## UK Sinha Physician, P.C.

102-31 Jamaica Ave. Richmond Hill, NY 11418 Ph: 718-480-1130 Fax: 718-480-1132

August 03, 2022

Office seen at: Tatay Ninong Physical Therapy 1314 Coney Island Ave Brooklyn, NY 11230 Phone# (718) 377-0100

Re: Huanga, Manuel

DOB: 03/22/1980 DOA: 05/23/2022

## **FOLLOW-UP NOTE**

**CHIEF COMPLAINT:** Follow up of right shoulder pain.

**HISTORY OF PRESENT ILLNESS:** The patient presents today in followup with continued pain in the right shoulder.

**ADL CAPABILITIES:** The patient states that he can walk for 3 blocks. He can stand for 30 minutes before he has to sit. He can sit for 30 minutes before needing to change positions secondary to pain. As a direct result of the injuries sustained in this accident, the patient states that he is unable to do the following activities: play sports, lifting heavy objects, carrying heavy objects, reaching overhead, running errands, and exercising.

**PRESENT COMPLAINTS:** Right shoulder: Right shoulder pain is 8/10, described as constant, sharp, stabbing, dull, achy pain. The patient is unable to reach overhead, unable to reach behind the back, and unable to sleep at night due to pain. Worse with range of motion and improves with rest, medication, physical therapy, and ice.

**PHYSICAL EXAMINATION:** The patient's height is 5 feet 6 inches, weight is 165 pounds, and BMI is 26.6. The right shoulder reveals tenderness to palpation over supraspinatus tendon region and proximal biceps tendon. There is no heat, swelling, erythema, crepitus or deformity appreciated. Negative drop arm test. Negative cross-over test. Negative empty can test. Negative Yergason test. Negative deltoid atrophy. Positive O'Brien test. Positive impingement sign. Negative Lift-off test. Positive Hawkins test. Range of motion, as per goniometer, abduction 120/180 degrees, adduction 40/45 degrees, forward flexion 100/180 degrees, extension 50/60 degrees, internal rotation 70/90 degrees, and external rotation 70/90 degrees. Internal rotation to the sacrum. The patient has no motor or sensory deficit of the right upper extremity.

**DIAGNOSTIC TESTING:** MRI of the right shoulder, done on 07/28/2022, shows a midsubstance and articular surface tear is seen distally at the supraspinatus tendon. Moderate tendinitis/bursitis changes are seen at the supraspinatus and infraspinatus tendons.

## **ASSESSMENT:**

- 1. S46.011A Partial rotator cuff tear, right shoulder.
- 2. M24.811 Internal derangement, right shoulder.
- 3. M75.01 Adhesive capsulitis, right shoulder.
- 4. M75.81 Shoulder tendinitis, right shoulder.
- 5. S43.431A Labral tear, right shoulder.
- 6. M75.41 Impingement, right shoulder.
- 7. M65.811 Tenosynovitis, right shoulder.
- 8. M75.51 Bursitis, right shoulder.
- 9. M75.21 Bicipital tendinitis, right shoulder.
- 10. M25.511 Pain, right shoulder.
- 11. S49.91XA Injury, right shoulder.
- 12. S46.101A Biceps tendon tear, right shoulder.
- 13. M67.211 Hypertrophic synovitis, right shoulder.
- 14. M89.311 Acromioclavicular joint hypertrophy, right shoulder.
- 15. M25.411 Joint effusion, right shoulder.

## **PLAN:**

- 1. Imaging studies and clinical examinations were reviewed with the patient.
- 2. All treatment options discussed with the patient.
- 3. Cold compresses for right shoulder.
- 4. Continue anti-inflammatory and muscle relaxant medications p.r.n.
- 5. Continue physical therapy for right shoulder 3 days/week.
- 6. Discussed right shoulder arthroscopy versus conservative management with the patient. The patient states that due to continual pain and lack of relief with physical therapy and the inability to perform day-to-day activities due to pain, the patient wants to think about surgery.
- 7. Workers' Compensation Board authorization needed prior to surgery.
- 8. It is medically necessary to perform the suggested surgery to properly diagnose the patient's condition and to objectively verify presence and severity of internal derangement and other right shoulder pathology in quantitative and qualitative terms and achieve better prognosis. This surgery is crucial to provide most specific and maximally effective treatment to this patient.
- 9. Discussed the length of the arthroscopy, the postoperative instructions, and the option of continuing with conservative management alternatives to surgery, including no surgery.
- 10. All the benefits and risks of the right shoulder arthroscopy have been discussed with the patient. The risks include, but not limited to bleeding, infection, pain, stiffness, muscle injury, nerve injury, DVT, and recurrence.
- 11. All the questions in regard to the procedure were answered.
- 12. Follow up in 2 weeks.

<u>IMPAIRMENT RATING</u>: 50%. The patient is currently working full time in construction.

<u>CAUSALITY</u>: It is within a certain degree of medical certainty, that the history presented by the patient, the objective physical findings as well as the diagnosis rendered is causally related to the injury the patient incurred on the specified date. These current symptoms were nonexistent prior to the accident. Findings were discussed with the patient.

**AFFIRMATION:** Being duly licensed to practice medicine in the state of New York, pursuant to the applicable provisions of the Civil Practice Laws and Rules, I hereby affirm under penalty of perjury that the statements contained herein are true and accurate.

U.K. Sinha, MD, MS (Ortho), FAAOS

Board Certified Orthopedic Surgeon

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