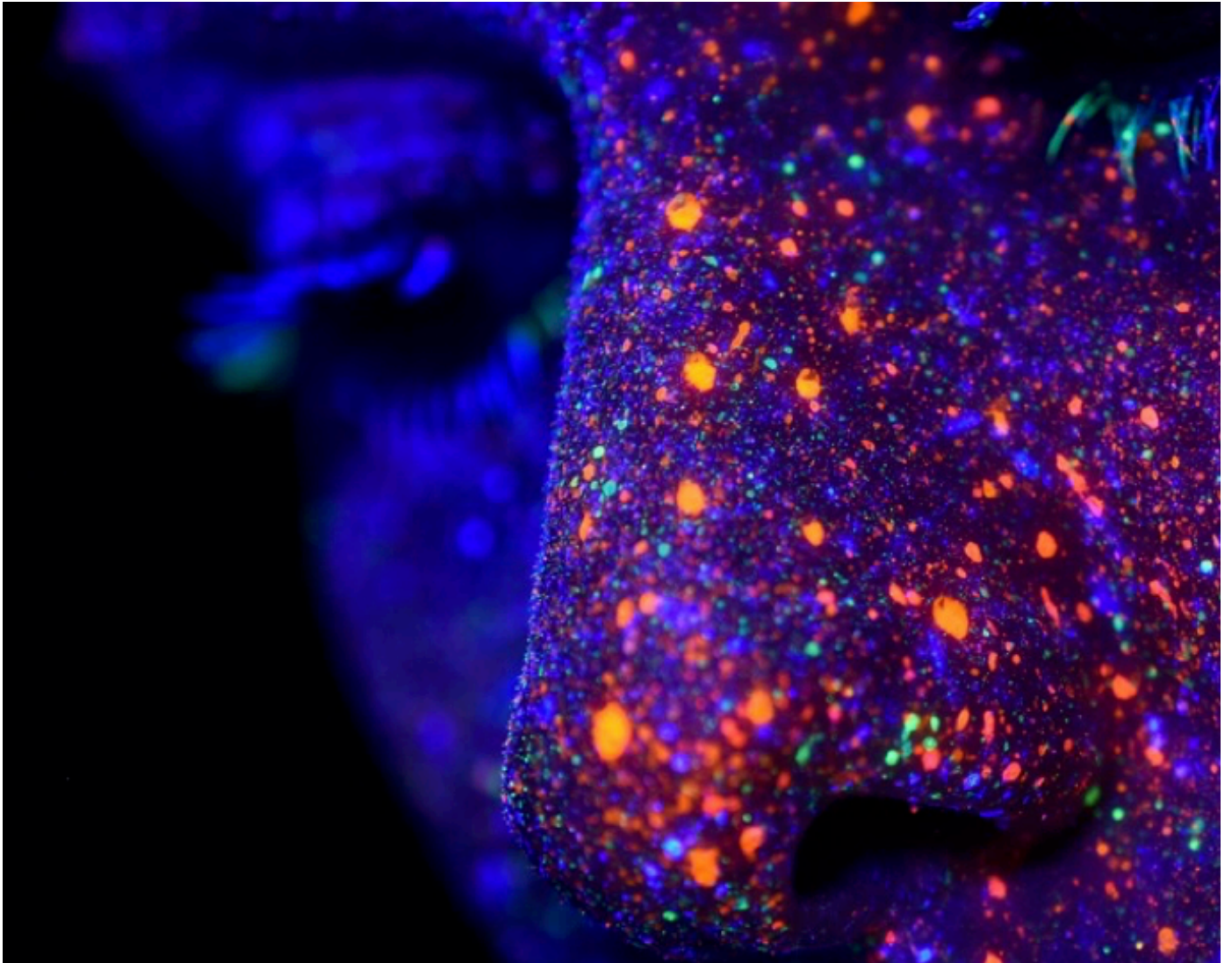


CP4WatsonAIOps V3.2

Demo Environment Installation with Ansible Tower/AWX



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! THIS IS WORK IN PROGRESS

Please drop me a note on Slack or by mail nikh@ch.ibm.com if you find glitches or problems.

Changes

Date	Description	Files
02.01.2022	First Draft	

Installation

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! You can find a PDF version of this guide here: [PDF](#).



1 Easy Install

This installation method uses AWX (Open Source Ansible Tower) to install CP4WAIOPS and its components.

1.1 Platform Install - AWX

Please create the following two elements in your OCP cluster.

1.1.1 Command Line install

You can run run:

```
oc apply -n default -f create-installer.yaml
```

or

```
kubectl apply -n default -f create-installer.yaml
```

1.1.2 Web UI install

Or you can create them through the OCP Web UI:

```
kind: ClusterRoleBinding
apiVersion: rbac.authorization.k8s.io/v1
metadata:
  name: installer-default-default
roleRef:
  apiGroup: rbac.authorization.k8s.io
  kind: ClusterRole
  name: cluster-admin
subjects:
- kind: ServiceAccount
  name: default
  namespace: default
```

```
apiVersion: apps/v1
kind: Deployment
metadata:
  name: cp4waiops-installer
  namespace: default
  labels:
    app: cp4waiops-installer
spec:
  replicas: 1
  selector:
    matchLabels:
      app: cp4waiops-installer
  template:
    metadata:
      labels:
        app: cp4waiops-installer
    spec:
      containers:
        - image: niklaushirt/cp4waiops-installer:1.3
          imagePullPolicy: Always
          name: installer
          command:
          ports:
            - containerPort: 22
          resources:
            requests:
              cpu: "50m"
              memory: "50Mi"
            limits:
              cpu: "250m"
              memory: "250Mi"
          env:
            - name: INSTALL_REPO
              value : "https://github.com/niklaushirt/awx-waiops.git"
```

2 Provide Entitlement

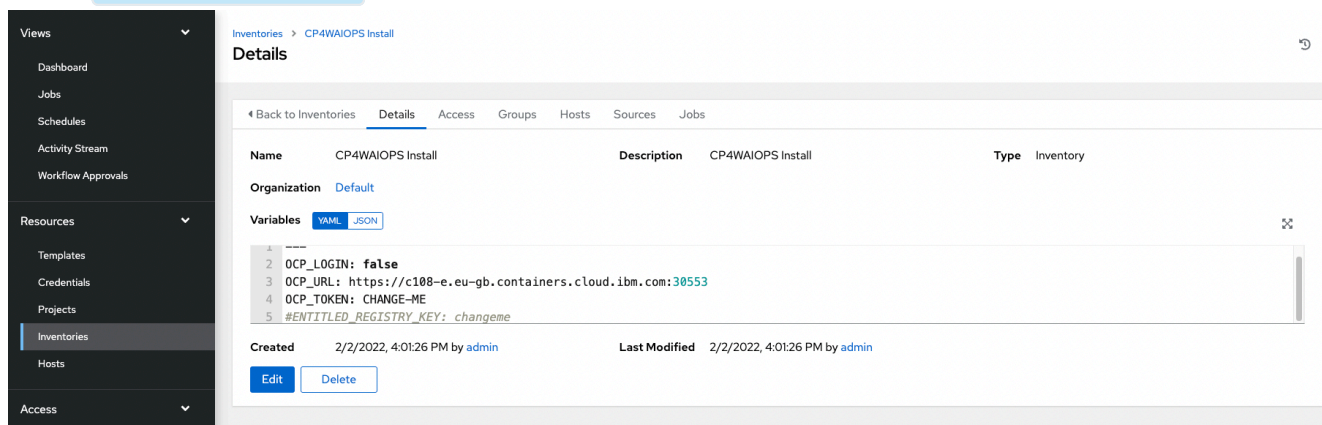
2.1 Get the CP4WAIOPS installation token

You can get the installation (pull) token from <https://myibm.ibm.com/products-services/containerlibrary>.

This allows the CP4WAIOPS images to be pulled from the IBM Container Registry.

2.2 Enter the CP4WAIOPS installation token

1. Open the AWX instance
2. Select **Inventories**
3. Select **CP4WAIOPS Install**



The screenshot shows the 'Details' page for the 'CP4WAIOPS Install' inventory in the AWX interface. The left sidebar contains navigation links for Views, Resources, and Access. The main content area shows the inventory details, including its name, description, organization, and variables. The variables are listed in a table with line numbers 1 through 5. The 'ENTITLED_REGISTRY_KEY' variable is highlighted in blue.

