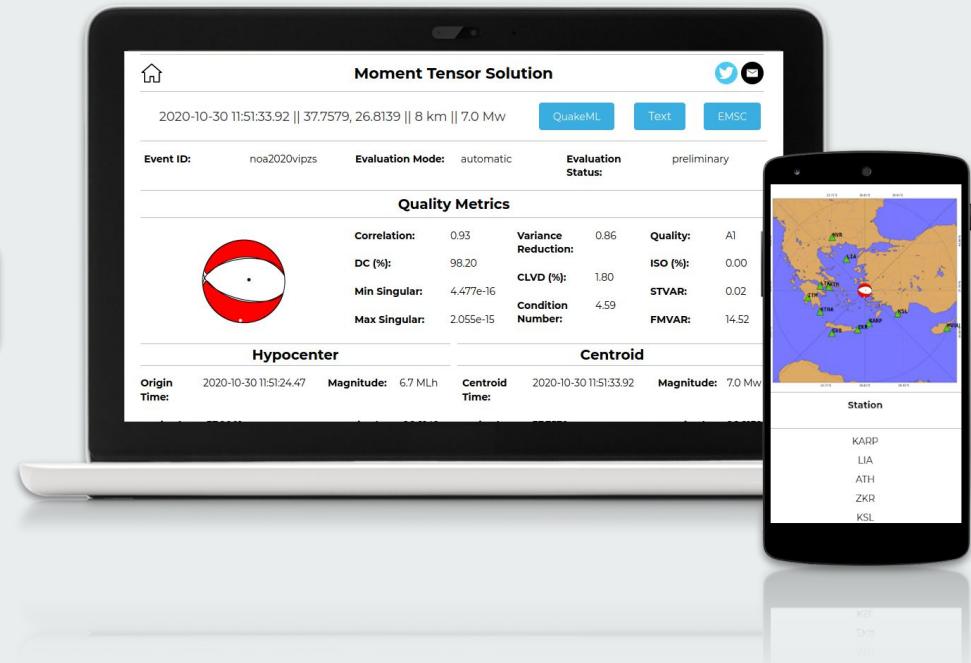




# Free and Open Source Software Communities Meeting (FOSSCOMM) 2021

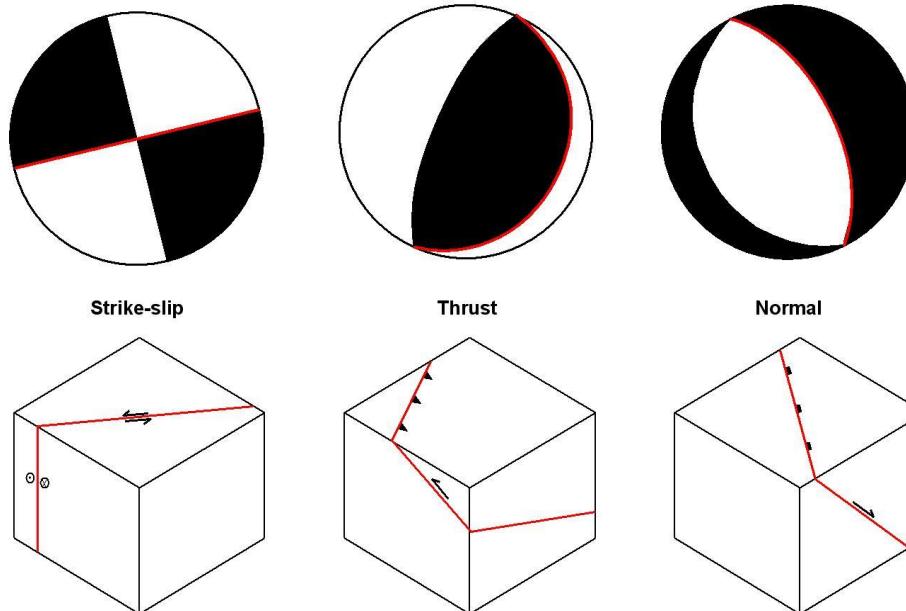


Nikolaos Triantafyllis (ntriantafyl@cslab.ece.ntua.gr)



Triantafyllis, N., Venetis, I., Fountoulakis, I., Pikoulis, E.-V., Sokos, E., and Evangelidis, C.: Gisola: Real-Time Moment Tensor computation optimized for multicore and manycore architectures, EGU General Assembly 2021, online, 19–30 Apr 2021, EGU21-15888, <https://doi.org/10.5194/equashere-equ21-15888>, 2021.

**Automatic Moment Tensor (MT) determination for regional areas  
is essential for real-time seismological applications such as  
shakemap generation, and tsunami warning**



Types of 'beachball plot' associated with different fault end-members  
(nodal plane in red parallel to fault)



**is an open-source Python-based software  
for automatic MT calculation of seismic  
events provided by the FDSN Web Services  
in real-time, oriented for High-Performance  
Computing**

---

# Process Flowchart

# Process Flowchart

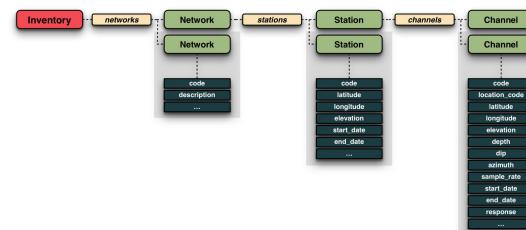
## 1. Check for new Events

- Monitor **FDSNWS-event** for new seismic events
- **Filter** events based on magnitude characteristics, origin quality metrics and geographical restrictions



## 2. Select Inventory

- Retrieve Inventory from **FDSNWS-station** and/or file in **StationXML** format
- **Filter** inventory based on station priority, specified in configuration
- Select inventory based on **distance rules**



