5/1/25, 11:18 PM matplotlib.pyplotlab16

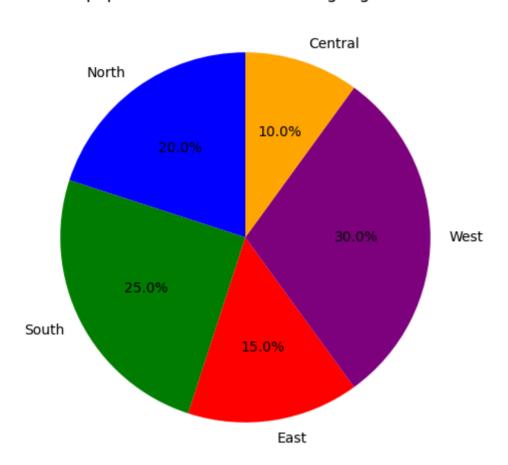
```
In [10]: #1.Show population distribution among region using pie chart.
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

regions = ['North', 'South', 'East', 'West', 'Central']
population = [20,25,15,30,10]

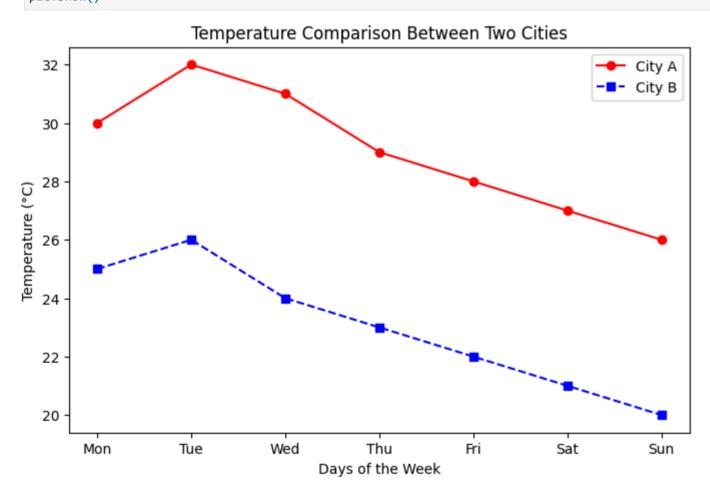
plt.figure(figsize=(6,6))
plt.pie(population, labels = regions, autopct ='%1.1f%%', startangle=90, colors=['Blue', 'Green', 'Red', 'Purple', 'Orange'])

plt.title('population distribution among regions')
plt.show()
```

population distribution among regions



```
In [29]: #2.Compare temperature between 2 cities using line chart
         import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
         # Sample data
         days = ['Mon', 'Tue', 'Wed', 'Thu', 'Fri', 'Sat', 'Sun']
         temp_city_A = [30, 32, 31, 29, 28, 27, 26] # Temperatures in °C
         temp_city_B = [25, 26, 24, 23, 22, 21, 20] # Temperatures in °C
         # Creating line chart
         plt.figure(figsize=(8,5))
         plt.plot(days, temp_city_A, marker='o', linestyle='-', color='red', label='City A')
         plt.plot(days, temp_city_B, marker='s', linestyle='--', color='blue', label='City B')
         # Labels and title
         plt.xlabel('Days of the Week')
         plt.ylabel('Temperature (°C)')
         plt.title('Temperature Comparison Between Two Cities')
         plt.legend()
         # Display the plot
         plt.show()
```



```
In [30]: #3.Distributiuon of daily website visitors using histogram
    import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
    visitor_data = [120, 135, 110, 125, 140, 150, 130, 160, 145, 135, 170, 190, 155, 165, 175, 185, 195, 200, 175, 160, 180, 145, 135, 140, 155, 165, 170, 185, 190, 200]
    plt.hist(visitor_data, bins=8, color='skyblue', edgecolor='black')
    plt.xlabel('Number of visitors')
    plt.ylabel('Frequency')
    plt.title('Distribution of Daily Website Visitors')
    plt.show()
```

