

# INDEX THEORY. 05/09/2017.

$$D^+ = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & D^- \\ D^+ & 0 \end{bmatrix} \quad D = D^*, \text{ self-adjoint w/ } M \text{ compact.}$$

$$\ker D = \ker D^+ \oplus \ker D^-$$

By elliptic regularity.

$$D^+: \Gamma_{H^1}^1(M, E^+) \rightarrow \Gamma_{L^2}^0(M, E^-).$$

$$\operatorname{coker}(D^+) \cong \ker(D^-) \text{ since } D^- = (D^+)^* \text{ (elliptic reg.)}$$

Last time  $\begin{array}{c} \swarrow \text{vertical Clifford module.} \\ E - M \\ \downarrow \\ B \end{array} \quad \pi^* T^* B \otimes E \text{ Clifford module on } M$

$$g(\nabla_x^\eta Y, Z) = g(\nabla_x^\theta Y, Z) + \omega(x)(Y, Z). \quad (\omega(x)(Y, Z) = -\omega(x)(Z, Y)).$$

There's some formula for  $\omega \dots$  cf. last time hopefully.

Last time,  $g_{M/B}(S(T)X, Z) = g_{M/B}(S(T)Z, X)$ , the 2<sup>nd</sup> fund. form was symm.

Dirac operator  $D^u$  on  $\pi^* T^* B \otimes E$ ,

$$A = \lim_{u \rightarrow 0} D^u \text{ superconnection.}$$

$$A_{[0]} = D^{M/B, E} \text{ vertical Dirac ops on } E \text{ restricted to fibers of } \pi.$$

$$A_{[2]} = \frac{1}{2} C^{M/B}(\Omega) \leftarrow \text{curvature of vert. bundle.}$$

$$A_{[1]} = \nabla^{M/B} + \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{Tr} S.$$

$$(\operatorname{Tr}(S) = g^{*10}(S e_i, e_i) = (S e_i, e_i) =: k$$

$$k \in \Gamma(M, \pi^* T^* B) \cong \Gamma(M, T^* M).)$$

Connection on the bundle w/ fiber at  $b \in B$ .

$$\Gamma(M_b, E|_{M_b} \otimes |A|^{1/2}),$$

$$|\wedge^{\operatorname{top}} T^*(M/B)| \text{ vertical densities}$$

$\hookrightarrow$  pre-Hilbert space

$$(s_1, s_2) \mapsto h(s_1, \overline{s_2}).$$

hermitian metric on  $E$   $\xrightarrow{M/B} E \otimes \overline{E} \otimes (|A|^{1/2})^2$

Turns out the canonical connection is precisely  $A_{[1]}.$

volume density along fibers of  $\pi$   
associated to  $g^{M/B}$ .

$$A_S = s^{1/2} A_{[0]} + A_{[1]} + s^{-1/2} A_{[2]}.$$

Lemma.  $\nabla^{M/B} |d \text{ vol}| = |d \text{ vol}| \text{Tr}(S).$

$\mathbb{F}_S :=$

Consider now  $A_S^2 : \Gamma(B, \pi^* E) \rightarrow \Omega^*(B, \pi^* E)$ . It is in fact a diff. op along the fibers and in the horizontal directions it is a tensor - it commutes w/ mult. by forms on  $B$

$$(\mathbb{F}_S)_{[0]} = s (D^{M/B, E})^2 + s^{1/2} \nabla^{\pi^* E} D^{M/B, E} + \dots$$

To make sense of  $e^{-A_S^2}$  need to construct heat kernel for an op. whose coefficients in  $\wedge^* T_b^* B$  a graded algebra. (since these are nilpotent, the perturbation is relatively minor).

$$\left( e^{A+B} = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \int_{0 \leq t_1 \leq \dots \leq t_n \leq 1} e^{t_1 A} B e^{(t_2 - t_1) A} B \dots B e^{(1 - t_n) A} dt_1 \dots dt_n \right)$$

Here  $A = -SD^2$ ,  $B = -A_S^2 + SD^2$ . Can make sense of  $e^{-A_S^2}$ .

We are interested in  $\text{Str}^{\pi^* E} (e^{-A_S^2})_b \in \wedge^{\text{ev}} T_b^* B$

(kernel of  $e^{-A_S^2})(x, x) \in \wedge^* T_b^* B \otimes \text{End } \bar{E}_x \otimes |A|_x$ .

