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#!/usr/bin/env python
# coding: utf-8
# In[]:
import dash
import more itertools
from dash import dcc
from dash import html
from dash.dependencies import Input, Output
import pandas as pd
import plotly.graph_objs as go
import plotly express as px
# Load the data using pandas
data = pd.read csv('https://cf-courses-data.s3.us.cloud-object-
storage.appdomain.cloud/IBMDeveloperSkillsNetwork-DV0101EN-
SkillsNetwork/Data%20Files/historical_automobile_sales.csv')
# Initialize the Dash app
app = dash.Dash(__name__)
# Set the title of the dashboard
#app.title = "Automobile Statistics Dashboard"
# Create the dropdown menu options
dropdown options = [
    {'label': 'Yearly Statistics', 'value': 'Yearly Statistics'},
    {'label': 'Recession Period Statistics', 'value': 'Recession
Period Statistics'}
# List of years
year list = [i for i in range(1980, 2024, 1)]
#-----
# Create the layout of the app
app.layout = html.Div([
    #TASK 2.1 Add title to the dashboard
    html.H1("Automobile Sales Statistics Dashboard"),#Include style
for title
    style={'textAlign':'center','color': '#503D36', 'font-size':
'24px'}
    #TASK 2.2: Add two dropdown menus
    html.Div([
       html.Label("Select Statistics:"),
         dcc.Dropdown(id='dropdown-statistics',
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options=[
                           {'label': 'Yearly Statistics', 'value':
'Yearly Statistics'},
                           {'label': 'Recession Period Statistics',
'value': 'Recession Period Statistics'}
                  placeholder='Select a report type',
                  style={'width': '80%', 'padding': '3px', 'fontSize':
'20px', 'textAlignLast': 'center'})
    ]),
    html.Div(dcc.Dropdown(id='select-year',
                  options=[{'label': i, 'value': i} for i in
year_list],
                  placeholder='select-year',
                  style={'width': '80%', 'padding': '3px', 'fontSize':
'20px', 'textAlignLast': 'center'}
#TASK 2.3: Add a division for output display
html.Div([
    html.Div(id='output-container', className='chart-grid,
style={'display': 'flex'}),
1)
#TASK 2.4: Creating Callbacks
# Define the callback function to update the input container based on
the selected statistics
@app.callback(
    Output(component_id='select-year', component_property='disabled'),
    Input(component id='dropdown-
statistics',component_property='value'))
def update_input_container(selected_statistics):
    if selected statistics =='Yearly Statistics':
        return False
    else:
        return True
#Callback for plotting
# Define the callback function to update the input container based on
the selected statistics
@app.callback(
    Output(component id='output-container',
component property='children'),
    [Input(component_id='dropdown-statistics',
component_property='value'), Input(component_id='select-year',
component property='value')])
def update_output_container(selected_statistics, input_year):
    if selected statistics == 'Recession Period Statistics':
        # Filter the data for recession periods
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recession data = data[data['Recession'] == 1]
#TASK 2.5: Create and display graphs for Recession Report Statistics
#Plot 1 Automobile sales fluctuate over Recession Period (year wise)
        # use groupby to create relevant data for plotting
        yearly rec=recession data.groupby('Year')
['Automobile Sales'].mean().reset index()
        R chart1 = dcc.Graph(
            figure=px.line(yearly_rec,
                x='Year',
                y='Automobile_Sales',
                title="Average Automobile Sales fluctuation over
Recession Period"))
#Plot 2 Calculate the average number of vehicles sold by vehicle type
        # use groupby to create relevant data for plotting
        #Hint:Use Vehicle_Type and Automobile_Sales columns
        average_sales = recession_data.groupby(Vehicle_Type)
        R chart2 = dcc.Graph(
            figure=px.bar(average_sales,
            x='Vehicle_Type',
            y='Automobile_Sales',
            title="Average Vehicles Sold by Vehicle Type During
Recession")