file:///C:/Users/Admin/Downloads/matplotlib.pyplotlab16.html

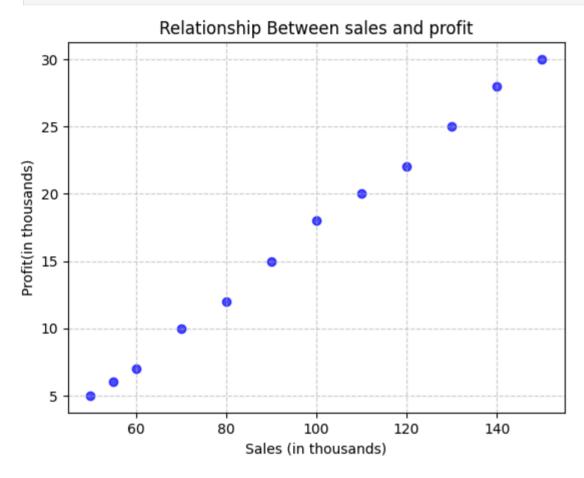

```
In [31]: #4.Make a relation between sales and profit using scatter plot(use grid)
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

sales = [ 50, 55, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 110, 120, 130, 140, 150]
profit = [5, 6, 7, 10, 12, 15, 18, 20, 22, 25, 28, 30]

plt.scatter(sales, profit, color='blue', marker='o', alpha=0.7)
plt.grid(True, linestyle='--', alpha=0.6)

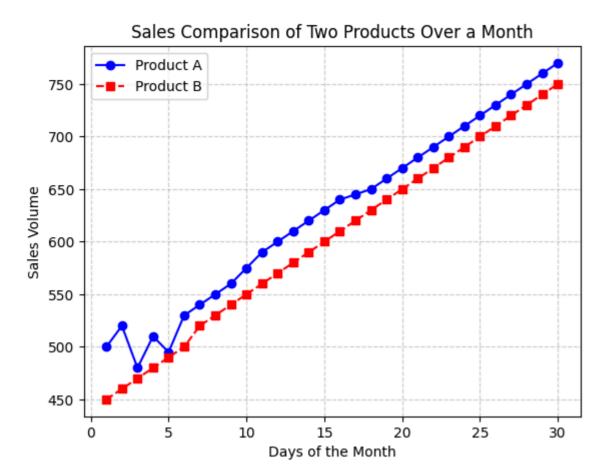
plt.xlabel('Sales (in thousands)')
plt.ylabel('Profit(in thousands)')
plt.title('Relationship Between sales and profit')

plt.show()
```



```
In [37]: #5.Sales comparision of 2 products over a month
         import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
         # Days of the month
         days = list(range(1, 31))
         # Sample sales data for two products
         product_A_sales = [500, 520, 480, 510, 495, 530, 540, 550, 560, 575,
                            590, 600, 610, 620, 630, 640, 645, 650, 660, 670,
                            680, 690, 700, 710, 720, 730, 740, 750, 760, 770]
         product_B_sales = [450, 460, 470, 480, 490, 500, 520, 530, 540, 550,
                            560, 570, 580, 590, 600, 610, 620, 630, 640, 650,
                            660, 670, 680, 690, 700, 710, 720, 730, 740, 750]
         # Creating the line plot
         plt.plot(days, product_A_sales, label='Product A', marker='o', linestyle='-', color='blue')
         plt.plot(days, product_B_sales, label='Product B', marker='s', linestyle='--', color='red')
         # Adding grid for better readability
         plt.grid(True, linestyle='--', alpha=0.6)
         # Adding labels and title
         plt.xlabel('Days of the Month')
         plt.ylabel('Sales Volume')
         plt.title('Sales Comparison of Two Products Over a Month')
         # Adding Legend
         plt.legend()
         # Showing the plot
         plt.show()
```

5/1/25, 11:18 PM matplotlib.pyplotlab16



т... г 1