

Presentation Outlines

- Project Goal
- Data Cleaning and Manipulation
- Problem in Project
- Analysis Result & Graph
- Hypothesis for the observations from the data

Project GOAL

- □ The overall goal of this project is to help the Government on areas that will foster economic development for their respective states. Since the most common measure of economic development is the GDP, you will analyse the GDP of the various states of India and suggest ways to improve it.
- □ GDP can be broadly divided into goods and services produced by three sectors: the primary sector (agriculture), the secondary sector (industry), and the tertiary sector (services).

Data Cleaning and Manipulation

Possible data inconsistencies:

- 1. Duplicate values
- 2. NAN values in the columns
- 3. NAN values in the rows

Other Issues:

1. In Two Different DataSet States Spelling Mistake

Part-I: GDP Analysis of the Indian States

Part I-A:

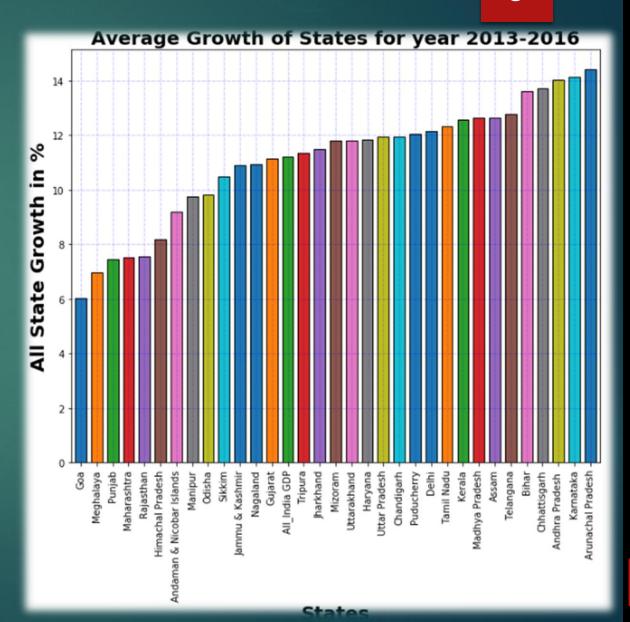
Q: 1 Average growth of states for the duration 2013-14, 2014-15 and
 2015-16

Growing Consistently Fast State :

- 1) Arunachal Pradesh,
- 2) Karnataka,
- 3) Andhra Pradesh,
- 4) Chhattisgarh,
- 5)Bihar

Most Struggling states State:

- 1) Goa
- 2) Meghalaya,
- 3) Punjab,
- 4) Maharashtra,
- 5) Rajasthan

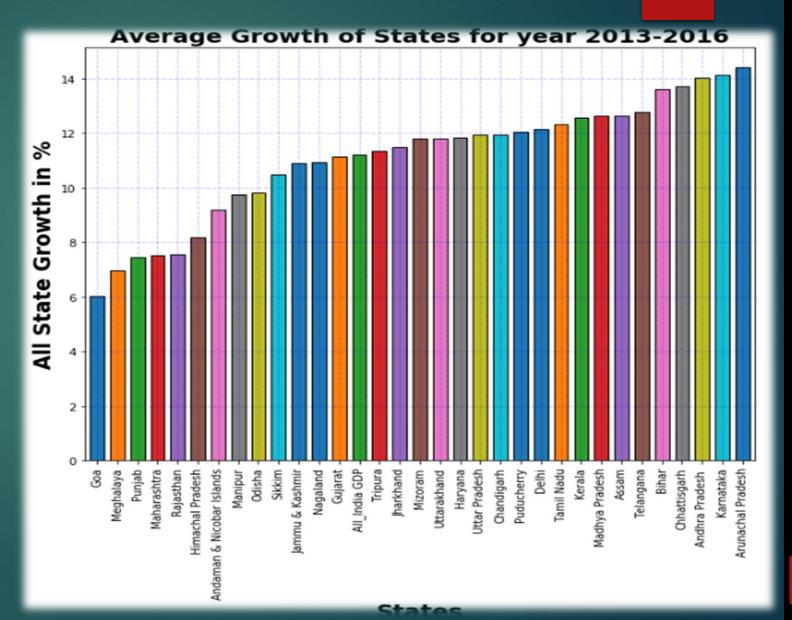


Part I-A:

Q: 1(B).Average growth rate of My home state, and compare to the national average over this duration

A: For My Home state average growth is: (Gujarat-11.126667)

Compare to all india gdp which is (11.20333).



