UK Sinha Physician, P.C.

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August 05, 2022

Re: Tavarez, Alexander

DOB: 06/08/1991 DOA: 04/28/2022

INITIAL ORTHOPEDIC CONSULT EXAMINATION

CHIEF COMPLAINT: Left shoulder, right knee, right ankle, right wrist, and neck pain.

HISTORY OF PRESENT ILLNESS: A 31-year-old right-hand dominant male involved in a work-related motor vehicle accident on 04/28/2022. The patient was a driver and was wearing a seatbelt. The vehicle was T-boned on the passenger's side. The airbags deployed. The EMS arrived on the scene. The police were called to the scene of the accident. The patient was transported via ambulance to NYC Health + Hospitals/Harlem and was treated and released the same day. The patient presents today complaining of left shoulder, right knee, right ankle, and right knee pain sustained in the work-related motor vehicle accident. The patient was attending physical therapy for 3 times a week with little relief.

WORK HISTORY: The patient is currently not working.

PAST MEDICAL HISTORY: Asthma. There is no previous history of trauma.

PAST SURGICAL HISTORY: Noncontributory.

DRUG ALLERGIES: NO KNOWN DRUG ALLERGIES.

MEDICATIONS: The patient is not taking any medication at this time.

SOCIAL HISTORY: The patient is a nonsmoker. The patient does not drink alcohol. The patient does not use recreational drugs.

ADL CAPABILITIES: The patient states that he can walk for 10 blocks. He can stand for 40 minutes before he has to sit. He can sit for 1 hour before needing to change positions secondary to pain. As a direct result of the injuries sustained in this accident, the patient states that he is unable to do the following activities: driving, lifting heavy objects, carrying heavy objects, reaching overhead, laundry, shopping, running errands, kneeling, squatting, negotiating stairs, jogging and exercising.

PRESENT COMPLAINTS: Left shoulder: Left shoulder pain is 4/10, described as intermittent, sharp, stabbing, dull, achy pain. The patient has stiffness, weakness, popping, and clicking. The

Tavarez, Alexander August 05, 2022 Page 2 of 4

patient is unable to reach overhead, unable to reach behind the back, and unable to sleep at night due to pain. Worse with range of motion and improves with rest, medication, physical therapy, and ice.

Right knee: Right knee pain is 6/10, described as constant, sharp, stabbing, dull, achy pain. The patient has stiffness and weakness. The patient has difficulty rising from a chair and has difficulty going up and down stairs. The patient also notes clicking, popping, buckling, and intermittent locking. Worse with range of motion and improves with rest, medication, physical therapy, and ice.

Right ankle: Right ankle pain is 4-5/10, described as intermittent, dull, achy pain. The patient has pain with standing, walking, and climbing. Worse with range of motion and improves with rest.

Right wrist: Right wrist pain is 3-4/10, described as intermittent, dull, achy pain. Admits to weakness. The patient has pain with lifting, carrying, and driving.

REVIEW OF SYSTEMS: Temperature taken at the time of exam was 98.6 degrees Fahrenheit.

General: No fever, chills, night sweats, weight gain, or weight loss.

HEENT: No double vision, eye pain, eye redness, decreased hearing, earache, ear ringing,

nosebleeds, sore throat or hoarseness.

Endocrine: No cold intolerance, appetite changes or hair changes.

Skin: Clear, no rashes or lesions.

Neuro: No headaches, dizziness, vertigo or tremor.

Respiratory: No wheezing, coughing, shortness of breath or difficulty breathing. **Cardiovascular:** No chest pain, murmurs, irregular heart rate or hypertension.

GI: No nausea, vomiting, diarrhea, constipation, jaundice or changes in bowel habits. **GU**: No blood in urine, painful urination, loss of bladder control or urinary retention.

Hematology: No active bleeding, bruising, anemia or blood clotting disorders. **Psychiatric:** No anxiety, change in sleep pattern, depression or suicidal thoughts.

PHYSICAL EXAMINATION: The patient's height is 6 feet 3 inches, weight is 240 pounds, and BMI is 30. The right knee reveals tenderness along the medial joint line. There is crepitus appreciated. There is no heat, swelling, erythema or deformity appreciated. Positive McMurray test. Negative Lachman test. Negative patellofemoral grinding test. Negative anterior drawer. Negative posterior drawer. Range of motion reveals flexion 120/130 degrees and extension -5/5 degrees. Knee is stable with varus and valgus stress test. The patient has no motor or sensory deficit of the right lower extremity.

