# UK Sinha Physician, P.C.

102-31 Jamaica Ave. Richmond Hill, NY 11418 Ph: 718-480-1130 Fax: 718-480-1132

August 30, 2022

Office seen at: JL Medical PC 172-17 Jamaica Avenue Jamaica, NY 11432 Phone# (929) 499-3003

Re: Stewart, Linval DOB: 02/10/1993 DOA: 05/24/2022

### INITIAL ORTHOPEDIC CONSULT EXAMINATION

**CHIEF COMPLAINT:** Right shoulder, left shoulder, neck, and low-back pain.

HISTORY OF PRESENT ILLNESS: A 29-year-old left-hand dominant male involved in a motor vehicle accident on 05/24/2022. The patient was a rear passenger and was wearing a seatbelt. The vehicle was struck on the rear side. The airbags did not deploy. The police were called to the scene of the accident. The patient went by car to Jamaica Hospital Medical Center and was treated and released the same day. The patient presents today complaining of right shoulder, left shoulder, neck, and low-back pain sustained in the motor vehicle accident. The patient was attending physical therapy for 4 times a week with little relief.

**WORK HISTORY:** The patient is currently not working. Last working day on 02/10/2020.

**PAST MEDICAL HISTORY:** Noncontributory. There is no previous history of trauma.

**PAST SURGICAL HISTORY:** Noncontributory.

**DRUG ALLERGIES:** NO KNOWN DRUG ALLERGIES.

**MEDICATIONS:** The patient is taking Lidocaine ointment.

**SOCIAL HISTORY:** The patient is a smoker. The patient drinks alcohol occasionally. The patient does use recreational drugs.

**ADL CAPABILITIES:** The patient states that he can walk for 3 blocks. He can stand for 2 minutes before he has to sit. He can sit for 1/2 hour before needing to change positions secondary to pain. As a direct result of the injuries sustained in this accident, the patient states that he is

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unable to do the following activities: garden, play sports, driving, lifting heavy objects, carrying heavy objects, shopping, kneeling, and exercising.

**PRESENT COMPLAINTS:** Right shoulder: Right shoulder pain is 7/10, described as intermittent, sharp, stabbing, dull, achy pain. The patient has stiffness, weakness, popping, and clicking. The patient is unable to reach overhead, unable to reach behind the back, and unable to sleep at night due to pain.

Left shoulder: Left shoulder pain is 7/10, described as intermittent, sharp, stabbing, dull, achy pain. The patient has stiffness, weakness, popping, and clicking. The patient is unable to reach overhead, unable to reach behind the back, and unable to sleep at night due to pain.

**REVIEW OF SYSTEMS:** Temperature taken at the time of exam was 98.6 degrees Fahrenheit.

**General:** No fever, chills, night sweats, weight gain, or weight loss.

**HEENT**: No double vision, eye pain, eye redness, decreased hearing, earache, ear ringing, nosebleeds, sore throat or hoarseness.

**Endocrine:** No cold intolerance, appetite changes or hair changes.

Skin: Clear, no rashes or lesions.

Neuro: No headaches, dizziness, vertigo or tremor.

**Respiratory:** No wheezing, coughing, shortness of breath or difficulty breathing.

Cardiovascular: No chest pain, murmurs, irregular heart rate or hypertension.

**GI**: No nausea, vomiting, diarrhea, constipation, jaundice or changes in bowel habits. **GU**: No blood in urine, painful urination, loss of bladder control or urinary retention.

**Hematology:** No active bleeding, bruising, anemia or blood clotting disorders.

**Psychiatric:** No anxiety, change in sleep pattern, depression or suicidal thoughts.

PHYSICAL EXAMINATION: The patient's height is 5 feet 9 inches, weight is 230 pounds, and BMI is 34. The right shoulder reveals tenderness to palpation over supraspinatus tendon region. There is crepitus appreciated. There is no heat, swelling, erythema or deformity appreciated. Negative drop arm test. Negative cross-over test. Negative empty can test. Negative Yergason test. Negative deltoid atrophy. Positive O'Brien test. Positive impingement sign. Negative Lift-off test. Positive Hawkins test. Range of motion, as per goniometer, abduction 140/180 degrees, adduction 40/45 degrees, forward flexion 125/180 degrees, extension 50/60 degrees, internal rotation 70/90 degrees, and external rotation 80/90 degrees. Internal rotation to the sacrum. The patient has no motor or sensory deficit of the right upper extremity.