Part I-A:

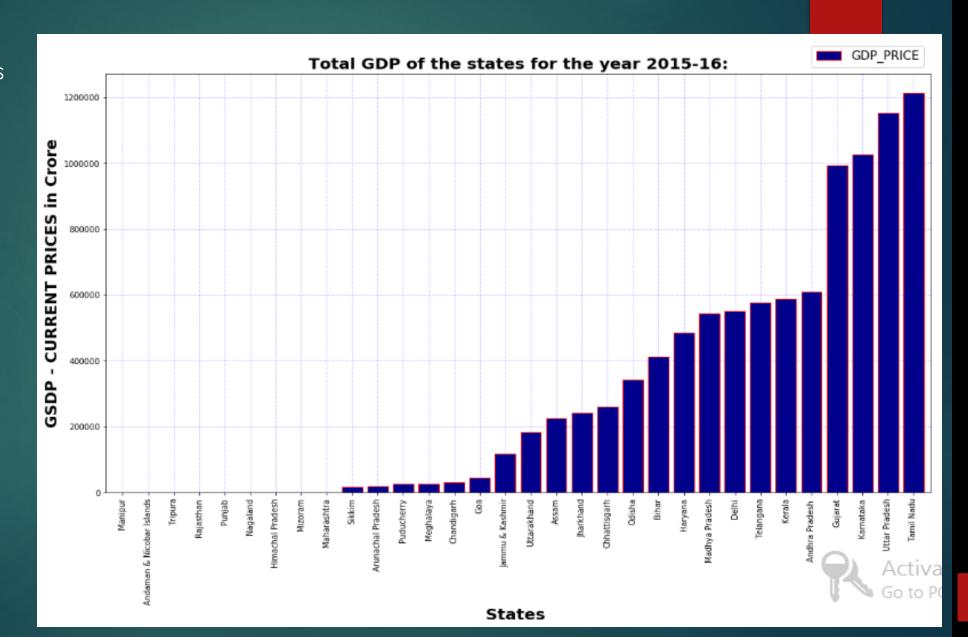
Total GDP of the states for the year 2015-16

Top 5 States:

- 1) TmilNadu,
- 2) Uttar Pradesh
- 3) Karnataka,
- 4) Gujarat,
- 5) Andhra Pradesh

Bottom 5 States:

- 1)Sikkim,
- 2) Arunachal pradesh,
- 3)Puducherry,
- 4) Meghalaya,
- 5) Chandigarh)



Part I-B:

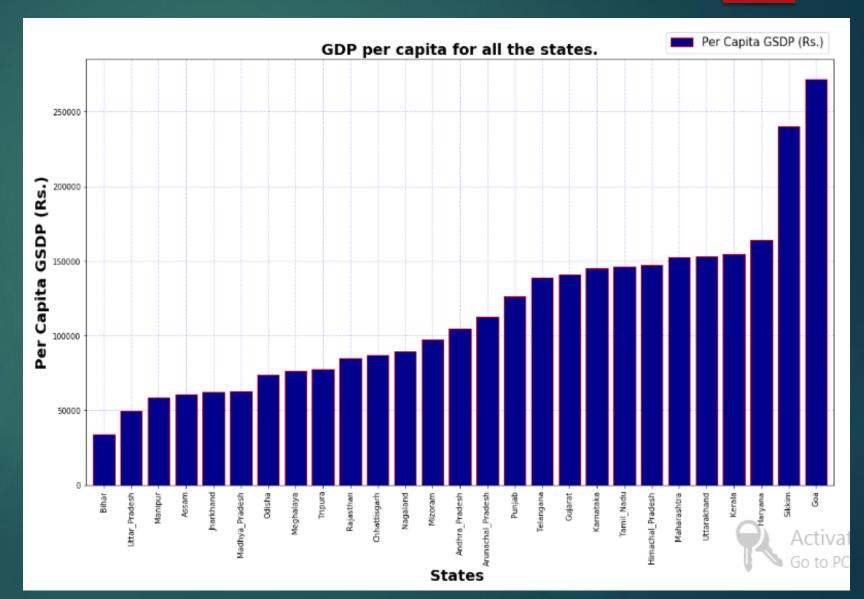
GDP per capita for all the states.