The right ankle reveals swelling, hematoma and bruises noted over lateral malleolar aspect. Negative anterior drawer test. Negative inversion stress test. ROM: Dorsiflexion 15/20 degrees, plantarflexion 40/50 degrees, inversion 10/15 degrees, eversion 10/15 degrees.

The right wrist reveals grip strength is 4/5. Negative Tinel sign. Negative Phalen test. Range of motion reveals flexion 70/80 degrees, extension 60/70 degrees, radial deviation 15/20 degrees, ulnar deviation 25/30 degrees.

DIAGNOSTIC TESTING: MRI of the left shoulder, done on 05/25/2022, shows partial-thickness undersurface tear of the supraspinatus tendon. Tenosynovitis of the extra articular long head of the biceps tendon. AC joint hypertrophy may contribute to rotator cuff impingement. MRI of the right knee, done on 06/08/2022, shows horizontal tear of the body and posterior horn of the medial meniscus. Significant edema in the prepatellar region compatible with trauma sequelae. Joint effusion. MRI of the right ankle, done on 05/25/20222, shows partial tear of the fibular attachment of the posterior talofibular ligament.

ASSESSMENT:

- 1. S83.241A Medial meniscus tear, right knee.
- 2. M23.91 Internal derangement, right knee.
- 3. S83.511A Anterior cruciate ligament sprain, right knee.
- 4. S83.411 Medial collateral ligament sprain, right knee.
- 5. M94.261 Chondromalacia, right knee.
- 6. S83.31XA Tear articular cartilage, right knee.
- 7. M22.2X1 Patellofemoral chondral injury, right knee.
- 8. M25.461 Joint effusion, right knee.
- 9. M12.569 Traumatic arthropathy, right knee.
- 10. S80.911A Injury, right knee.
- 11. M25.561 Pain, right knee.
- 12. M65.161 Synovitis, right knee.
- 13. M24.661 Adhesions, right knee
- 14. Sprain grade III lateral collateral ligament, right ankle.

PLAN:

- 1. Imaging studies and clinical examinations were reviewed with the patient.
- 2. All treatment options discussed with the patient.
- 3. Cold compresses for left shoulder, right knee, right ankle, and right wrist.
- 4. Continue anti-inflammatory and muscle relaxant medications p.r.n.
- 5. Continue physical therapy for left shoulder, right knee, right ankle, and right wrist 3 days/week.
- 6. Discussed right knee arthroscopy versus conservative management with the patient. The patient states that due to continual pain and lack of relief with physical therapy and the inability to perform day-to-day activities due to pain, the patient would like to proceed with surgery.
- 7. Workers' Compensation Board authorization needed prior to surgery.
- 8. It is medically necessary to perform the suggested surgery to properly diagnose the patient's condition and to objectively verify presence and severity of internal derangement and other right knee pathology in quantitative and qualitative terms and achieve better prognosis. This surgery is crucial to provide most specific and maximally effective treatment to this patient.
- 9. Discussed the length of the arthroscopy, the postoperative instructions, and the option of continuing with conservative management alternatives to surgery, including no surgery.

- 10. All the benefits and risks of the right knee arthroscopy have been discussed with the patient. The risks include, but not limited to bleeding, infection, pain, stiffness, muscle injury, nerve injury, DVT, and recurrence.
- 11. All the questions in regard to the procedure were answered.
- 12. The patient verbally consents for the arthroscopy of right knee and the patient will be scheduled for right knee surgery. On the day of the surgery, before the procedure, the surgeon will explain all related questions of the procedure. The patient will sign a written consent and be witnessed by the surgeon.
- 13. The patient will follow up 1-2 weeks postop or in 2 months if surgery has not been performed yet.

IMPAIRMENT RATING: 100%.

<u>CAUSALITY</u>: It is within a certain degree of medical certainty, that the history presented by the patient, the objective physical findings as well as the diagnosis rendered is causally related to the injury the patient incurred on the specified date. These current symptoms were nonexistent prior to the accident. Findings were discussed with the patient.

AFFIRMATION: Being duly licensed to practice medicine in the state of New York, pursuant to the applicable provisions of the Civil Practice Laws and Rules, I hereby affirm under penalty of perjury that the statements contained herein are true and accurate.

U.K. Sinha, MD, MS (Ortho), FAAOS Board Certified Orthopedic Surgeon

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