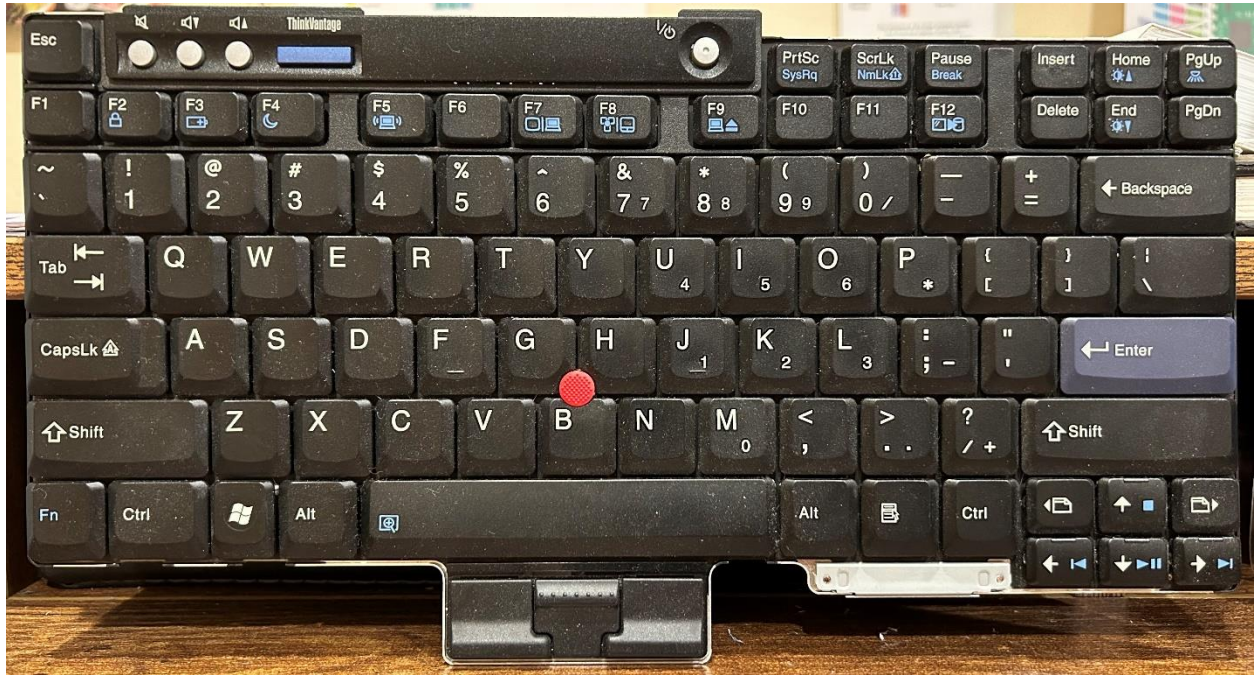


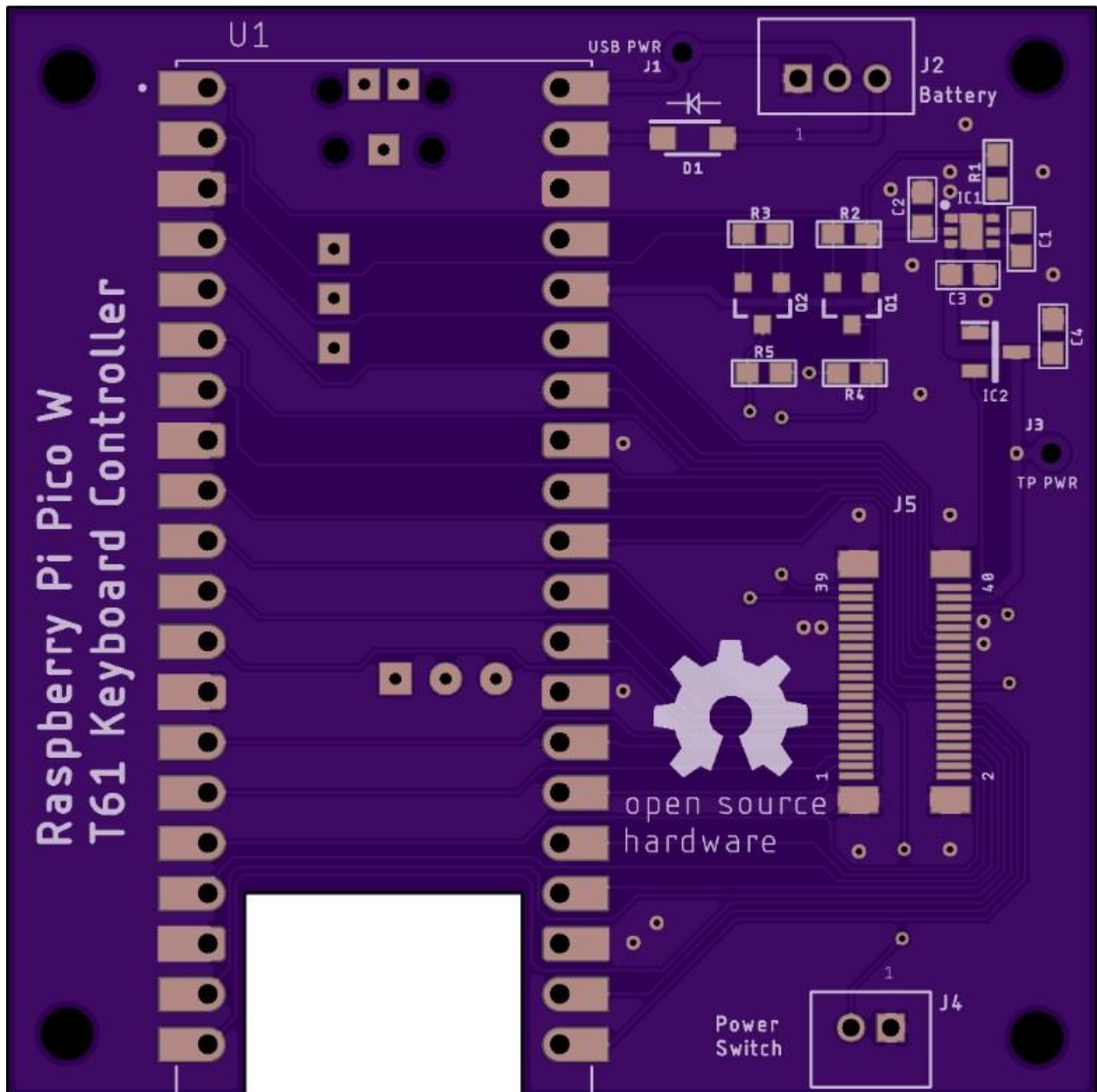
## Raspberry Pi Pico W Keyboard Controller

This document will describe how to make a USB and Bluetooth controller for the Thinkpad T61 keyboard shown below using a Raspberry Pi Pico W. This is an ongoing project that has not been built or tested yet. I'm providing my design information to help others and perhaps they can help me too (especially with the software). All associated files are at my Github repository.