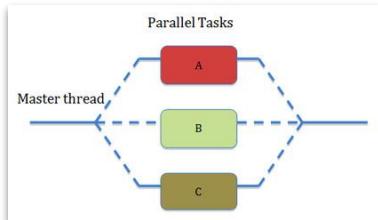
## 3. Select Waveforms

- Retrieve Waveforms from **SeedLink** and/or **SDS mseed** archiving and/or **FDSNWS-dataset**
- **Filter** waveforms by quality check modules: clipping, signal-to-noise, "mouse", psd (power spectral densities), in **parallel** CPU processing
- **Remove instrument response** in **parallel** CPU processing
- Apply **Azimuthal coverage** and **prioritization** rules

# Process Flowchart

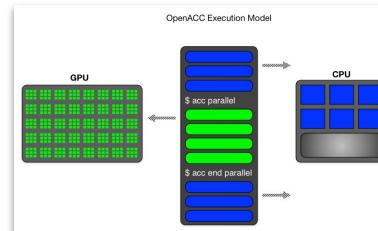
## 4. Compute Green's Functions

- Calculate Green's Functions of one or more adjustable **3D spatial grids**, specified in configuration, in **parallel** computation with CPU threads



## 5. Compute Inversions

- Calculate Moment Tensor Inversions for one or more adjustable **4-D spatio-temporal grids**, specified in configuration, in **parallel** computation with **GPU** or **CPU** threads



## 6. Distribute Results

- Render an **HTML** webpage with the evaluated results
- Publish results in different formats, e.g. **QuakeML**, ASCII text format
- **E-mail Notification** with the best Moment Tensor solution
- Apply user-defined script e.g. Focal Mechanism computation ingestion in **SeisComP**

# 1. Check for new Events

- Read Seismic Events from the **FDSNWS-event**
- **Real-Time, Playback or Event-specific** operations are supported with adjustable parameters
- **Filter events** based on magnitude characteristics, origin's quality metrics and geographical restrictions

*In the example, Quality metrics have been specified for restricting seismic events to the desired ones*

```
# config.yaml
# This service provides gisola with event info
Event:
  Host: http://eida.gein.noa.gr
  # Trigger Event after Quality characteristics are
  reached
  # Uncertainty threshold or null for disabling
  Quality:
    Magnitudetype: MLh # or null if not specifications
    is wanted
    Time: 1 # Uncertainty
    Depth: 10 # Uncertainty
    Latitude: 15 # Uncertainty
    Longitude: 15 # Uncertainty
    Magnitude: 10 # Uncertainty
    Timeout: 120 # sec. After timeout, event is
    triggered anyway

  # The Watcher Service monitors FDSNWS-event
  # for new events and triggers the auto MT procedure
  Watcher:
    Range: 120 # check interval in sec
    Playback: 0 # set sec for historic run
    Historical: false # set playback option
    Geobox: (20.3054,37.2037), (22.4079,33.6323),
    (27.0569,33.8793),
    (30.3113,35.8225), (27.4245,41.5998),
    (24.9779,42.0729),
    (21.7796,41.8349), (18.6751,40.6285),
    (20.3054,37.2037)
    # null indicates not bounds
```

## 2. Select Inventory

- Read Inventory from the **FDSNWS-station** and/or file in **StationXML** format
- Offers **multiple sources** and prioritization by operator and **sources redundancy** in failover cases
- **Filter inventory** based on station priority values, specified in file. Higher value indicates higher priority in selection. Zero value indicates blacklisting

*In the example, the program will first read inventory from the first source i.e. StationXML, then it will append inventory from the second source, etc. In case of duplicated stations, the first occurrence will be kept*

```
# config.yaml
Inventory:
    # Reads inventory from the file. You are responsible
    to provide updated
    # XML file for real-time processing (e.g. daily
    inventory update cron-job).
    # If set to null or file is not found, most updated
    inventory will be
    # retrieved from the FDSNWS hosts. However, more time
    will be consumed
    # for retrieval
    # tokens are not used in inventory retrieval,
    therefore null is set
Service:
    - [StationXML, inventory.xml]
    - [FDSNWS, http://eida.gein.noa.gr, null]
    - [FDSNWS, http://eida2.gein.noa.gr, null]
    - [FDSNWS, http://eida.koeri.boun.edu.tr, null]
    - [FDSNWS, http://webservices.ingv.it, null]

    # value of 0, indicates blacklisted station in
    ./stations file
WhiteList:
    Filepath: ./stations
    Priority: 2 # default 2
    Rules:
        - [3.5, 4.0, 1]
        - [4.1, 4.5, 5]
        - [4.6, 5.0, 3]
        - [5.1, 5.8, 4]
        - [5.9, 9.0, 5]
```

## 2. Select Inventory (2)

- Use only accepted type of **components**, specified in configuration
- **Filter inventory** based on Distance Rules
- **Distance Rule** is triggered by the origin's magnitude and indicates the range in km and channel type of the accepted stations. Multiple rules can be appended

*In the example, if an event of 5.8 Magnitude occurs, two rules will be triggered. Inventory will be filtered by stations that exist on the range of 50-450 km of BH/HH channel types and on the range of 50-150 km of HN/EN channel types*

```
# config.yaml
Inventory:
  # Accepted types of components
  Components: ['Z23', 'Z12', '123', 'ZNE']

  # Retrieve channel types based on distance rules
  # Distance rules has the form of: minMag,
  maxMag, minDist, maxDist, channels
  Distance:
    - [3.5, 4.0, [5, 150, ['BH', 'HH']]]
    - [4.1, 5.0, [10, 250, ['BH', 'HH']]]
    - [5.1, 5.5, [40, 300, ['BH', 'HH']]]
    - [5.1, 5.5, [20, 100, ['HN', 'EN']]]
    - [5.6, 6.0, [50, 450, ['BH', 'HH']]]
    - [5.6, 6.0, [50, 150, ['HN', 'EN']]]
    - [6.1, 9.0, [100, 700, ['BH', 'HH']]]
```

