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The second part of the paper focuses on the methodological challenges of conducting research in diverse cultural settings. It explores the limitations of quantitative methods and the potential benefits of qualitative approaches. The author argues that a mixed-methods approach, which combines the strengths of both quantitative and qualitative research, is often the most effective way to understand complex cultural phenomena.

The third part of the paper presents a case study of a health intervention in a rural community. The study found that the intervention was more successful when it was tailored to the specific cultural needs of the community. This finding has important implications for the design and implementation of health programs in other cultural contexts.

In conclusion, the paper emphasizes the importance of cultural competence in research. Researchers must be able to understand and respect the cultural differences of the communities they are studying in order to conduct effective and ethical research.



90% Nema rak do jke

10% Inmarrakdojke

positivn

9 Lazzaro

negativan



81 Tashno





















negativan

1. Lazzano

9 Tårn

positivn

**sensitivity = 90%**

**specificity = 90%**



$$P(\text{Ima rak} \mid \text{pozitivan test}) \approx \frac{9}{9 + 9} = 0.5$$

















90% Nema rak do jke

10% Inmarrakdojike

positivn

9 Lazzino













9 Tårn

positivn