Name	Description	Type
CP4WAIOPS Install	CP4WAIOPS Install	Inventory

Organization: Default

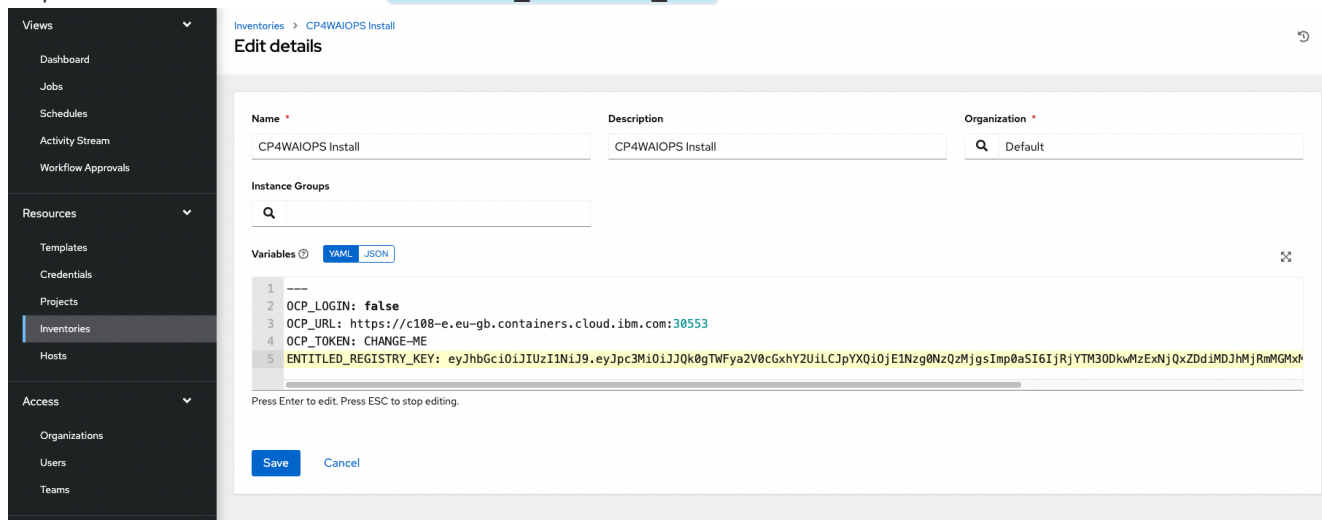
Variables: [YAML](#) [JSON](#)

```
1 ---
2 OCP_LOGIN: false
3 OCP_URL: https://c108-e.eu-gb.containers.cloud.ibm.com:30553
4 OCP_TOKEN: CHANGE-ME
5 #ENTITLED_REGISTRY_KEY: changeme
```

Created: 2/2/2022, 4:01:26 PM by admin | Last Modified: 2/2/2022, 4:01:26 PM by admin

[Edit](#) [Delete](#)

4. Click Edit
5. Replace and uncomment the **ENTITLED_REGISTRY_KEY**



The screenshot shows the 'Edit details' page for the 'CP4WAIOPS Install' inventory in the AWX interface. The left sidebar contains navigation links for Views, Resources, and Access. The main content area shows the inventory details, including its name, description, organization, and variables. The variables are listed in a table with line numbers 1 through 5. The 'ENTITLED_REGISTRY_KEY' variable is highlighted in yellow.

Name: CP4WAIOPS Install | Description: CP4WAIOPS Install | Organization: Default

Instance Groups:

Variables: [YAML](#) [JSON](#)

```
1 ---
2 OCP_LOGIN: false
3 OCP_URL: https://c108-e.eu-gb.containers.cloud.ibm.com:30553
4 OCP_TOKEN: CHANGE-ME
5 ENTITLED_REGISTRY_KEY: eyJhbGciOiJIUzI1NiJ9.eyJpc3MiOiJQk0gTWYya2V0cGxhY2UzLCJpYXQiOiJlInZg0NzQzMjgsImpp0aSI6IjRjYTM3ODkwMzExNjQxZDdiMDJhMjRmMGxk
```

Press Enter to edit. Press ESC to stop editing.

[Save](#) [Cancel](#)

6. Click Save

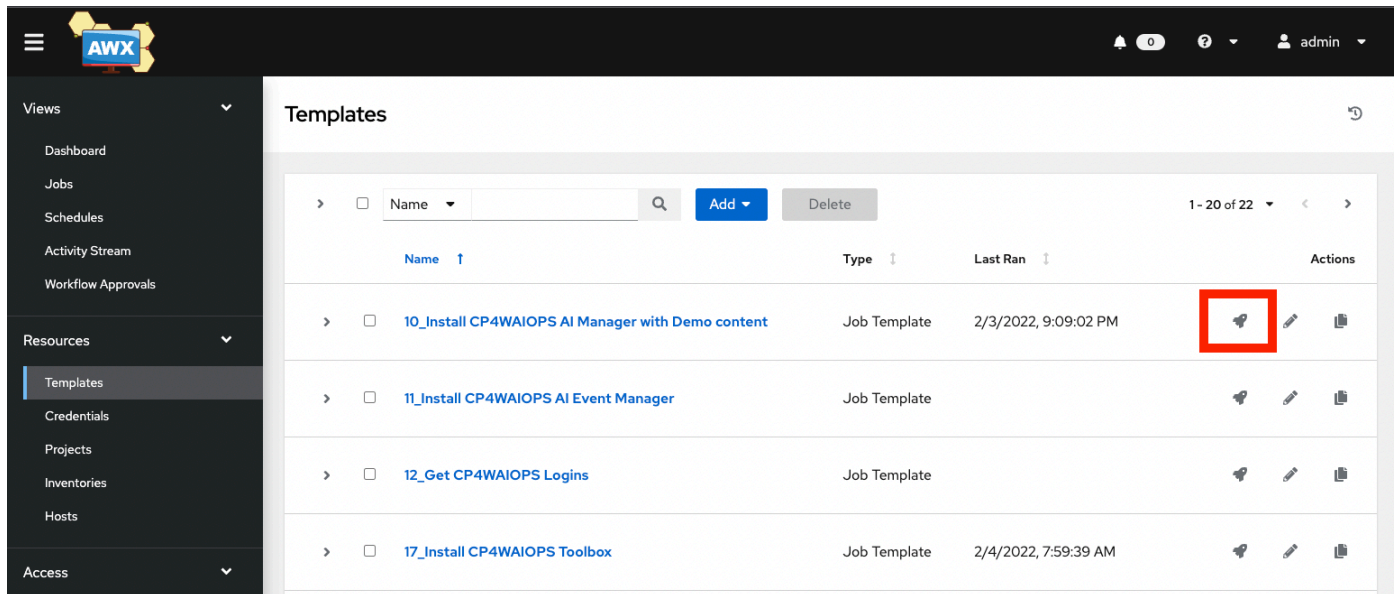
You are now ready to launch the installations.

3 Installing Components

The following Components can be installed:

Category	Component	Description
CP4WAIOPS Base Install		
	10_InstallCP4WAIOPSAIManagerwithDemoContent	Base AI Manager with RobotShop and LDAP integration
	11_InstallCP4WAIOPSAIEventManager	Base Event Manager
CP4WAIOPS Addons Install		
	17_InstallCP4WAIOPSToolbox	Debugging Toolbox
	18_InstallCP4WAIOPSDemoUI	Demo UI to simulate incidents
Third-party		
	20_InstallTurbonomic	
	21_InstallHumio	
	22_InstallAWX	
	22_InstallELK	
	24_InstallManagelQ	
	29_InstallServiceMesh	
Training		
	84_Training All Models	Create all training definitions (LAD, TemporalGrouping, Similar Incidents, Change Risk), loads the training data end runs the training
Tools		
	12_Get CP4WAIOPS Logins	Get Logins for all Components
	91_DebugPatch	Repatch some errors (non destructive)
	14_InstallRookCeph	

