

# UK Sinha Physician, P.C.

102-31 Jamaica Ave.  
Richmond Hill, NY 11418  
Ph: 718-480-1130 Fax: 718-480-1132

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October 11, 2022

Office seen at:  
JL Medical PC  
172-17 Jamaica Avenue  
Jamaica, NY 11432  
Phone# (929) 499-3003

Re: London, Lawrence  
DOB: 08/03/1993  
DOA: 07/03/2022

## FOLLOW-UP NOTE

**CHIEF COMPLAINT:** Follow up of right shoulder and left shoulder pain.

**HISTORY OF PRESENT ILLNESS:** The patient presents today in followup with continued pain in the right shoulder and left shoulder.

**ADL CAPABILITIES:** As a direct result of the injuries sustained in this accident, the patient states that he is unable to do the following activities: driving, lifting heavy objects, carrying, reaching overhead, laundry, shopping, running errands, and exercising.

**PRESENT COMPLAINTS:** Right shoulder: Right shoulder pain is 8/10, described as intermittent, sharp, stabbing, dull, achy pain. The patient has stiffness, weakness, popping, and clicking. The patient is unable to reach overhead, unable to reach behind the back, and unable to sleep at night due to pain.

Left shoulder: Left shoulder pain is 7/10, described as intermittent, sharp, stabbing, dull, achy pain. The patient has stiffness, weakness, popping, and clicking. The patient is unable to reach overhead, unable to reach behind the back, and unable to sleep at night due to pain.

**PHYSICAL EXAMINATION:** The right shoulder reveals tenderness to palpation over supraspinatus tendon region and AC joint. There is no heat, swelling, erythema, crepitus, or deformity appreciated. Negative drop arm test. Negative cross-over test. Negative empty can test. Negative Yergason test. Negative deltoid atrophy. Positive O'Brien test. Positive impingement sign. Negative Lift-off test. Positive Hawkins test. Range of motion, as per goniometer, abduction 140/180 degrees, adduction 35/45 degrees, forward flexion 110/180 degrees, extension 50/60 degrees, internal rotation 70/90 degrees, and external rotation 70/90

degrees. Internal rotation to the sacrum. The patient has no motor or sensory deficit of the right upper extremity.

The left shoulder reveals tenderness to palpation over supraspinatus tendon region. There is crepitus appreciated. There is no heat, swelling, erythema or deformity appreciated. Negative drop arm test. Negative cross-over test. Negative empty can test. Negative Yergason test. Negative deltoid atrophy. Negative O'Brien test. Positive impingement sign. Negative Lift-off test. Positive Hawkins test. Range of motion, as per goniometer, abduction 160/180 degrees, adduction 40/45 degrees, forward flexion 140/180 degrees, extension 50/60 degrees, internal rotation 80/90 degrees, and external rotation 80/90 degrees. Internal rotation to the sacrum. The patient has no motor or sensory deficit of the left upper extremity.

**DIAGNOSTIC TESTING:** MRI of the right shoulder, done on 08/31/2022, shows tendinopathy of the supraspinatus tendon at the anterior leading edge. There is no muscle tendon tear. AC joint is hypertrophy contributing to supraspinatus outlet obstruction. Tenosynovitis of the biceps tendon with increased signal indicating tendinopathy. MRI of the left shoulder, done on 08/31/2022, shows tendinopathy of the supraspinatus tendon with no tears. AC joint is normal with type III acromion and supraspinatus outlet obstruction. Long head biceps tendon is normal and within the bicipital groove with tenosynovitis present.

**ASSESSMENT:**

1. M24.811 Internal derangement, right shoulder.
2. M75.01 Adhesive capsulitis, right shoulder.
3. M75.41 Impingement, right shoulder.
4. M25.511 Pain, right shoulder.
5. S49.91XA Injury, right shoulder.
6. M25.411 Joint effusion, right shoulder.
7. M24.812 Internal derangement, left shoulder.
8. M75.02 Adhesive Capsulitis, left shoulder.
9. M75.42 Impingement, left shoulder.
10. M25.512 Pain, left shoulder.
11. S49.92XA Injury, left shoulder.
12. M25.412 Joint effusion, left shoulder.

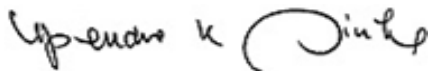
**PLAN:**

1. Imaging studies and clinical examinations were reviewed with the patient.
2. All treatment options discussed with the patient.
3. Cold compresses for right shoulder and left shoulder.
4. Continue anti-inflammatory and muscle relaxant medications p.r.n.
5. Continue physical therapy for right shoulder and left shoulder 3 days/week.
6. Discussed right shoulder arthroscopy versus conservative management with the patient. The patient states that due to continual pain and lack of relief with physical therapy and the inability to perform day-to-day activities due to pain, the patient would like to proceed with surgery.

7. It is medically necessary to perform the suggested surgery to properly diagnose the patient's condition and to objectively verify presence and severity of internal derangement and other right shoulder pathology in quantitative and qualitative terms and achieve better prognosis. This surgery is crucial to provide most specific and maximally effective treatment to this patient.
8. Discussed the length of the arthroscopy, the postoperative instructions, and the option of continuing with conservative management alternatives to surgery, including no surgery.
9. All the benefits and risks of the right shoulder arthroscopy have been discussed with the patient. The risks include, but not limited to bleeding, infection, pain, stiffness, muscle injury, nerve injury, DVT, and recurrence.
10. All the questions in regard to the procedure were answered.
11. The patient verbally consents for the arthroscopy of right shoulder and the patient will be scheduled for right shoulder surgery. On the day of the surgery, before the procedure, the surgeon will explain all related questions of the procedure. The patient will sign a written consent and be witnessed by the surgeon.
12. The patient will follow up 1-2 weeks postop or in 2 months if surgery has not been performed yet.

**CAUSALITY:** It is within a certain degree of medical certainty, that the history presented by the patient, the objective physical findings as well as the diagnosis rendered is causally related to the injury the patient incurred on the specified date. These current symptoms were nonexistent prior to the accident. Findings were discussed with the patient.

**AFFIRMATION:** Being duly licensed to practice medicine in the state of New York, pursuant to the applicable provisions of the Civil Practice Laws and Rules, I hereby affirm under penalty of perjury that the statements contained herein are true and accurate.



U.K. Sinha, MD, MS (Ortho), FAAOS  
Board Certified Orthopedic Surgeon

UKS/AEI