## 3. Select Waveforms

- Retrieve Waveforms from **SeedLink** and/or **SDS mseed archiving** and/or **FDSNWS-dataset**
- Setting **token** for **restricted** data is also supported
- Offers **multiple sources** and prioritization by operator and **sources redundancy** in failover cases
- Filter waveforms based on check modules:  
**signal-to-noise, clipping, long-period disturbances (mouse), psd (power spectral densities)**

*In the example, the program will first read traces from the first source i.e. SeedLink, then if it cannot find them or the service is down, it will try to retrieve them from the second source and append them, etc. In case of duplicated waveforms, the first occurrence will be kept. Psd check module is not enabled*

```
# config.yaml
# The Stream Service
Stream:
    # If you add more than one FDSNWS Hosts, results
    # will be merged according to ObsPy's policy
    # Service can have a value of: FDSNWS, SDS
    # FDSNWS accepts multiple hosts but SDS only one
    Service:
        - [SeedLink, eida.gein.noa.gr:18000]
        - [SeedLink, eida2.gein.noa.gr:18000]
        - [SDS, archive]
        - [FDSNWS, http://eida.gein.noa.gr, null]
        - [FDSNWS, http://eida2.gein.noa.gr,
          KGLTIAS123SF]
            - [FDSNWS, http://eida.koeri.boun.edu.tr,
              null]

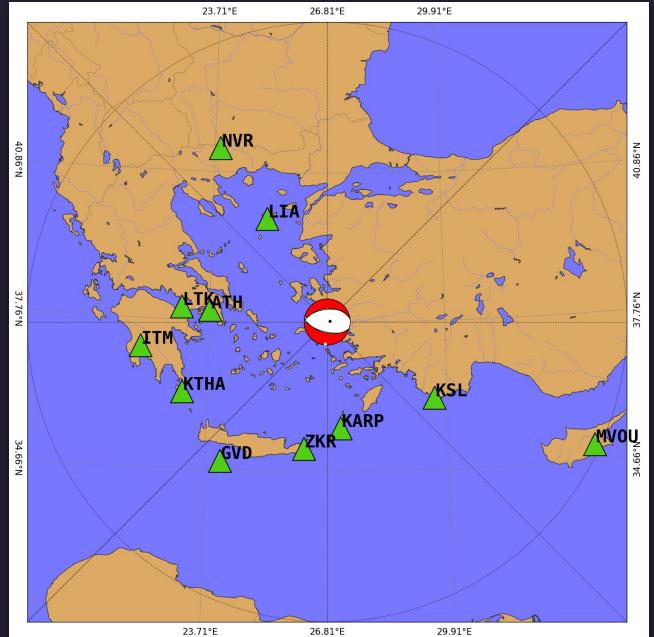
    # filter data by the defined only modules
    Modules: ['clip', 'snr', 'mouse']
```

## 3. Select Waveforms (2)

- Apply Azimuthal coverage filtering. Number of **sectors** (that contain at least one station) in order to continue the MT calculation and the number of accepted **stations per sector**. There are 8 sectors of 45 degrees each
- Apply **prioritization** rules in case of more stations than stations per sector are found. Prioritization order: i) priority value, ii) broadband first then strong-motion, iii) number of QC passed components, iv) lower distance from epicenter

*In the example, the program will continue to run only if 3 or more sectors have at least one station each and maximum of 2 stations each*

```
# config.yaml
Inventory:
  # sectors, stations per sector # null both
  for disabling
  Azimuth: [3,2]
```



## 4. Compute GFs

- Green's Functions are computed by a recent version of the Axitra, highlighting the power of **simultaneous processing** in the CPU domain
- **Adjustable 3-D spatial MT solution search grid** based on Magnitude size
- Operator can submit **multiple grids** for the same magnitude size range
- Operator can define **different applications** (sparse, dense matrix based on needs)

*In the example, if an event of 5.8 Magnitude occurs, the MT search grid will contain points of range 0-9 km with a step of 4 km and 15-21 km with a step of 5 km (concerning the epicentral distance) and 0-31 km with a step of 2 km from origin's depth estimation above and below*

```
# config.yaml

# Green's Functions computation
Green:

    Grid:
        - Rule: [3.5, 5.5] # mag condition
          Distance: # maxValue is NOT reached (+1
if you want to reach it)
            - [0,9,5] #2 # minValue, maxValue,
stepValue in km
          Depth: # relevant to init depth
            - [0,31,5] #2

        - Rule: [5.6, 6.5]
          Distance:
            - [0,9,4]
            - [15,21,5]
          Depth:
            - [0,31,2]

        - Rule: [6.6, 9.0]
          Distance:
            - [0,31,5]
          Depth:
            - [0,31,2]
```

## 4. Compute GFs (2)

- Crustal models are set on specific geographical areas or null for any case (default)
- **Multiple crustal models** can be defined and calculated. In this case, the program will choose to submit the best crustal model, according to the higher variance reduction value of the MT solution that will be produced
- Multiple crustal models **for multiple grids** is also supported

