

UK Sinha Physician, P.C.

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November 08, 2022

Office seen at:
Dolphin Family Chiropractic, P.C.
430 W Merrick Road
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Re: Codling-Peters, Kendra
DOB: 04/28/1990
DOA: 08/21/2022

INITIAL ORTHOPEDIC CONSULT EXAMINATION

CHIEF COMPLAINT: Right shoulder pain.

HISTORY OF PRESENT ILLNESS: A 32-year-old right-hand dominant female involved in a motor vehicle accident on 08/21/2022. The patient was a driver and was wearing a seatbelt. The vehicle was T-boned on the driver's side. The airbags did not deploy. The EMS arrived on the scene. The police were not called to the scene of the accident. The patient was transported via ambulance to Kings County Hospital Center and was treated and released the same day. The patient presents today complaining of right shoulder pain sustained in the motor vehicle accident. The patient was attending physical therapy for the last 2.5 months with little relief.

WORK HISTORY: The patient is currently working.

PAST MEDICAL HISTORY: Positive for pseudotumor cerebri. There is a previous history of trauma.

PAST SURGICAL HISTORY: Positive for cranial shunt placement in 2010 and replacement x2 (last in March 2022).

DRUG ALLERGIES: PERCOCET.

MEDICATIONS: The patient is taking pain medications p.r.n.

SOCIAL HISTORY: The patient is a nonsmoker. The patient drinks alcohol occasionally.

ADL CAPABILITIES: As a direct result of the injuries sustained in this accident, the patient states that she is unable to do the following activities: driving, lifting heavy objects, carrying, reaching overhead, laundry, shopping, running errands, and exercising.

PRESENT COMPLAINTS: Right shoulder: Right shoulder pain is 6/10, described as intermittent, sharp, stabbing, dull, achy pain. The patient has weakness, and clicking. The patient is able to reach behind the back but unable to reach overhead or sleep at night due to pain. Worse with range of motion and improves with rest, medication, physical therapy, and ice.

REVIEW OF SYSTEMS: Temperature taken at the time of exam was 98.6 degrees Fahrenheit.

General: No fever, chills, night sweats, weight gain, or weight loss.

HEENT: No double vision, eye pain, eye redness, decreased hearing, earache, ear ringing, nosebleeds, sore throat or hoarseness.

Endocrine: No cold intolerance, appetite changes or hair changes.

Skin: Clear, no rashes or lesions.

Neuro: No headaches, dizziness, vertigo or tremor.

Respiratory: No wheezing, coughing, shortness of breath or difficulty breathing.

Cardiovascular: No chest pain, murmurs, irregular heart rate or hypertension.

GI: No nausea, vomiting, diarrhea, constipation, jaundice or changes in bowel habits.

GU: No blood in urine, painful urination, loss of bladder control or urinary retention.

Hematology: No active bleeding, bruising, anemia or blood clotting disorders.

Psychiatric: No anxiety, change in sleep pattern, depression or suicidal thoughts.

PHYSICAL EXAMINATION: The patient's height is 5 feet 2 inches, weight is 240 pounds, and BMI is 43.9. The right shoulder reveals tenderness to palpation over supraspinatus tendon region, AC joint, proximal biceps tendon. There is no swelling, heat, erythema, or deformity appreciated. There is crepitus appreciated. Negative drop arm test. Positive cross-over test. Positive empty can test. Positive Yergason test. Negative deltoid atrophy. Positive O'Brien test. Positive impingement sign. Positive Lift-off test. Positive Hawkins test. Range of motion, as per goniometer, abduction 110/180 degrees, adduction 40/45 degrees, forward flexion 130/180 degrees, extension 40/60 degrees, internal rotation 45/90 degrees, and external rotation 55/90 degrees. Internal rotation to the sacrum. The patient has no motor or sensory deficit of the right upper extremity.

DIAGNOSTIC TESTING: CT of the right shoulder, done on 10/03/2022, shows no fracture, post fracture deformity or subluxation. Probable thickening of the supraspinatus and infraspinatus tendon, without obvious tear within the limits of CT technique.

ASSESSMENT:

1. M24.811 Internal derangement, right shoulder.
2. M75.81 Shoulder tendinitis, right shoulder.
3. M75.41 Impingement, right shoulder.
4. M25.511 Pain, right shoulder.
5. S49.91XA Injury, right shoulder.
6. M25.411 Joint effusion, right shoulder.

PLAN:

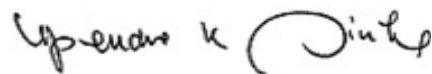
1. Imaging studies and clinical examinations were reviewed with the patient.
2. All treatment options discussed with the patient.
3. Cold compresses for right shoulder.
4. Continue anti-inflammatory and muscle relaxant medications p.r.n.
5. Continue physical therapy for right shoulder 3 days/week.
6. Recommend steroid injections with pain management for right shoulder. The patient refuses due to side effects.
7. Discussed right shoulder arthroscopy versus conservative management with the patient. The patient states that due to continual pain and lack of relief with physical therapy and the inability to perform day-to-day activities due to pain, the patient would like to think about surgery.
8. It is medically necessary to perform the suggested surgery to properly diagnose the patient's condition and to objectively verify presence and severity of internal derangement and other right shoulder pathology in quantitative and qualitative terms and achieve better prognosis. This surgery is crucial to provide most specific and maximally effective treatment to this patient.
9. Discussed the length of the arthroscopy, the postoperative instructions, and the option of continuing with conservative management alternatives to surgery, including no surgery.
10. All the benefits and risks of the right shoulder arthroscopy have been discussed with the patient. The risks include, but not limited to bleeding, infection, pain, stiffness, muscle injury, nerve injury, DVT, and recurrence.
11. All the questions in regard to the procedure were answered.
12. Follow up in 1 month for decision.

CAUSALITY: It is within a certain degree of medical certainty, that the history presented by the patient, the objective physical findings as well as the diagnosis rendered is causally related to the injury the patient incurred on the specified date. These current symptoms were nonexistent prior to the accident. Findings were discussed with the patient.

AFFIRMATION: Being duly licensed to practice medicine in the state of New York, pursuant to the applicable provisions of the Civil Practice Laws and Rules, I hereby affirm under penalty of perjury that the statements contained herein are true and accurate.



Mellita Shakhmurov, PA-C
MS/AEI



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Board Certified Orthopedic Surgeon