Top 5 States:

- 1) Uttarakhand
- 2) Kerela,
- 3) Haryana,
- 4) Sikkim,
- 5) Goa

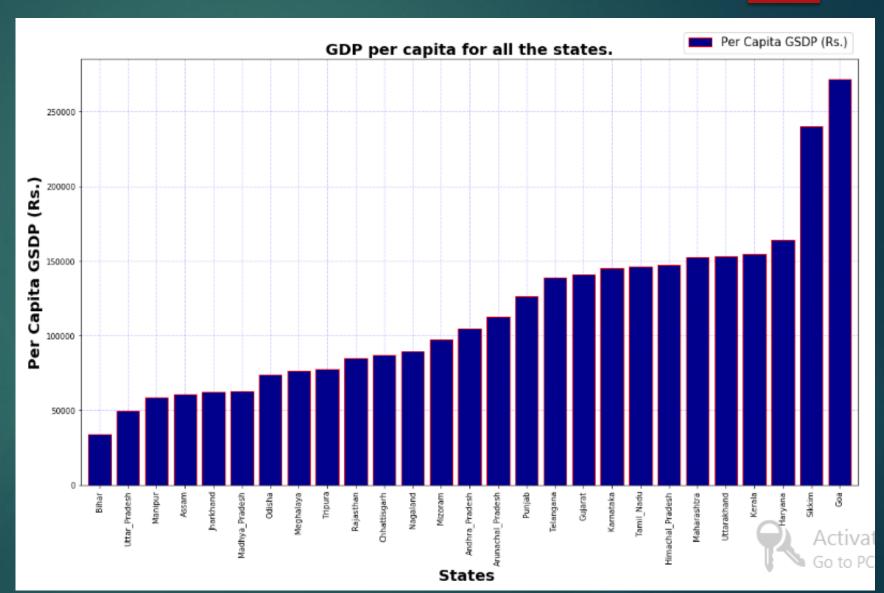
Bottom 5 States:

- 1)Bihar
- 2) Uttar_Pradesh
- 3) Manipur
- 4) Assam,
- 5) Jharkhand



Part I-B:

Ratio of the highest per capita GDP to the lowest per capita GDP is: 8.005



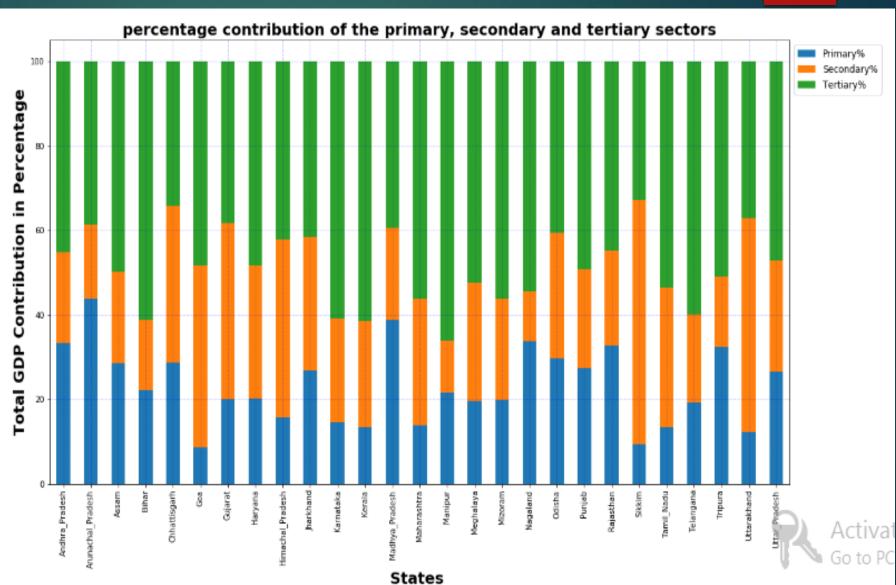
Part I-B:

percentage contribution of the primary, secondary and tertiary sectors

 Arunachal_Pradesh has the Highest investing in PrimarySector(Agriculature)

2) Sikkim Has Contribute there Gdp in Secondary Sector(Industry)

3) Karnataka & Kerala Has contribute their Total GDP on Teritary Sector(Services)



Part I-B:

Groups based on the GDP per capita:

As you can see All States are now hase a C1,C2,C3,C4 Ctegory

- 1) C1 Belongs to 0 To 65187.0
- 2) C2 Belongs to 65187.0 To 104977.0
- 3) C3 Belongs to 104977.0 To 153246.2
- 4) C4 Belongs to 153246.2 To 271793.0

C1 has the Highest Per capita GDP and C4, the lowest Per capita GDP

| Kerala | 154778.0 | C1 |
|---------|----------|----|
| Haryana | 164077.0 | C1 |
| Sikkim | 240274.0 | C1 |
| Goa | 271793.0 | C1 |
| | | |

| 73979.0 | C3 |
|----------|--|
| 76228.0 | C3 |
| 77358.0 | C3 |
| 84837.0 | C3 |
| 86860.0 | C3 |
| 89607.0 | C3 |
| 97687.0 | C3 |
| 104977.0 | C3 |
| | 76228.0 77358.0 84837.0 86860.0 89607.0 97687.0 |

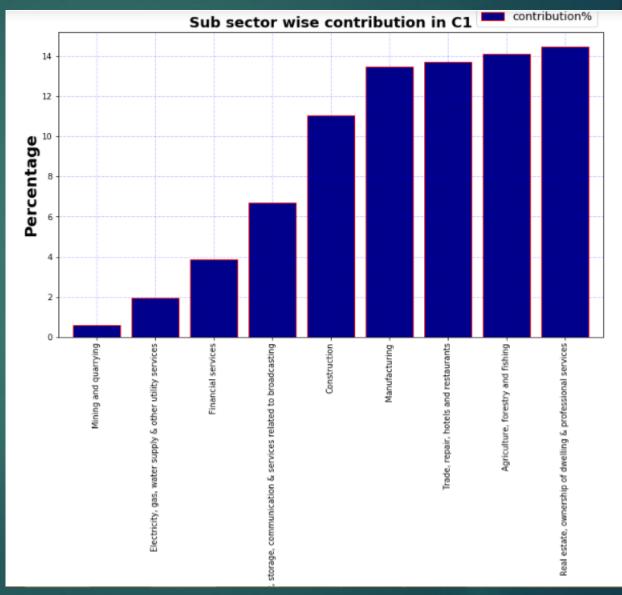
| Arunachal_Pradesh | 112718.0 | C2 |
|-------------------|----------|----|
| Punjab | 126606.0 | C2 |
| Telangana | 139035.0 | C2 |
| Gujarat | 141263.0 | C2 |
| Karnataka | 145141.0 | C2 |
| Tamil_Nadu | 146503.0 | C2 |
| Himachal_Pradesh | 147330.0 | C2 |
| Maharashtra | 152853.0 | C2 |
| Uttarakhand | 153076.0 | C2 |

| | Per Capita GSDP (Rs.) | Tags |
|----------------|-----------------------|------|
| Bihar | 33954.0 | C4 |
| Uttar_Pradesh | 49450.0 | C4 |
| Manipur | 58442.0 | C4 |
| Assam | 60621.0 | C4 |
| Jharkhand | 62091.0 | C4 |
| Madhya_Pradesh | 62989.0 | C4 |

Part I-B:

C1 State has contribute their 80% GDP in the Sub-Sector of :

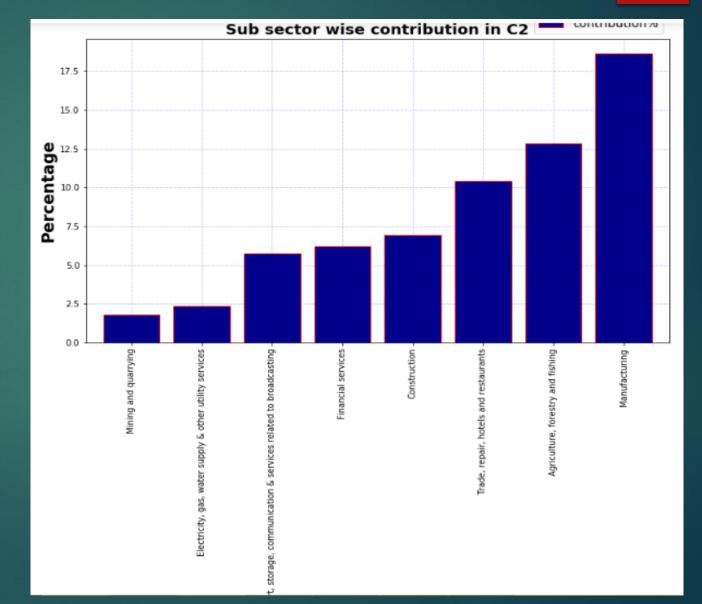
Agriculture, forestry and fishing
Mining and quarrying
Manufacturing
Electricity, gas, water supply & other utility services
Construction
Trade, repair, hotels and restaurants
Transport, storage, communication & services related to broadcasting
Financial services
Real estate, ownership of dwelling & professional services



Part I-B:

C2 State has contribute their 80% GDP in the Sub-Sector of :





Part I-B:

C3 State has contribute their 80% GDP in the Sub-Sector

Item

Agriculture, forestry and fishing

Mining and quarrying

Manufacturing

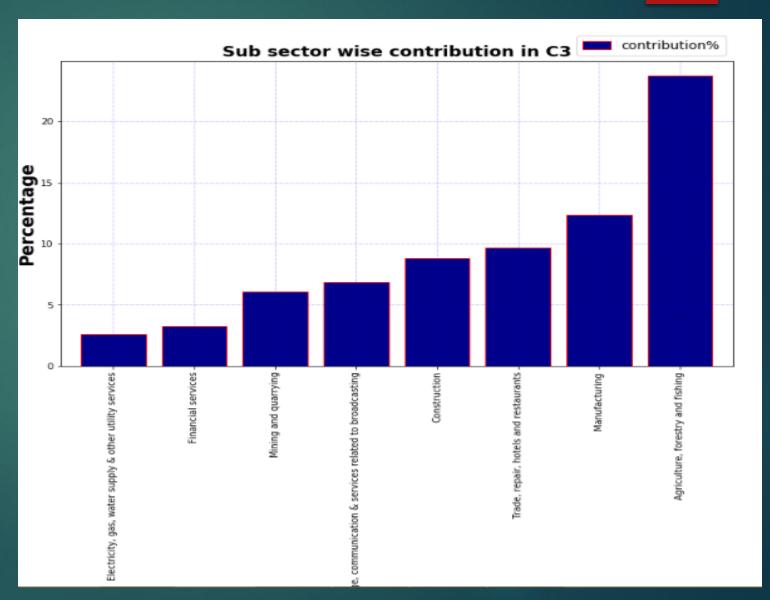
Electricity, gas, water supply & other utility services