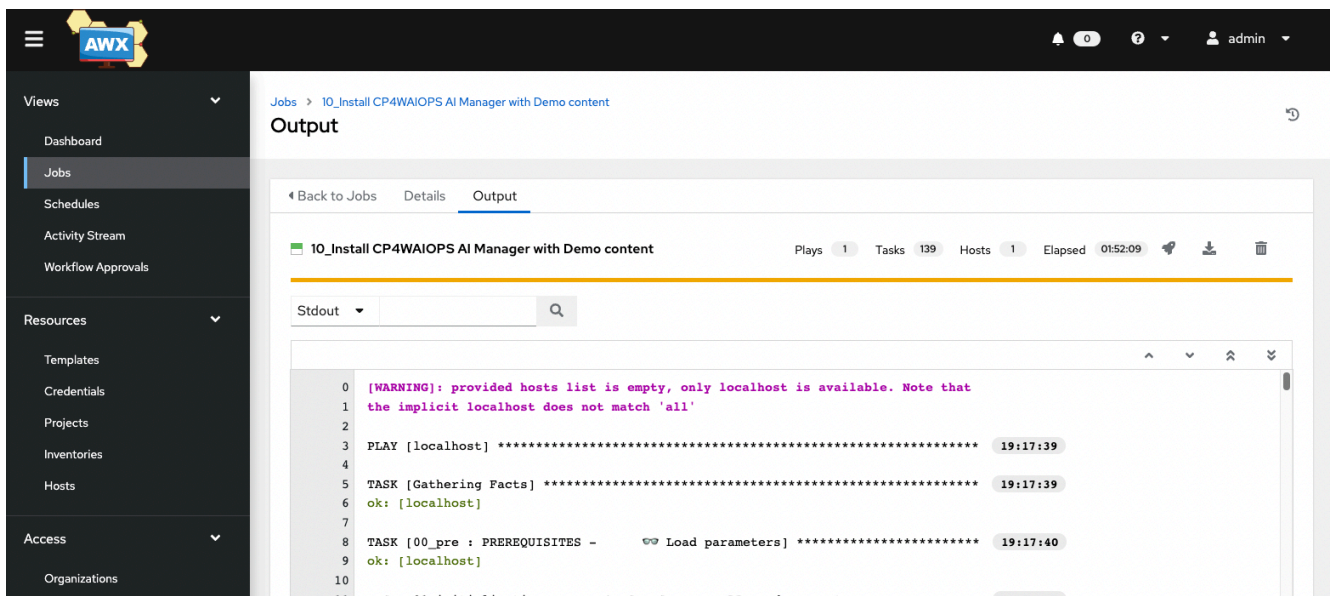
3.1 Installing AI Manager



The screenshot shows the AWX web interface. On the left is a sidebar with navigation links: Views (Dashboard, Jobs, Schedules, Activity Stream, Workflow Approvals), Resources (Templates, Credentials, Projects, Inventories, Hosts), and Access. The main panel is titled 'Templates' and displays a table of job templates. The table has columns for Name, Type, Last Ran, and Actions. The first row, '10_Install CP4WAIOPS AI Manager with Demo content', is selected, and its 'Actions' column contains a rocket icon (highlighted with a red box), an edit icon, and a delete icon. The table shows 1-20 of 22 items.

3.1.1 Start AI Manager Installation

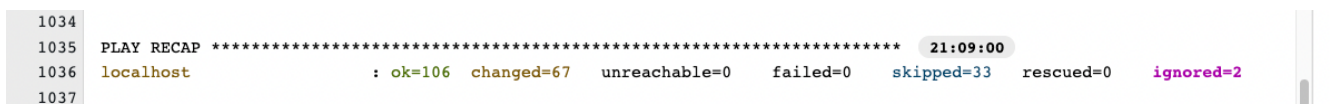
1. Log into AWX
2. Click on **Templates**
3. Click on the Rocket 🚀 for entry **10_InstallCP4WAIOPSAIManagerwithDemoContent** to install a base **AI Manager** instance.
4. The Job will start with the installation



The screenshot shows the AWX web interface with the 'Jobs' tab selected. The main panel displays the 'Output' for the job '10_Install CP4WAIOPS AI Manager with Demo content'. The output shows a warning about the hosts list, followed by a successful play recap. The output is as follows:

```
0 [WARNING]: provided hosts list is empty, only localhost is available. Note that
1 the implicit localhost does not match 'all'
2
3 PLAY [localhost] ***** 19:17:39
4
5 TASK [Gathering Facts] ***** 19:17:39
6 ok: [localhost]
7
8 TASK [00_pre : PREREQUISITES - Load parameters] ***** 19:17:40
9 ok: [localhost]
10
11 TASK [01 initialization : PREREQUISITES - Load parameters] ***** 19:17:41
```

5. Wait until the Job has finished



The screenshot shows the final output of the job. The output is as follows:

```
1034
1035 PLAY RECAP ***** 21:09:00
1036 localhost : ok=106 changed=67 unreachable=0 failed=0 skipped=33 rescued=0 ignored=2
1037
```

3.1.2 First Login

After successful installation, the the URL and the Login Information for your first connections can be found in the Job execution Log.

You can also run `./tools/20_get_logins.sh` at any moment. This will print out all the relevant passwords and credentials (make sure your Terminal is logged into your Cluster).

Usually it's a good idea to store this in a file for later use:

```
./tools/20_get_logins.sh > my_credentials.txt
```

3.1.3 Configure AI Manager

There are some minimal configurations that you have to do to use the demo system and that are covered by the following flow:


 **Start here** [Create Kubernetes Observer](#)

Just click and follow the  and execute all the steps.

Minimal Configuration

Those are the minimal configurations you'll need to demo the system and that are covered by the flow above.

Configure Topology

1. Create Kubernetes Observer
2. Create REST Observer
3. Create Topology 
4. Create AIOps Application

Models Training

1. Train the Models 
2. Create Integrations

Configure Slack

1. Setup Slack
2. Adapt Web Certificates

Configure Logins

1. Configure LDAP Logins

3.2 Installing Event Manager

3.2.1 Start Event Manager Installation

1. Log into AWX
2. Click on **Templates**
3. Click on the Rocket 🚀 for entry **11_Install CP4WAIOPS AI Event Manager** to install a base **Event Manager** instance.
4. The Job will start with the installation
5. Wait until the Job has finished

3.2.2 First Login

After successful installation, the the URL and the Login Information for your first connections can be found in the Job execution Log.

You can also run `./tools/20_get_logins.sh` at any moment. This will print out all the relevant passwords and credentials (make sure your Terminal is logged into your Cluster).

Usually it's a good idea to store this in a file for later use:

```
./tools/20_get_logins.sh > my_credentials.txt
```

3.2.3 Configure Event Manager

There are some minimal configurations that you have to do to use the demo system and that are covered by the following flow:

 **Start here** [Create Kubernetes Observer](#)

Just click and follow the  and execute all the steps.

Minimal Configuration

Those are the minimal configurations you'll need to demo the system and that are covered by the flow above.

Configure Topology

1. Create Kubernetes Observer
2. Create REST Observer
3. Create Topology ( - Option 51)


Configure Integrations

1. EventManager Webhook


Configure Customization

1. Create custom Filter
2. Create custom View
3. Create grouping Policy
4. Create EventManager/NOI Menu item - Open URL


3.3 Installing Turbonomic

1. Log into AWS
2. Click on **Templates**
3. Click on the Rocket  for entry **20_Install Turbonomic** to install a base **Turbonomic** instance.
4. The Job will start with the installation
5. Wait until the Job has finished


3.4 Installing ELK

1. Log into AWS
2. Click on **Templates**
3. Click on the Rocket  for entry **22_Install ELK** to install a base **ELK** instance.
4. The Job will start with the installation
5. Wait until the Job has finished

3.5 Installing Humio

1. Log into AWS
2. Click on **Templates**
3. Click on the Rocket  for entry **21_Install Humio** to install a base **Humio** instance.
4. The Job will start with the installation
5. Wait until the Job has finished

3.6 Installing ServiceMesh

1. Log into AWS
2. Click on **Templates**
3. Click on the Rocket  for entry **11_Install CP4WAIOPS AI Event Manager** to install a base **ServiceMesh** instance.
4. The Job will start with the installation
5. Wait until the Job has finished

3.7 Installing AWX

1. Log into AWX
2. Click on **Templates**
3. Click on the Rocket 🚀 for entry **29_Install ServiceMesh** to install a base **AWX** instance.
4. The Job will start with the installation
5. Wait until the Job has finished

3.8 Installing ManageIQ

1. Log into AWX
2. Click on **Templates**
3. Click on the Rocket 🚀 for entry **24_Install ManageIQ** to install a base **ManageIQ** instance.
4. The Job will start with the installation
5. Wait until the Job has finished

4 AI Manager Configuration

4.1 Configure Applications and Topology

4.1.1 Create Kubernetes Observer for the Demo Applications

Do this for your applications (RobotShop by default)

- In the **AI Manager** "Hamburger" Menu select **Operate / Data and tool integrations**
- Click **Add connection**
- Under **Kubernetes**, click on **Add Integration**
- Click **Connect**
- Name it **RobotShop**
- Data Center **demo**
- Click **Next**
- Choose **local** for Connection Type
- Set **Hide pods that have been terminated** to **On**
- Set **Correlate analytics events on the namespace groups created by this job** to **On**
- Set Namespace to **robot-shop**
- Click **Next**
- Click **Done**

4.1.2 Create REST Observer to Load Topologies

- In the **AI Manager** "Hamburger" Menu select **Operate / Data and tool integrations**
- Click **Add connection**
- On the left click on **Topology**
- On the top right click on **You can also configure, schedule, and manage other observer jobs**
- Click on **Add a new Job**
- Select **REST / Configure**
- Choose "bulk_replace"
- Set Unique ID to "listenJob" (important!)
- Set Provider to whatever you like (usually I set it to "listenJob" as well)
- **Save**

4.1.3 🚀 Create Topology

1. Log into AWX
2. Click on **Templates**
3. Click on the Rocket 🚀 for entry **80_Topology Load** to install a base **AI Manager** instance.

