



Westchester Radiology & Imaging, PC

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PATIENT: JOHNSON JULEESA
DOB: 07/22/1997
PHYSICIAN: DR. FERSEL
EXAM DATE: 08/29/2022

MRI OF THE LEFT SHOULDER

INDICATION: Pain.

TECHNIQUE: Multiple T1 and T2 weighted MRI images of the left shoulder were obtained in the axial, sagittal and coronal planes without intravenous or intraarticular contrast.

FINDINGS: Motion artifact significantly diminishes sensitivity of this examination. There are no acute displaced fractures, dislocations, destructive bony lesions or marrow infiltration in the proximal humerus and glenoid.

The rotator cuff musculature including the supraspinatus, subscapularis, infraspinatus and teres minor are normal in bulk without atrophy, edema or fatty infiltration. The rotator cuff tendons including the infraspinatus and teres minor are intact without MRI evidence of a tear or tendinosis/tendinopathy. The biceps tendon is situated within the bicipital groove and its attachment to the superior labrum is intact. The glenoid labrum is grossly intact. There are no masses or fluid collections associated with the glenohumeral joint.

There is a partial tear of the distal supraspinatus tendon. There is a partial tear of the distal subscapularis tendon. Low lying acromion with impingement of rotator cuff, in an appropriate clinical setting. Mild joint effusion consistent with recent trauma or synovitis, in an appropriate clinical setting.

IMPRESSION:

1. Partial tear of the distal supraspinatus tendon.
2. Partial tear of the distal subscapularis tendon.

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3. Low lying acromion with impingement of rotator cuff, in an appropriate clinical setting.
4. Mild joint effusion consistent with recent trauma or synovitis, in an appropriate clinical setting.

Steve B. Losik M.D.

Steve B. Losik, M.D.
Board Certified Radiologist
Electronically Signed