

UK Sinha Physician, P.C.

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July 26, 2022

Office seen at:
Renew Chiropractic
2426 Eastchester Road
Bronx, NY 10469
Phone# (347) 843-6230

Re: Williams, Anthony
DOB: 02/16/1966
DOA: 09/24/2021

INITIAL ORTHOPEDIC CONSULT EXAMINATION

CHIEF COMPLAINT: Right knee and left knee pain.

HISTORY OF PRESENT ILLNESS: A 56-year-old right-hand dominant male involved in a motor vehicle accident on 09/24/2021. The patient was a driver and was wearing a seatbelt. The vehicle was struck on the driver's front side. The airbags did not deploy. The EMS arrived on the scene. The police were not called to the scene of the accident. The patient was transported via ambulance to Bronx Lebanon Hospital Center and was treated and released the same day. The patient presents today complaining of right knee and left knee pain sustained in the motor vehicle accident. The patient was attending physical therapy for the last 9 months with no relief.

WORK HISTORY: The patient is currently not working.

PAST MEDICAL HISTORY: Hypertension, hyperlipidemia, OSA, and COPD. There is no previous history of trauma.

PAST SURGICAL HISTORY: Open appendectomy 20 years ago.

DRUG ALLERGIES: NO KNOWN DRUG ALLERGIES.

MEDICATIONS: Unable to recall medications, not on AC medications.

SOCIAL HISTORY: The patient smokes less than one-fourth pack of cigarettes per day. The patient does not drink alcohol. The patient does not use recreational drugs.

ADL CAPABILITIES: The patient states that he can walk for 3 blocks. He can stand for 15 minutes before he has to sit. He can sit for 5 minutes before needing to change positions secondary to pain. As a direct result of the injuries sustained in this accident, the patient states that he is unable to do the following activities: play sports, running errands, kneeling, squatting, negotiating stairs, jogging and exercising.

PRESENT COMPLAINTS: Right knee: Right knee pain is 8/10, described as intermittent, sharp, stabbing, dull, achy pain. The patient has stiffness and weakness. The patient has difficulty rising from a chair and has difficulty going up and down stairs. The patient also notes clicking, popping, buckling, and intermittent locking.

Left knee: Left knee pain is 5/10, described as intermittent, sharp, stabbing, dull, achy pain. The patient has stiffness. The patient has no difficulty rising from a chair or going up and down stairs. The patient also notes intermittent locking. Worse with range of motion and improves with rest. The patient is status post arthroscopy on 05/26/2022 with Dr. Sinha.

REVIEW OF SYSTEMS: Temperature taken at the time of exam was 98.6 degrees Fahrenheit.

General: No fever, chills, night sweats, weight gain, or weight loss.

HEENT: No double vision, eye pain, eye redness, decreased hearing, earache, ear ringing, nosebleeds, sore throat or hoarseness.

Endocrine: No cold intolerance, appetite changes or hair changes.

Skin: Clear, no rashes or lesions.

Neuro: No headaches, dizziness, vertigo or tremor.

Respiratory: No wheezing, coughing, shortness of breath or difficulty breathing.

Cardiovascular: No chest pain, murmurs or irregular heart rate. The patient has hypertension.

GI: No nausea, vomiting, diarrhea, constipation, jaundice or changes in bowel habits.

GU: No blood in urine, painful urination, loss of bladder control or urinary retention.

Hematology: No active bleeding, bruising, anemia or blood clotting disorders.

Psychiatric: No anxiety, change in sleep pattern, depression or suicidal thoughts.

PHYSICAL EXAMINATION: The patient's height is 5 feet 7 inches, weight is 210 pounds, and BMI is 32.9. The right knee reveals tenderness along the medial joint line, lateral joint line, superior pole of patella, and inferior pole of the patella. There is crepitus appreciated. There is no heat, swelling, erythema or deformity appreciated. Positive McMurray test. Positive Lachman test. Positive patellofemoral grinding test. Positive anterior drawer test. Negative posterior drawer test. Range of motion reveals flexion 80/130 degrees and extension 3/5 degrees. Knee is stable with varus and valgus stress test. The patient has no motor or sensory deficit of the right lower extremity.