! Please manually re-run the Kubernetes Observer to make sure that the merge has been done.

4.1.4 Create AIOps Application

Robotshop

- In the **AI Manager** go into **Operate** / **Application Management**
- Click **Define Application**
- Select **robot-shop** namespace
- Click **Next**
- Click **Next**
- Name your Application (RobotShop)
- If you like check **Mark as favorite**
- Click **Define Application**

4.2 Train the Models

4.2.1 🚀 Training

1. Log into AWX
2. Click on **Templates**
3. Click on the Rocket 🚀 for entry **84_Training All Models** to install a base **AI Manager** instance.
4. This will automatically:
 - Load the training data
 - Create the training definitions
 - Launch the trainings

This will be done for:

- Log Anomaly Detection (Logs)
- Temporal Grouping (Events)
- Similar Incidents (Service Now)
- Change Risk (Service Now)

4.2.2 Create Integrations

4.2.2.1 Create Kafka Humio Log Training Integration

- In the **AI Manager** "Hamburger" Menu select **Define / Data and tool integrations**
- Click **Add connection**
- Under **Kafka**, click on **Add Integration**
- Click **Connect**
- Name it **HumioInject**
- Click **Next**
- Select **Data Source / Logs**
- Select **Mapping Type / Humio**
- Paste the following in **Mapping** (the default is **incorrect!**):

```
{
  "codec": "humio",
  "message_field": "@rawstring",
  "log_entity_types":
    "kubernetes.namespace_name,kubernetes.container_hash,kubernetes.host,kubernetes.con
    tainer_name,kubernetes.pod_name",
  "instance_id_field": "kubernetes.container_name",
  "rolling_time": 10,
  "timestamp_field": "@timestamp"
}
```

- Click **Next**
- Toggle **Data Flow** to the **ON** position
- Select **Live data for continuous AI training and anomaly detection**
- Click **Save**

4.2.2.2 Create Kafka Netcool Training Integration

- In the **AI Manager** "Hamburger" Menu select **Operate / Data and tool integrations**
- Click **Add connection**
- Under **Kafka**, click on **Add Integration**
- Click **Connect**
- Name it **EvetnManager**
- Click **Next**
- Select **Data Source / Events**
- Select **Mapping Type / NOI**
- Click **Next**
- Toggle **Data Flow** to the **ON** position
- Click **Save**

4.3 Slack integration

4.3.1 Initial Slack Setup

For the system to work you need to setup your own secure gateway and slack workspace. It is suggested that you do this within the public slack so that you can invite the customer to the experience as well. It also makes it easier for is to release this image to Business partners

You will need to create your own workspace to connect to your instance of CP4WAOps.

Here are the steps to follow:

1. [Create Slack Workspace](#)
2. [Create Slack App](#)
3. [Create Slack Channels](#)
4. [Create Slack Integration](#)
5. [Get the Integration URL - Public Cloud - ROKS](#) OR
6. [Get the Integration URL - Private Cloud - Fyre/TEC](#)
7. [Create Slack App Communications](#)
8. [Prepare Slack Reset](#)

4.3.2 Create valid CP4WAIOPS Certificate

In order for Slack integration to work, there must be a signed certificate on the NGNIX pods. The default certificate is self-signed and Slack will not accept that. The method for updating the certificate has changed between AIOps v2.1 and V3.1.1. The NGNIX pods in V3.1.1 mount the certificate through a secret called `external-tls-secret` and that takes precedent over the certificates staged under `/user-home/_global_/customer-certs/`.

For customer deployments, it is required for the customer to provide their own signed certificates. An easy workaround for this is to use the Openshift certificate when deploying on ROKS. **Caveat:** The CA signed certificate used by Openshift is automatically cycled by ROKS (I think every 90 days), so you will need to repeat the below once the existing certificate is expired and possibly reconfigure Slack.

This method replaces the existing secret/certificate with the one that OpenShift ingress uses, not altering the NGINX deployment. An important note, these instructions are for configuring the certificate post-install. Best practice is to follow the installation instructions for configuring certificates during that time.

4.3.2.1 Patch AutomationUIConfig

The custom resource `AutomationUIConfig/iaf-system` controls the certificates and the NGINX pods that use those certificates. Any direct update to the certificates or pods will eventually get overwritten, unless you first reconfigure `iaf-system`. It's a bit tricky post-install as you will have to recreate the `iaf-system` resource quickly after deleting it, or else the installation operator will recreate it. For this reason it's important to run all the commands one after the other. **Ensure that you are in the project for AIOps**, then paste all the code on your command line to replace the `iaf-system` resource.

```
NAMESPACE=$(oc project -q)
IAF_STORAGE=$(oc get AutomationUIConfig -n $NAMESPACE -o jsonpath='{
.items[*].spec.storage.class }')
oc get -n $NAMESPACE AutomationUIConfig iaf-system -oyaml > iaf-system-backup.yaml
oc delete -n $NAMESPACE AutomationUIConfig iaf-system
cat <<EOF | oc apply -f -
apiVersion: core.automation.ibm.com/v1beta1
kind: AutomationUIConfig
metadata:
  name: iaf-system
  namespace: $NAMESPACE
spec:
  description: AutomationUIConfig for cp4waiops
  license:
    accept: true
  version: v1.0
  storage:
    class: $IAF_STORAGE
  tls:
    caSecret:
      key: ca.crt
      secretName: external-tls-secret
    certificateSecret:
      secretName: external-tls-secret
EOF
```


4.3.2.2 NGNIX Certificate

Again, **ensure that you are in the project for AIOps** and run the following to replace the existing secret with a secret containing the OpenShift ingress certificate.

```
WAIOPS_NAMESPACE=$(oc project -q)
# collect certificate from OpenShift ingress
ingress_pod=$(oc get secrets -n openshift-ingress | grep tls | grep -v router-metrics-
certs-default | awk '{print $1}')
oc get secret -n openshift-ingress -o 'go-template={{index .data "tls.crt"}}'
${ingress_pod} | base64 -d > cert.crt
oc get secret -n openshift-ingress -o 'go-template={{index .data "tls.key"}}'
${ingress_pod} | base64 -d > cert.key
oc get secret -n $WAIOPS_NAMESPACE iaf-system-automationui-aui-zen-ca -o 'go-template=
{{index .data "ca.crt"}}' | base64 -d > ca.crt
# backup existing secret
oc get secret -n $WAIOPS_NAMESPACE external-tls-secret -o yaml > external-tls-
secret$(date +%Y-%m-%dT%H:%M:%S).yaml
# delete existing secret
oc delete secret -n $WAIOPS_NAMESPACE external-tls-secret
# create new secret
oc create secret generic -n $WAIOPS_NAMESPACE external-tls-secret --from-
file=ca.crt=ca.crt --from-file=cert.crt=cert.crt --from-file=cert.key=cert.key --dry-
run=client -o yaml | oc apply -f -
#oc create secret generic -n $WAIOPS_NAMESPACE external-tls-secret --from-
file=cert.crt=cert.crt --from-file=cert.key=cert.key --dry-run=client -o yaml | oc
apply -f -
# scale down nginx
REPLICAS=2
oc scale Deployment/ibm-nginx --replicas=0
# scale up nginx
sleep 3
oc scale Deployment/ibm-nginx --replicas=${REPLICAS}
rm external-tls-secret
```

Wait for the nginx pods to come back up

```
oc get pods -l component=ibm-nginx
```

When the integration is running, remove the backup file

```
rm ./iaf-system-backup.yaml
```

And then restart the Slack integration Pod

```
oc delete pod $(oc get po -n $WAIOPS_NAMESPACE | grep slack | awk '{print $1}') -n
$WAIOPS_NAMESPACE --grace-period 0 --force
```

The last few lines scales down the NGINX pods and scales them back up. It takes about 3 minutes for the pods to fully come back up.