*In the example, if event's location is inside one of the specified geobox polygons, the respective crustal will be triggered. If no polygon is prescribed, null will be used*

```
# config.yaml

Crustal:
  - Filepath: crustals/drakatos.vz
    Geobox: (22.6163,37.6465), (23.3432,36.8208),
(24.6418,36.6669), (25.6634,37.5202),
(24.9950,38.6259), (23.6373,39.4235),
(22.3654,39.2644), (21.8251,39.1394), (22.6163,37.6465)

  - Filepath: crustals/hasslinger.vz
    Geobox: (19.2844,39.7272), (19.3869,39.6062),
(20.6181,36.2835), (21.0868,36.3442),
(21.6460,36.3353), (22.4078,36.3616),
(22.4193,36.8072), (22.3387,37.8602),
(22.1245,38.5904), (21.5799,39.8288),
(20.8563,41.2116), (19.2330,40.5713), (19.2844,39.7272)

  - Filepath: crustals/karagianniS.vz
    Geobox: (23.0601,34.3852), (23.6039,34.0317),
(26.8522,33.6953), (29.1178,34.7188),
(29.9628,36.1148), (27.4820,37.5490),
(26.4968,37.6732), (21.4060,37.0584), (23.0601,34.3852)

  - Filepath: crustals/novotny.vz
    Geobox: null # null indicates default: if none of
the above crustal models match use this
```

## 5. Compute Inversions

- GPU-based multiprocessing implementation
- With automatic **fallback to CPU-based** multiprocessing in case of GPU hardware absence
- Newer version of code with sub-programs unification, to **minimize I/O operations**
- 3 Types of Rules: i) Time search shifts (4<sup>th</sup> dimension of MT grid search) ii) Seconds of inversion procedure iii) Frequencies where the inversion procedure occurs

*In the example, if an event of 6.2 Magnitude occurs, two frequency ranges will be triggered and 409.6 sec will be used in the inversion. Time search is given in units of dt, where  $dt=409.6/8192=0.05$  s. MT solution with the best variance reduction will be chosen*

```
# config.yaml
```

```
TimeShift:
```

- [3.5, 4.5, [-67, 10, 167]]
- [4.6, 5.5, [-51, 10, 161]]
- [5.6, 9.0, [-81, 15, 341]]

```
Window:
```

- [3.5, 4.5, 245.76]
- [4.6, 5.5, 327.68]
- [5.6, 9.0, 409.6]

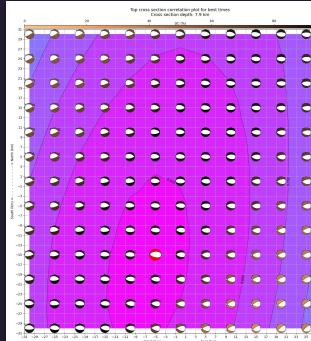
```
Frequency:
```

- [3.5, 5.5, [0.04, 0.05, 0.08, 0.09]]
- [5.6, 5.9, [0.02, 0.03, 0.06, 0.07]]
- [6.0, 7.0, [0.01, 0.02, 0.05, 0.06]]
- [6.0, 7.0, [0.007, 0.008, 0.02, 0.03]]
- [7.1, 9.0, [0.007, 0.008, 0.02, 0.03]]

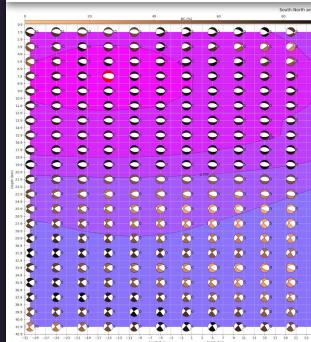
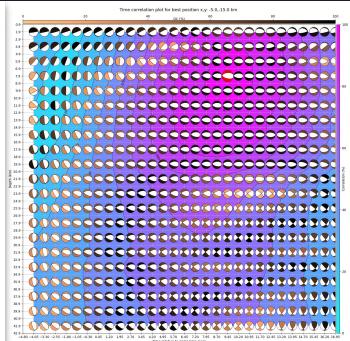
## 5. Compute Inversions (2)

- 4-D spatio-temporal MT grid search
- **Map View** of best correlations (for best depth and best correlated time search)
- **South-to-North and East-to-West Vertical Cross-Section** view of best correlations (for best correlated time search)
- **Time-Depth** view of best correlations (for best centroid position)

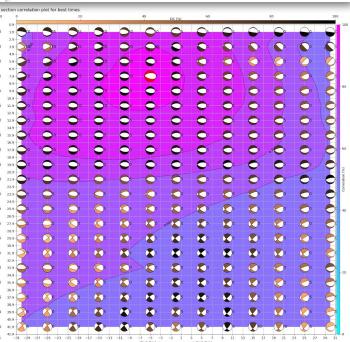
Map View



Time-Depth



S/N vert. spatial  
Cross-Section



W/E vert. spatial  
Cross-Section

# 6. Distribute Results

- Render an **HTML** webpage with the evaluated results
- Publish results in different formats e.g. **QuakeML**, ASCII text format etc
- **E-mail Notification** with the best Moment Tensor solution
- Apply user-defined script e.g. Focal Mechanism computation ingestion in **SeisComP**