The left shoulder reveals tenderness to palpation over supraspinatus tendon region. There is no heat, swelling, erythema, crepitus or deformity appreciated. Negative drop arm test. Negative cross-over test. Negative empty can test. Negative Yergason test. Negative deltoid atrophy. Positive O'Brien test. Positive impingement sign. Negative Lift-off test. Positive Hawkins test. Range of motion, as per goniometer, abduction 130/180 degrees, adduction 35/45 degrees, forward flexion 100/180 degrees, extension 50/60 degrees, internal rotation 60/90 degrees, and external rotation 80/90 degrees. Internal rotation to the sacrum. The patient has no motor or sensory deficit of the left upper extremity.

**DIAGNOSTIC TESTING:** MRI of the right shoulder, done on 07/08/2022, shows partial rotator cuff tear with no muscle or tendon retraction. Subacromial/subdeltoid bursitis. MRI of the left shoulder, done on 07/08/2022, shows supraspinatus with increased signal seen at the supraspinatus tendon insertion representing partial tear. There is no muscle or tendon retraction.

#### **ASSESSMENT:**

- 1. S46.011A Partial rotator cuff tear, right shoulder.
- 2. M24.811 Internal derangement, right shoulder.
- 3. M75.01 Adhesive capsulitis, right shoulder.
- 4. M75.81 Shoulder tendinitis, right shoulder.
- 5. M75.41 Impingement, right shoulder.
- 6. M75.51 Bursitis, right shoulder.
- 7. M25.511 Pain, right shoulder.
- 8. S49.91XA Injury, right shoulder.
- 9. S46.012A Partial rotator cuff tear, left shoulder.
- 10. M24.812 Internal derangement, left shoulder.
- 11. M75.02 Adhesive Capsulitis, left shoulder.
- 12. M75.82 Shoulder tendinitis, left shoulder.
- 13. M75.42 Impingement, left shoulder.
- 14. M75.52 Bursitis, left shoulder.
- 15. M25.512 Pain, left shoulder.
- 16. S49.92XA Injury, left shoulder.

#### **PLAN:**

- 1. Imaging studies and clinical examinations were reviewed with the patient.
- 2. All treatment options discussed with the patient.
- 3. Cold compresses for right shoulder and left shoulder.
- 4. Continue anti-inflammatory and muscle relaxant medications p.r.n.
- 5. Continue physical therapy for right shoulder and left shoulder 3 days/week.
- 6. Discussed left shoulder arthroscopy versus conservative management with the patient. The patient states that due to continual pain and lack of relief with physical therapy and the inability to perform day-to-day activities due to pain, the patient wants to think about surgery.
- 7. It is medically necessary to perform the suggested surgery to properly diagnose the patient's condition and to objectively verify presence and severity of internal derangement and other left shoulder pathology in quantitative and qualitative terms and achieve better prognosis. This surgery is crucial to provide most specific and maximally effective treatment to this patient.
- 8. Discussed the length of the arthroscopy, the postoperative instructions, and the option of continuing with conservative management alternatives to surgery, including no surgery.
- 9. All the benefits and risks of the left shoulder arthroscopy have been discussed with the patient. The risks include, but not limited to bleeding, infection, pain, stiffness, muscle injury, nerve injury, DVT, and recurrence.
- 10. All the questions in regard to the procedure were answered.

## 11. Follow up in 2 weeks.

<u>CAUSALITY</u>: It is within a certain degree of medical certainty, that the history presented by the patient, the objective physical findings as well as the diagnosis rendered is causally related to the injury the patient incurred on the specified date. These current symptoms were nonexistent prior to the accident. Findings were discussed with the patient.

**AFFIRMATION:** Being duly licensed to practice medicine in the state of New York, pursuant to the applicable provisions of the Civil Practice Laws and Rules, I hereby affirm under penalty of perjury that the statements contained herein are true and accurate.

U.K. Sinha, MD, MS (Ortho), FAAOS Board Certified Orthopedic Surgeon

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