

# UK Sinha Physician, P.C.

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June 22, 2022

Office seen at:

P.R. Medical, P.C.  
79-09B Northern Boulevard  
Jackson Heights, NY 11372  
Phone# (718) 507-1438

Re: Mariano, Ernesto  
DOB: 10/15/1965  
DOA: 02/11/2022

## INITIAL ORTHOPEDIC CONSULT EXAMINATION

**CHIEF COMPLAINT:** Right shoulder pain.

**HISTORY OF PRESENT ILLNESS:** A 56-year-old right-hand dominant male involved in a motor vehicle accident on 02/11/2022. The patient was a driver and was wearing a seatbelt. The vehicle was struck on the rear driver's side. The airbags did not deploy. The patient went to urgent care after 3-4 days and was treated and released the same day. The patient presents today complaining of right shoulder pain sustained in the motor vehicle accident. The patient was attending physical therapy for the last 4 months with little relief.

**WORK HISTORY:** The patient is currently working full-time.

**PAST MEDICAL HISTORY:** Asthma.

**PAST SURGICAL HISTORY:** Noncontributory.

**DRUG ALLERGIES:** NO KNOWN DRUG ALLERGIES.

**MEDICATIONS:** The patient is not taking any medication at this time.

**SOCIAL HISTORY:** The patient smokes 3-4 packs of cigarettes per day. The patient drinks alcohol occasionally. The patient does not use recreational drugs.

**ADL CAPABILITIES:** As a direct result of the injuries sustained in this accident, the patient states that he is unable to do the following activities: driving, lifting heavy objects, carrying, laundry, shopping, running errands, and stair jog.

**PRESENT COMPLAINTS:** Right shoulder: Right shoulder pain is 3/10, described as intermittent, sharp, stabbing, dull, achy pain. The patient has stiffness. The patient is unable to reach overhead or behind the back and unable to sleep at night due to pain. Worse with range of motion and improves with rest, medication, physical therapy, and ice.

**REVIEW OF SYSTEMS:** Temperature taken at the time of exam was 98.6 degrees Fahrenheit.

**General:** No fever, chills, night sweats, weight gain, or weight loss.

**HEENT:** No double vision, eye pain, eye redness, decreased hearing, earache, ear ringing, nosebleeds, sore throat or hoarseness.

**Endocrine:** No cold intolerance, appetite changes or hair changes.

**Skin:** Clear, no rashes or lesions.

**Neuro:** No headaches, dizziness, vertigo or tremor.

**Respiratory:** No wheezing, coughing, shortness of breath or difficulty breathing.

**Cardiovascular:** No chest pain, murmurs, irregular heart rate or hypertension.

**GI:** No nausea, vomiting, diarrhea, constipation, jaundice or changes in bowel habits.

**GU:** No blood in urine, painful urination, loss of bladder control or urinary retention.

**Hematology:** No active bleeding, bruising, anemia or blood clotting disorders.

**Psychiatric:** No anxiety, change in sleep pattern, depression or suicidal thoughts.

**PHYSICAL EXAMINATION:** The patient's height is 5 feet 11 inches, weight is 225 pounds, and BMI is 31.4. The right shoulder reveals tenderness to palpation over supraspinatus tendon region. There is no heat, swelling, erythema, crepitus or deformity appreciated. Negative drop arm test. Negative cross-over test. Negative empty can test. Negative Yergason test. Negative deltoid atrophy. Positive O'Brien test. Positive impingement sign. Negative Lift-off test. Positive Hawkins test. Range of motion, as per goniometer, abduction 160/180 degrees, adduction 45/45 degrees, forward flexion 145/180 degrees, extension 60/60 degrees, internal rotation 70/90 degrees, and external rotation 70/90 degrees. Internal rotation to the sacrum. The patient has no motor or sensory deficit of the right upper extremity.

**DIAGNOSTIC TESTING:** MRI of the right shoulder, done on 04/19/2022, shows a bursal surface tear is. Seen anteriorly at the supraspinatus tendon, as noted. Tendinitis/bursitis changes are seen at the supraspinatus and infraspinatus tendons.

**ASSESSMENT:**

1. S46.011A Partial rotator cuff tear, right shoulder.
2. M24.811 Internal derangement, right shoulder.
3. M75.01 Adhesive capsulitis, right shoulder.
4. M75.81 Shoulder tendinitis, right shoulder.
5. S43.431A Labral tear, right shoulder.
6. M75.41 Impingement, right shoulder.
7. M65.811 Tenosynovitis, right shoulder.
8. M75.51 Bursitis, right shoulder.
9. M75.21 Bicipital tendinitis, right shoulder.
10. M25.511 Pain, right shoulder.
11. S49.91XA Injury, right shoulder.
12. S46.101A Biceps tendon tear, right shoulder.

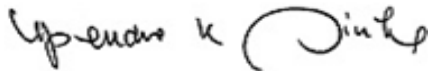
13. M89.311 Acromioclavicular joint hypertrophy, right shoulder.
14. M25.411 Joint effusion, right shoulder.

**PLAN:**

1. Imaging studies and clinical examinations were reviewed with the patient.
2. All treatment options discussed with the patient.
3. Cold compresses for right shoulder.
4. Continue anti-inflammatory and muscle relaxant medications p.r.n.
5. Continue physical therapy for right shoulder 3 days/week.
6. Discussed right shoulder arthroscopy versus conservative management with the patient. The patient states that due to continual pain and lack of relief with physical therapy and the inability to perform day-to-day activities due to pain, the patient would like to think about surgery.
7. It is medically necessary to perform the suggested surgery to properly diagnose the patient's condition and to objectively verify presence and severity of internal derangement and other right shoulder pathology in quantitative and qualitative terms and achieve better prognosis. This surgery is crucial to provide most specific and maximally effective treatment to this patient.
8. Discussed the length of the arthroscopy, the postoperative instructions, and the option of continuing with conservative management alternatives to surgery, including no surgery.
9. All the benefits and risks of the right shoulder arthroscopy have been discussed with the patient. The risks include, but not limited to bleeding, infection, pain, stiffness, muscle injury, nerve injury, DVT, and recurrence.
10. All the questions in regard to the procedure were answered.

**CAUSALITY:** It is within a certain degree of medical certainty, that the history presented by the patient, the objective physical findings as well as the diagnosis rendered is causally related to the injury the patient incurred on the specified date. These current symptoms were nonexistent prior to the accident. Findings were discussed with the patient.

**AFFIRMATION:** Being duly licensed to practice medicine in the state of New York, pursuant to the applicable provisions of the Civil Practice Laws and Rules, I hereby affirm under penalty of perjury that the statements contained herein are true and accurate.



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Board Certified Orthopedic Surgeon

MS/AEI