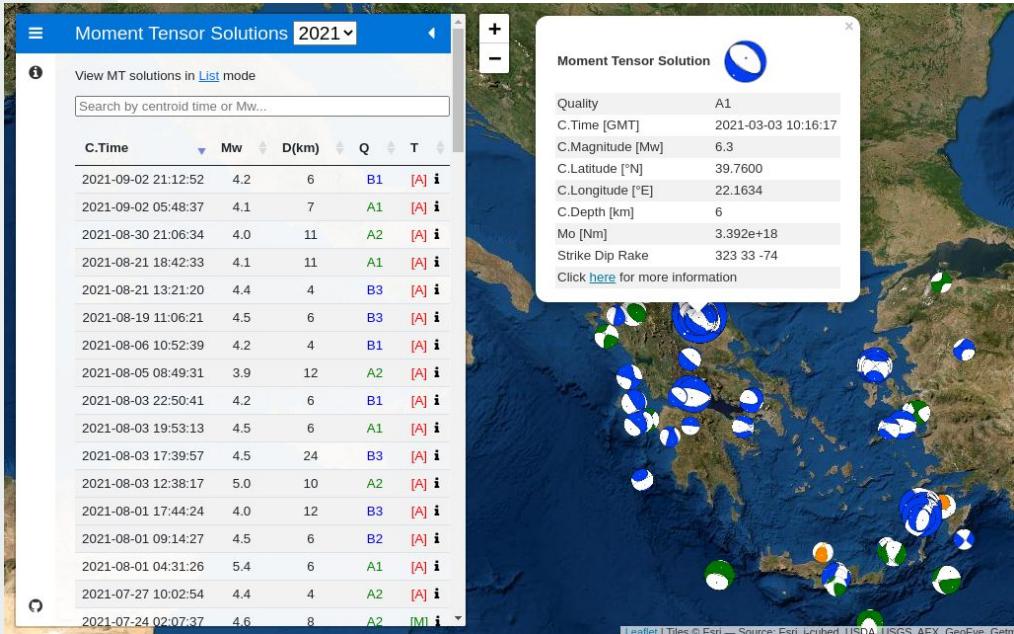
The screenshot shows a webpage titled "Moment Tensor Solutions" from the National Observatory of Athens Institute of Geodynamics. At the top is the logo of the National Observatory of Athens. Below it is a table showing two seismic events. The first event is dated 2021-04-18 16:26:24 at 36.4033° Latitude and 27.1701° Longitude, with a depth of 6 km, Mw of 4.4, and Mo of 5.015e+15 Nm. The second event is dated 2021-03-04 09:36:17 at 39.7911° Latitude and 22.1063° Longitude, with a depth of 6 km, Mw of 4.5, and Mo of 5.990e+15 Nm. Each event entry includes a focal mechanism diagram (a red and white circle), a map showing the epicenter's location, and a "Quality" rating of A1. At the bottom of the page is the Gisola logo with the tagline "Real-Time Moment Tensor Computation".

Date - Time	Latitude	Longitude	Depth (km)	Mw	Mo (Nm)	Focal Mechanism	Map	Quality
2021-04-18 16:26:24	36.4033	27.1701	6	4.4	5.015e+15			A1
2021-03-04 09:36:17	39.7911	22.1063	6	4.5	5.990e+15			A1

© 2021 Gisola - More info: <https://github.com/nikost/Gisola>

# Home HTML Page

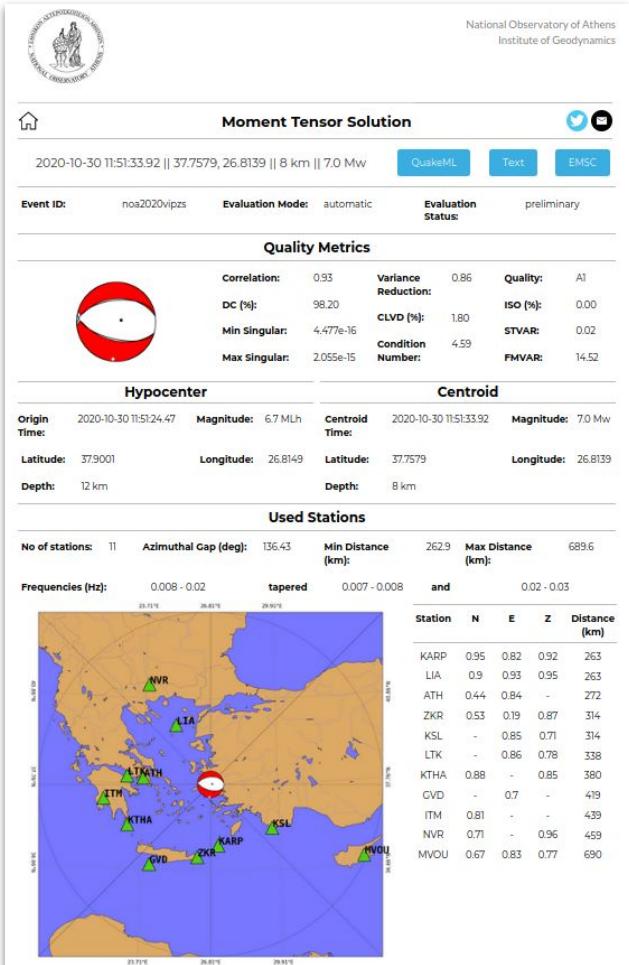
The User can review the MT solutions with the usage of a Leaflet Map



