## UK Sinha Physician, P.C.

102-31 Jamaica Ave. Richmond Hill, NY 11418 Ph: 718-480-1130 Fax: 718-480-1132

November 08, 2022

Office seen at: Dolphin Family Chiropractic, P.C. 430 W Merrick Road Valley Stream, NY 11580 Phone# (516) 612-7288

Re: Grant, Mikhail DOB: 09/06/1988 DOA: 09/18/2022

## INITIAL ORTHOPEDIC CONSULT EXAMINATION

**CHIEF COMPLAINT:** Left knee pain.

HISTORY OF PRESENT ILLNESS: A 34-year-old right-hand dominant male involved in a motor vehicle accident on 09/18/2022. The patient was a shuttle bus passenger who was standing at the middle. The bus was struck by another shuttle bus. The airbags did not deploy. The EMS arrived on the scene. The police were called to the scene of the accident. The patient was transported via ambulance to Long Island Jewish Forest Hills and was treated and released the same day. The patient presents today complaining of left knee pain sustained in the motor vehicle accident. The patient was attending physical therapy for the last 2 months with little relief.

**WORK HISTORY:** The patient is currently not working.

**PAST MEDICAL HISTORY:** Positive for hypertension. There is a previous history of motor vehicle accident in 2012.

**PAST SURGICAL HISTORY:** Positive for hernia repair done about 12-13 years ago.

DRUG ALLERGIES: NO KNOWN DRUG ALLERGIES.

**MEDICATIONS:** The patient is taking amlodipine and pain medications p.r.n.

**SOCIAL HISTORY:** The patient is a nonsmoker. The patient drinks alcohol occasionally.

**ADL CAPABILITIES:** The patient states that he can walk for 1/2 block. He can stand for 5 minutes before he has to sit. He can sit for 5 minutes before needing to change positions

Grant, Mikhail November 08, 2022 Page 2 of 3

secondary to pain. As a direct result of the injuries sustained in this accident, the patient states that he is unable to do the following activities: carrying heavy objects, laundry, shopping, running errands, kneeling, squatting, negotiating stairs, jogging, and exercising.

**PRESENT COMPLAINTS:** Left knee: Left knee pain is 10/10, described as constant, sharp, stabbing, dull, achy pain. The patient has weakness. The patient has difficulty rising from a chair and difficulty going up and down stairs. Worse with range of motion and improves with rest.

**REVIEW OF SYSTEMS:** Temperature taken at the time of exam was 98.6 degrees Fahrenheit.

General: No fever, chills, night sweats, weight gain, or weight loss.

**HEENT**: No double vision, eye pain, eye redness, decreased hearing, earache, ear ringing, nosebleeds, sore throat or hoarseness.

**Endocrine:** No cold intolerance, appetite changes or hair changes.

**Skin:** Clear, no rashes or lesions.

**Neuro:** No headaches, dizziness, vertigo or tremor.

**Respiratory:** No wheezing, coughing, shortness of breath or difficulty breathing.

Cardiovascular: No chest pain, murmurs or irregular heart rate. The patient has hypertension.

GI: No nausea, vomiting, diarrhea, constipation, jaundice or changes in bowel habits.

**GU:** No blood in urine, painful urination, loss of bladder control or urinary retention. **Hematology:** No active bleeding, bruising, anemia or blood clotting disorders.

**Psychiatric:** No anxiety, change in sleep pattern, depression or suicidal thoughts.

**PHYSICAL EXAMINATION:** The patient's height is 6 feet 1 inch, weight is 210 pounds, and BMI is 27.7. The left knee reveals tenderness along the superior pole of patella, inferior pole of the patella. There is no heat, swelling, erythema, or deformity appreciated. There is crepitus appreciated. Negative McMurray test. Positive Lachman test. Positive patellofemoral grinding test. Positive anterior drawer. Negative posterior drawer. Range of motion reveals flexion 85/130 degrees and extension 4/5 degrees. Knee is stable with varus and valgus stress test. The patient has no motor or sensory deficit of the left lower extremity.

**DIAGNOSTIC TESTING:** MRI of the left knee, done on 09/29/2022, shows presence of joint fluid compatible with synovitis. Findings compatible with an ACL grade I sprain. Increased signal in the inferior patellar ligament compatible with a sprain of this structure. The meniscal structures are intact.

## **ASSESSMENT:**

- 1. M23.92 Internal derangement, left knee.
- 2. S83.512A Anterior cruciate ligament sprain, left knee.
- 3. M25.462 Joint effusion, left knee.
- 4. S80.912A Injury, left knee.
- 5. M25.562 Pain, left knee.
- 6. M65.162 Synovitis, left knee.
- 7. Inferior patellar ligament sprain, left knee.

## **PLAN:**

- 1. Imaging studies and clinical examinations were reviewed with the patient.
- 2. All treatment options discussed with the patient.
- 3. Cold compresses for left knee.
- 4. Continue anti-inflammatory and muscle relaxant medications p.r.n.
- 5. Continue physical therapy for left knee 3 days/week.
- 6. Recommend steroid injections with pain management for left knee. The patient refuses due to side effects.
- 7. Discussed left knee arthroscopy versus conservative management with the patient. The patient states that due to continual pain and lack of relief with physical therapy and the inability to perform day-to-day activities due to pain, the patient would like to think about surgery.
- 8. It is medically necessary to perform the suggested surgery to properly diagnose the patient's condition and to objectively verify presence and severity of internal derangement and other left knee pathology in quantitative and qualitative terms and achieve better prognosis. This surgery is crucial to provide most specific and maximally effective treatment to this patient.
- 9. Discussed the length of the arthroscopy, the postoperative instructions, and the option of continuing with conservative management alternatives to surgery, including no surgery.
- 10. All the benefits and risks of the left knee arthroscopy have been discussed with the patient. The risks include, but not limited to bleeding, infection, pain, stiffness, muscle injury, nerve injury, DVT, and recurrence.
- 11. All the questions in regard to the procedure were answered.
- 12. Follow up in 1 week for decision.

<u>CAUSALITY</u>: It is within a certain degree of medical certainty, that the history presented by the patient, the objective physical findings as well as the diagnosis rendered is causally related to the injury the patient incurred on the specified date. These current symptoms were nonexistent prior to the accident. Findings were discussed with the patient.

**AFFIRMATION:** Being duly licensed to practice medicine in the state of New York, pursuant to the applicable provisions of the Civil Practice Laws and Rules, I hereby affirm under penalty of perjury that the statements contained herein are true and accurate.

Mellita Shakhmurov, PA-C

MS/AEI

U.K. Sinha, MD, MS (Ortho), FAAOS Board Certified Orthopedic Surgeon