

CM 1606 Computational Mathematics

Tutorial No 05

- 1) Build the truth tables for the formulae given and establish if they are satisfiable, unsatisfiable, valid, or invalid. Identify the relation between the pairs (iv,v),(iv,vi),(vii,viii), and (ix,x).
 - i) $(P \vee \neg Q) \rightarrow P$
 - ii) $(Q \rightarrow (\neg P \vee \neg Q)) \rightarrow P$
 - iii) $(P \leftrightarrow (P \wedge \neg Q)) \vee \neg P$
 - iv) $P \rightarrow (Q \rightarrow P)$
 - v) $(\neg P \wedge Q) \rightarrow (Q \rightarrow (\neg P \wedge Q))$
 - vi) $\neg(\neg Q \rightarrow (P \rightarrow \neg Q))$
 - vii) $(\neg P \rightarrow \neg Q) \rightarrow (Q \rightarrow P)$
 - viii) $(\neg(P \wedge Q) \rightarrow \neg Q) \rightarrow (Q \rightarrow (P \wedge Q))$
 - ix) $(P \rightarrow (Q \rightarrow R)) \rightarrow ((P \rightarrow Q) \rightarrow (P \rightarrow R))$
 - x) $((P \rightarrow (\neg P \rightarrow Q)) \rightarrow ((P \rightarrow \neg P) \rightarrow (P \rightarrow Q)))$

- 2) Establish if there is a logical consequence between the given knowledge base KB and the proposition A for each case given below.
 - i) $KB=\{(P \rightarrow Q), P\}; A= Q$
 - ii) $KB=\{(\neg P \rightarrow Q), \neg P\}; A= Q$
 - iii) $KB=\{(\neg P \rightarrow \neg Q), \neg P\}; A= \neg Q$
 - iv) $KB=\{(P \rightarrow Q) \vee Q, \neg(P \rightarrow Q)\}; A= Q$
 - v) $KB=\{(P \wedge Q), \neg(P \wedge Q)\}; A= \neg Q$
 - vi) $KB=\{(P \vee Q), (\neg R \vee P)\}; A= P \vee Q \vee R$
 - vii) $KB=\{(\neg(P \rightarrow Q), P)\}; A= (\neg P \vee Q)$
 - viii) $KB=\{(\neg(P \wedge \neg Q), P)\}; A= (\neg P \wedge Q)$
 - ix) $KB=\{((P \wedge \neg Q), \neg R)\}; A= R$
 - x) $KB=\{(P \rightarrow \neg Q), P, (P \wedge \neg R)\}; A= Q$

- 3) Suppose that when you left the home, you found that your handsfree is not with you. You know that the following statements are true.
- i) I was using my tablet in the study room or in the bedroom.
 - ii) If I was using my tablet in the study room, my handsfree is on the computer table.
 - iii) Handsfree is not on the computer table.
 - iv) If I was using my tablet in the bedroom, my handsfree is on the dressing table.

Which of the following is(are) true?

- (a) The handsfree is on the dressing table.
 - (b) The handsfree is not on the dressing table.
 - (c) I was using the tablet in the bedroom.
 - (d) I was using the tablet in the study room.
 - (e) I was not using the tablet in the study room.
- 4) Construct the tableau and prove these axioms are valid.

- i) $P \rightarrow (Q \rightarrow P)$
- ii) $(P \rightarrow (Q \rightarrow R)) \rightarrow ((P \rightarrow Q) \rightarrow (P \rightarrow R))$
- iii) $(\neg P \rightarrow \neg Q) \rightarrow (Q \rightarrow P)$

5) Build tableau for the formulae below and determine if they are valid.

- i) $(P \vee \neg Q) \rightarrow P$
- ii) $((P \wedge Q) \rightarrow P)$
- iii) $(Q \rightarrow (\neg P \vee \neg Q)) \rightarrow P$
- iv) $(P \leftrightarrow (P \wedge \neg Q)) \vee \neg P$
- v) $(\neg P \wedge Q) \rightarrow (Q \rightarrow (\neg P \wedge Q))$
- vi) $\neg(\neg Q \rightarrow (P \rightarrow \neg Q))$
- vii) $(\neg(P \wedge Q) \rightarrow \neg Q) \rightarrow (Q \rightarrow (P \wedge Q))$
- viii) $((P \rightarrow (\neg P \rightarrow Q)) \rightarrow ((P \rightarrow \neg P) \rightarrow (P \rightarrow Q)))$
- ix) $((\neg P \vee \neg Q) \rightarrow \neg(P \wedge Q))$
- x) $((P \rightarrow Q) \rightarrow (\neg P \vee \neg Q))$

6) I) Discuss how you can use the tableau technique to show that the formulae 'A' given is unsatisfiable with the example $A = ((P \vee Q) \wedge (\neg Q \wedge \neg P))$.

II) Similarly show that the negation of the valid formulae in question 5 are unsatisfiable using tableau.