# Event HTML Page

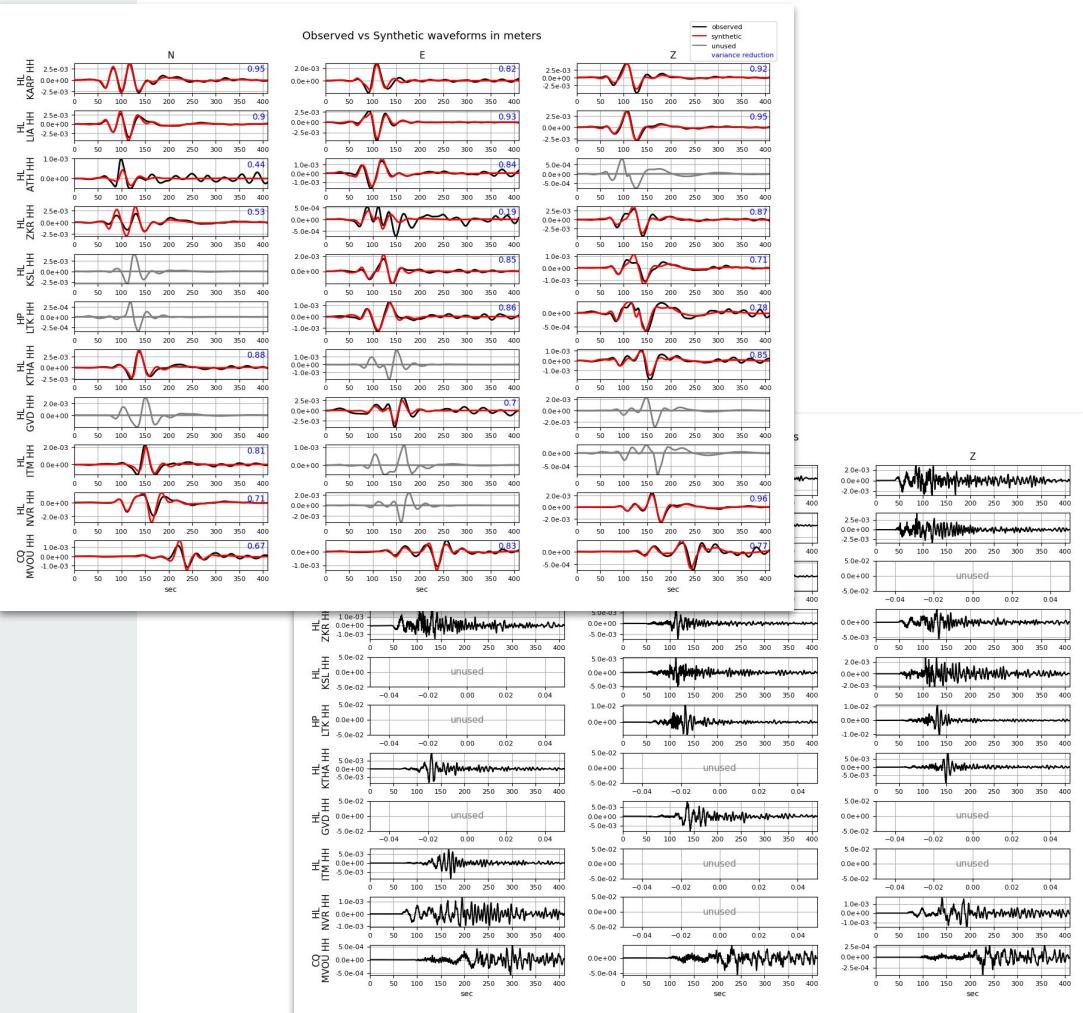
The User can review the MT solution of a particular Event

The User can easily share it through auto-generated buttons for e-mail or tweet



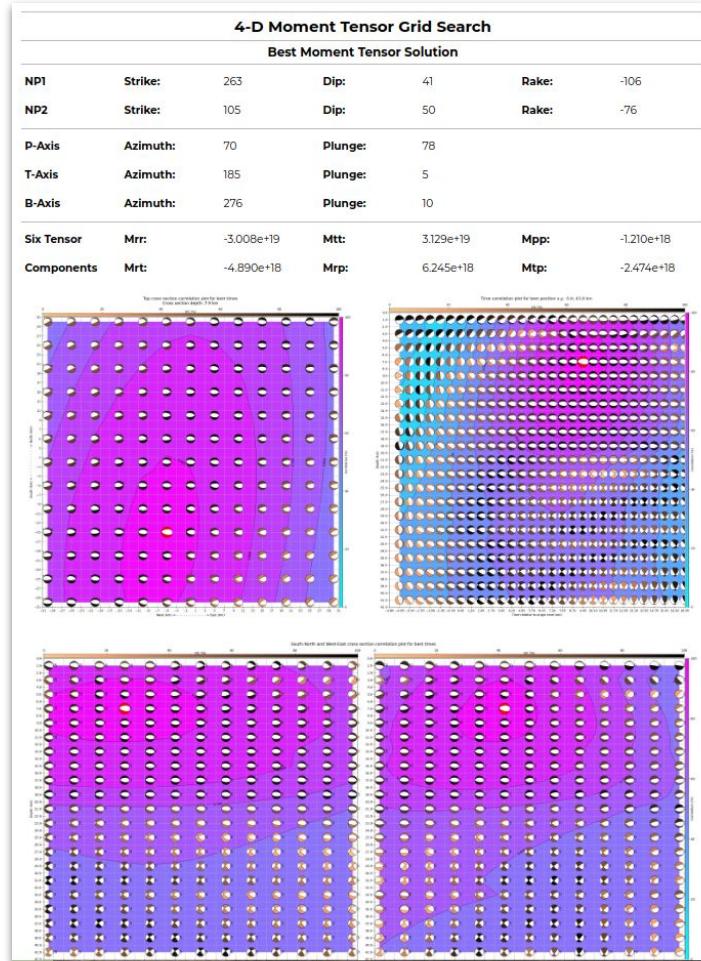
# Waveform Analysis

Part of the waveform figures produced  
and shown in the Event Page



# Cross Section Plots and best MT solution

Part of the correlation figures produced  
and shown in the Event Page



# QuakeML v.2 XML format

The User is able to view/download the MT solution in QuakeML v.2 XML format

The User is also able to submit the generated QuakeML with the particular Focal Mechanism back to SeisComP

```
<!--focalMechanism publicID="smi:local/e8bb2a3e-b0b3-4895-b0b3-e0ba31aded52">
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<waveformID networkCode="HL" stationCode="LIA" locationCode=" channelCode="HHZ"/>
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</principalAxes>
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  <databaseID>
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    <waveType>combined</waveType>
    <waveType>combined</waveType>
    <waveType>combined</waveType>
    <waveType>combined</waveType>
    <waveType>combined</waveType>
  </databaseID>
</momentTensor>
```

