```
1 #include "../bits/stdc++.h"
  ##Netuck ://judge.u-aizu.ac.jp/onlinejudge/review.jsp?rid=3385218 // 複数 hash の方がいいかも
   4 template <typename T>
          class RollingHash2D
                        int h, w;
   8
                        static const uint64_t b1 = 9973, b2 = 1000000007; // (10000000007, 10000000009)
                        std::vector<uint64_t> rh, rw;
std::vector<std::vector<uint64_t>> hash;
  9
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12
                 public:
                       Rolling Hash 2D (const std::vector < T>> \&mat) : h(mat.size()), w(mat[0].size()), rh(h+1), rw(w+1), hash(h+1, rw(w+1), hash(h+1), ha
13
           std::vector<uint64_t>(w + 1))
                       {
15
                                       for (int i = 0; i < h; i++)
16
                                                   for (int j = 0; j < w; j++)
17
18
                                                                hash[i + 1][j + 1] = hash[i + 1][j] * b2 + mat[i][j];
19
20
                                                   for (int j = 0; j < w; j++)
21
22
23
                                                                hash[i + 1][j + 1] += hash[i][j + 1] * b1;
24
                                                   }
25
26
                                       rh[0] = rw[0] = 1;
                                     for (int i = 0; i < h; i++)

rh[i + 1] = rh[i] * b1;

for (int i = 0; i < w; i++)

rw[i + 1] = rw[i] * b2;
27
28
29
30
                       }
// [sx, gx) * [sy, gy) のハッシュ値を取得
uint64_t query(int sx, int sy, int gx, int gy)
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32
33
34
35
                                      assert(0 <= sx && sx <= gx && gx <= h);
                                     assert(0 <= sy && sy <= gy && gy <= w);

uint64_t h1 = hash[gx][gy] - hash[gx][sy] * rw[gy - sy];

uint64_t h2 = hash[sx][gy] - hash[sx][sy] * rw[gy - sy];
36
37
38
39
                                      return h1 - h2 * rh[gx - sx];
40
                       }
41 };
42
```

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