



Next Generation Diagnostic Imaging P.C.

MERSHAD HAGIGI, MD, PHD DIPLOMATE, AMERICAN BOARD OF RADIOLOGY

1664 East 14th Street, Suite LL • Brooklyn, NY 11229 TEL: (718) 336-1865 • FAX: (718) 336-1275

DATE OF STUDY:

9/13/2022

PATIENT NAME:

FRED JOEL

DATE OF BIRTH:

1/22/1998

PATIENT NUMBER:

SR3041

REFERRING PHYSICIAN:

DR.CARLOTTA ROSS-DISTINE

MRI OF THE RIGHT SHOULDER WITHOUT CONTRAST

HISTORY: Patient was involved in a motor vehicle accident and now complains of pain.

COMPARISON: None.

TECHNIQUE: MRI of the right shoulder was performed using T1 and T2 weighted sequences in multiple planes.

FINDINGS:

Mild synovial effusion is seen.

Mild fluid is seen subacromial – subdeltoid and subcoracoid bursae and also along biceps tendon.

There is mild lateral downsloping of acromion seen.

The alignment of the shoulder joint is normal. The rotator cuff is well visualized. There is no evidence of edema / tear. The bones around the shoulder joint reveal normal intensity.

The gleno-humeral joint is normal. There is no evidence of erosion or destruction of articular cartilage. The articular margins are intact.

The glenoid labrum is normal. The acromio-clavicular joint also appears normal.

The muscles and their attachments also appear normal. Major neurovascular bundles are normal

IMPRESSION:

- 1. Mild synovial effusion.
- 2. Mild fluid subacromial subdeltoid and subcoracoid bursae and also along biceps tendon.
- 3. Mild lateral downsloping of acromion.

Thank you for the courtesy of this referral.

Electronically Signed Mershad Hagigi, MD, PHD Board Certified Radiologist

Date: 9/14/2022