# ASCII text format

The User is able to view/download the MT solution in EMSC accepted text format

# Auto-generated “Share” buttons and E-mail Notification

Recipients receive an auto-generated e-mail  
with the MT computation

Easily share results to web and social media

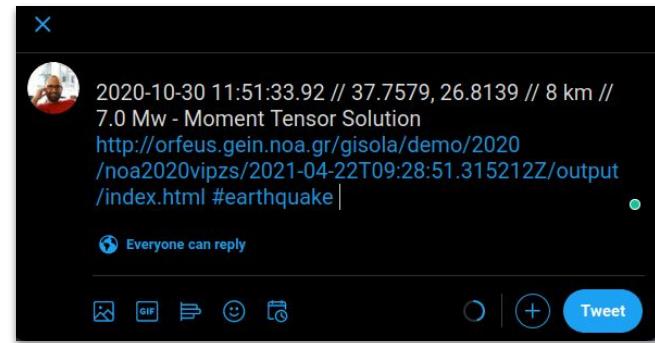
2020-10-30 11:51:33.92 || 37.7579, 26.8139 || 8 km || 7.0 Mw - Moment Tensor Solution

From Nikos Triantafyllis <triantafyl@noa.gr>

To |

2020-10-30 11:51:33.92 || 37.7579, 26.8139 || 8 km || 7.0 Mw - Moment Tensor Solution

<http://orfeus.gein.noa.gr/gisola/demo/2020/noa2020vipzs/2021-04-22T09:28:51.315212Z/output/index.html>



2020-10-30 11:51:33.92 || 7.0 Mw || 37.7579, 26.8139 || 8 km

From [REDACTED] on 2021-04-22 12:50

[Details](#) [Plain text](#)

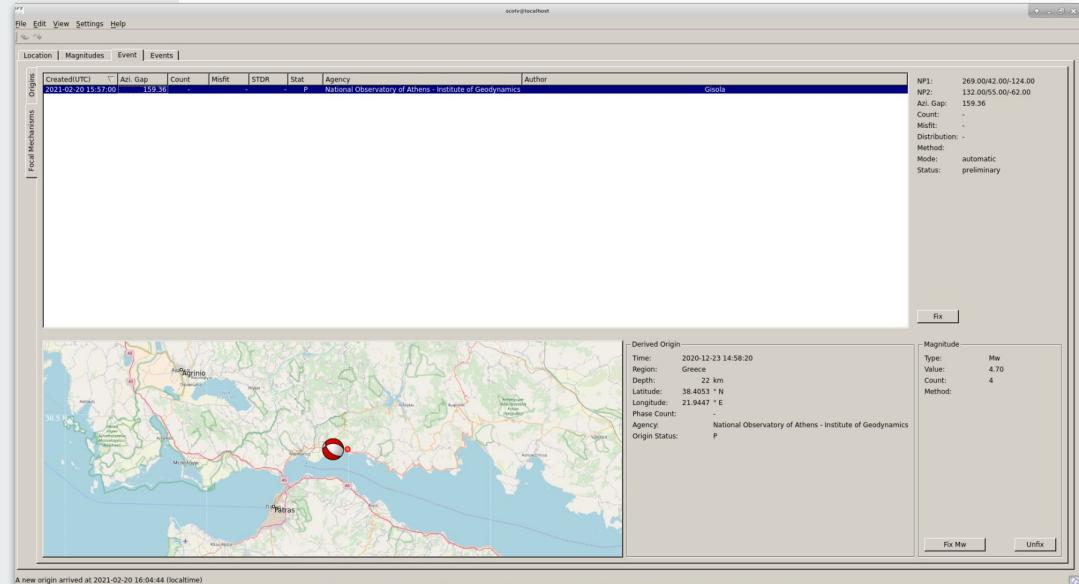
2020-10-30 11:51:33.92 || 7.0 Mw || 37.7579, 26.8139 || 8 km

[More Info](#)

# Dispatch MT solution to SeisComP

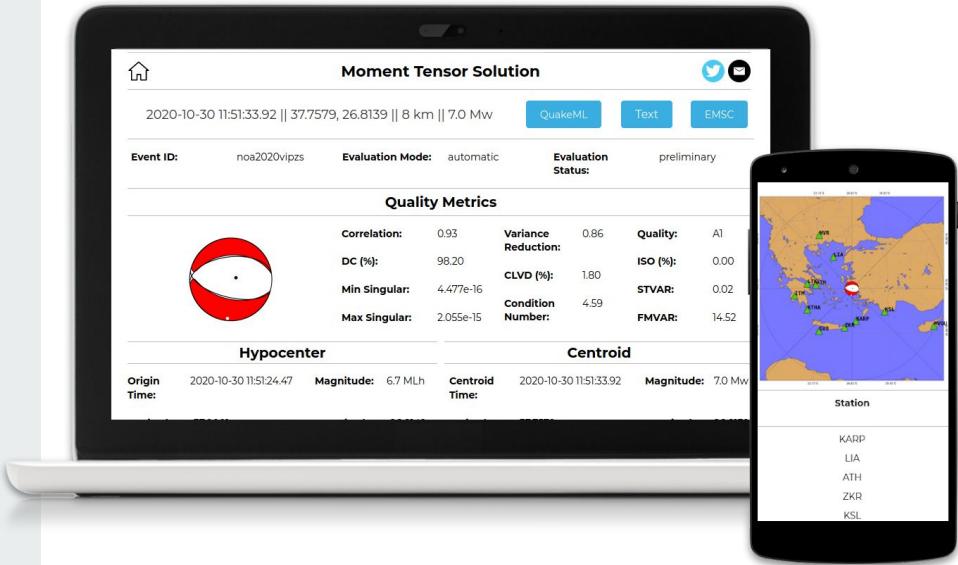
The operator is able to submit an automatic script in order to send the MT solution back to SeisComP, using the “scdispatch” SeisComP module