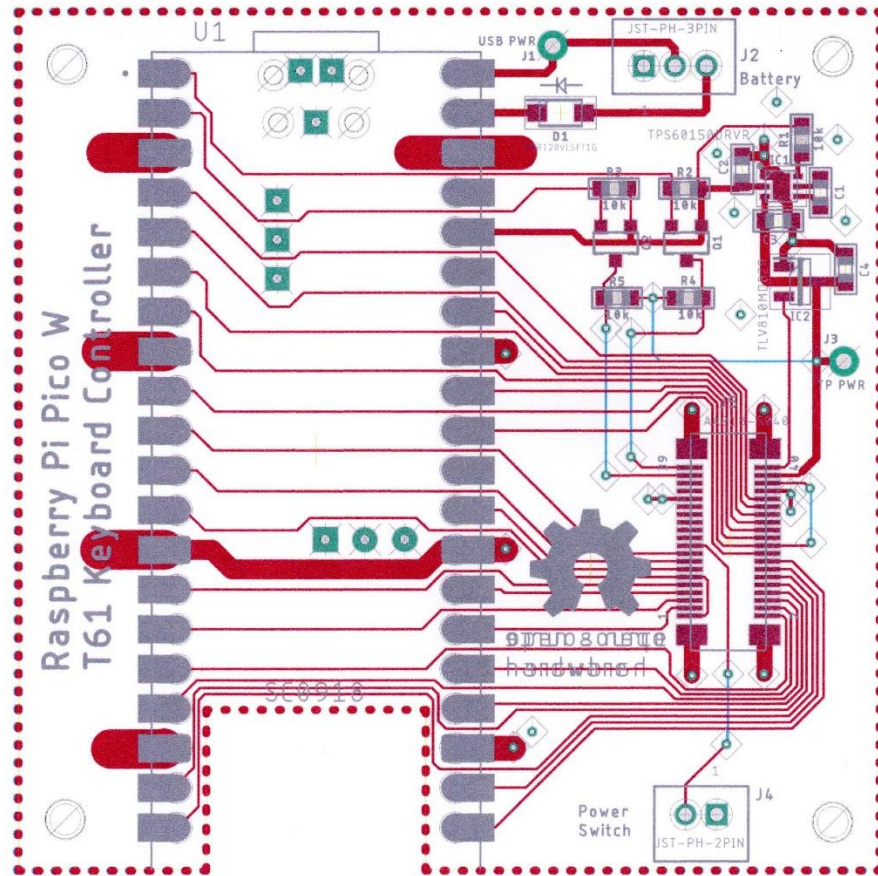
Lenovo T60, T61, T400, T500 laptops and their variants have a 44 pin connector soldered to the end of their keyboard's FPC cable. The 4 corner pins are not used and the Thinkpad motherboard has a 40 pin mating connector, part number AA01B-S040 available at [AliExpress](#). The following pages document the circuit board I designed that connects a Pi Pico W (with or without header pins) to the 40 pin keyboard connector.

The Pico T61 keyboard controller board is shown below as depicted by OSHPark.



The cutout in the board gives better reception for the Bluetooth antenna on the Pico. The Pico can be mounted with header pins or soldered directly to the board for a lower profile.

The “Pico\_T61\_Keyboard.brd” Eagle file and “Pico\_T61\_Keyboard.zip” Gerber file at my repo can be fabricated by OSH Park or other fab houses like JLCPCB. The Eagle layout (without area fill) is shown below.



The trackpoint circuitry in the keyboard is powered with 5 volts and draws about 6ma. The Pico GP I/O's are not 5 volt tolerant so there are level translators for the trackpoint Clock and Data signals.

Bluetooth operation implies the controller will be running from a separate [lithium battery](#) with a [charging circuit](#). USB 5 volts on the Pico VBUS pin is routed to the 3 pin JST connector for an off board battery charger circuit. The nominal 3.7 volt battery output should be connected to VBAT on the 3 pin JST connector. A Schottky diode “or-ties” the battery voltage to the Pico’s VSYS pin. There is another Schottky diode in the Pico that brings USB power to VSYS when the USB cable is attached.

A TPS60150 switched capacitor charge pump boosts the 3.3 volts from the Pico up to 5 volts to power the trackpoint. The trackpoint reset signal can be created with a resistor and capacitor but to be more robust, I’ve included a TLV810 reset generator.

If the keyboard will only be used for USB, solder a jumper wire from J1 to J3. This provides USB 5 volts to the trackpoint. Do not install the charge pump or its associated components. Do not install the Schottky diode or 3 pin JST connector (these are for battery operation).



Qty	Value	Device	Package	Parts	Description
2	None	CONN_01PTH_NO_SILK_KIT	1X01NS_KIT	J1, J3	Single connection point for jumper wire.
1	0.1uF	0603_CAP	0603_CAP	C4	Bypass cap for reset generator IC
5	10k	10KOHM-0603-1/10W-1%	0603	R1, R2, R3, R4, R5	10KΩ 0603 size resistor
1	1uF	0603_CAP	0603_CAP	C1	1uF X7R 0603 size capacitor
2	2.2uF	0603_CAP	0603_CAP	C2, C3	2.2uF X7R 0603 size capacitor
2	220mA/50V/3.5Ω	MOSFET-NCH-BSS138	SO23-3	Q1, Q2	BSS138 N-channel MOSFET
1	AA01B-S040	AA01B-S040	AA01B-S040	J5	40 Pin Keyboard Connector
1	JST-PH-2PIN	JST-PH-2PIN	JST-PH-2PIN	J4	2 Pin JST Connector
1	JST-PH-3PIN	JST-PH-3PIN	JST-PH-3PIN	J2	3 Pin JST Connector
1	MBR120VLSFT1G	MBR120VLSFT1G	SODFL3616X98N	D1	Diode Schottky 20V 1A
1	SC0918	SC0918	MODULE_SC0918	U1	Raspberry Pi Pico W (with or without header pins)
1	TLV810MDBZR	TLV810MDBZR	SON95P237X112-3N	IC1	3-pin Reset IC with active-high, push-pull output
1	TPS60150DRV	TPS60150DRV	SON65P200X200X80-7N	IC2	140mA, 5V Charge Pump

