

SQL Lab-5

1. Create a table WorkCenters with the following data

Column	Datatype	Constraint
id	Int	Primary key, autoincrement
Name	Varchar(255)	Not null
Capacity	Int	Not null

Create a table WorkcenterStats with the following data

Column	Datatype	Constraint
Totalcapacity	Int	not null

Write a trigger which updates the total capacity in the WorkCenterStats table before a new work center is inserted into the WorkCenters table based on the following condition:

If the table WorkCenterStats has a row, the trigger adds the new capacity to the totalcapacity column.

Otherwise, it inserts a new row into the WorkCenterStats table with the new capacity in the totalcapacity column.

Test the trigger by inserting new rows into the WorkCenters table.

```
mysql> create trigger update_total_cap before insert on workcenters for each
```

row

```
-> begin
-> declare cnt int;
-> select count(*) into cnt from workcenters;
-> if cnt > 0 then
-> update workcenterstats set totalcapacity=totalcapacity+new.capacity;
-> else
-> insert into workcenterstats values (new.capacity);
-> end if;
-> end/
```

Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.01 sec)

```
mysql> desc workcenterstats
-> /
```

Field	Type	Null	Key	Default	Extra
totalcapacity	int	NO		NULL	

```
1 row in set (0.01 sec)
```

```
mysql> desc workcenters/
```

Field	Type	Null	Key	Default	Extra
id	int	NO	PRI	NULL	auto_increment
name	varchar(255)	NO		NULL	
capacity	int	NO		NULL	

```
3 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

```
mysql> create trigger update_total_cap before insert on workcenters for each row
-> begin
-> declare cnt int;
-> select count(*) into cnt from workcenters;
-> if cnt > 0 then
-> update workcenterstats set totalcapacity=totalcapacity+new.capacity;
-> else
-> insert into workcenterstats values (new.capacity);
-> end if;
-> end/
```

```
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.01 sec)
```

```
mysql> insert into workcenters value (01,'mumbai',50000);
-> /
```

```
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.01 sec)
```

```
mysql> select * from workcenters;
-> /
```

id	name	capacity
1	mumbai	50000

```
1 row in set (0.00 sec)
```

```
mysql> select * from workcenterstats/
```

totalcapacity
50000

```
1 row in set (0.00 sec)
```

```
mysql> insert into workcenters value (01,'delhi',70000);
-> /
```

```
ERROR 1062 (23000): Duplicate entry '1' for key 'workcenters.PRIMARY'
```

```
mysql> insert into workcenters value (02,'delhi',70000);
-> /
```

```
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.01 sec)
```

```
mysql> select * from workcenterstats/
```

totalcapacity
120000

2. Create a table Members with the following data

Column	Datatype	Constraint
id	Int	Primary key, autoincrement
Name	Varchar(50)	Not null
email	Varchar(255)	
birthday	Date	

Create a table Reminders with the following data

Column	Datatype	Constraint
id	Int	Primary key, autoincrement
memberId	int	Primary key
message	Varchar(255)	Not null

Create an AFTER INSERT trigger that inserts a reminder into the reminders table if the birthdate of the member is NULL.

```
mysql> create trigger birth_rem AFTER INSERT ON members FOR EACH ROW
-> BEGIN
-> if new.birthday is null then
-> insert into reminders(memberid,message) values (new.id,'birthday not enetered');
-> end if;
-> end/
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.01 sec)

mysql> insert into members(name,email) values ('nikita','niks@gmail.com')/
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.01 sec)

mysql> select * from reminders/
+----+-----+-----+
| id | memberid | message |
+----+-----+-----+
| 1 | 4 | birthday not enetered |
+----+-----+-----+
1 row in set (0.00 sec)
```

3. Create a table Sales with the following data

Column	Datatype	Constraint
id	Int	Primary key, autoincrement
Product	Varchar(50)	Not null
Quantity	Int	Not null
fiscalYear	Smallint	Not null
fiscalmonth	Tinyint	Not null
Remarks	Varchar(255)	

INSERT 3 rows in the columns product, quantity, fiscalYear, fiscalMonth the following

VALUES

1. '2003 Harley-Davidson Eagle Drag Bike',120, 2020,1
2. '1969 Corvair Monza', 150,2020,1
3. '1970 Plymouth Hemi Cuda', 200,2020,1

Create a before update trigger which does the following

If the value in the quantity column is updated to a new value that is 3 times greater than

the current value, the remarks column of that row should be updated with a message

"New quantity cannot be 3 times greater than the current quantity"

Update the row and check with different values.

