



CM 1606 Computational Mathematics

Tutorial No 02

1) Consider two sets $A = \{0,1,2,3,4,5\}$ and $B = \{0,1\}$. List all the ordered pairs for each relation defined below.

$$i)\alpha = \{(x, y) \mid x \in A, y \in B, x > y\}$$

$$ii)\beta = \{(x, y) \mid x \in A, y \in B, x = y\}$$

$$iii) \mu = \{(x, 2) \mid x \in A, x \ge 2\}$$

$$iv)\sigma = \{(x, y) \mid x \in A, y \in B, x + y > 3\}$$

- 2) Consider the relation $\alpha = \{(x, y) \mid x \in A, y \in B, x \text{ divides } y\}$ where A = {2,3} and B = {4,9,12}. Find all the ordered pairs of α and α^{-1} .
- 3) Let $\alpha = \{(x,y) \mid x,y \in \mathbb{Z}, x^2 + y^2 = 10\}$ and $\beta = \{(x,y) \mid x,y \in \mathbb{Z}, x-y = 4\}$, then find $\alpha \cap \beta$
- 4) Consider the relation $\alpha = \{(x, y) \mid x, y \in A, x \ divides \ y\}$ defined on the set A = {2,4,7,8,9,3}. Find all the ordered pairs of α .
- 5) Find $\alpha \circ \beta$ and $\beta \circ \alpha$ for each case and complete the table. Establish the graphical representation of each composition.

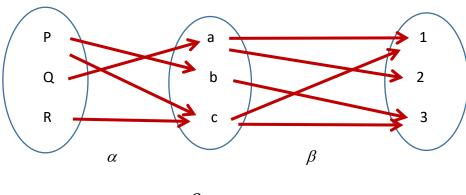
α	β	$\alpha \circ \beta$	$\beta \circ \alpha$
$\alpha = \{(1,4),(2,4),(3,5)\}$	$\beta = \{(4,1),(5,3)\}$		
$\alpha = \{(5,6), (7,9), (8,3), (4,4)\}$	$\beta = \{(6,1), (9,9), (8,5), (6,12), (10,4)\}$		
$\alpha = \{(x, y) \mid x, y \in A, x < y\}$	$\beta = \{(x, y) \mid x, y \in A, n \in \mathbb{N}, x = ny\}$		
Where A = {10,15,20,30}			
$\alpha = \{(a,a), (a,b), (b,c), (c,a), (c,c)\}$	$\beta = \{(a,b), (a,c), (b,a), (c,c)\}$		





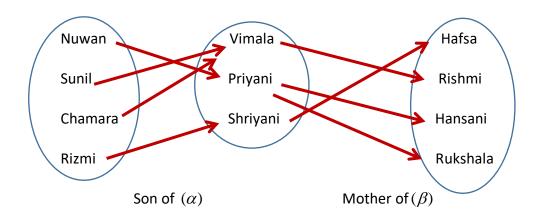
6) Consider the below relation for the composition $\beta \circ \alpha$. List all the ordered pairs of the composition $\beta \circ \alpha$ and, identify α and β separately.

i.



$$\beta \circ \alpha$$

ii.



- a. Find children of each mother
- b. Find $\beta \circ \alpha$ and interpret this relation
- 7) Identify meaningful real world two relations where both compositions $\, \alpha \circ \beta \,$ and $\, \beta \circ \alpha \,$ are meaningful.