Once those pods have come back up, you can verify the certificate is secure by logging in to AIOps. Note that the login page is not part of AIOps, but rather part of Foundational Services. So you will have to login first and then check that the certificate is valid once logged in. If you want to update the certificate for Foundational Services you can find instructions [here](#).

4.4 Some Polishing

4.4.1 Add LDAP Logins to CP4WAIOPS

- Go to **AI Manager** Dashboard
- Click on the top left "Hamburger" menu
- Select **User Management**
- Select **User Groups** Tab
- Click **New User Group**
- Enter demo (or whatever you like)
- Click Next
- Select **LDAP Groups**
- Search for **demo**
- Select **cn=demo,ou=Groups,dc=ibm,dc=com**
- Click Next
- Select Roles (I use Administrator for the demo environment)
- Click Next
- Click Create
-

5 Event Manager Configuration

! You only have to do this if you have installed EventManager/NOI (As described in Easy Install - Chapter 6). For basic demoing with AI Manager this is not needed.

5.1 Create Kubernetes Observer for Event Manager

This is basically the same as for AI Manager as we need two separate instances of the Topology Manager.

- In the **Event Manager** "Hamburger" Menu select **Administration** / **Topology Management**
- Under **Observer jobs** click **Configure**
- Click **Add new job**
- Under **Kubernetes**, click on **Configure**
- Choose **local** for **Connection Type**
- Set **Unique ID** to **robot-shop**
- Set **data_center** to **robot-shop**
- Under **Additional Parameters**
- Set **Terminated pods** to **true**
- Set **Correlate** to **true**
- Set **Namespace** to **robot-shop**
- Under **Job Schedule**
- Set **Time Interval** to 5 Minutes
- Click **Save**

5.2 Create REST Observer to Load Topologies

- In the **Event Manager** "Hamburger" Menu select **Administration** / **Topology Management**
- Under **Observer jobs** click **Configure**
- Click **Add new job**
- Under **REST**, click on **Configure**
- Choose **bulk_replace** for **Job Type**
- Set **Unique ID** to **listenJob** (important!)
- Set **Provider** to **listenJob**
- Click **Save**

5.3 🚀 Create Topology

1. Log into AWX
2. Click on **Templates**
3. Click on the Rocket 🚀 for entry **81_Topology Load for Event Manager** to install a base **AI Manager** instance.

! Please manually re-run the Kubernetes Observer to make sure that the merge has been done.

5.4 EventManager Webhook

Create Webhooks in EventManager for Event injection and incident simulation for the Demo.

The demo scripts (in the **demo** folder) give you the possibility to simulate an outage without relying on the integrations with other systems.

At this time it simulates:

- Git push event
- Log Events (Humio)
- Security Events (Falco)
- Instana Events
- Metric Manager Events (Predictive)
- Turbonomic Events
- CP4MCM Synthetic Selenium Test Events

You have to define the following Webhook in EventManager (NOI):

- **Administration / Integration with other Systems**
- **Incoming / New Integration**
- **Webhook**
- Name it **Demo Generic**
- Jot down the WebHook URL and copy it to the **NETCOOL_WEBHOOK_GENERIC** in the **./tools/01_demo/incident_robotshop-noi.sh** file
- Click on **Optional event attributes**
- Scroll down and click on the + sign for **URL**
- Click **Confirm Selections**

Use this json:

```
{
  "timestamp": "1619706828000",
  "severity": "Critical",
  "summary": "Test Event",
  "nodename": "productpage-v1",
  "alertgroup": "robotshop",
  "url": "https://pirsoscom.github.io/grafana-robotshop.html"
}
```

Fill out the following fields and save:

- Severity: **severity**
- Summary: **summary**
- Resource name: **nodename**
- Event type: **alertgroup**
- Url: **url**
- Description: **"URL"**

Optionnally you can also add **Expiry Time** from **Optional event attributes** and set it to a convenient number of seconds (just make sure that you have time to run the demo before they expire).

5.5 Create custom Filter and View in EventManager

5.5.1 Filter

Duplicate the **Default** filter and set to global.

- Name: AIOPS
- Logic: **Any** (!)
- Filter:
 - AlertGroup = 'CEACorrelationKeyParent'
 - AlertGroup = 'robot-shop'

11.1.5.2 View

Duplicate the **Example_IBM_CloudAnalytics** View and set to global.

- Name: AIOPS

Configure to your likings.

5.6 Create grouping Policy

- NetCool Web Gui --> **Insights** / **Scope Based Grouping**
- Click **Create Policy**
- **Action** select field **Alert Group**
- Toggle **Enabled** to **On**
- Save

5.7 Create EventManager/NOI Menu item - Open URL

in the Netcool WebGUI

- Go to **Administration** / **Tool Configuration**
- Click on **LaunchRunbook**
- Copy it (the middle button with the two sheets)
- Name it **Launch URL**
- Replace the Script Command with the following code

```
var urlId = '{$selected_rows.URL}';

if (urlId == '') {
    alert('This event is not linked to an URL');
} else {
    var wnd = window.open(urlId, '_blank');
}
```

- Save

Then

- Go to **Administration** / **Menu Configuration**
- Select **alerts**
- Click on **Modify**
- Move Launch URL to the right column
- Save

6 Runbook Configuration

6.1 Configure AWX

There is some demo content available to RobotShop.

1. Log in to AWX
2. Add a new Project
 1. Name it `DemoCP4WAIOPS`
 2. Source Control Credential Type to `Git`
 3. Set source control URL to `https://github.com/niklaushirt/ansible-demo`
 4. Save
3. Add new Job Template
 1. Name it `Mitigate Robotshop Ratings Outage`
 2. Select Inventory `Demo Inventory`
 3. Select Project `DemoCP4WAIOPS`
 4. Select Playbook `cp4waiops/robotshop-restart/start-ratings.yaml`
 5. Select `Prompt on launch` for `Variables` **!**
 6. Save

6.2 Configure AWX Integration

In EventManager:

1. Select `Administration` / `Integration with other Systems`
2. Select `Automation type` tab
3. For `Ansible Tower` click `Configure`
4. Enter the URL and credentials for your AWX instance (you can use the default `admin` user)
5. Click Save

6.3 Configure Runbook

In EventManager:

1. Select **Automations** / **Runbooks**
2. Select **Library** tab
3. Click **New Runbook**
4. Name it **Mitigate Robotshop Ratings Outage**
5. Click **Add automated Step**
6. Select the **Mitigate Robotshop Ratings Outage** Job
7. Click **Select this automation**
8. Select **New Runbook Parameter**
9. Name it **ClusterCredentials**
10. Input the login credentials in JSON Format (get the URL and token from the 20_get_logins.sh script)

```
{  
  "my_k8s_apiurl": "https://c117-e.xyz.containers.cloud.ibm.com:12345",  
  "my_k8s_apikey": "PASTE YOUR API KEY"  
}
```

11. Click Save
12. Click Publish

Now you can test the Runbook by clicking on **Run**.

6.4 Add Runbook Triggers

1. Select **Automations** / **Runbooks**
2. Select **Triggers** tab
3. Click **New Trigger**
4. Name it **Mitigate Robotshop Ratings Outage**
5. Add conditions:
 - Conditions
 - Name: RobotShop
 - Attribute: Node
 - Operator: Equals
 - Value: mysql-instana or mysql-predictive
6. Click **Run Test**
7. You should get an Event **[Instana] Robotshop available replicas is less than desired replicas - Check conditions and error events - ratings**
8. Select **Mitigate RobotShop Problem**
9. Click **Select This Runbook**
10. Toggle **Execution** / **Automatic** to **off**
11. Click **Save**

7 Demo the Solution

7.1 Simulate incident

Make sure you are logged-in to the Kubernetes Cluster first

In the terminal type

```
./tools/01_demo/incident_robotshop.sh
```

This will delete all existing Alerts and inject pre-canned event and logs to create a story.

 Give it a minute or two for all events and anomalies to arrive in Slack.

8 Additional Configuration

8.1 Setup remote Kubernetes Observer

8.1.1. Get Kubernetes Cluster Access Details

As part of the kubernetes observer, it is required to communicate with the target cluster. So it is required to have the URL and Access token details of the target cluster.

Do the following.

8.1.1.1. Login

Login into the remote Kubernetes cluster on the Command Line.

8.1.1.2. Access user/token

Run the following:

```
./tools/97_addons/k8s-remote/remote_user.sh
```

This will create the remote user if it does not exist and print the access token (also if you have already created).

Please jot this down.

