University of Thessaly



Neuro-Fuzzy Computing ECE447

1st Problem Set

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1 Problem 1

Contour lines of f(x, y) are plotted with the following MATLAB code and are presented in figure 1.

```
function [Z] = plot_contour(start_num, end_num)

x = linspace(start_num, end_num, 100);
y = x;
[X, Y] = meshgrid(x, y);
Z = X.^2 + 4*X.*Y + Y.^2;
contour(X, Y, Z, 40);
xlabel('X');
ylabel('Y');
end
```

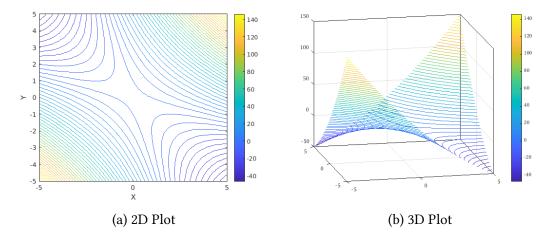


Figure 1: Contour lines of f(x, y)

A general formula of a quadratic equation is $f(x,y) = ax^2 + 2bxy + cy^2$. Writing our formula in the previous form, we find that $a=1,\ b=2,\ c=1$. Calculation of discriminant can help us calculate the location of function's local minimum/maximum.

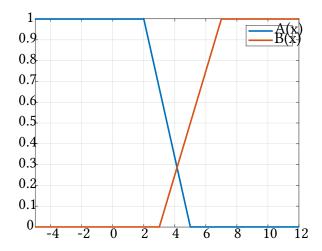
$$D = \begin{bmatrix} f_{xx} & f_{xy} \\ f_{yx} & f_{yy} \end{bmatrix} = f_{xx}f_{yy} - f_{xy}^2 = 2 \times 2 - 4^2 = -12 < 0, \quad \text{\'o}\pi\text{o}\upsilon$$

$$f_{xx} = \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial x^2} = 2, \quad f_{yy} = \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial y^2} = 2, \quad f_{xy} = \frac{\partial}{\partial y} \left(\frac{\partial f}{\partial x}\right) = 4D = 2 \times 2 - 4^2 = -12 < 0. \tag{1}$$

So, we only have to find the point where $\frac{\partial f}{\partial x}$ and $\frac{\partial f}{\partial y}$ are equal to 0. Thus, this point will be a saddle point where gradients in each orthogonal direction are 0, but this point is not either a local minimum or maximum. Specifically:

$$\begin{cases} \frac{\partial f}{\partial x} = 2x + 4y = 0\\ \frac{\partial f}{\partial y} = 4x + 2y = 0 \end{cases} \Rightarrow \begin{cases} x = 0\\ y = 0 \end{cases}$$
 (2)

Thus, the point (x, y) = (0, 0) is the saddle point mentioned before for the function given and this can be justified using the plotted contour lines.



2 Problem 12

In order to evaluate the expression "not(A(x) OR B(x))", we first have to take a look in how fuzzy logic is different with binary logic at the operation level. In binary logic we have three basic operations: AND(x,y), OR(x,y) and NOT(x). But, in fuzzy logic, where a function can have a value in range of [0..1], things are a bit different. Operation AND(x,y) of binary is equivalent with MIN(x,y) from the fuzzy logic, OR(x,y) with MAX(x,y) and NOT(x) with 1-x.

Taking a look into the functions A and B from figure ??