text(size = 8),
        title = element_text(size = 10),
        axis.text = element_text(size = 8),
        legend.text = element_text(size = 6))
ftcd_score_plot <- ggplot(averaged_data_factor, aes(x = ftcd_score, fill = abst)) +</pre>
  geom_density(alpha = 0.5) +
  facet_wrap(~ trt) +
  labs(title = "FTCD Score",
       x = "FTCD Score",
       y = "Density",
       fill = "Abstinence Status") +
  theme minimal() +
  scale fill manual(values = c("No" = "#FF9999", "Yes" = "#99CCFF")) +
  theme(axis.title = element_text(size = 6),
        title = element_text(size = 6),
        axis.text = element_text(size = 6),
       legend.title = element_text(size = 5),
        legend.text = element_text(size = 4),
        legend.key.size = unit(0.3, "cm"),
        legend.position = "bottom",
        strip.text = element_text(size = 6))
shaps_score_pq1_plot <- ggplot(averaged_data_factor, aes(x = shaps_score_pq1, fill = abst)) +</pre>
  geom_density(alpha = 0.5) +
  facet_wrap(~ trt) +
  labs(title = "Shaps Score",
       x = "Anhedonia",
       y = "Density",
       fill = "Abstinence Status") +
  theme minimal() +
  scale_fill_manual(values = c("No" = "#FF9999", "Yes" = "#99CCFF")) +
  theme(axis.title = element_text(size = 6),
        title = element_text(size = 6),
        axis.text = element_text(size = 6),
        legend.title = element_text(size = 5),
        legend.text = element_text(size = 4),
        legend.key.size = unit(0.3, "cm"),
        legend.position = "bottom",
        strip.text = element_text(size = 6))
```

```
combined_plot2 <- (wrap_elements(panel = ftcd_score_plot + theme(legend.position = "bottom")) /</pre>
                  wrap_elements(panel = shaps_score_pq1_plot + theme(legend.position = "bottom"))) +
  plot_layout(ncol = 2, guides = 'collect') +
  plot annotation(title = "Figure 1: Baseline Characteristics by Abstinence Status and Treatment Group"
                  theme = theme(plot.title = element_text(size = 8, hjust = 0.5)))
combined_plot2 <- combined_plot2 & theme(plot.margin = margin(10, 10, 10),
                                       legend.position = c(0.5, 0.1))
combined_plot2
readiness_plot <- ggplot(averaged_data_factor, aes(x = readiness, fill = abst)) +
  geom_density(alpha = 0.5) +
  facet_wrap(~ trt) +
  labs(title = "Readiness to Quit",
      x = "Readiness to Quit",
       y = "Density",
      fill = "Abstinence Status") +
  theme_minimal() +
  scale_fill_manual(values = c("No" = "#FF9999", "Yes" = "#99CCFF")) +
  theme(axis.title = element_text(size = 6),
        title = element_text(size = 6),
        axis.text = element_text(size = 6),
        legend.title = element_text(size = 5),
        legend.text = element_text(size = 4),
       legend.key.size = unit(0.3, "cm"),
        legend.position = "bottom",
        strip.text = element_text(size = 6))
NMR_plot <- ggplot(averaged_data_factor, aes(x = NMR, fill = abst)) +</pre>
  geom_density(alpha = 0.5) +
  facet_wrap(~ trt) +
  labs(title = "NMR",
      x = "NMR",
       y = "Density",
      fill = "Abstinence Status") +
  theme minimal() +
  scale_fill_manual(values = c("No" = "#FF9999", "Yes" = "#99CCFF")) +
  theme(axis.title = element text(size = 6),
        title = element_text(size = 6),
        axis.text = element_text(size = 6),
       legend.title = element_text(size = 5),
        legend.text = element_text(size = 4),
        legend.key.size = unit(0.3, "cm"),
        legend.position = "bottom",
        strip.text = element_text(size = 6))
combined_plot3 <- (wrap_elements(panel = readiness_plot + theme(legend.position = "bottom")) /</pre>
                  wrap_elements(panel = NMR_plot + theme(legend.position = "bottom"))) +
  plot_layout(ncol = 2, guides = 'collect') +