8.1.1. Create Kubernetes Observer Connection

- In the **AI Manager** "Hamburger" Menu select **Operate / Data and tool integrations**
- Click **Add connection**
- Under **Kubernetes**, click on **Add Integration**
- Click **Connect**
- Name it **RobotShop**
- Data Center **demo**
- Click **Next**
- Choose **Load** for Connection Type
- Input the URL you have gotten from the step above in **Kubernetes master IP address** (without the https://)
- Input the port for the URL you have gotten from the step above in **Kubernetes API port**

- Input the **Token** you have gotten from the step above
- Set **Trust all certificates by bypassing certificate verification** to **On**
- Set **Hide pods that have been terminated** to **On**
- Set **Correlate analytics events on the namespace groups created by this job** to **On**
- Set Namespace to **robot-shop**
- Click **Next**
- Click **Done**

Kubernetes

✓ Add connection

● Set advanced options
Optional

○ Schedule when to
collect data
Optional

☒ Load ☐ Local

Kubernetes master IP address

c108-e.eu-gb.containers.cloud.ibm.com

If you have any restrictive EgressNetworkPolicies in place, please ensure that they are updated to allow for this outbound connection.

Kubernetes API port

32064

Token

.....

Trust all HTTPS certificates for connection

☒ On

Certificate name

mykubeccluster.crt

Specify the exact name of the certificate held in the evtmanager-topology-custom-secrets Kubernetes secret.

Require SSL hostname validation for HTTPS connections

☐ Off

Hide pods that have been terminated

☒ On

API query timeout (milliseconds)

5000

- +

Specify a non-zero timeout for Kubernetes REST API queries. The minimum value is 100ms. The default value is 5000ms.

Names of custom resource definitions

crd.one,crd.two

Specify a comma-separated list of CRD names that can be queried via the Kubernetes API.

Correlate analytics events on the namespace groups created by this job

☒ On

Namespaces to observe

robot-shop

Leave blank to observe the namespace of the install, specify a single namespace, or specify "*" to observe all namespaces.

9. TROUBLESHOOTING

9.1 Mitigation Job

1. Log into AWX
2. Click on **Templates**
3. Click on the Rocket 🚀 for entry **91_Debug Patch**
4. The Job will start applying all the known workarounds to get the instance up and running
5. Wait until the Job has finished

9.2 Check with script

! There is a new script that can help you automate some common problems in your CP4WAIOPS installation.

Just run:

```
./tools/10_debug_install.sh
```

and select **Option 1**

9.3 Pods in Crashloop

If the evtmanager-topology-merge and/or evtmanager-ibm-hdm-analytics-dev-inferenceservice are crashlooping, apply the following patches. I have only seen this happen on ROKS.

```
export WAIOPS_NAMESPACE=cp4waiops

oc patch deployment evtmanager-topology-merge -n $WAIOPS_NAMESPACE --patch-file
./yaml/waiops/patch/topology-merge-patch.yaml

oc patch deployment evtmanager-ibm-hdm-analytics-dev-inferenceservice -n
$WAIOPS_NAMESPACE --patch-file ./yaml/waiops/patch/evtmanager-inferenceservice-
patch.yaml
```

9.4 Pods with Pull Error

If the ir-analytics or cassandra job pods are having pull errors, apply the following patches.

```
export WAIOPS_NAMESPACE=cp4waiops

kubectl patch -n $WAIOPS_NAMESPACE serviceaccount aiops-topology-service-account -p
'{"imagePullSecrets": [{"name": "ibm-entitlement-key"}]}'
kubectl patch -n $WAIOPS_NAMESPACE serviceaccount aiops-ir-analytics-spark-worker -p
'{"imagePullSecrets": [{"name": "ibm-entitlement-key"}]}'
kubectl patch -n $WAIOPS_NAMESPACE serviceaccount aiops-ir-analytics-spark-pipeline-
composer -p '{"imagePullSecrets": [{"name": "ibm-entitlement-key"}]}'
kubectl patch -n $WAIOPS_NAMESPACE serviceaccount aiops-ir-analytics-spark-master -p
'{"imagePullSecrets": [{"name": "ibm-entitlement-key"}]}'
kubectl patch -n $WAIOPS_NAMESPACE serviceaccount aiops-ir-analytics-probablecause -p
'{"imagePullSecrets": [{"name": "ibm-entitlement-key"}]}'
kubectl patch -n $WAIOPS_NAMESPACE serviceaccount aiops-ir-analytics-classifier -p
'{"imagePullSecrets": [{"name": "ibm-entitlement-key"}]}'
kubectl patch -n $WAIOPS_NAMESPACE serviceaccount aiops-ir-lifecycle-eventprocessor-ep
-p '{"imagePullSecrets": [{"name": "ibm-entitlement-key"}]}'
oc delete pod $(oc get po -n $WAIOPS_NAMESPACE | grep ImagePull | awk '{print $1}') -n
$WAIOPS_NAMESPACE
```

9.5 Camel-K Handlers Error

If the scm-handler or snow-handler pods are not coming up, apply the following patches.

```
export WAIOPS_NAMESPACE=cp4waiops

oc patch vaultaccess/ibm-vault-access -p '{"spec":{"token_period":"760h"}}' --
type=merge -n $WAIOPS_NAMESPACE
oc delete pod $(oc get po -n $WAIOPS_NAMESPACE | grep 0/ | grep -v "Completed" | awk
'{print $1}') -n $WAIOPS_NAMESPACE
```

9.6 Slack integration not working

See [here](#)

9.7 Check if data is flowing

9.7.1 Check Log injection

To check if logs are being injected through the demo script:

1. Launch

```
./tools/22_monitor_kafka.sh
```

2. Select option 4

You should see data coming in.

9.7.2 Check Events injection

To check if events are being injected through the demo script:

1. Launch

```
./tools/22_monitor_kafka.sh
```

2. Select option 3

You should see data coming in.

9.7.3 Check Stories being generated

To check if stories are being generated:

1. Launch

```
./tools/22_monitor_kafka.sh
```

2. Select option 2

You should see data being generated.

9.8 Docker Pull secret

! ⚠ Make a copy of the secret before modifying

! ⚠ On ROKS (any version) and before 4.7 you have to restart the worker nodes after the modification

We learnt this the hard way...

```
oc get secret -n openshift-config pull-secret -oyaml > pull-secret_backup.yaml
```

or more elegant

```
oc get Secret -n openshift-config pull-secret -ojson | jq 'del(.metadata.annotations, .metadata.creationTimestamp, .metadata.generation, .metadata.managedFields, .metadata.resourceVersion, .metadata.selfLink, .metadata.uid, .status)' > pull-secret_backup.json
```

In order to avoid errors with Docker Registry pull rate limits, you should add your Docker credentials to the Cluster.

This can occur especially with Rook/Ceph installation.

- Go to Secrets in Namespace **openshift-config**
- Open the **pull-secret** Secret
- Select **Actions / Edit Secret**
- Scroll down and click **Add Credentials**
- Enter your Docker credentials

 Remove Credentials

Registry Server Address *

docker.io

Username *

niklaushirt

Password *

.....



Email

 Add Credentials

Save

Cancel

- Click Save

If you already have Pods in ImagePullBackoff state then just delete them. They will recreate and should pull the image correctly.

9.9 Monitor ElasticSearch Indexes

At any moment you can run `./tools/28_access_elastic.sh` in a separate terminal window.

