# Regulated Businesses Under FCA (PERG)

and

The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) Order 2001

For a Bitcoin Exchange (Trading Platform)

IBWT JD Ltd 25/10/2013

### **BRIEF**

The business model of a 'Bitcoin Exchange/Trading Platform' is **not** regulated as a Money Services Business (MSB), under the FCA regulations.

As per the Financial Conduct Authorities ("FCA") regulations, as viewable in the FCA's The Perimeter Guidance Manual (PERG).

http://fshandbook.info/FS/html/handbook/PERG

Section PERG 2 – Authorisation and regulated activities <a href="http://fshandbook.info/FS/html/handbook/PERG/2">http://fshandbook.info/FS/html/handbook/PERG/2</a>

PERG 2.6 – Specified investments: a broad outline http://fshandbook.info/FS/html/handbook/PERG/2/6.

What we are looking at specifically here is with regards to how a digital currency trading platform that operates with Bitcoin and Litecoin (and other similar alt-coins) are concerned with regards to the FCA.

### POINTS OF LAW AND REGULATION

PERG 2.6.2 – **Deposits** 01/07/2005 FCA

"A <u>deposit</u> is defined in article 5(2) of the <u>Regulated Activities Order</u>. This focuses on a sum of <u>money</u> paid by one <u>person</u> to another on terms that it will be repaid when a specified event occurs (for example, a demand is made)."

- The fiat amounts deposited for the purposes on a bitcoin trading platform are considered deposits. Deposit and withdrawal requests can be made, and the Terms of Service agree that when a demand (withdrawal request) is made, monies will be returned. But it is not guaranteed that a customer will ever request a withdrawal, or even a deposit, whilst simultaneously conducting the opposite activity.
- Accepting deposits for the purposes of trading on an online platform is **not** covered by article 5 of the Regulated Activities Order (http://www.legislation.gov.uk/uksi/2001/544/article/5/made)
- Meaning that banks do not require businesses of this model to have an MSB.

PERG 2.6.3 10/02/2011 FCA

"Certain transactions are excluded. The definition of <u>deposit</u> itself excludes money paid in connection with certain transactions such as advance payments for the provision of goods or services and sums

paid to secure the performance of a contract. The circumstances in which payments are excluded from the definition itself are exhaustively stated in article 5(3) of the <u>Regulated Activities</u> <u>Order</u> (Accepting deposits). In addition, there is a separate exclusion in article 9 of the Order (Sums received in consideration for the issue of debt securities) and another in article 9A (Sums received in exchange for electronic money).¹ <u>PERG 3A</u> Q4 contains guidance¹ on the exclusion relating to <u>electronic money</u>."

- Funds deposited for purpose of use on a trading platform are not considered 'advanced payments for the provision of goods or services, nor for any contract purposes'.
- Bitcoins (and Litecoins) are considered "Electronic money." As per the FCA's handbook. <a href="http://fshandbook.info/FS/glossary-html/handbook/Glossary/E?definition=G346">http://fshandbook.info/FS/glossary-html/handbook/Glossary/E?definition=G346</a>)

PERG 2.6.4A – Electronic Money 10/02/2011 FCA

*Electronic money* is specified as an *investment* in article 74A of the *Regulated Activities Order*<sup>1</sup>, but only when issued by:<sup>1</sup>

- (1) a full credit institution, a credit union or a municipal bank; or
- (2) a person deemed to have been granted authorisation under regulation 74 of the *Electronic Money Regulations*; or a person who falls within regulation 76(1) of the *Electronic Money Regulations* (see PERG 3A, Q30 and 31).

The authorisation and registration requirements for any other *person* intending to issue *electronic money* are governed by the *Electronic Money Regulations*. Guidance on these regulations is available in PERG 3A.<sup>1</sup>

- Whilst bitcoin is considered **Electronic Money**, it is **not** considered an **investment** under article 74A, as they are not issued by a credit institution, union or municipal bank, nor by any individual, or entity that has been granted authorisation under Electronic Money Regulations.
- They are produced by a mathematical computer 'bitcoin' protocol (software). That has no central figure or entity, in that it is decentralised.

## **SUMMARY**

- 1. Deposits should be considered legitimate deposits.
- 2. Depositing for online trading platforms is not a regulated activity.
- 3. Bitcoin is "Electronic Money".
- 4. Being decentralised, it does not fall under the "Electronic Money Regulations".
- 5. Bitcoin (or any other decentralised "electronic money") is not a regulated market.

# **SOURCES**

The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) Order 2001 <a href="http://www.legislation.gov.uk/uksi/2001/544/article/5/made">http://www.legislation.gov.uk/uksi/2001/544/article/5/made</a>

Financial Conduct Authority – Handbook <a href="http://fshandbook.info/FS/html/FCA">http://fshandbook.info/FS/html/FCA</a>