The left knee is nontender. There is crepitus appreciated. There is no heat, swelling, erythema or deformity appreciated. Negative McMurray test. Negative Lachman test. Positive patellofemoral grinding test. Negative anterior drawer test. Negative posterior drawer test. Range of motion reveals flexion 95/130 degrees and extension 4/5 degrees. Knee is stable with varus and valgus stress test. The patient has no motor or sensory deficit of the left lower extremity.

DIAGNOSTIC TESTING: MRI of the right knee, done on 06/02/2022, shows tear in the anterior root attachment of the lateral meniscus. Complex tear of the posterior horn/body of the medial meniscus. ACL appears thickened and heterogeneous suggestive of a sprain, in an appropriate clinical setting. Several subcentimeter erosive/osteochondral lesions on the articular surface of the medial femoral condyle and 7.0 mm osteochondral lesion with underlying bone marrow edema on the anterior surface of the lateral tibial plateau. Moderate osteoarthritic changes. Moderate joint effusion consistent with recent trauma or synovitis, in an appropriate clinical setting.

ASSESSMENT:

1. S83.241A Medial meniscus tear, right knee.
2. S83.281A Lateral meniscus tear, right knee.
3. M23.91 Internal derangement, right knee.
4. S83.511A Anterior cruciate ligament sprain, right knee.
5. M25.461 Joint effusion, right knee.
6. S80.911A Injury, right knee.
7. M25.561 Pain, right knee.
8. M65.161 Synovitis, right knee.
9. M93.261 Osteochondral lesion, right knee.
10. M17.11 Osteoarthritis, right knee.
11. M25.462 Joint effusion, left knee.
12. S80.912A Injury, left knee.
13. M25.562 Pain, left knee.
14. Status post arthroscopy, left knee.

PLAN:

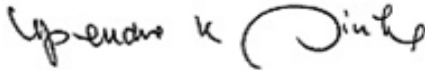
1. Imaging studies and clinical examinations were reviewed with the patient.
2. All treatment options discussed with the patient.
3. Cold compresses for right knee and left knee.
4. Continue anti-inflammatory and muscle relaxant medications p.r.n.
5. Continue physical therapy for right knee and left knee 3 days/week.
6. Recommend steroid injections with pain management for left knee. The patient refuses due to side effects.
7. Discussed right knee arthroscopy versus conservative management with the patient. The patient states that due to continual pain and lack of relief with physical therapy and the inability to perform day-to-day activities due to pain, the patient would like to proceed with surgery.
8. The patient needs medical clearance prior to surgery.
9. It is medically necessary to perform the suggested surgery to properly diagnose the patient's condition and to objectively verify presence and severity of internal derangement and other right knee pathology in quantitative and qualitative terms and achieve better prognosis. This surgery is crucial to provide most specific and maximally effective treatment to this patient.
10. Discussed the length of the arthroscopy, the postoperative instructions, and the option of continuing with conservative management alternatives to surgery, including no surgery.

11. All the benefits and risks of the right knee arthroscopy have been discussed with the patient. The risks include, but not limited to bleeding, infection, pain, stiffness, muscle injury, nerve injury, DVT, and recurrence.
12. All the questions in regard to the procedure were answered.
13. The patient verbally consents for the arthroscopy of right knee and the patient will be scheduled for right knee surgery. On the day of the surgery, before the procedure, the surgeon will explain all related questions of the procedure. The patient will sign a written consent and be witnessed by the surgeon.
14. The patient will follow up 1-2 weeks postop or in 2 months if surgery has not been performed yet.

CAUSALITY: It is within a certain degree of medical certainty, that the history presented by the patient, the objective physical findings as well as the diagnosis rendered is causally related to the injury the patient incurred on the specified date. These current symptoms were nonexistent prior to the accident. Findings were discussed with the patient.

AFFIRMATION: Being duly licensed to practice medicine in the state of New York, pursuant to the applicable provisions of the Civil Practice Laws and Rules, I hereby affirm under penalty of perjury that the statements contained herein are true and accurate.

Mellita Shakhmurov, PA-C
MS/AEI



U.K. Sinha, MD, MS (Ortho), FAAOS
Board Certified Orthopedic Surgeon