

UK Sinha Physician, P.C.

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October 07, 2022

Office seen at:
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Re: Gomes-Dacosta, Fernando
DOB: 04/21/1978
DOA: 06/06/2022

FOLLOW-UP NOTE

CHIEF COMPLAINT: Follow up of right knee and left knee pain.

HISTORY OF PRESENT ILLNESS: The patient presents today in follow up with continued pain in the right knee and left knee. The patient is getting treated by chiropractic care for neck and back pain.

ADL CAPABILITIES: The patient states that he can walk for 1/2 block. He can stand for 5 minutes before he has to sit. He can sit for 5 minutes before needing to change positions secondary to pain. As a direct result of the injuries sustained in this accident, the patient states that he is unable to do the following activities: carrying heavy objects, laundry, shopping, running errands, kneeling, squatting, negotiating stairs, jogging, and exercising.

PRESENT COMPLAINTS: Right knee: Right knee pain is 8/10, described as constant, sharp, stabbing, dull, achy pain. The patient has stiffness and weakness. The patient has difficulty rising from a chair and difficulty going up and down stairs. The patient also notes clicking, popping, and intermittent locking. Worse with range of motion and improves with rest, medication, physical therapy, and ice.

Left knee: Left knee pain is 6/10, described as constant, sharp, stabbing, dull, achy pain. The patient has stiffness and weakness. The patient has difficulty rising from a chair and difficulty going up and down stairs. The patient also notes clicking, popping, buckling, and intermittent locking. Worse with range of motion and improves with rest, medication, physical therapy, and ice.

PHYSICAL EXAMINATION: The right knee reveals tenderness along the medial joint line, superior pole of patella, inferior pole of the patella. There is no heat, erythema or deformity appreciated. There is swelling and crepitus appreciated. Positive McMurray test.

Negative Lachman test. Negative patellofemoral grinding test. Negative anterior drawer. Negative posterior drawer. Range of motion reveals flexion 110/130 degrees and extension -5/5 degrees. Knee is stable with varus and valgus stress test. The patient has no motor or sensory deficit of the right lower extremity.

The left knee reveals tenderness along the medial joint line, superior pole of patella, inferior pole of the patella. There is no heat, erythema or deformity appreciated. There is swelling and crepitus appreciated. Positive McMurray test. Negative Lachman test. Negative patellofemoral grinding test. Negative anterior drawer. Negative posterior drawer. Range of motion reveals flexion 115/130 degrees and extension 0/5 degrees. Knee is stable with varus and valgus stress test. The patient has no motor or sensory deficit of the left lower extremity.

DIAGNOSTIC TESTING: MRI of the right knee, done on 07/06/2022, shows a horizontal moderately complex tear of the medial meniscus is seen from the anterior body of the posterior body exiting inferiorly. There is a prominent contusion over the patellar tendon and medial and lateral retinaculum. MRI of the left knee, done on 07/07/2022, shows a complex predominantly horizontal tear of the medial meniscus is seen from the anterior horn to the posterior horn. Adjacent reaction is seen at the medial tibial plateau. There is a grade I to II injury of the medial collateral ligament. There is a contusion over the patellar tendon. Tendinopathy changes are seen at the patellar tendon proximally.

ASSESSMENT:

1. S83.241A Medial meniscus tear, right knee.
2. M23.91 Internal derangement, right knee.
3. M25.461 Joint effusion, right knee.
4. M12.569 Traumatic arthropathy, right knee.
5. S80.911A Injury, right knee.
6. M25.561 Pain, right knee.
7. S83.242A Medial meniscus tear, left knee.
8. M23.92 Internal derangement, left knee.
9. M25.462 Joint effusion, left knee.
10. M12.569 Traumatic arthropathy, left knee.
11. S80.912A Injury, left knee.
12. M25.562 Pain, left knee.

PLAN:

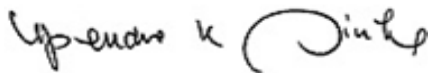
1. Imaging studies and clinical examinations were reviewed with the patient.
2. All treatment options discussed with the patient.
3. Cold compresses for right knee and left knee.
4. Continue anti-inflammatory and muscle relaxant medications p.r.n.
5. Continue physical therapy for right knee and left knee 3 days/week.
6. Discussed right knee arthroscopy versus conservative management with the patient. The patient states that due to continual pain and lack of relief with physical therapy and the inability to perform day-to-day activities due to pain, the patient would like to proceed with surgery as he has increased symptoms in the right knee than left knee.

7. Workers' Compensation Board authorization needed prior to surgery.
8. It is medically necessary to perform the suggested surgery to properly diagnose the patient's condition and to objectively verify presence and severity of internal derangement and other right knee pathology in quantitative and qualitative terms and achieve better prognosis. This surgery is crucial to provide most specific and maximally effective treatment to this patient.
9. Discussed the length of the arthroscopy, the postoperative instructions, and the option of continuing with conservative management alternatives to surgery, including no surgery.
10. All the benefits and risks of the right knee arthroscopy have been discussed with the patient. The risks include, but not limited to bleeding, infection, pain, stiffness, muscle injury, nerve injury, DVT, and recurrence.
11. All the questions in regard to the procedure were answered.
12. The patient verbally consents for the arthroscopy of right knee and the patient will be scheduled for right knee surgery. On the day of the surgery, before the procedure, the surgeon will explain all related questions of the procedure. The patient will sign a written consent and be witnessed by the surgeon.
13. The patient will follow up 1-2 weeks postop or in 2 months if surgery has not been performed yet.

IMPAIRMENT RATING: 100%. The patient is currently not working.

CAUSALITY: It is within a certain degree of medical certainty, that the history presented by the patient, the objective physical findings as well as the diagnosis rendered is causally related to the injury the patient incurred on the specified date. These current symptoms were nonexistent prior to the accident. Findings were discussed with the patient.

AFFIRMATION: Being duly licensed to practice medicine in the state of New York, pursuant to the applicable provisions of the Civil Practice Laws and Rules, I hereby affirm under penalty of perjury that the statements contained herein are true and accurate.



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UKS/AEI