Project: Flight Data Analysis

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Algorithm:

i. Delay in flight:

- In mapper class, we have considered arrival delay with threshold 5 min.
- We have bifurcated the data into 2 parts based on threshold. We have mapped the entries with delay time more than threshold to value 0 and entries having delay time less than threshold to value 1.
- The output of mapper would be having 2 keys (0,1) and the entries with their respective category.
- In reducer, we have sum of all values under same key airline. And find the probability of on being scheduled or not.
- Then, in cleanup function, we've sort them base on probability and commit highest 3 and lowest 3 values for on being scheduled.

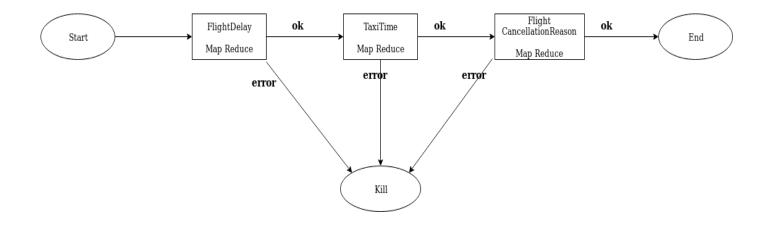
ii. Taxi Time for flight:

- We have used one mapper and one reducer for this.
- In Mapper class we have first filter the entries having value in 4 columns(Origin, Dest, Taxi In, Taxi Out) and commit the entries in the following 2 ways.
- 1 (Origin, Taxi Out)
- 2 (Dest, Taxi In)
- In reducer, we have averaged taxi time by counting total taxi time and divide it with total count value.
- In cleanup function, we've sort them based on avg taxi time and then commit longest 3 and shortest 3 values of avg taxi time with airport.

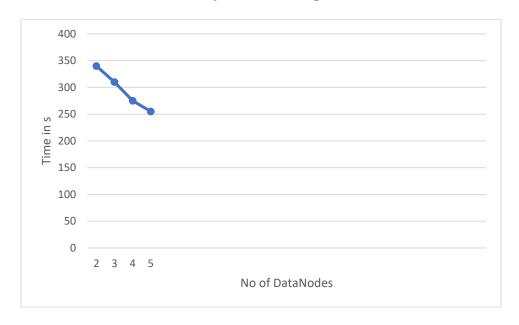
iii. Reason for flight cancellation:

- We've used one mapper and one reducer for this.
- In mapper class, we've first read the file and filter entries having cancelled value and code. And then we've committed that entry with value (cancellation_code, 1).
- In reducer class, we've just calculated the sum for each cancellation code and committed only code with maximum sum.

Oozie Workflow

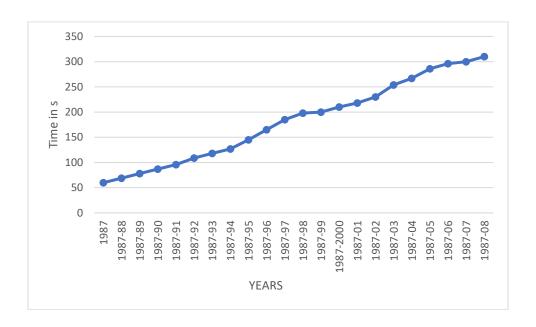


Performance by increasing the instances



We have examined that as the number of instances of data node is increased the execution time decreases.

Performance by increasing data



In our project we have observed that as the size of data of increasing the time required for execution is also increases.