This allows you to access ElasticSearch and gives you:

- ES User
- ES Password

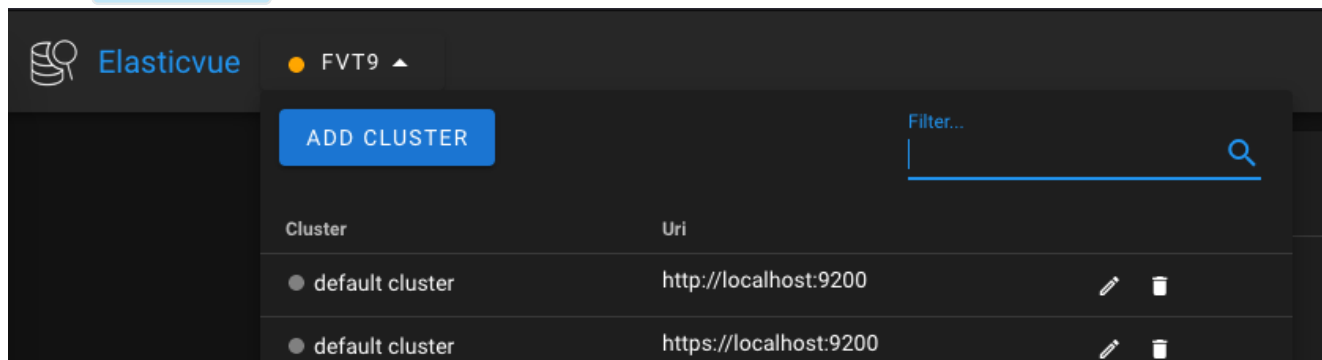
```
*****
***** AI OPS DEBUG - Enable ElasticSearch remote access *****
*****
***** Initializing..... *****
*****
***** Getting credentials *****
*****
***** Already on project "cp4waiops" on server "https://c100-e.eu-de.containers.cloud.ibm.com:30783". *****
***** OK *****
*****
***** Checking credentials *****
*****
***** OK - Elasticsearch Username *****
***** OK - Elasticsearch Password *****
*****
***** Elasticsearch Access *****
*****
***** URL : https://localhost:9200 *****
*****
***** User : cp4waiops-cartridge *****
***** Password : s29tRmiTWa *****
*****
***** You can use any Elasticsearch Browser. I usually use https://elasticvue.com/ *****
*****
***** Starting Port Forwarding *****
*****
***** Forwarding from 127.0.0.1:9200 -> 9200 *****
***** Forwarding from [::1]:9200 -> 9200 *****
```

9.9.1 Monitor ElasticSearch Indexes from Firefox

I use the [Elasticvue](#) Firefox plugin.

Follow these steps to connects from Elasticvue:

- Select **Add Cluster**



- Put in the credentials and make sure you put **https** and not **http** in the URL

Add elasticsearch instance

Cluster name
default cluster

Username (optional)
cp4waiops-cartridge

Password (optional)
.....

Uri
https://localhost:9200

Your cluster uses ssl. Make sure that your browser trusts the certificate that you are using, otherwise you will not be able to connect. [Help](#)

TEST CONNECTIONCONNECTCANCEL

- Click **Test Connection** - you will get an error
- Click on the **https://localhost:9200** URL

Add elasticsearch instance

Cluster name
default cluster

Username (optional)
cp4waiops-cartridge

Password (optional)
.....


Uri
https://localhost:9200

Your cluster uses ssl. Make sure that your browser trusts the certificate that you are using, otherwise you will not be able to connect. [Help](#)

⚠ Could not connect. Please make sure that:
1. Your cluster is reachable via <https://localhost:9200>
2. You added the correct settings to your **elasticsearch.yml** and restarted your cluster
Either your cluster is not reachable or you did not configure CORS correctly.

TEST CONNECTIONCONNECTCANCEL

- This will open a new Tab, select **Accept Risk and Continue**



Warning: Potential Security Risk Ahead

Nightly detected a potential security threat and did not continue to localhost. If you visit this site, attackers could try to steal information like your passwords, emails, or credit card details.

What can you do about it?

The issue is most likely with the website, and there is nothing you can do to resolve it.

If you are on a corporate network or using anti-virus software, you can reach out to the support teams for assistance. You can also notify the website's administrator about the problem.

[Learn more...](#)

Go Back (Recommended)
Advanced...

Someone could be trying to impersonate the site and you should not continue.

Websites prove their identity via certificates. Nightly does not trust localhost:9200 because its certificate issuer is unknown, the certificate is self-signed, or the server is not sending the correct intermediate certificates.

Error code: **SEC_ERROR_UNKNOWN_ISSUER**

[View Certificate](#)

Go Back (Recommended)
Accept the Risk and Continue

- Cancel the login screen and go back to the previous tab
- Click **Connect**
- You should now be connected to your AI Manager ElasticSearch instance

Elasticvue default cluster									
HOME NODES INDICES SEARCH REST SNAPSHOTS UTILITIES									
Indices +									
NEW INDEX Show hidden indices									
Name	Health	Status	UUID	Aliases	Shards	Lucene docs	Storage		
1000-1000-20210505-logtrain	yellow	open	9B5Nq-510h88Uic311zw	[]	1 / 1	315652	109 MB		
1000-1000-20210506-logtrain	yellow	open	D2Up0od556zchK9RMVyg	[]	1 / 1	386526	132 MB		
1000-1000-20211109-logtrain	yellow	open	8MwC010R07mucs31f0AcA	[]	8 / 2	24140	8.12 MB		
1000-1000-20211110-logtrain	yellow	open	7ZLycC285WECVftvzmBg	[]	8 / 2	82633	33.3 MB		
1000-1000-changerisk_model_latest	yellow	open	P6h9IVs18dny13Kxfv1A	[]	1 / 1	1	3.84 KB		
1000-1000-incident_model_latest	yellow	open	-5V3PMwvSeSHyR02VjT0	[]	1 / 1	1	3.84 KB		
1000-1000-lad_registration	yellow	open	hMta20MS_0u8Zd0rH70dg	[]	5 / 1	1	177 KB		
1000-1000-log_model_latest	yellow	open	KSc4j3oLSv24ER0Q20K9WQ	[]	1 / 1	1	3.84 KB		
1000-1000-oss_model_update	yellow	open	YgkX5teT07d0Inclqnvdu	[]	5 / 1	1	3.95 KB		
1000-1000-reference_embedding	yellow	open	9Bjpat6Etqnaux9757t0SA	[]	5 / 1	32	127 KB		
1000-1000-reference_oss	yellow	open	tpwM0e8-RM0hd0Kq2v10	[]	5 / 1	32	127 KB		
1000-1000-si_model_latest	yellow	open	7AdenHv5550NLYaCBVt2A	[]	1 / 1	1	4.24 KB		
1000-1000-v1-anomalies	yellow	open	qpy0o5y008dkaWwMX3vA	[]	5 / 1	269	1.25 MB		
1000-1000-v1-applications	yellow	open	FT_L4ELg0LPMCLm_SNU0	[]	5 / 1	3	8.78 KB		
1000-1000-v1-embedding_pca_fe	yellow	open	8JhgJxnRM272qMcsc10A	[]	5 / 1	3	17.6 KB		
1000-1000-v1-embedding_pca_model	yellow	open	8Lv16KLTQ-217rd-Bae0Bu	[]	5 / 1	3	78.5 KB		
1000-1000-v1-pca_anomaly_group_id	yellow	open	1P2R7R0q0iYfgh1y13ag	[]	5 / 1	4	68.5 KB		
1000-1000-v1-pca_fe	yellow	open	hAs3W2EQ7MB0WV_e4Yfg	[]	5 / 1	3	15.7 KB		
1000-1000-v1-pca_model	yellow	open	Mkd1lvcCTKPH748y50	[]	5 / 1	3	28 KB		

10. Uninstall

! The scripts are coming from here <https://github.com/IBM/cp4waiops-samples.git>

If you run into problems check back if there have been some updates.

I have tested those on 3.1.1 as well and it seemed to work (was able to do a complete reinstall afterwards).

