

UK Sinha Physician, P.C.

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October 18, 2022

Office seen at:
Gurvansh Anand Chiropractic PC
2598 3rd Avenue
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Phone#: (718) 975-7144

Re: Porrata, Alma
DOB: 07/26/1962
DOA: 08/29/2022

INITIAL ORTHOPEDIC CONSULT EXAMINATION

CHIEF COMPLAINT: Right shoulder pain.

HISTORY OF PRESENT ILLNESS: A 60-year-old right-hand dominant female involved in a work-related motor vehicle accident on 08/29/2022. The patient was a bus matron, sitting down and truck hit from behind and then, the bus hit the truck in front. The EMS arrived on the scene. The police were called to the scene of the accident. The patient was transported via ambulance to NYC Health + Hospitals/Lincoln and was treated and released the same day. The patient presents today complaining of right shoulder pain sustained in the work-related motor vehicle accident. The patient was attending physical therapy for the last 6 weeks with little relief.

WORK HISTORY: The patient is currently not working.

PAST MEDICAL HISTORY: Diabetes, hypertension, and thyroid. There is no previous history of trauma.

PAST SURGICAL HISTORY: Appendectomy in 2016, tubal ligation in 1992.

DRUG ALLERGIES: NO KNOWN DRUG ALLERGIES.

MEDICATIONS: The patient is taking metformin 500 mg, Synthroid 200 mcg, losartan 100 mg, and amlodipine 10 mg.

SOCIAL HISTORY: The patient is a nonsmoker. The patient does not drink alcohol. The patient does not use recreational drugs.

ADL CAPABILITIES: As a direct result of the injuries sustained in this accident, the patient states that she is unable to do the following activities: driving, lifting heavy objects, carrying, reaching overhead, laundry, shopping, running errands, and exercising.

PRESENT COMPLAINTS: Right shoulder: Right shoulder pain is 6/10, described as intermittent, sharp, stabbing, dull, achy pain. The patient is unable to reach overhead, able to reach behind the back, and is unable to sleep at night due to pain. Worse with range of motion and improves with rest and physical therapy.

REVIEW OF SYSTEMS: Temperature taken at the time of exam was 98.6 degrees Fahrenheit.

General: No fever, chills, night sweats, weight gain, or weight loss.

HEENT: No double vision, eye pain, eye redness, decreased hearing, earache, ear ringing, nosebleeds, sore throat or hoarseness.

Endocrine: No cold intolerance, appetite changes or hair changes.

Skin: Clear, no rashes or lesions.

Neuro: No headaches, dizziness, vertigo or tremor.

Respiratory: No wheezing, coughing, shortness of breath or difficulty breathing.

Cardiovascular: No chest pain, murmurs or irregular heart rate. The patient has hypertension.

GI: No nausea, vomiting, diarrhea, constipation, jaundice or changes in bowel habits.

GU: No blood in urine, painful urination, loss of bladder control or urinary retention.

Hematology: No active bleeding, bruising, anemia or blood clotting disorders.

Psychiatric: No anxiety, change in sleep pattern, depression or suicidal thoughts.

PHYSICAL EXAMINATION: The patient's height is 4 feet 11 inches, weight is 140 pounds, and BMI is 28.3. The right shoulder reveals tenderness to palpation over supraspinatus tendon region, AC joint, and proximal biceps tendon. There is crepitus appreciated. There is no heat, swelling, erythema or deformity appreciated. Negative drop arm test. Positive cross-over test. Positive empty can test. Positive Yergason test. Negative deltoid atrophy. Negative O'Brien test. Positive impingement sign. Positive Lift-off test. Positive Hawkins test. Range of motion, as per goniometer, abduction 105/180 degrees, adduction 35/45 degrees, forward flexion 115/180 degrees, extension 40/60 degrees, internal rotation 45/90 degrees, and external rotation 55/90 degrees. Internal rotation to the sacrum. The patient has no motor or sensory deficit of the right upper extremity.

DIAGNOSTIC TESTING: MRI of the right shoulder, done on 09/28/2022, shows no fracture; superior and inferior osteophytes at the acromioclavicular joint. Tendinopathy and tear of the supraspinatus tendon. Tendinopathy and partial tear of the infraspinatus tendon. Tendinopathy of the subscapularis tendon. Intact glenohumeral joint. Effusion. Biceps tendinopathy.

ASSESSMENT:

1. S46.011A Partial rotator cuff tear, right shoulder.
2. M24.811 Internal derangement, right shoulder.
3. M75.81 Shoulder tendinitis, right shoulder.
4. M75.41 Impingement, right shoulder.
5. M75.21 Bicipital tendinitis, right shoulder.

6. M25.511 Pain, right shoulder.
7. S49.91XA Injury, right shoulder.
8. M89.311 Acromioclavicular joint hypertrophy, right shoulder.
9. M25.411 Joint effusion, right shoulder.

PLAN:

1. Imaging studies and clinical examinations were reviewed with the patient.
2. All treatment options discussed with the patient.
3. Cold compresses for right shoulder.
4. Continue anti-inflammatory and muscle relaxant medications p.r.n.
5. Continue physical therapy for right shoulder 3 days/week.
6. Status post right shoulder injection on 10/12/2022 with no improvement of pain.
7. Discussed right shoulder arthroscopy versus conservative management with the patient. The patient states that due to continual pain and lack of relief with physical therapy and the inability to perform day-to-day activities due to pain, the patient would like to proceed with surgery.
8. The patient needs medical clearance prior to surgery. Workers' Compensation Board authorization needed prior to surgery.
9. It is medically necessary to perform the suggested surgery to properly diagnose the patient's condition and to objectively verify presence and severity of internal derangement and other right shoulder pathology in quantitative and qualitative terms and achieve better prognosis. This surgery is crucial to provide most specific and maximally effective treatment to this patient.
10. Discussed the length of the arthroscopy, the postoperative instructions, and the option of continuing with conservative management alternatives to surgery, including no surgery.
11. All the benefits and risks of the right shoulder arthroscopy have been discussed with the patient. The risks include, but not limited to bleeding, infection, pain, stiffness, muscle injury, nerve injury, DVT, and recurrence.
12. All the questions in regard to the procedure were answered.
13. The patient verbally consents for the arthroscopy of right shoulder and the patient will be scheduled for right shoulder surgery. On the day of the surgery, before the procedure, the surgeon will explain all related questions of the procedure. The patient will sign a written consent and be witnessed by the surgeon.
14. The patient will follow up 1-2 weeks postop or in 2 months if surgery has not been performed yet.

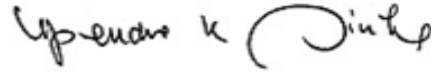
IMPAIRMENT RATING: 100%.

CAUSALITY: It is within a certain degree of medical certainty, that the history presented by the patient, the objective physical findings as well as the diagnosis rendered is causally related to the injury the patient incurred on the specified date. These current symptoms were nonexistent prior to the accident. Findings were discussed with the patient.

AFFIRMATION: Being duly licensed to practice medicine in the state of New York, pursuant to the applicable provisions of the Civil Practice Laws and Rules, I hereby affirm under penalty of perjury that the statements contained herein are true and accurate.

A handwritten signature in black ink, consisting of a large, stylized 'S' shape with a horizontal line extending to the right.

Mellita Shakhmurov, PA-C
MS/AEI

A handwritten signature in black ink, featuring a cursive 'U.K. Sinha' with a large, stylized 'S' at the end.

U.K. Sinha, MD, MS (Ortho), FAAOS
Board Certified Orthopedic Surgeon