# MACHINE LEARNING

1. Which of the following methods do we use to find the best fit line for data in Linear Regression?	
Ans)	A) Least Square Error B
2. Whi	ch of the following statement is true about outliers in linear regression?  A) Linear regression is sensitive to outliers
3. A lir Ans)	ne falls from left to right if a slope is?  B) Negative
indepe variab	
Ans)	ch of the following is the reason for over fitting condition?  A) High bias and high variance B) Low bias and low variance bias and high variance D) none of these
	tput involves label then that model is called as:  B) Predictive modal
Ans)	so and Ridge regression techniques belong to?
	overcome with imbalance dataset which technique can be used?  D) SMOTE
binary	AUC Receiver Operator Characteristic (AUCROC) curve is an evaluation metric for classification problems. It uses to make graph?  C) Sensitivity and Specificity
10. In AUC Receiver Operator Characteristic (AUCROC) curve for the better model area under the curve should be less.  Ans)	
A)	True
11. Pic Ans)	k the feature extraction from below:  B) Apply PCA to project high dimensional data
In Q12, more than one options are correct, choose all the correct options:  12. Which of the following is true about Normal Equation used to compute the coefficient of the Linear Regression?	
Ans)	A) We don't have to choose the learning rate. B) It becomes slow when number of features is very large. C) We need to iterate.

## MACHINE LEARNING

### 13. Explain the term regularization?

**Ans)** It is used to reduce the error by fitting a function in the given training set to avoid overfitting.

### 14. Which particular algorithms are used for regularization?

**Ans)** They are three types of algorithms are used for regularization

- Ridge Regression.
- LASSO (Least Absolute Shrinkage and Selection Operator) Regression.
- Elastic-Net Regression.

### 15. Explain the term error present in linear regression equation?

**Ans)** A linear regression always has an error term because in real life independent variables are never perfect predict of the dependent variables.