

WELLNESS DIAGNOSTIC IMAGING, P.C.

ODED GREENBERG, M.D.  
DIPLOMATE, AMERICAN BOARD OF RADIOLOGY

858 E Tremont Ave • Bronx, NY 10460 • TEL: 347-308-5300 • FAX: 347-345-4300

SONIA WALKER, M.D.  
2426 EASTCHESTER ROAD  
BRONX, NY 10466

DOS: 05/13/2020  
DOB: 09/02/1965  
FILE #: 99521612

PATIENT: HOPSON JOHN  
EXAM: MRI OF THE RIGHT KNEE

Dear Dr. Walker:

Your patient, Hopson John, had an MRI examination of the right knee without contrast performed on 05/13/2020.

CLINICAL HISTORY: Right knee pain since injury.

TECHNIQUE: MRI of the right knee was performed utilizing a standard imaging protocol on a Hitachi Airis II MRI unit.

FINDINGS: Multiplanar and multisequence MRI of the right knee is performed and reviewed.

Bone marrow signal is within normal limits. There is no evidence of bone marrow edema or fracture. There is no evidence of dislocation.

Examination of the patellofemoral joint demonstrates lateral subluxation. There is relatively severe chondromalacia patella. A joint effusion is present. The patellofemoral ligaments and retinacula are intact. The quadriceps and patellar tendons are normal. The rest of the visualized muscles and tendons demonstrate no acute abnormalities. There is a relatively large septated Baker's cyst.

All ligaments are intact. Ganglion cysts are seen adjacent to the posterior aspect of the posterior cruciate ligament.

The menisci demonstrate grade 2C signal within the posterior horn of the medial meniscus suggestive of a meniscal contusion and possible tear. The anterior horn is intact. The lateral meniscus is normal. The articular cartilage demonstrates no acute abnormalities.

IMPRESSION:

1. LATERAL SUBLUXATION OF THE PATELLA.
2. RELATIVELY SEVERE CHONDROMALACIA PATELLA.
3. JOINT EFFUSION AND LARGE BAKER'S CYST.
4. FLUID AND GANGLION CYSTS ADJACENT TO THE PCL.
5. GRADE 2C SIGNAL POSTERIOR HORN OF THE MEDIAL MENISCUS SUGGESTS MENISCAL CONTUSION AND POSSIBLE TEAR.