The keyboard connections to the Pico GP I/O and other devices are shown below.

Lenovo ThinkPad T61 FPC Connector	Pico GP I/O number	Notes	T61 Schematic Signal Name
1	9	Added to key matrix	HOTKEY
2	12		DRV<4>
3	20		SENSE<5>
4	19		DRV<5>
5	11		SENSE<0>
6	13		DRV<8>
7	21		SENSE<3>
8	18		DRV<6>
9	10		SENSE<2>
10	14		DRV<3>
11	9		SENSE<4>
12	15		DRV<7>
13	22		SENSE<1>
14	17		DRV<2>
15	8		SENSE<6>
16	16		DRV<10>
17	7		SENSE<7>
18	26		DRV<1>
19		PWR SW – J4 Pin 2	PWR SW
20	6		DRV<9>
21	No connect		NC
22	27		DRV<0>
23	No connect		NC
24	5		DRV<11>
25	No connect		KBDID0
26	4		DRV<14>
27	No connect		KBDID1
28	28		DRV<12>
29	No connect		KBDID2
30	3		DRV<15>
31	Pico GND		KBDID RTN
32	2		DRV<13>
33	No connect		NC
34	Pico GND		KBDID RTN
35	No connect		NC
36	6	Added to key matrix	HOTKEY RTN
37	1	Level Translated	TP_DATA
38		5 volts from TPS60150	TP_5V
39	0	Level Translated	TP_CLK
40		TLV810 Reset Generator	TP_RESET

The Pico inputs are the Sense<0> thru <7> columns across the top which must be programmed with pullup resistors. The Pico outputs are the Drive<0> thru <15> rows on the side and are either driven low or floated. Floating a pin is done by making it an input.

Matrix for the Lenovo ThinkPad T61 Keyboard

Pico GP I/O Number	Sense<0> GP 11	Sense<1> GP 22	Sense<2> GP 10	Sense<3> GP 21	Sense<4> GP 9	Sense<5> GP 20	Sense<6> GP 8	Sense<7> GP 7
Drive<0> GP 27	Back-Tick	1	Q	Tab	A	Esc	Z	
Drive<1> GP 26	F1	2	W	Caps-Lock	S		X	
Drive<2> GP 17	F2	3	E	F3	D	F4	C	
Drive<3> GP 14	5	4	R	T	F	G	V	B
Drive<4> GP 12	6	7	U	Y	J	H	M	N
Drive<5> GP 19	Equal	8	I	Right-Brace	K	F6	Comma	
Drive<6> GP 18	F8	9	O	F7	L		Period	
Drive<7> GP 15	Minus	0	P	Left-Brace	Semi-colon	Quote		Forward-Slash
Drive<8> GP 13	F9	F10		Back-Space	Back-Slash	F5	Enter	Space
Drive<9> GP 6	Insert	F12			<b>Fn added here</b>			Arrow-Right
Drive<10> GP 16	Delete	F11	Volume-Up	Volume-Down	Mute	Think-Vantage		Arrow-Down
Drive<11> GP 5	Page-Up	Page-Down	GUI		Menu		Page-Left	Page-Right
Drive<12> GP 28	Home	End				Arrow-Up	Pause	Arrow-Left
Drive<13> GP 2		Print-Screen	Scroll-Lock			Alt-L		Alt-R
Drive<14> GP 4				Shift-L			Shift-R	
Drive<15> GP 3	Cntrl-L						Cntrl_R	

The keyboard will use 24 Pico GP I/O's and the trackpoint will use 2 GP I/O's. There are no spare GP I/O's for the Fn "Hotkey" so it has been wired into the matrix at the location shown above.