UK Sinha Physician, P.C.

102-31 Jamaica Ave. Richmond Hill, NY 11418 Ph: 718-480-1130 Fax: 718-480-1132

September 09, 2022

Office seen at: Liberty Rhea Ranada Ebarle PT PC 14 Bruckner Blvd Bronx, NY 10454 Phone# (718) 402-5200

Re: Arias, Andres DOB: 11/05/1957 DOA: 06/03/2022

FOLLOW-UP NOTE

CHIEF COMPLAINT: Follow up of left shoulder and left ankle pain.

HISTORY OF PRESENT ILLNESS: The patient presents today in followup with continued pain in the left shoulder and left ankle.

ADL CAPABILITIES: The patient states that he can walk for 1/2 block. He can stand for 5 minutes before he has to sit. He can sit for 5 minutes before needing to change positions secondary to pain. As a direct result of the injuries sustained in this accident, the patient states that he is unable to do the following activities: driving, lifting heavy objects, carrying heavy objects, reaching overhead, laundry, shopping, running errands, kneeling, squatting, negotiating stairs, jogging and exercising.

PRESENT COMPLAINTS: Left shoulder: Left shoulder pain is 9/10, described as constant, sharp, stabbing, dull, achy pain. The patient is unable to reach overhead, unable to reach behind the back, and unable to sleep at night due to pain. Worse with range of motion and improves with rest, medication, and physical therapy.

Left ankle: Left ankle pain is 7/10, described as intermittent, dull, achy pain. The patient has pain with standing, walking, and climbing. Worse with range of motion and improves with rest, medication, and physical therapy.

PHYSICAL EXAMINATION: The left shoulder reveals tenderness to palpation over supraspinatus tendon region and deltoid. There is crepitus appreciated. There is no heat, swelling, erythema or deformity appreciated. Negative drop arm test. Negative cross-over test. Negative empty can test. Negative Yergason test. Negative deltoid atrophy. Positive O'Brien test. Positive impingement sign. Negative Lift-off test. Positive Hawkins test. Range

Arias, Andres September 09, 2022 Page 2 of 3

of motion, as per goniometer, abduction 115/180 degrees, adduction 35/45 degrees, forward flexion 110/180 degrees, extension 45/60 degrees, internal rotation 50/90 degrees, and external rotation 65/90 degrees. Internal rotation to the sacrum. The patient has no motor or sensory deficit of the left upper extremity.

The left ankle reveals tenderness to palpation noted in the lateral aspect. Negative anterior drawer test. Negative inversion stress test. Range of motion is limited and painful. ROM: Dorsiflexion 15/20 degrees, plantarflexion 40/50 degrees, inversion 10/15 degrees, eversion 10/15 degrees.

DIAGNOSTIC TESTING: MRI of the left shoulder, done on 06/24/2022, shows type II SLAP tear. AC joint hypertrophy may contribute to rotator cuff impingement. MRI of the left ankle, done on 06/24/2022, shows bone contusion of the lateral malleolus. Hyperintense signal of the fibular attachment of the posterior talofibular ligament compatible with a partial tear.

ASSESSMENT:

- 1. M24.812 Internal derangement, left shoulder.
- 2. S43.432A SLAP tear, left shoulder.
- 3. M75.42 Impingement, left shoulder.
- 4. M25.512 Pain, left shoulder.
- 5. S49.92XA Injury, left shoulder.
- 6. M89.312 Acromioclavicular joint hypertrophy, left shoulder.
- 7. M25.412 Joint effusion, left shoulder.
- 8. Posterior talofibular ligament tear, left ankle.
- 9. Pain, left ankle.
- 10. Injury, left ankle.
- 11. Internal derangement, left ankle.

PLAN:

- 1. Imaging studies and clinical examinations were reviewed with the patient.
- 2. All treatment options discussed with the patient.
- 3. Cold compresses for left shoulder and left ankle.
- 4. Continue anti-inflammatory and muscle relaxant medications p.r.n.
- 5. Continue physical therapy for left shoulder and left ankle 3 days/week.
- 6. Recommend steroid injections with pain management for left shoulder and left ankle. The patient refuses due to side effects.
- 7. Discussed left shoulder and left ankle arthroscopy versus conservative management with the patient. The patient states that due to continual pain and lack of relief with physical therapy and the inability to perform day-to-day activities due to pain, the patient would like to proceed with surgery.
- 8. The patient needs medical clearance prior to surgery. Medical clearance was completed. Spoke to lawyer, good to proceed.
- 9. It is medically necessary to perform the suggested surgery to properly diagnose the patient's condition and to objectively verify presence and severity of internal derangement and other left shoulder and left ankle pathology in quantitative and

- qualitative terms and achieve better prognosis. This surgery is crucial to provide most specific and maximally effective treatment to this patient.
- 10. Discussed the length of the arthroscopy, the postoperative instructions, and the option of continuing with conservative management alternatives to surgery, including no surgery.
- 11. All the benefits and risks of the left shoulder and left ankle arthroscopy have been discussed with the patient. The risks include, but not limited to bleeding, infection, pain, stiffness, muscle injury, nerve injury, DVT, and recurrence.
- 12. All the questions in regard to the procedure were answered.
- 13. The patient verbally consents for the arthroscopy of left shoulder and the patient will be scheduled for left shoulder surgery. On the day of the surgery, before the procedure, the surgeon will explain all related questions of the procedure. The patient will sign a written consent and be witnessed by the surgeon.
- 14. The patient will follow up 1-2 weeks postop or in 2 months if surgery has not been performed yet.

<u>CAUSALITY</u>: It is within a certain degree of medical certainty, that the history presented by the patient, the objective physical findings as well as the diagnosis rendered is causally related to the injury the patient incurred on the specified date. These current symptoms were nonexistent prior to the accident. Findings were discussed with the patient.

AFFIRMATION: Being duly licensed to practice medicine in the state of New York, pursuant to the applicable provisions of the Civil Practice Laws and Rules, I hereby affirm under penalty of perjury that the statements contained herein are true and accurate.

Mellita Shakhmurov, PA-C

MS/AEI

U.K. Sinha, MD, MS (Ortho), FAAOS Board Certified Orthopedic Surgeon