UK Sinha Physician, P.C.

102-31 Jamaica Ave. Richmond Hill, NY 11418 Ph: 718-480-1130 Fax: 718-480-1132

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Office seen at: Medical Office 2088 Flatbush Ave Brooklyn, NY 11234 Phone# (718) 975-8176

Re: Crabb, Shandell DOB: 12/20/1974 DOA: 07/07/2022

INITIAL ORTHOPEDIC CONSULT EXAMINATION

CHIEF COMPLAINT: Left knee pain.

HISTORY OF PRESENT ILLNESS: A 47-year-old right-hand dominant male involved in a motor vehicle accident on 07/07/2022. The patient was an electric bicyclist and had an impact in the front. The EMS arrived on the scene. The police were not called to the scene of the accident. The patient was transported via ambulance to NYC Health + Hospitals/Kings County and was treated and released the same day. The patient presents today complaining of left knee pain sustained in the motor vehicle accident. The patient was attending physical therapy for the last 6 weeks with little relief.

WORK HISTORY: The patient is currently working.

PAST MEDICAL HISTORY: Hypertension, hyperlipidemia, and left medial leg wound infection being followed by general surgeon on antibiotics. There is a previous history of trauma, MVA in 2021.

PAST SURGICAL HISTORY: Noncontributory.

DRUG ALLERGIES: NO KNOWN DRUG ALLERGIES.

MEDICATIONS: The patient is taking cilostazol 100 mg and amlodipine 10 mg.

SOCIAL HISTORY: The patient smokes one-half a pack of cigarettes per day. The patient drinks alcohol socially. The patient does use recreational drugs daily.

ADL CAPABILITIES: The patient states that he can walk for 2 blocks. He can stand for 15 minutes before he has to sit. He can sit for 15 minutes before needing to change positions secondary to pain. As a direct result of the injuries sustained in this accident, the patient states that he is unable to do the following activities: play sports, running errands, kneeling, squatting, negotiating stairs, jogging and exercising.

PRESENT COMPLAINTS: Left knee: Left knee pain is 9/10, described as intermittent, sharp, stabbing, dull, achy pain. The patient has stiffness. The patient has difficulty rising from a chair and has difficulty going up and down stairs. The patient also notes clicking, popping, and intermittent locking. Worse with range of motion and improves with rest.

REVIEW OF SYSTEMS: Temperature taken at the time of exam was 98.6 degrees Fahrenheit.

General: No fever, chills, night sweats, weight gain, or weight loss.

HEENT: No double vision, eye pain, eye redness, decreased hearing, earache, ear ringing, nosebleeds, sore throat or hoarseness.

Endocrine: No cold intolerance, appetite changes or hair changes.

Skin: Clear, no rashes or lesions.

Neuro: No headaches, dizziness, vertigo or tremor.

Respiratory: No wheezing, coughing, shortness of breath or difficulty breathing.

Cardiovascular: No chest pain, murmurs or irregular heart rate. The patient has hypertension.

GI: No nausea, vomiting, diarrhea, constipation, jaundice or changes in bowel habits. **GU**: No blood in urine, painful urination, loss of bladder control or urinary retention.

Hematology: No active bleeding, bruising, anemia or blood clotting disorders. **Psychiatric:** No anxiety, change in sleep pattern, depression or suicidal thoughts.

PHYSICAL EXAMINATION: The patient's height is 5 feet 6 inches, weight is 175 pounds, and BMI is 28.2. The left knee reveals tenderness along the superior pole of patella and

and BMI is 28.2. The left knee reveals tenderness along the superior pole of patella and inferior pole of the patella. There is crepitus appreciated. There is no heat, swelling, erythema or deformity appreciated. Negative McMurray test. Positive Lachman test. Positive patellofemoral grinding test. Positive anterior drawer. Negative posterior drawer. Range of motion reveals flexion 85/130 degrees and extension 4/5 degrees. Knee is stable with varus and valgus stress test. The patient has no motor or sensory deficit of the left lower extremity.

DIAGNOSTIC TESTING: MRI of the left knee, done on 08/11/2022, shows anterior cruciate ligament sprain sequelae. Edema along the myofascial planes of the partially imaged medial head of the gastrocnemius muscle consistent with myofascial strain.

ASSESSMENT:

- 1. M23.92 Internal derangement, left knee.
- 2. \$83.512A Anterior cruciate ligament sprain, left knee.
- 3. M25.462 Joint effusion, left knee.
- 4. S80.912A Injury, left knee.
- 5. M25.562 Pain, left knee.

PLAN:

- 1. Imaging studies and clinical examinations were reviewed with the patient.
- 2. All treatment options discussed with the patient.
- 3. Cold compresses for left knee.
- 4. Continue anti-inflammatory and muscle relaxant medications p.r.n.
- 5. Continue physical therapy for left knee 3 days/week.
- 6. No steroid injection as active infection.
- 7. Discussed left knee arthroscopy versus conservative management with the patient. The patient states that due to continual pain and lack of relief with physical therapy and the inability to perform day-to-day activities due to pain, the patient would like to proceed with left knee surgery after active wound infection heals.
- 8. It is medically necessary to perform the suggested surgery to properly diagnose the patient's condition and to objectively verify presence and severity of internal derangement and other left knee pathology in quantitative and qualitative terms and achieve better prognosis. This surgery is crucial to provide most specific and maximally effective treatment to this patient.
- 9. Discussed the length of the arthroscopy, the postoperative instructions, and the option of continuing with conservative management alternatives to surgery, including no surgery.
- 10. All the benefits and risks of the left knee arthroscopy have been discussed with the patient. The risks include, but not limited to bleeding, infection, pain, stiffness, muscle injury, nerve injury, DVT, and recurrence.
- 11. All the questions in regard to the procedure were answered.
- 12. Follow up in 2 weeks to see progress of left leg wound infection.

<u>CAUSALITY</u>: It is within a certain degree of medical certainty, that the history presented by the patient, the objective physical findings as well as the diagnosis rendered is causally related to the injury the patient incurred on the specified date. These current symptoms were nonexistent prior to the accident. Findings were discussed with the patient.

AFFIRMATION: Being duly licensed to practice medicine in the state of New York, pursuant to the applicable provisions of the Civil Practice Laws and Rules, I hereby affirm under penalty of perjury that the statements contained herein are true and accurate.

Mellita Shakhmurov, PA-C

U.K. Sinha, MD, MS (Ortho), FAAOS Board Certified Orthopedic Surgeon

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