Institutionen för systemteknik Department of Electrical Engineering

Examensarbete

Investigation of Control Approaches for a Rotational Piezo-based Actuator for Accurate Positioning Application Operations at CERN

Examensarbete utfört i Mekatronik vid Tekniska högskolan vid Linköpings universitet av

Niklas Ericson

LiTH-ISY-EX--YY/NNNN--SE Linköping 2016



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Sammanfatti Abstract	Det här som Kanske inte	helt otippat, men det glass ä	eviktigt faktiskt och det vi gjo r sååå gott! kriva rapporter, så nu ska ska	

på några detaljer såhär i sammanfattningen.

Nyckelord Keywords	problem, lösning		

Sammanfattning

Det här som vi har hållit på med är jätteviktigt faktiskt och det vi gjort blev bara sååå bra. Kanske inte helt otippat, men det glass är sååå gott!

Förresten har vi blivit bäst på att skriva rapporter, så nu ska ska vi inte gå in närmare på några detaljer såhär i sammanfattningen.

Abstract

If your thesis is written in English, the primary abstract would go here while the Swedish abstract would be optional.

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Notation

Några mängder

Notation	Betydelse
IN	Mängden av naturliga tal
${ m I\!R}$	Mängden av reella tal
${\Bbb C}$	Mängden av komplexa tal

Förkortningar

Förkortning	Betydelse
CERN	European Organization for Nuclear Research
STM	Scanning Tunneling Microscope
AFM	Atomic Force Microscope
LHC	Large Hadron Collider
PEA	Piezoelectric actuator
PID	Proportional, integral, differential (regulator)

Introduction

1.1 Background

High precision positioning systems are vital in e.g. scanning tunneling microscopes (STM), atomic force microscopes (AFM) and in semiconductor lithography. In AFM, for instance, high precision positioning is needed to control the position of a scanning probe with atomic-scale resolution. In the UA9 Experiment located at CERN (European Organization for Nuclear Research) a high precision positioning system is required for the control of a piezo-actuated rotational stage.

Smart materials such as piezoelectric and magnetostrictive materials are commonly used in precision actuators today due to their ability to convert electrical energy into mechanical energy. In cases where a relatively small displacement range is required (travel ranges up to $500~\mu m$) a piezo electric device is the actuator of choice due to its fast response, high resolution and its ability to generate large mechanical forces for small amounts of power in compact designs [5]. The rotational stage at CERN uses a piezo electric linear stack actuator to displace a flexible lever arm mechanism which generates the rotational movement. The piezo-actuator stage together with its amplifying structure gives the device an rotational range of 20 mrad.

1.2 Purpose and Goal

Crystalline solids have the ability to constrain the directions that particles take as they pass through, this is commonly called the "channelling" property. The UA9 collaboration at CERN is investigating how tiny bent crystals can help to steer particle beams in modern hadron colliders such as the Large Hadron Collider (LHC) [4]. In circular colliders, such as the LHC, particles tends to drift outwards creating a beam halo that may cause harm to the system. By using bent crystals, halo

2 1 Introduction

particles can be efficiently extracted from the beam and collected by absorbers. One major difficulty that aries is that the higher the energy of the particle, the lower the angular acceptance for channeling. Hence, a high precision positioning mechanism with a high angular accuracy is required. The rotational stage at CERN is of necessity to be able to track reference trajectories at ramp rates of 100 $\mu rad/s$ and reject external disturbances to maintain a maximum tracking error of $\pm 1~\mu rad$.

This project aims to identify the possible control approaches that could be applicable to this problem to achieve the desired performance.

1.3 Related work

1.4 Outline

en preliminär problemformulering satt i relation till litteraturbasen

Method

en preliminär beskrivning av angreppssätt

2.1 Literature review

planerad litteraturbas

- [3]
- [2]
- [1]
- [6]

2.2 Timeplan

en tidplan för examensarbetets genomförande inklusive planerade datum för halvtidskontroll och framläggning

Result

preliminära resultat som kan demonstreras vid halvtidskontroll

Conclusions

Sätt av ett kort kapitel sist i rapporten till att avrunda och föreslå rikningar för framtida utveckling av arbetet.



A

definitions

12 A definitions

Bibliography

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AFM abbreviation, ix

CERN abbreviation, ix

LHC abbreviation, ix

PEA abbreviation, ix

PID abbreviation, ix

STM abbreviation, ix



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