Construction

Trade, repair, hotels and restaurants

Transport, storage, communication & services related to broadcasting

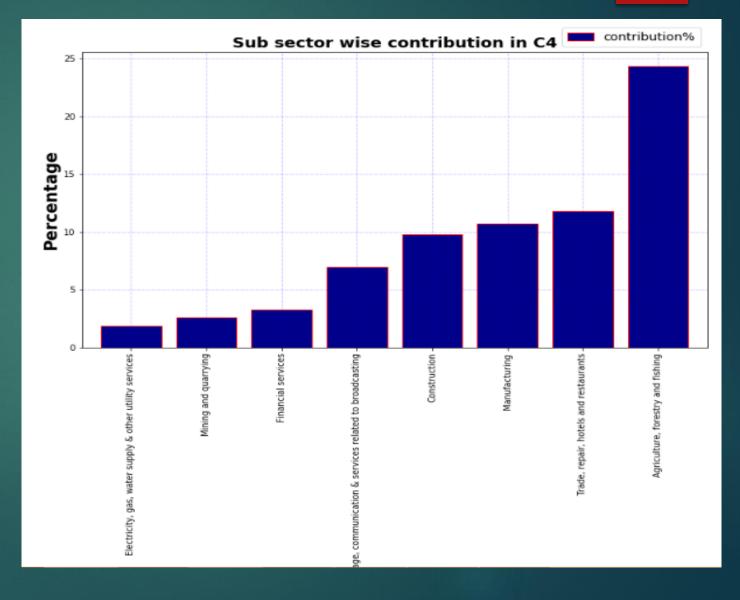
Financial services



Part I-B:

C4 State has contribute their 80% GDP in the Sub-Sector of :

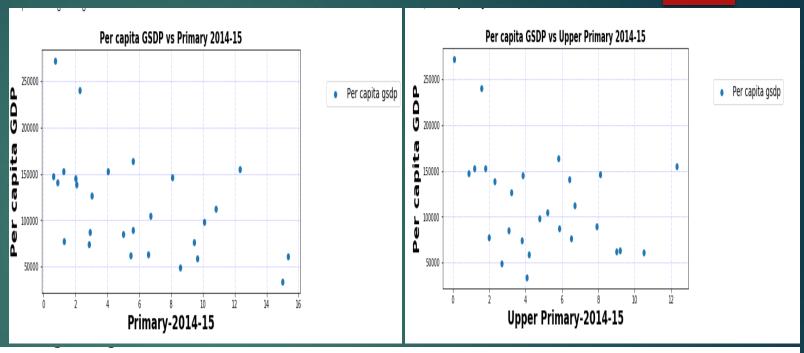
Agriculture, forestry and fishing
Mining and quarrying
Manufacturing
Electricity, gas, water supply & other utility
services
Construction
Trade, repair, hotels and restaurants
Transport, storage, communication & services related to broadcasting
Financial services

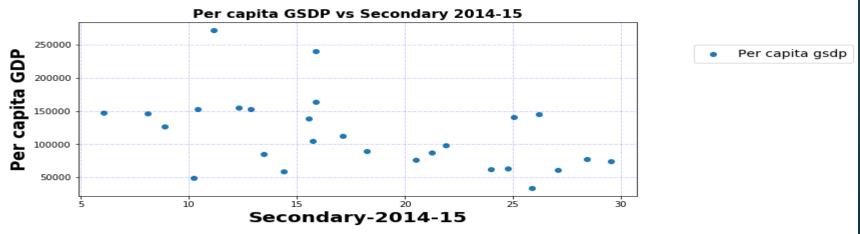


Part-II: GDP and Education Dropout Rates

Part II-:

Dropout rates in education (primary, upper primary and secondary) for the year 2014-2015 for each state.





Hypothesis for the observations from the data.

- 1) From the Analysis of Drop Out Educatio Data set for year 2014-15 for the Category of can say that the highest drop out rates form the primary school in the State of ASSAM & BIHAR has the highest compare to other States Based on the Per capita GDP
- 2) From the Analysis of Drop Out Educatio Data set for year 2014-15 for the Category of Upper Primary I can say that the highest drop out rates form—the primary school in the State of KERELA has the highest compare to other States Based on the Per—capita GDP
- 3) From the Analysis of Drop Out Educatio Data set for year 2014-15 for the Category of Secondary I can say that the highest drop out rates form the primary school in the State of CHHATISGARH, GUJARAT, has the highest compare to other States Based on the Per capita GDP