Just run:

```
./tools/99_uninstall/3.2/uninstall-cp4waiops.props
```

11 Service Now integration

11.1 Integration

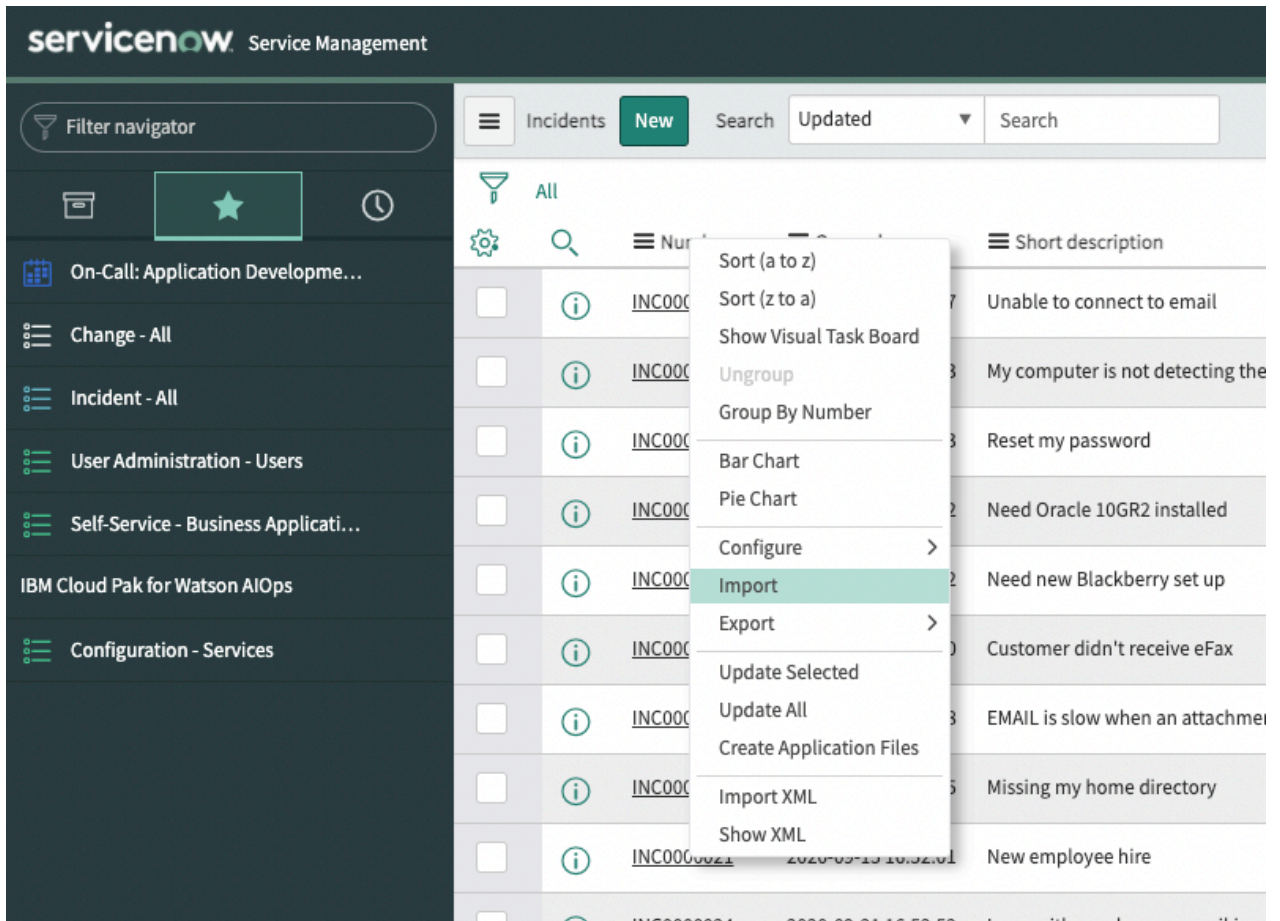
1. Follow [this](#) document to get and configure your Service Now Dev instance with CP4WAIOPS.

Stop at **Testing the ServiceNow Integration**.

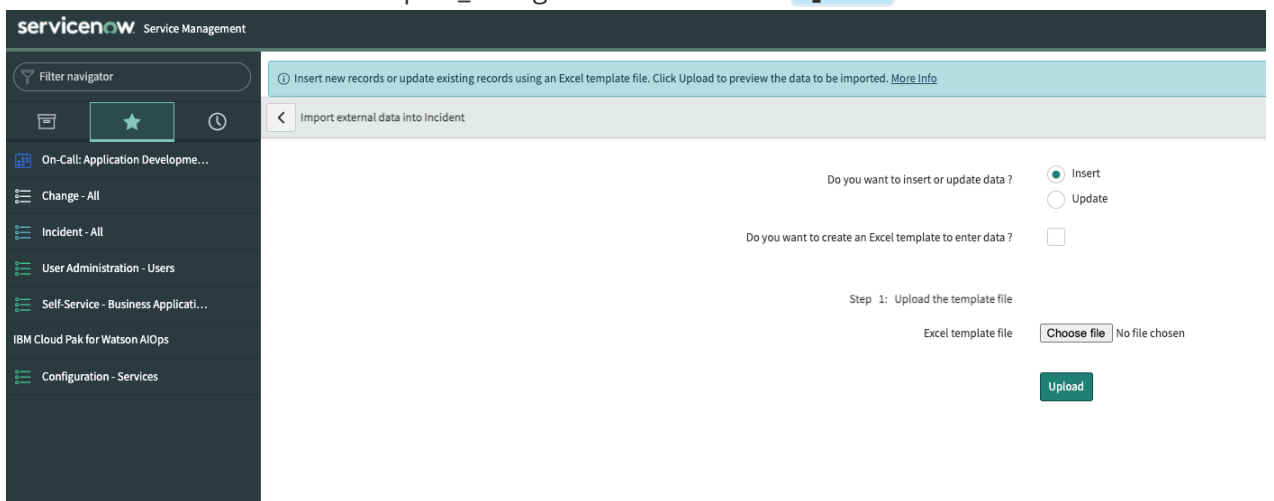
! ! Don't do the training as of yet.

2. Import the Changes from ./doc/servicenow/import_change.xlsx

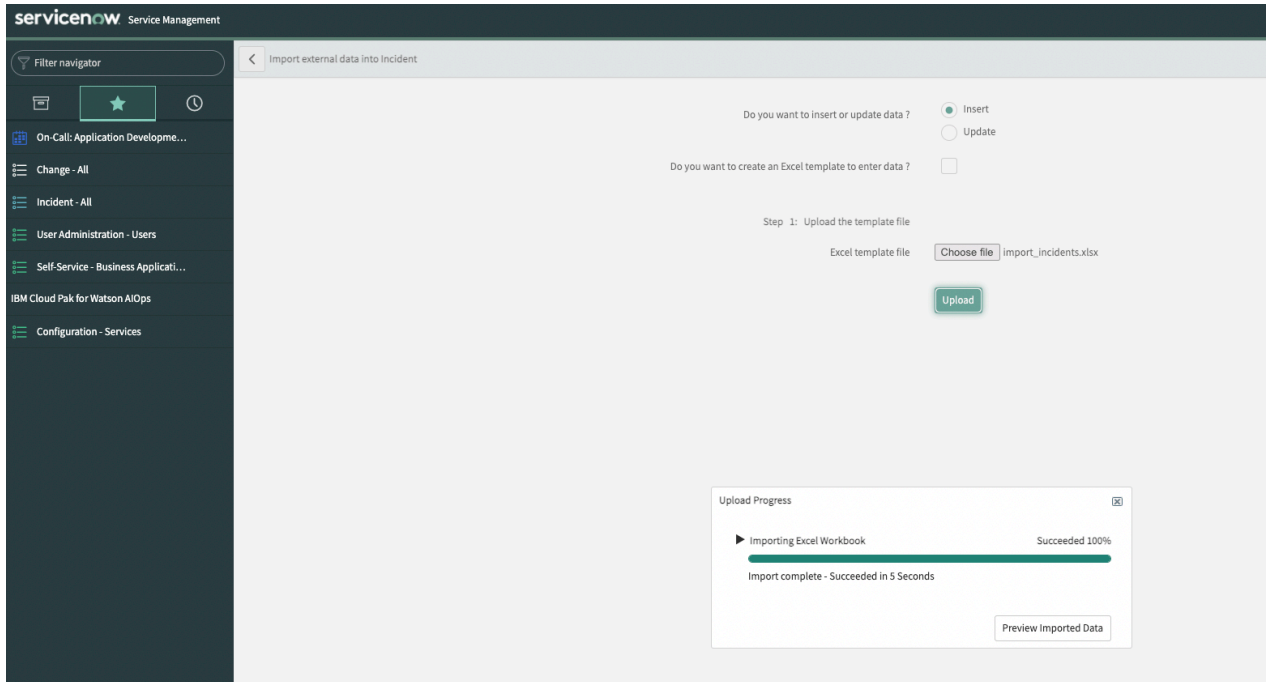
1. Select **Change - All** from the right-hand menu
2. Right Click on **Number** in the header column
3. Select Import



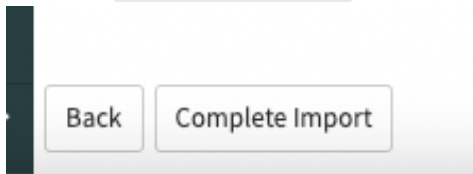
4. Chose the `./doc/servicenow/import_change.xlsx` file and click **Upload**



5. Click on **Preview Imported Data**



6. Click on **Complete Import** (if there are errors or warnings just ignore them and import anyway)



3. Import the Incidents from `./doc/servicenow/import_incidents.xlsx`

1. Select **Incidents - All** from the right-hand menu
2. Proceed as for the Changes but for Incidents

4. Now you can finish configuring your Service Now Dev instance with CP4WAIOPS by [going back](#) and continue where you left off at **Testing the ServiceNow Integration**.

12 ANNEX

9.1 Tool Pod Access

```
oc exec -it $(oc get po -n default|grep cp4waiops-tools|awk '{print$1}') -n default --  
/bin/bash
```