

$$\textcircled{1} y = ax^2 + bx + c \quad (1, 2) (3, 10) (5, 1)$$

$$\begin{cases} a + b + c = 2 \\ 9a + 3b + c = 10 \\ 25a + 5b + c = 1 \end{cases} \quad \begin{cases} c = 2 - a - b \\ 9a + 3b - a - b = 8 \\ 25a + 5b - a - b = -1 \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} c = 2 - a - b \\ 8a + 2b = 8 \\ 24a + 4b = -1 \end{cases} \quad \begin{cases} c = 2 - a - b \\ b = 4 - 4a \\ 24a + 16 - 16a = -1 \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} c = 2 - a - b \\ b = 4 - 4a \\ a = -\frac{17}{8} \end{cases} \quad \begin{aligned} a &= -\frac{17}{8} \\ b &= 4 + \frac{17}{2} = \frac{25}{2} \\ c &= 2 + \frac{17}{8} - \frac{25}{2} = -\frac{67}{8} \end{aligned}$$

$$y = -\frac{17}{8}x^2 + \frac{100}{8}x - \frac{67}{8}$$

$$1) (1, 2) \quad \textcircled{2} = -\frac{17}{8} + \frac{100}{8} - \frac{67}{8} = \frac{16}{8} = \textcircled{2}$$

$$2) (3, 10) \quad \textcircled{10} = -\frac{153}{8} + \frac{300}{8} - \frac{67}{8} = \frac{80}{8} = \textcircled{10}$$

$$3) (5, 1) \quad \textcircled{1} = -\frac{425}{8} + \frac{500}{8} - \frac{67}{8} = \frac{8}{8} = \textcircled{1}$$

② масса пугуров без воды была 1% от 100 кг = 1 кг.

Теперь она 2% от X кг, но по-прежнему 1 кг, т.е:

$$0,02X = 1$$

$$X = 50$$

ответ задачи 50 кг.

③ 1) $2^x = 256$ $x = \log_2 256 = 8$

2) $2^x = 300$ $x = \log_2 300$

3) $\log_8 2^{8x-4} = 4$

$$2^{8x-4} = 8^4$$

$$2^{8x-4} = 4096 = 2^{12}$$

$$8x - 4 = 12$$

$$x = 2$$

4) $3^{\log_9(5x-5)} = 5$

$$3^{\log_9(5x-5)} = 3^{\log_3 5}$$

$$\log_9(5x-5) = \log_3 5$$

$$\log_9(5x-5) = \log_9 25$$

$$5x - 5 = 25$$

$$x = 6$$

5) $x^{\log_3 x + 1} = 9$

$$x^{\log_3 x + 1} = x^{\frac{\log_3 9}{\log_3 x}}$$

$$\log_3 x + 1 = \frac{\log_3 9}{\log_3 x}$$

$$t + 1 = \frac{2}{t}$$

$$\log_3 x = t$$

$$t^2 + t - 2 = 0$$

$$t_1 = 1$$

$$t_2 = -2$$

$$\log_3 x = 1$$

$$\log_3 x = -2$$

$$x = 3$$

$$x = 3^{-2} = \frac{1}{9}$$

④ 1) $\log_4 16 = \underline{2}$ 2) $\log_5 \left(\frac{1}{25}\right) = \underline{-2}$

3) $\log_{25} 5 = \frac{1}{2} = \underline{0,5}$ 4) $\log_3 \sqrt{27} = \frac{1}{2} \log_3 27 = \underline{\frac{3}{2}}$

5) $\log_2 12 - \log_2 3 = \log_2 \frac{12}{3} = \underline{2}$

6) $\log_6 12 + \log_6 3 = \log_6 (12 \cdot 3) = \underline{2}$

7) $e^{\ln 5} = e^{\log_e 5} = \underline{5}$

8) $\frac{\log_2 225}{\log_2 15} = \log_{15} 225 = \underline{2}$

9) $\log_4 32 + \log_{0.1} 10 = \log_2 2^5 + \log_{10^{-1}} 10$
 $= \frac{5}{2} \log_2 2 - \log_{10} 10 = \underline{1,5}$

10) $9^{\log_3 \sqrt{5}} = 9^{\frac{1}{2} \cdot \log_3 5} = 3^{\log_3 5} = \underline{5}$