Claim: local index theorem for generalized Dirac operators, still goes through in this infinite-dimensional setting.

Generalized Dirac operator on  $S^B \otimes \pi^* E$  (over an open subset of  $B$ )  
 $\rightarrow$  Local index theorem for  $D^{B, \pi^* E, A}$  on  $S^B \otimes \pi^* E$   
 $\uparrow$  spinor  
 $\uparrow$  just  $D^{M, \pi^* S^B \otimes E}$ , identified.

Local index theorem for  $D^B$ , taking the ptwise supertrace at time  $t$  of  $A_S^2 - 1$ .

$$(2\pi)^{-\frac{\dim B}{2}} \det^{1/2} \left( \frac{R^B/2}{\sinh R^B/2} \right) \text{Str}^{\pi^* E} (e^{-A^2}) = (2\pi)^{-\frac{\dim(B)}{2}} \left( \det^{1/2} \left( \frac{R^{M/2}}{\sinh R^{M/2}} \right) \cdot \int_{\text{fibers}} \text{Str}^{\pi^* E} (e^{-F^E/s}) \right).$$

This is the local family index theorem.



(assuming fibers are even-dimensional).

$$\text{Str}^{\pi_* E} (e^{-A^2}) = (2\pi)^{-\frac{\dim(M/B)}{2}} \underbrace{\pi_* \left( \frac{\det^{1/2} \left( \frac{R_M/2}{\sinh R_M/2} \right)}{\det^{1/2} \left( \frac{R_B/2}{\sinh R_B/2} \right)} \right)}_{\Omega^{\text{ev}}(M)} \underbrace{\text{Str}^{E/S} (e^{-F^{E/S}})}_{\Omega^{\text{ev}}(M)}.$$

↪ even degree + closed, is a rational class in de Rham.

Atiyah + Singer: index bundle interpret  $\eta$  as a Chern character.

The Chern character of a virtual bundle  $[E_+] - [E_-]$  associated to a  $\mathbb{Z}/2$ -graded v.b.  $E^+ \oplus E^-$  has 0-degree component  $\text{rk } E_+ - \text{rk } E_-$ .

In our case,  $(\text{Str } e^{-A^2})_{[0]} = \text{Str} (e^{-D^{M/B, E}^2}) = \text{ind} (D_b^{M/B, E_b}) \in \mathbb{Z}$ .  
so the index is locally constant. (smooth homotopy invariance of the Dirac operator).

Meanwhile the Z-fun piece is harder to interpret — it shows up in the determinant line bundle;

$$\text{Str}(e^{-A^2})_{[2]} = c_1(\det(D^{M/B}))$$

$$\leftarrow (\Lambda^{\text{top}} \ker D^+)^{-1} \otimes \Lambda^{\text{top}} \ker D^-.$$

↪ Dirac operator  $D^{M/B}$ .

Consider  $b \mapsto \ker(D^b)$ ; ~~if this is~~ "E"  $K(B)$  virtual bundle.

Moduli space of elliptic curves,  $\{\text{Im } \tau > 0\} / \text{SL}(2, \mathbb{Z})$ .  $=: \mathcal{M}$ .  
i.e.  $\mathbb{C} / (\mathbb{Z} + \tau \mathbb{Z})$ .

Can complete  $\overline{\mathcal{M}} = \mathcal{M} \cup \{i\infty\}$  to a projective variety.  
(Deligne-Mumford)

Need to construct an ample line bundle.

Consider  $C_z \rightarrow \mathcal{C}$   
 $\downarrow$   
 $z \in \mathcal{M}$  universal curve. Have

$\pi_* \mathcal{O}$  trivial line bundle  $\mathcal{O}$

$$\mathbb{R}^1 \pi_* \mathcal{O} = H^1(\mathcal{C}_z, \mathcal{O}) = H^0(\mathcal{C}_z, T^*)^\vee$$

$\uparrow$  abelian diff of first kind

$$E = A^{0,*}(C_z) \quad C^\infty\text{-sections of } \mathbb{C} \oplus \Lambda^{0,1} T^* C_z$$

Dirac operator along the fibers is  $(\bar{\partial} + \bar{\partial}^*)_{\mathcal{C}/\mathcal{M}}$  and  $D^u$  is  $(\bar{\partial} + \bar{\partial}^*)_{\mathcal{C}}$ .