```
mysql> create trigger chk_value before update on sales for each row
-> begin
-> if NEW.quantity > (3 * OLD.quantity) then
-> set NEW.remark = 'New quantity cannot be 3 times greater than the current quantity';
-> end if;
-> end/
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.01 sec)
```

```
mysql> update sales set quantity = 500 where id=1;
-> /
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.01 sec)
Rows matched: 1 Changed: 1 Warnings: 0

mysql> select * from sales/
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| id | product                                | quantity | fiscyear | fiscmonth | remark                                     |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| 1 | 2003 Harley-Davidson Eagle Drag Bike | 500      | 2020    | 1         | New quantity cannot be 3 times greater than the current quantity |
| 2 | 1969 Corvair Monza                    | 150      | 2020    | 1         | NULL                                     |
| 3 | 1970 Plymouth Hemi Cuda              | 200      | 2020    | 1         | NULL                                     |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
3 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

4. Create a table SalesChanges with the following data

Column	Datatype	Constraint
id	Int	Primary key, autoincrement
salesid	int	
beforequantity	Int	
afterquantity	int	
changedat	timestamp	Default current_timestamp

Delete the existing rows in the Sales table

INSERT 3 rows in the columns product, quantity, fiscalYear, fiscalMonth the following

VALUES

1. '2001 Ferrari Enzo',140, 2021,1

2. '1998 Chrysler Plymouth Prowler', 110,2021,1

3. '1913 Ford Model T Speedster', 120,2021,1

Create an after update trigger which does the following

When the value in the quantity column of sales table is updated to a new value then

insert a new row to log the changes in the SalesChanges table otherwise do not insert.

```
mysql> create table saleschanges
-> (id int primary key auto_increment,
-> salesid int,
-> beforequantity int,
-> afterquantity int,
-> changedat timestamp default now())/
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.03 sec)

mysql> truncate table sales
-> /
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.03 sec)
```

```
mysql> select * from sales/
```

id	product	quantity	fiscalyear	fiscalmonth	remark
1	2001 Ferrari Enzo	140	2021	1	NULL
2	1998 Chrysler Plymouth Prowler	110	2021	1	NULL
3	1913 Ford Model T Speedster	120	2021	1	NULL

3 rows in set (0.00 sec)

```
mysql> create trigger after_sal AFTER UPDATE ON sales for each row
-> begin
-> if NEW.quantity <> old.quantity then
-> insert into saleschanges(salesid,beforequantity,afterquantity,changedat)
-> values (old.id,old.quantity,new.quantity,now());
-> end if;
-> end/
```

```
mysql> update sales set quantity = 160 where id=1/
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.01 sec)
Rows matched: 1 Changed: 1 Warnings: 0
```

```
mysql> select * from saleschanges/
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| id | salesid | beforequantity | afterquantity | changedat |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| 1 | 1 | 140 | 160 | 2023-09-27 22:58:05 |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
1 row in set (0.00 sec)
```

```
mysql> update sales set quantity = 110 where id=2/
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.00 sec)
Rows matched: 1 Changed: 0 Warnings: 0
```

```
mysql> select * from sales/
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| id | product | quantity | fiscalyear | fiscalmonth | remark |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| 1 | 2001 Ferrari Enzo | 160 | 2021 | 1 | NULL |
| 2 | 1998 Chrysler Plymouth Prowler | 110 | 2021 | 1 | NULL |
| 3 | 1913 Ford Model T Speedster | 120 | 2021 | 1 | NULL |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
3 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

5. Create a table Salaries with the following data

Column	Datatype	Constraint
employeenumber	Int	Primary key
validFrom	date	
amount	Decimal(12,2)	Not Null Default 0

INSERT 3 rows in the table the following VALUES

1. 1002,'2000-01-01',50000

2. 1056,'2000-01-01',60000

3. 1076,'2000-01-01',70000

Create a table SalaryArchives with the following data

Column	Datatype	Constraint
id	Int	Primary key autoincrement
employeenumber	Int	
validFrom	date	Not Null
amount	Decimal(12,2)	Not Null Default 0
Deletedat	Timestamp	Default now()

Create a BEFORE DELETE trigger that inserts a new row into the SalaryArchives table before a row from the Salaries table is deleted.
Test the trigger by deleting the rows in the salaries table

