

# UK Sinha Physician, P.C.

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July 13, 2022

Office seen at:

Tatay Ninong Physical Therapy  
1314 Coney Island Ave  
Brooklyn, NY 11230  
Phone# (718) 377-0100

Re: Smuylov, Dmitri  
DOB: 11/12/1995  
DOA: 11/12/2021

## INITIAL ORTHOPEDIC CONSULT EXAMINATION

**CHIEF COMPLAINT:** Left shoulder pain.

**HISTORY OF PRESENT ILLNESS:** A 26-year-old right-hand dominant male involved in a motor vehicle accident on 11/12/2021. The patient was a driver and was wearing a seatbelt. The vehicle was struck on the front passenger's side. The airbags deployed. The police were called to the scene of the accident. The patient did not go to any hospital that same day. The patient presents today complaining of left shoulder pain sustained in the motor vehicle accident. The patient was attending physical therapy for 3-4 times per week with good relief.

**PAST MEDICAL HISTORY:** Noncontributory.

**PAST SURGICAL HISTORY:** Noncontributory.

**DRUG ALLERGIES:** NO KNOWN DRUG ALLERGIES.

**MEDICATIONS:** The patient is not taking any medication at this time.

**SOCIAL HISTORY:** The patient is a nonsmoker. The patient drinks alcohol occasionally. The patient uses recreational drugs.

**ADL CAPABILITIES:** The patient states that he can walk for 6 blocks. He can stand for 8 hours before he has to sit. He can sit for 8-9 minutes before needing to change positions secondary to pain. As a direct result of the injuries sustained in this accident, the patient states that he is unable to do the following activities: play sports, squatting, and exercising.

**PRESENT COMPLAINTS:** Left shoulder: Left shoulder pain is 5-6/10, described as intermittent, sharp, stabbing, dull, achy pain. The patient has stiffness, weakness, and clicking. The patient is unable to reach overhead, unable to reach behind the back, and unable to sleep at night due to pain.

**REVIEW OF SYSTEMS:** Temperature taken at the time of exam was 98.6 degrees Fahrenheit.

**General:** No fever, chills, night sweats, weight gain, or weight loss.

**HEENT:** No double vision, eye pain, eye redness, decreased hearing, earache, ear ringing, nosebleeds, sore throat or hoarseness.

**Endocrine:** No cold intolerance, appetite changes or hair changes.

**Skin:** Clear, no rashes or lesions.

**Neuro:** No headaches, dizziness, vertigo or tremor.

**Respiratory:** No wheezing, coughing, shortness of breath or difficulty breathing.

**Cardiovascular:** No chest pain, murmurs, irregular heart rate or hypertension.

**GI:** No nausea, vomiting, diarrhea, constipation, jaundice or changes in bowel habits.

**GU:** No blood in urine, painful urination, loss of bladder control or urinary retention.

**Hematology:** No active bleeding, bruising, anemia or blood clotting disorders.

**Psychiatric:** No anxiety, change in sleep pattern, depression or suicidal thoughts.

**PHYSICAL EXAMINATION:** The patient's height is 5 feet 11 inches, weight is 200 pounds, and BMI is 27.9. The left shoulder reveals tenderness to palpation over supraspinatus tendon region and proximal biceps tendon. There is no heat, swelling, erythema, crepitus or deformity appreciated. Negative drop arm test. Negative cross-over test. Negative empty can test. Negative Yergason test. Negative deltoid atrophy. Positive O'Brien test. Positive impingement sign. Negative Lift-off test. Positive Hawkins test. Range of motion, as per goniometer, abduction 160/180 degrees, adduction 40/45 degrees, forward flexion 120/180 degrees, extension 50/60 degrees, internal rotation 70/90 degrees, and external rotation 75/90 degrees. Internal rotation to the sacrum. The patient has no motor or sensory deficit of the left upper extremity.

Left foot: Minimal tenderness on the mid dorsal aspect of the left foot. No limp. Normal gait. (Base of the second metatarsal left foot).

**DIAGNOSTIC TESTING:** MRI of the left shoulder, done on 11/23/2021, shows a focal articular surface tear is noted anteriorly at the supraspinatus tendon. Mild tendinitis changes are seen at the supraspinatus and infraspinatus tendons. There is no fracture or bone bruise. MRI of the left foot, done on 11/23/2021, shows a fracture seen at the base of the second metatarsal. There is surrounding bone bruising. There is no displacement.

**ASSESSMENT:**

1. S46.012A Partial rotator cuff tear, left shoulder.
2. M24.812 Internal derangement, left shoulder.
3. M75.02 Adhesive Capsulitis, left shoulder.
4. M75.82 Shoulder tendinitis, left shoulder.
5. S43.432A Labral tear, left shoulder.
6. M75.42 Impingement, left shoulder.

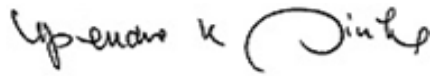
7. M65.812 Tenosynovitis, left shoulder.
8. M75.52 Bursitis, left shoulder.
9. M75.22 Bicipital Tendinitis, left shoulder.
10. M25.512 Pain, left shoulder.
11. S49.92XA Injury, left shoulder.
12. M67.212 Hypertrophic synovitis, left shoulder.
13. M89.312 Acromioclavicular joint hypertrophy, left shoulder.
14. M25.412 Joint effusion, left shoulder.

**PLAN:**

1. Imaging studies and clinical examinations were reviewed with the patient.
2. All treatment options discussed with the patient.
3. Cold compresses for left shoulder.
4. Continue anti-inflammatory and muscle relaxant medications p.r.n.
5. Continue physical therapy for left shoulder 3 days/week.
6. Discussed left shoulder arthroscopy versus conservative management with the patient. The patient states that due to continual pain and lack of relief with physical therapy and the inability to perform day-to-day activities due to pain, the patient wants to think about surgery.
7. It is medically necessary to perform the suggested surgery to properly diagnose the patient's condition and to objectively verify presence and severity of internal derangement and other left shoulder pathology in quantitative and qualitative terms and achieve better prognosis. This surgery is crucial to provide most specific and maximally effective treatment to this patient.
8. Discussed the length of the arthroscopy, the postoperative instructions, and the option of continuing with conservative management alternatives to surgery, including no surgery.
9. All the benefits and risks of the left shoulder arthroscopy have been discussed with the patient. The risks include, but not limited to bleeding, infection, pain, stiffness, muscle injury, nerve injury, DVT, and recurrence.
10. All the questions in regard to the procedure were answered.
11. Follow up in 4 weeks.

**CAUSALITY:** It is within a certain degree of medical certainty, that the history presented by the patient, the objective physical findings as well as the diagnosis rendered is causally related to the injury the patient incurred on the specified date. These current symptoms were nonexistent prior to the accident. Findings were discussed with the patient.

**AFFIRMATION:** Being duly licensed to practice medicine in the state of New York, pursuant to the applicable provisions of the Civil Practice Laws and Rules, I hereby affirm under penalty of perjury that the statements contained herein are true and accurate.

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "U.K. Sinha". The signature is written in a cursive, flowing style with a large loop at the end.

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U.K. Sinha, MD, MS (Ortho), FAAOS  
Board Certified Orthopedic Surgeon

UKS/AEI