Comprehensive MRI of White Plain's

(Comprehensive MRI of New York, P.C.)

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www.comprehensivemriofwhiteplains.com

MARIAN SEABROOK

N10125809-

WP

Report Date:

09/09/2022

DOB:

05/21/1955

Exam Date:

09/07/2022

MICHAEL JURKOWICH MD 607 WESTCHESTER AVE BRONX NY 10455

MAGNETIC RESONANCE IMAGING OF THE RIGHT KNEE

TECHNIQUE: Multiplanar, multisequential MRI was performed in the 20-degree tilt position.

HISTORY: The patient complains of right knee inner and outer side pain with clicking sounds, swelling, and difficulty walking.

COMPARISON: Prior MRI dated 11/04/2020.

INTERPRETATION: Sprain remains within the MCL which demonstrates heterogeneous intrasubstance signal abnormality and thickening approaching the proximal insertion and some edema superficially.

There is now a horizontal tear within the body of the medial meniscus approaching the junction with the posterior horn. Tear also noted within the posterior horn and body of the lateral meniscus with truncation and fraying of the free edge.

Patellofemoral chondromalacia remains with diffuse thinning of the patellofemoral articular cartilage which is down to the bone of patellar articular surface and there is now prominent subchondral fibrocystic focus over the patellar apex.

Insertional tendinosis distal quadriceps and distal patellar tendons. An effusion and synovitis are noted within the knee joint. There is small Baker's cyst which dissects inferiorly along the medial margin of the gastrocnemius.

Osseous signal and morphology are, otherwise, unremarkable. The lateral collateral ligament, the anterior and posterior cruciate ligaments, quadriceps and patellar tendons are, otherwise, unremarkable.

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IMPRESSION:

- Sprain remains within the MCL which demonstrates heterogeneous intrasubstance signal abnormality and thickening approaching the proximal insertion and some edema superficially.
- Horizontal tear within the body of the medial meniscus approaching the junction with the
 posterior horn. Tear also noted within the posterior horn and body of the lateral meniscus
 with truncation and fraying of the free edge.
- Patellofemoral chondromalacia remains with diffuse thinning of the patellofemoral articular cartilage which is down to the bone of patellar articular surface and prominent subchondral fibrocystic focus over the patellar apex.
- Insertional tendinosis distal quadriceps and distal patellar tendons. Effusion and synovitis within the knee joint. Small Baker's cyst which dissects inferiorly along the medial margin of the gastrocnemius.

Thank you for referring your patient to us for evaluation.

Sincerely,

Ronald Wagner, M.D.

Diplomate of the American Board of Radiology with added Qualifications in Neuroradiology

borald hagner MD

RW/IB