```
1 #include "../bits/stdc++.h"
 2 // 入力文字列に対してマッチするパターンを検索
 3 // O(N + M)
 4 // N := 入力文字列, M := パターン文字列の長さ合計
 6 1. パターンから Trie 木を作成.
 7 2. 各ノードが表す文字列の末尾と一致するノードの内,文字列長が最大のノードへ辺を張る.
      そのようなノードが存在しなければ根に辺を張る、この処理は bfs で可能、各ノードはその祖先が一致する文字列の情報も持つ。
 8
 9
10 3. PMA(パターンマッチングオートマトン)の完成!
11 */
12 // https://github.com/Suikaba/procon-lib/blob/master/string/aho corasick.hpp
13 // verified: http://judge.u-aizu.ac.jp/onlinejudge/review.jsp?rid=3382323
14 // 出現文字
15 struct characters
16 {
17
       // lower alphabets
18
       static int const size = 26;
19
       static int convert(char c)
20
           assert('a' <= c && c <= 'z');
return c - 'a';
21
22
23
       }
       static char invert(int i)
24
25
       {
           assert(0 <= i && i < size);
return 'a' + i;</pre>
26
27
28
29 };
30
31 template <typename Characters>
32
   class AhoCorasick
33
   {
       static constexpr int invalidIndex = -1;
34
35
36
       struct PMA
37
       {
           int fail;
38
39
           std::vector<int> next, accept;
40
41
           PMA() : fail(invalidIndex), next(Characters::size, invalidIndex) {}
42
       };
43
44
       const int K:
45
       std::vector<std::unique_ptr<PMA>> nodes;
46
47
       int transition(int nodeIndex, char cc)
48
       {
49
           assert(0 <= nodeIndex && nodeIndex < (int)nodes.size());</pre>
50
           int c = Characters::convert(cc);
51
           int now = nodeIndex;
52
           while (nodes[now]->next[c] == invalidIndex && now != 0)
53
54
               now = nodes[now]->fail;
55
56
           now = nodes[now]->next[c]:
           if (now == invalidIndex)
57
               now = 0;
58
59
           return now;
60
       }
     public:
62
63
       AhoCorasick(const std::vector<std::string> &ts) : K((int)ts.size())
64
65
           const int rootIndex = 0:
66
           // root node
67
           nodes.push_back(std::make_unique<PMA>());
           nodes[rootIndex]->fail = rootIndex;
68
69
           for (int i = 0; i < K; i++)
70
71
               int now = rootIndex;
72
               for (auto cs : ts[i])
73
74
                   int c = Characters::convert(cs);
75
                   if (nodes[now]->next[c] == invalidIndex)
76
77
                       nodes[now]->next[c] = (int)nodes.size();
                       nodes.push_back(std::make_unique<PMA>());
78
79
80
                   now = nodes[now]->next[c];
81
82
               nodes[now]->accept.push_back(i);
83
84
85
           std::queue<int> que;
           for (int c = 0; c < Characters::size; c++)</pre>
86
87
               if (nodes[rootIndex]->next[c] != invalidIndex)
88
89
                   nodes[nodes[rootIndex]->next[c]]->fail = rootIndex;
90
91
                   que.push(nodes[rootIndex]->next[c]);
92
               }
93
94
           while (!que.empty())
95
```

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```
int now = que.front();
 96
 97
                  que.pop();
                  for (int c = 0; c < Characters::size; c++)
 98
 99
100
                       if (nodes[now]->next[c] != invalidIndex)
101
                       {
102
                            que.push(nodes[now]->next[c]);
                           int nxt = transition(nodes[now]->fail, Characters::invert(c));
nodes[nodes[now]->next[c]]->fail = nxt;
103
104
                            for (auto ac : nodes[nxt]->accept)
105
106
107
                                nodes[nodes[now]->next[c]]->accept.push_back(ac);
108
109
                      }
110
                  }
111
             }
112
113
         std::vector<std::vector<int>> match(const std::string &str)
114
              std::vector<std::vector<int>> ret(K);
115
116
              int now = 0;
              for (int i = 0; i < (int)str.size(); i++)</pre>
117
118
                  now = transition(now, str[i]);
for (auto k : nodes[now]->accept)
119
120
121
122
                       ret[k].push_back(i);
123
124
              return ret;
125
126
127 };
128
```

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