```
mysql> create table salaries
-> (employeenumber int primary key,
-> validfrom date,
-> amount decimal(12,2) NOT NULL default 0)/
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.03 sec)

mysql> insert into salaries
-> values(1002,'2000-01-01',50000),
-> (1056,'2000-01-01',60000),
-> (1076,'2000-01-01',70000)/
Query OK, 3 rows affected (0.01 sec)
Records: 3  Duplicates: 0  Warnings: 0
```

```
mysql> select * from salaries/
+-----+-----+-----+
| employeenumber | validfrom | amount |
+-----+-----+-----+
|          1002 | 2000-01-01 | 50000.00 |
|          1056 | 2000-01-01 | 60000.00 |
|          1076 | 2000-01-01 | 70000.00 |
+-----+-----+-----+
3 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

```
mysql> create table salaryarchives
-> (id int primary key auto_increment,
-> employeenumber int,
-> validfrom date NOT NULL,
-> amount decimal(12,2) NOT NULL default 0,
-> deletedat timestamp default now())/
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.02 sec)
```

```
mysql> create trigger del_chk BEFORE DELETE on salaries
-> for each row
-> begin
-> insert into salaryarchives(employeenumber,validfrom,amount,deletedat)
-> values(old.employeenumber,old.validfrom,old.amount,now());
-> end/
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.01 sec)
```

```
mysql> delete from salaries where amount = 50000/
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.01 sec)
```

```
mysql> select * from salaryarchives/
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| id | employeenumber | validfrom | amount | deletedat |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| 1 |          1002 | 2000-01-01 | 50000.00 | 2023-09-27 20:02:31 |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
```

6. Drop the table salaries

Create a table Salaries with the following data

Column	Datatype	Constraint
employeenumber	Int	Primary key
salary	Decimal(12,2)	Not Null Default 0

INSERT 3 rows in the table the following VALUES

1. 1002,5000

2. 1056,,7000

3. 1076,8000

Create a table SalaryBudgets with the following data

Column	Datatype	Constraint
total	Decimal(15,2)	Not Null

Insert a row into the SalaryBudgets table which is the sum of the values in the salary

column of the Salaries table

Create an AFTER DELETE trigger updates the total salary in the SalaryBudgets table after a row is deleted from the Salaries table

(totalsalary should be updated by subtracting the salary of the row that is deleted from totalsalary column)

Test the trigger by deleting the rows from the salaries table

```
mysql> create trigger del_sal AFTER DELETE ON salaries for each row
```

```
-> begin
```

```
-> declare cnt int;
```

```
-> select count(*) into cnt from salaries;
```

```
-> if cnt>0 then
```

```
-> update salarybudgets set total = total- old.salary;
```

```
-> end if;
```

```
-> end/
```

Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.01 sec)

```
mysql> create table salaries
-> (employeenumber int primary key,
-> salary decimal(12,2) not null default 0)/
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.02 sec)
```

```
mysql> insert into salaries
-> values(1002,5000),(1056,7000),(1076,8000)/
Query OK, 3 rows affected (0.01 sec)
Records: 3 Duplicates: 0 Warnings: 0
```

```
mysql> create table salarybudgets
-> (total decimal(15,2) not null)/
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.01 sec)
```



```
mysql> insert into salarybudgets
-> select sum(salary) from salaries/
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.01 sec)
Records: 1 Duplicates: 0 Warnings: 0
```

```
mysql> select * from salaries/
+-----+-----+
| employee number | salary |
+-----+-----+
|          1002 | 5000.00 |
|          1056 | 7000.00 |
|          1076 | 8000.00 |
+-----+-----+
3 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

```
mysql> select * from salarybudgets/
+-----+
| total |
+-----+
| 20000.00 |
+-----+
1 row in set (0.00 sec)
```

```
mysql> create trigger del_sal AFTER DELETE ON salaries for each row
-> begin
-> declare cnt int;
-> select count(*) into cnt from salaries;
-> if cnt>0 then
-> update salarybudgets set total = total- old.salary;
-> end if;
-> end/
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.01 sec)
```

```
mysql> delete from salaries where employee number=1076/
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.01 sec)
```

```
mysql> select * from salarybudgets/
+-----+
| total |
+-----+
| 12000.00 |
+-----+
1 row in set (0.00 sec)
```