

# Introduction Asset Pricing

## Assignment 1

# Report

- The deliverable of this assignment is a report (including your names and student numbers, with a maximum of three students per group) with answers to the below and also the code(s) that you use to generate the output.
- The assignment is due April 21, 17:00.

# Data

- Go to the data library of Kenneth French: Link “Data library”.
- Download the returns of five Fama-French factors ( $R_t^{me}$ ,  $R_t^{smb}$ ,  $R_t^{hml}$ ,  $R_t^{rmw}$ ,  $R_t^{cma}$ ) (Check the description of those factors: Link: “Description”) at a monthly or daily frequency for a region and for a time period of your own choice, including at least the MOST RECENT observations.
- Also download/construct additionally six excess returns that will be used to test the Fama-French five factor model and the power utility model. (These excess returns should of course correspond to the downloaded Fama- French factors in terms of frequency, region, and time period.)

# Part 1: Descriptive Statistics

- Describe the return series that you use: Source, frequency, sample period, ...

Remark: We need to take care of the differences between %, fractions, net and gross returns!

- Present commented sample/descriptive statistics of the return series that you use.

Remark: Showing some plots might be helpful when describing the data.

# Part 1: Fama-French Five Factor Model

- Test the validity of the Fama-French five factor model, i.e., the normalized pricing kernel

$$\theta_t = 1 - c_1 (R_t^{me} - E[R_t^{me}]) - c_2 (R_t^{smb} - E[R_t^{smb}]) \\ - c_3 (R_t^{hml} - E[R_t^{hml}]) - c_4 (R_t^{rmw} - E[R_t^{rmw}]) - c_5 (R_t^{cma} - E[R_t^{cma}])$$

using SIX linear regressions (corresponding to the six excess returns).

- Report the outcomes of your tests both under the assumption of homoskedasticity and allowing for heteroskedasticity. Interpret your findings and present your conclusion(s).

## Part 2: Hansen-Jagannathan Bounds

Repeat the following for DIFFERENT values of  $\gamma$ .

- Construct  $\theta_t = c \times (R_t^m)^{-\gamma}$
- Estimate  $c$ . Use this estimated  $c$  in the sequel.
- Verify whether  $\theta_t$  satisfies the Hansen-Jagannathan (HJ) bound

$$\sigma(\theta_t) \geq \max_{R^{amb}} \left| \frac{E(R_t^{amb})}{\sigma(R_t^{amb})} \right|,$$

using for  $R_t^{amb}$  each of your six excess returns. Report your findings, also using an appropriate graph.

- Calculate the generalized Hansen-Jagannathan (HJ) bound (i.e. the right-hand-side of )

$$\sigma(\theta_t) \geq \sqrt{E(R_t^e)' (\text{cov}(R_t^e))^{-1} E(R_t^e)}$$

by including in  $R_t^e$  the six excess returns.

- Compare this generalized HJ bound with the HJ bounds based on the individual excess returns (i.e.  $\left| \frac{E(R_t^{amb})}{\sigma(R_t^{amb})} \right|$  and  $\max_{R^{amb}} \left| \frac{E(R_t^{amb})}{\sigma(R_t^{amb})} \right|$ ).
- Verify whether  $\theta_t = c \times (R_t^m)^{-\gamma}$  satisfies the generalized HJ bound.