

UK Sinha Physician, P.C.

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July 13, 2022

Office seen at:

Tatay Ninong Physical Therapy
1314 Coney Island Ave
Brooklyn, NY 11230
Phone# (718) 377-0100

Re: Mirzaev, Akmal
DOB: 09/25/1978
DOA: 09/04/2020

INITIAL ORTHOPEDIC CONSULT EXAMINATION

CHIEF COMPLAINT: Left knee pain.

HISTORY OF PRESENT ILLNESS: A 44year-old right-hand dominant male involved in a work-related accident on 09/04/2020. The patient slipped while carrying heavy objects on the job. The patient did not go to any hospital that same day. The patient presents today complaining of left knee pain sustained in the work-related accident. The patient was attending physical therapy for 3-4 times per week with little relief.

WORK HISTORY: The patient is currently not working.

PAST MEDICAL HISTORY: Noncontributory.

PAST SURGICAL HISTORY: The patient had right shoulder arthroscopy on 05/03/2021, right knee arthroscopy on 03/22/2021, and neck fusion 2 months ago.

DRUG ALLERGIES: NO KNOWN DRUG ALLERGIES.

MEDICATIONS: The patient is taking pain medications p.r.n.

SOCIAL HISTORY: The patient is a nonsmoker. The patient does not drink alcohol. The patient does not use recreational drugs.

ADL CAPABILITIES: The patient states that he can walk for 1/2 block. He can stand for 1/2 minutes before he has to sit. He can sit for 5 minutes before needing to change positions secondary to pain. As a direct result of the injuries sustained in this accident, the patient states that he is unable to do the following activities: play sports, driving, lifting heavy objects,

childcare, carrying heavy objects, laundry, shopping, running errands, kneeling, squatting, negotiating stairs, and exercising.

PRESENT COMPLAINTS: Left knee: Left knee pain is 7-8/10, described as constant, sharp, stabbing, dull, achy pain. The patient has stiffness and weakness. The patient has no difficulty rising from a chair and has no difficulty going up and down stairs. The patient also notes clicking, popping, buckling, and intermittent locking. Worse with range of motion and improves with rest, medication, physical therapy, and ice.

REVIEW OF SYSTEMS: Temperature taken at the time of exam was 98.6 degrees Fahrenheit.

General: No fever, chills, night sweats, weight gain, or weight loss.

HEENT: No double vision, eye pain, eye redness, decreased hearing, earache, ear ringing, nosebleeds, sore throat or hoarseness.

Endocrine: No cold intolerance, appetite changes or hair changes.

Skin: Clear, no rashes or lesions.

Neuro: No headaches, dizziness, vertigo or tremor.

Respiratory: No wheezing, coughing, shortness of breath or difficulty breathing.

Cardiovascular: No chest pain, murmurs, irregular heart rate or hypertension.

GI: No nausea, vomiting, diarrhea, constipation, jaundice or changes in bowel habits.

GU: No blood in urine, painful urination, loss of bladder control or urinary retention.

Hematology: No active bleeding, bruising, anemia or blood clotting disorders.

Psychiatric: No anxiety, change in sleep pattern, depression or suicidal thoughts.

PHYSICAL EXAMINATION: The patient's height is 5 feet 5 inches, weight is 176 pounds, and BMI is 29.3. The left knee reveals tenderness along the medial joint line and lateral joint line. There is crepitus appreciated. There is no heat, swelling, erythema or deformity appreciated. Positive McMurray test. Negative Lachman test. Positive patellofemoral grinding test. Negative anterior drawer. Negative posterior drawer. Range of motion reveals flexion 110/130 degrees and extension -5/5 degrees. Knee is stable with varus and valgus stress test. The patient has no motor or sensory deficit of the left lower extremity.

DIAGNOSTIC TESTING: MRI of the left knee, done on 10/26/2020, shows intrameniscal tear in the body of the medial meniscus and anterior horn of the lateral meniscus. Mild joint effusion consistent with trauma or synovitis, in an appropriate clinical setting.

ASSESSMENT:

1. S83.242A Medial meniscus tear, left knee.
2. S83.282A Lateral meniscus tear, left knee.
3. M23.92 Internal derangement, left knee.
4. S83.512A Anterior cruciate ligament sprain, left knee.
5. S83.412A Medial collateral ligament sprain, left knee.
6. M94.262 Chondromalacia, left knee.
7. S83.32XA Tear articular cartilage, left knee.
8. M22.2X2 Patellofemoral chondral injury, left knee.
9. M25.462 Joint effusion, left knee.
10. M12.569 Traumatic arthropathy, left knee.

11. S80.912A Injury, left knee.
12. M25.562 Pain, left knee.
13. M65.162 Synovitis, left knee.
14. M24.662 Adhesions, left knee.

PLAN:

1. Imaging studies and clinical examinations were reviewed with the patient.
2. All treatment options discussed with the patient.
3. Cold compresses for left knee.
4. Continue anti-inflammatory and muscle relaxant medications p.r.n.
5. Continue physical therapy for left knee 3 days/week.
6. Discussed left knee arthroscopy versus conservative management with the patient. The patient states that due to continual pain and lack of relief with physical therapy and the inability to perform day-to-day activities due to pain, the patient would like to proceed with surgery.
7. Workers' Compensation Board authorization needed prior to surgery.
8. It is medically necessary to perform the suggested surgery to properly diagnose the patient's condition and to objectively verify presence and severity of internal derangement and other left knee pathology in quantitative and qualitative terms and achieve better prognosis. This surgery is crucial to provide most specific and maximally effective treatment to this patient.
9. Discussed the length of the arthroscopy, the postoperative instructions, and the option of continuing with conservative management alternatives to surgery, including no surgery.
10. All the benefits and risks of the left knee arthroscopy have been discussed with the patient. The risks include, but not limited to bleeding, infection, pain, stiffness, muscle injury, nerve injury, DVT, and recurrence.
11. All the questions in regard to the procedure were answered.
12. The patient verbally consents for the arthroscopy of left knee and the patient will be scheduled for left knee surgery. On the day of the surgery, before the procedure, the surgeon will explain all related questions of the procedure. The patient will sign a written consent and be witnessed by the surgeon.
13. The patient will follow up 1-2 weeks postop or in 2 months if surgery has not been performed yet.

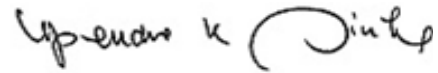
IMPAIRMENT RATING: 50%.

CAUSALITY: It is within a certain degree of medical certainty, that the history presented by the patient, the objective physical findings as well as the diagnosis rendered is causally related to the injury the patient incurred on the specified date. These current symptoms were nonexistent prior to the accident. Findings were discussed with the patient.

AFFIRMATION: Being duly licensed to practice medicine in the state of New York, pursuant to the applicable provisions of the Civil Practice Laws and Rules, I hereby affirm under penalty of perjury that the statements contained herein are true and accurate.

Mellita Shakhmurov, PA-C

MS/AEI

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "U.K. Sinha". The signature is fluid and cursive, with a large, stylized "S" for the last name.

U.K. Sinha, MD, MS (Ortho), FAAOS
Board Certified Orthopedic Surgeon