View MT solution from “scolv” module of the SeisComP software



# Event Page for mobile

Apart from PC, user is able to monitor the MT Solution from tablet or smartphone



# Home Page of MT Solutions

The User can review/share MT solutions,  
packed in yearly sessions

National Observatory of Athens  
Institute of Geodynamics

Moment Tensor Solutions

Select Year: 2021

Date - Time	Latitude	Longitude	Depth (km)	Mw	Mo (Nm)	Focal Mechanism	Map	Quality
<u>2021-04-18 16:26:24</u>	36.4033	27.1701	6	4.4	5.015e+15			A1
<u>2021-03-04 09:36:17</u>	39.7911	22.1063	6	4.5	5.990e+15			A1

**Gisola**  
Real-Time Moment Tensor Computation

© 2021 Gisola - More info <https://github.com/nikosT/Gisola>

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# Applications

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# Geo-specific Applications

- Regional Area (FDSNWS node/nodes specific region)
- European Area (EIDA Federator)
- World-Wide Area (EIDA Federator + IRIS Federator)



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# Quality-specific Applications

- Quick Magnitude (Mw) estimation  
Sparse 4-D spatial temporal Grid Search with minimum search criteria {[Urgent Warning application](#)}
- Normal Quality MT computation {[Real-Time application](#)}
- Best Quality MT computation  
Dense 4-D spatio-temporal Grid Search with multiple search criteria {[Research application](#)}

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# Catalog-specific Applications

- Monitor different FDSNWS-event providers simultaneously
- Restrict Events based on:
  - ❖ Geolocation
  - ❖ Magnitude threshold
  - ❖ Magnitude Type
  - ❖ Origin's Quality (time, depth, latitude, longitude, magnitude uncertainty)

---

# Command Line Interface

# Event-based Commands

```
# calculate MT for two particular events (rest info retrieved from FDSNWS-event)
# use specific configuration file according to needs
python3 ./gisola.py --event noa2020diego --event noa2021asfg -c config_realtime.yaml

# calculate MTs for all events found in datetime range (rest info retrieved from FDSNWS-event)
python3 ./gisola.py --datetime-range 2020-01-01T00:00:00 2021-01-01T00:00:00

# calculate MT for particular event (without FDSNWS-event)
# use default configuration file (./config.yaml)
python3 ./gisola.py --event 2021-04-25T15:13:39 3.0 ML 37.24 20.49 4.1

# calculate MT for particular event (rest info retrieved from FDSNWS-event)
# use specific configuration file according to needs
# override station selection and use the respective stations,
# from last station given, ignore the Z component
python3 ./gisola.py --event noa2020diego --event-c config_dense.yaml --station ATH KLV APE LIA..NE
```

---

# Event-based Commands (2)

```
# calculate MT for particular event (rest info retrieved from FDSNWS-event)
# use specific configuration file according to needs
# remove respective stations and components from procedure,
# from last station given, remove only the Z component
# override crustal model and apply user-given
python3 ./gisola.py --event noa2020diego -c config_realtime.yaml --station KLV ATH..Z --remove
--crustal novotny.vz

# quick revision of an already calculated MT for particular event (rest info retrieved from
FDSNWS-event)
# runs only inversions and results distributions (all previous step are ignored)
# use specific configuration file according to needs
# remove respective stations and components from procedure,
# from last station given, remove only the Z component
# compute inversions on specific frequencies range
python3 ./gisola.py --event noa2020diego -c config_realtime.yaml --station KLV ATH..Z --remove
--frequency 0.04 0.05 0.08 0.09 --revise
```

---

# Simultaneous Cron-Job Examples

```
# monitor every minute for new events and perform a normal european MTs computation
# (e.g. events >= 5MLh)
* * * * * python3 ./gisola.py -c config_europe.yaml -l log_europe --real-time

# monitor every minute for new events and perform a normal regional MTs computation
* * * * * python3 ./gisola.py -c config_greece.yaml -l log_greece --real-time

# monitor every minute for new events and perform a quick Magnitude(Mw) estimation
# (e.g. sparse spatio-temporal grid and minimum configuration)
* * * * * python3 ./gisola.py -c config_mw.yaml -l log_mw --real-time
```

Sources (e.g. FDSNWS) are defined in the configuration file (yaml)

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## Future Steps

- Green's Functions Pre-Computation
- Neural Networks and deep learning for event-driven configuration
- Improved mechanism for characterizing waveforms quality

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# Real-Time operation in GI-NOA

- The software is operationally in use by the Institute of Geodynamics of the National Observatory of Athens (GI-NOA)
- <https://orfeus.gein.noa.gr/gisola realtime/2021/>





# Source Code + Wiki

<https://github.com/nikosT/Gisola>

<https://github.com/nikosT/Gisola/wiki>





# FOSCOMM

PATRAS.2011

Again, after 10 years!

Akasoglou K, Baltas A, Gkatzouras E, Kapetanos N, Karavias D, Moustakakis K, Oikonomou G, Palaghias N, Papaneofytou G, Triantafyllis N, Vasilakis F. cBox: A decentralized system for resources sharing that enables peer communication in an heterogeneous environment.

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# Support



Open Source



Open Hardware