 plot_annotation(title = "Figure : Baseline Characteristics by Abstinence Status and Treatment Group",
                  theme = theme(plot.title = element_text(size = 8, hjust = 0.5)))
combined_plot3 <- combined_plot3 & theme(plot.margin = margin(10, 10, 10),
```

```
legend.position = c(0.5, 0.1))
combined_plot3
par(mfrow = c(2, 2), mar = c(4, 4, 2, 1), oma = c(0, 0, 4, 0))
hist(averaged_data_factor$hedonsum_n_pq1, main = "", xlab = "hedonsum_n_pq1",
     col = "lightblue", breaks = 15, cex.main = 1, cex.lab = 1, cex.axis = 0.8, font.main = 1)
hist(averaged_data_factor$hedonsum_y_pq1, main = "", xlab = "hedonsum_y_pq1",
     col = "lightblue", breaks = 15, cex.main = 1, cex.lab = 1, cex.axis = 0.8, font.main = 1)
hist(averaged_data_factor$shaps_score_pq1, main = "", xlab = "shaps_score_pq1",
     col = "lightblue", breaks = 15, cex.main = 1, cex.lab = 1, cex.axis = 0.8, font.main = 1)
hist(averaged_data_factor$NMR, main = "", xlab = "NMR",
     col = "lightblue", breaks = 15, cex.main = 1, cex.lab = 1, cex.axis = 0.8, font.main = 1)
mtext("Figure : Distribution of Skewed Variables (Before Transformation)", outer = TRUE, cex = 0.8, fon
\# par(mfrow = c(2, 2), mar = c(4, 4, 2, 1), oma = c(0, 0, 4, 0))
# hist(averaged_data_factor$hedonsum_n_pq1, main = "", xlab = "hedonsum_n_pq1",
       col = "lightblue", breaks = 15, cex.main = 1, cex.lab = 1, cex.axis = 0.8, font.main = 1)
# hist(averaged_data_factor$hedonsum_y_pq1, main = "", xlab = "hedonsum_y_pq1",
       col = "lightblue", breaks = 15, cex.main = 1, cex.lab = 1, cex.axis = 0.8, font.main = 1)
# hist(averaged_data_factor$shaps_score_pq1, main = "", xlab = "shaps_score_pq1",
       col = "lightblue", breaks = 15, cex.main = 1, cex.lab = 1, cex.axis = 0.8, font.main = 1)
# hist(averaged_data_factor$NMR, main = "", xlab = "NMR",
       col = "lightblue", breaks = 15, cex.main = 1, cex.lab = 1, cex.axis = 0.8, font.main = 1)
# mtext("Figure : Distribution of Skewed Variables (After Transformation)", outer = TRUE, cex = 0.8, fo
# multiple imputation with m = 5
imputed_data <- mice(data, m = 5, method = 'pmm', maxit = 50, seed = 2550, printFlag = FALSE)
# extract the five imputed datasets
completed_datasets <- list()</pre>
for (i in 1:5) {
  completed_datasets[[i]] <- complete(imputed_data, i)</pre>
# calculate average/mode of each missing variable
averaged_data <- completed_datasets[[1]]</pre>
for (var in names(averaged_data)) {
  if (any(is.na(data[[var]]))) {
    if (is.numeric(averaged_data[[var]])) {
      averaged_data[[var]] <- rowMeans(sapply(completed_datasets, function(x) x[[var]]))</pre>
      averaged_data[[var]] <- apply(sapply(completed_datasets, function(x) x[[var]]), 1, function(vals)
        vals <- as.factor(vals)</pre>
        unique_vals <- unique(vals)</pre>
        unique_vals[which.max(tabulate(match(vals, unique_vals)))]
      })
   }
 }
new_data <- averaged_data %>%
  mutate(race = as.factor(case_when(Black == 1 ~ "Black",
                          Hisp == 1 ~ "Hispanic",
                          NHW == 1 ~ "Non-Hispanic White",
```

```
TRUE ~ "Other")),
         trt = as.factor(case_when(Var == 1 & BA == 1 ~ "BASC + varenicline",
                          Var == 0 & BA == 1 ~ "BASC + placebo",
                          Var == 1 & BA == 0 ~ "ST + varenicline",
                          Var == 0 & BA == 0 ~ "ST + placebo",
                          TRUE ~ NA_character_)),
         inc = fct_recode(as.factor(inc),
                           "Less than $20,000" = "1",
                           "$20,000-35,000" = "2",
                           "$35,001-50,000" = "3",
                           "$50,001-75,000" = "4",
                           "More than $75,000" = "5"),
         edu = fct recode(as.factor(edu),