# Plot 3 Pie chart for total expenditure share by vehicle type during
recessions
        # grouping data for plotting
        # Hint:Use Vehicle_Type and Advertising_Expenditure columns
        exp_rec= recession_data.groupby('Vehicle_Type')
['Advertising_Expenditure'].sum().reset index()
                R chart3 = dcc.Graph(figure=px.pie(exp rec,
                values='Advertising_Expenditure',
                names='Vehicle Type'
                  title="Expenditure Share by Vehicle Type During
Recession"
# Plot 4 bar chart for the effect of unemployment rate on vehicle type
and sales
        #grouping data for plotting
        # Hint:Use unemployment rate, Vehicle Type and Automobile Sales
columns
        unemp_data = recession_data.groupby('Vehicle_Type')
['Unemployment_Rate'].mean().reset_index()
        R_chart4 = dcc.Graph(figure=px.bar(unemployment_data,
        x='unemployment_rate,
        y='Automobile Sales',
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labels={'unemployment rate': 'Unemployment Rate',
'Automobile Sales': 'Average Automobile Sales'},
        title='Effect of Unemployment Rate on Vehicle Type and
Sales'))
        return [
            html.Div(className='chart-item',
children=[html.Div(children=R_chart1),html.Div(children=R_chart2)],sty
le={'display': 'flex'}),
            html.Div(className='chart-item',
children=[html.Div(children=R_chart3),html.Div(children=R_chart4)],sty
le={'display': 'flex'})
# TASK 2.6: Create and display graphs for Yearly Report Statistics
 # Yearly Statistic Report Plots
    # Check for Yearly Statistics.
    elif (input_year and selected_statistics=='Yearly Statistics') :
        yearly_data = data[data['Year'] == input_year]
#plot 1 Yearly Automobile sales using line chart for the whole period.
        # grouping data for plotting.
        # Hint:Use the columns Year and Automobile_Sales.
        vas= data.groupby('Year')
['Automobile_Sales'].mean().reset_index()
        Y_chart1 = dcc.Graph(figure=px.line(yas,
                        x='Year',
                        y='Automobile_Sales',
                        title="Yearly Automobile Sales Over Time"))
# Plot 2 Total Monthly Automobile sales using line chart.
        # grouping data for plotting.
        # Hint:Use the columns Month and Automobile Sales.
        mas=data.groupby(Month')
['Automobile_Sales'].sum().reset_index()
        Y chart2 = dcc.Graph(figure=px.line(monthly sales,
            x='Month',
            y='Automobile_Sales',
            title='Total Monthly Automobile Sales'))
  # Plot bar chart for average number of vehicles sold during the
given year
         # grouping data for plotting.
         # Hint:Use the columns Year and Automobile_Sales
        avr_vdata=yearly_data.groupby('Vehicle_Type')
['Automobile Sales'].mean().reset index()
        Y_chart3 = dcc.Graph( figure=px.bar(avr_vdata,
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x='Vehicle Type',
                                           y='Automobile_Sales',
                                           title='Average Vehicles Sold
by Vehicle Type in the year {}'.format(input year)))
    # Total Advertisement Expenditure for each vehicle using pie chart
         # grouping data for plotting.
         # Hint:Use the columns Vehicle_Type and
Advertising_Expenditure
        exp_data=yearly_data.groupby('Vehicle_Type')
['Advertising Expenditure'].sum().reset index()
        Y_chart4 = dcc.Graph(
            figure=px.pie(exp_data,
            values='Advertising_Expenditure',
            names='Vehicle_Type',
            title='Total Advertisment Expenditure for Each Vehicle'))
#TASK 2.6: Returning the graphs for displaying Yearly data
        return [
                html.Div(className='chart-item',
children=[html.Div(children=Y_chart1),html.Div(children=Y_chart2)],sty
le={'display':'flex'}),
                html.Div(className='chart-item',
children=[html.Div(children=Y_chart3),
html.Div(children=Y_chart4)],style={'display': 'flex'})
    else:
        return None
# Run the Dash app
if __name__ == '__main__':
    app.run server(debug=True)
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