## Исследовать функцию на условный экстремум

1. 
$$U = 3 - 8x + 6y$$
, если  $x^2 + y^2 = 36$ 

$$2.U = 2x^2 + 12xy + 32y^2 + 15$$
, если  $x^2 + 16y^2 = 64$ 

- 3. Найти производную функции  $U=x^2+y^2+z^2$  по направлению вектора  $\vec{c}(-9,8,\;-12)$  в точку M(8;-12;9).
- 4. Найти производную функции  $U=e^{x^2+y^2+z^2}$  по направлению вектора  $\vec{d} \coloneqq (4,-13,-16)$  в точку L(-16;4;-13).

P. 9 reck-kun repail-x. 1) U=3-8x+6y, x2+y2=36 L(1, x, y) = 3-8x+6y+x(x2+y2-36)  $L_{x} = 2\lambda x - 8$   $L_{y} = 2\lambda y + 6$   $L_{x} = x^{2}+y^{2}-36$  $y = -\frac{3}{\lambda} = 2$   $dy = \frac{18}{5}$  um  $dy = -\frac{18}{5}$ 16 + 32 = 36 [ J=- 5 L'gry = 21 L'xx =0 Lxx = 21 L'xx = 2x L'yx = 2y L'xy = 0  $= -8\lambda (x^2+y^2)$ (-5-11) - yon max

(2) 
$$U = 2x^2 + 1/2xy + 32y^2 + 15$$
,  $x^2 + 1/6y^2 = 64$   
 $U = 2(x^2 + 1/6y^2) + 1/2xy + 15 = 1/2xy + 1/93$   
 $L(\lambda_1 x_1 y) = 1/2xy + 1/93 + \lambda_1(x^2 + 1/6y^2 - 64)$   
 $L(x^2 + 1/2y) = 1/2xy + 1/2x$   
 $L(x^2 + 1/2y) = 1/2xy + 1/2xy + 1/2xy$   
 $L(x^2 + 1/2y) = 1/2xy + 1/2xy$ 

$$L''_{xx} = 2\lambda \quad L''_{yy} = 32\lambda \quad L''_{x\lambda} = 0$$

$$L''_{xy} = 12 \quad L''_{x\lambda} = 2x \quad L''_{y,\lambda} = 32y$$

$$\begin{vmatrix} 0 & 2x & 32y \\ 2x & 2\lambda & 12 \\ 32y & 12 & 32\lambda \end{vmatrix} = 0 - 2x \begin{vmatrix} 2x & 12 \\ 32y & 32\lambda \end{vmatrix} + 32y \begin{vmatrix} 32x & 12 \\ 32y & 12 \end{vmatrix}$$

$$= -2x \left(64\lambda x - 384y\right) + 32y \left(24x - 64\lambda y\right)$$

$$= -128\lambda x^{2} + 768xy + 768xy - 2048\lambda y^{2}$$

$$= -128\left(\lambda x^{2} - 12xy + 16\lambda y^{2}\right) = -128\left(64\lambda - 12xy\right)$$

$$\left(-\frac{3}{2}, -4\sqrt{2}, -\sqrt{2}\right) + yen max$$

$$\left(-\frac{3}{2}, 4\sqrt{2}, -\sqrt{2}\right) + yen max$$

$$\left(\frac{3}{2}, 4\sqrt{2}, -\sqrt{2}\right) + yen min$$

$$\left(\frac{3}{2}, -4\sqrt{2}, \sqrt{2}\right) - yen min$$

3) 
$$U = x^2 + y^2 + z^2$$
,  $\overline{c}(-9, 8, -12)$ ,  $M(8, -12, 9)$ 
 $|\overline{c}| = \sqrt{81 + 64 + 144} = 17$ 
 $|\overline{c}_{0}| = (-\frac{9}{17}, \frac{8}{17}, -\frac{12}{17})$ 
 $U'_{x} = 2x$   $U'_{y} = 2y$   $U'_{z} = 2z$ 

grad  $U|_{(2,-12,3)} = \frac{12}{17} \cdot 16 \cdot \frac{8}{17} \cdot 24 \cdot \frac{12}{17} \cdot 18 = -\frac{552}{17}$ 
 $|\overline{c}| = \sqrt{16 + 169 + 156} = 21$ ,  $|\overline{c}_{0}| = (\frac{1}{21}, -\frac{13}{21})$ 
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