                           "Grade School" = "1",
                           "Some high school" = "2",
                           "High school graduate or GED" = "3",
                           "Some college/technical school" = "4",
                           "College graduate" = "5"))
new_data <- new_data %>%
  mutate(inc = fct_relevel(inc, "Less than $20,000", "$20,000-35,000",
                            "$35,001-50,000", "$50,001-75,000", "More than $75,000"),
         edu = fct_relevel(edu, "Grade School", "Some high school", "High school graduate or GED",
                            "Some college/technical school", "College graduate"))
# new_data$hedonsum_n_pq1 <- log(new_data$hedonsum_n_pq1)</pre>
# new_data$hedonsum_y_pq1 <- log(new_data$hedonsum_y_pq1)</pre>
# new_data$shaps_score_pq1 <- log(new_data$shaps_score_pq1)</pre>
# new_data$NMR <- log(new_data$NMR)</pre>
set.seed(2550)
train_index <- createDataPartition(new_data$trt, p = 0.7, list = FALSE)
train_data <- new_data[train_index, ]</pre>
test_data <- new_data[-train_index, ]</pre>
X <- model.matrix(abst ~ trt + age_ps + sex_ps + inc + edu + ftcd_score + ftcd.5.mins +
                  bdi_score_w00 + cpd_ps + crv_total_pq1 + hedonsum_n_pq1 + hedonsum_y_pq1 +
                  shaps_score_pq1 + otherdiag + antidepmed + mde_curr + NMR + Only.Menthol +
                  readiness + race, data = train_data)[, -1]
y <- train_data$abst
cv_model <- cv.glmnet(X, y, family = "binomial", alpha = 1, nfolds = 10, nlambda = 100)</pre>
best_lambda <- cv_model$lambda.min</pre>
lasso_model <- glmnet(X, y, family = "binomial", alpha = 1, lambda = best_lambda)</pre>
X_interaction <- model.matrix(abst ~ trt * (ftcd_score + NMR + race + mde_curr),</pre>
                               data = train_data)[, -1]
y_interaction <- train_data$abst</pre>
cv_model_interaction <- cv.glmnet(X_interaction, y_interaction, family = "binomial",</pre>
                                   alpha = 1, nfolds = 10, nlambda = 100)
best_lambda_interaction <- cv_model_interaction$lambda.min</pre>
lasso_model_interaction <- glmnet(X_interaction, y_interaction, family = "binomial",</pre>
                                   alpha = 1, lambda = best_lambda_interaction)
prediction_train <- predict(lasso_model_interaction, X_interaction, type = "response")</pre>
```

```
roc_train <- roc(y_interaction, prediction_train)</pre>
auc_train <- auc(roc_train)</pre>
print(auc_train)
X_test_interaction <- model.matrix(abst ~ trt * (ftcd_score + NMR + race + mde_curr),</pre>
                                     data = test_data)[, -1]
y_test_interaction <- test_data$abst</pre>
prediction_test <- predict(lasso_model_interaction, X_test_interaction, type = "response")</pre>
roc_test <- roc(y_test_interaction, prediction_test)</pre>
auc_test <- auc(roc_test)</pre>
par(mfrow = c(1,2), oma = c(0, 0, 2, 0))
plot(roc_train, main = "Train Data", font.main = 1, cex.main = 0.8)
text(0.3, 0.2, paste("AUC =", round(auc_train, 3)), col = "blue", cex = 0.7)
plot(roc_test, main = "Test Data", font.main = 1, cex.main = 0.8)
text(0.3, 0.2, paste("AUC =", round(auc_test, 3)), col = "blue", cex = 0.7)
train_data$pred <- prediction_train</pre>
test_data$pred <- prediction_test</pre>
train_data <- train_data %>%
  mutate(abst_num = as.numeric(as.character(abst)))
test_data <- test_data %>%
 mutate(abst_num = as.numeric(as.character(abst)))
cal_plot_train <- calibration_plot(data = train_data, obs = "abst_num", pred = "pred", title = "Train D
cal_plot_test <- calibration_plot(data = test_data, obs = "abst_num", pred = "pred", title = "Test Data</pre>
grid.arrange(cal_plot_train$calibration_plot,
             cal_plot_test$calibration_plot, ncol = 2,
             top = text_grob("Figure 4: Calibration Plot Comparison"))
```