

1500 ASTOR AVENUE BRONX, NY 10469 P. 718-321-0760 P.718-231-6800

PATIENT NAME:

BROWN LARRY

REFERRING PHYSICIAN: DR. FERSEL

DOB: 11/14/1967

DOS: 09/24/2022

MRI OF THE LEFT SHOULDER

INDICATION: Pain.

TECHNIQUE: Multiple T1 and T2 weighted MRI images of the left shoulder were obtained in the axial, sagittal and coronal planes without intravenous or intraarticular contrast.

FINDINGS: There are no acute displaced fractures, dislocations, destructive bony lesions or marrow infiltration in the proximal humerus and glenoid.

The rotator cuff musculature including the supraspinatus, subscapularis, infraspinatus and teres minor are normal in bulk without atrophy, edema or fatty infiltration. The rotator cuff tendons including the infraspinatus and teres minor are intact without MRI evidence of a tear or tendinosis/tendinopathy. The glenoid labrum is grossly intact. There is no joint effusion. There are no masses associated with the glenohumeral joint.

There is a partial tear of the distal supraspinatus tendon. There is a partial tear of the distal subscapularis tendon. Type III acromion with impingement of rotator cuff, in an appropriate clinical setting. Fluid in the long head of the biceps tendon sheath consistent with tenosynovitis. Low lying acromion with impingement of rotator cuff, in an appropriate clinical setting.

IMPRESSION:

- 1. Partial tear of the distal supraspinatus tendon.
- 2. Partial tear of the distal subscapularis tendon.
- 3. Type III acromion with impingement of rotator cuff, in an appropriate clinical setting.
- 4. Fluid in the long head of the biceps tendon sheath consistent with tenosynovitis.
- 5. Low lying acromion with impingement of rotator cuff, in an appropriate clinical setting.

Steve B. Losik M.D.

Steve B. Losik, M.D. Board Certified Radiologist Electronically Signed