

# UK Sinha Physician, P.C.

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August 22, 2022

Re: Maingrette, Louis  
DOB: 07/25/1984  
DOA: 01/12/2022

## FOLLOW-UP NOTE

**CHIEF COMPLAINT:** Follow up of left knee pain.

**HISTORY OF PRESENT ILLNESS:** The patient presents today in followup with continued pain in the left knee. This patient comes from P.R. Medical, P.C., 79-09B Northern Boulevard, Jackson Heights, NY 11372.

**PAST SURGICAL HISTORY:** The patient has left knee arthroscopy in August 2017. The patient had right shoulder arthroscopy in February 2022.

**ADL CAPABILITIES:** The patient states that he can walk for 1 block. He can stand for 15 minutes before he has to sit. He can sit for 5 minutes before needing to change positions secondary to pain. As a direct result of the injuries sustained in this accident, the patient states that he is unable to do the following activities: play sports, running errands, kneeling, squatting, negotiating stairs, jogging and exercising.

**PRESENT COMPLAINTS:** Left knee: Left knee pain is 9/10, described as constant, sharp, stabbing, dull, achy pain. The patient has stiffness and weakness. The patient has difficulty rising from a chair and difficulty going up and down stairs. The patient also notes clicking, popping, buckling, and intermittent locking.

**PHYSICAL EXAMINATION:** The left knee reveals tenderness along the medial joint line, superior pole of patella, and inferior pole of the patella. There is crepitus appreciated. There is no heat, swelling, erythema or deformity appreciated. Positive McMurray test. Negative Lachman test. Negative patellofemoral grinding test. Negative anterior drawer. Negative posterior drawer. Range of motion reveals flexion 110/130 degrees and extension -5/5 degrees. Knee is stable with varus and valgus stress test. The patient has no motor or sensory deficit of the left lower extremity.

**DIAGNOSTIC TESTING:** MRI of the left knee, done on 07/26/2022, shows a horizontal tear exiting inferiorly is noted at the posterior body of the medial meniscus. A mild-to-moderate interstitial tear of the ACL is seen without evidence of attenuation.

**ASSESSMENT:**

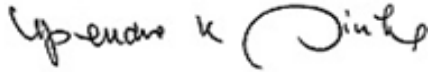
1. S83.242A Medial meniscus tear, left knee.
2. M23.92 Internal derangement, left knee.
3. S83.512A Anterior cruciate ligament sprain, left knee.
4. M25.462 Joint effusion, left knee.
5. M12.569 Traumatic arthroscopy, left knee.
6. S80.912A Injury, left knee.
7. M25.562 Pain, left knee.
8. M65.162 Synovitis, left knee.
9. M23.40 Loose body in knee, left knee.

**PLAN:**

1. Imaging studies and clinical examinations were reviewed with the patient.
2. All treatment options discussed with the patient.
3. Cold compresses for left knee.
4. Continue anti-inflammatory and muscle relaxant medications p.r.n.
5. Continue physical therapy for left knee 3 days/week.
6. Discussed left knee arthroscopy versus conservative management with the patient. The patient states that due to continual pain and lack of relief with physical therapy and the inability to perform day-to-day activities due to pain, the patient would like to proceed with surgery.
7. It is medically necessary to perform the suggested surgery to properly diagnose the patient's condition and to objectively verify presence and severity of internal derangement and other left knee pathology in quantitative and qualitative terms and achieve better prognosis. This surgery is crucial to provide most specific and maximally effective treatment to this patient.
8. Discussed the length of the arthroscopy, the postoperative instructions, and the option of continuing with conservative management alternatives to surgery, including no surgery.
9. All the benefits and risks of the left knee arthroscopy have been discussed with the patient. The risks include, but not limited to bleeding, infection, pain, stiffness, muscle injury, nerve injury, DVT, and recurrence.
10. All the questions in regard to the procedure were answered.
11. The patient verbally consents for the arthroscopy of left knee and the patient will be scheduled for left knee surgery. On the day of the surgery, before the procedure, the surgeon will explain all related questions of the procedure. The patient will sign a written consent and be witnessed by the surgeon.
12. The patient will follow up 1-2 weeks postop or in 2 months if surgery has not been performed yet.

**CAUSALITY:** It is within a certain degree of medical certainty, that the history presented by the patient, the objective physical findings as well as the diagnosis rendered is causally related to the injury the patient incurred on the specified date. These current symptoms were nonexistent prior to the accident. Findings were discussed with the patient.

**AFFIRMATION:** Being duly licensed to practice medicine in the state of New York, pursuant to the applicable provisions of the Civil Practice Laws and Rules, I hereby affirm under penalty of perjury that the statements contained herein are true and accurate.

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "U.K. Sinha", written over a horizontal line.

U.K. Sinha, MD, MS (Ortho), FAAOS  
Board Certified Orthopedic Surgeon

UKS/AEI