

VIDEO 1 — Introduction to Design and Analysis of Algorithms (DAA)

1. What is an Algorithm?

Definition: An algorithm is a step-by-step procedure to solve a problem.

Example:

Algorithm for making tea:

1. Boil water
2. Add tea leaves
3. Add milk & sugar
4. Serve

2. Characteristics of a Good Algorithm

- Input: Should accept zero or more inputs.
- Clear Steps: Each step must be simple and unambiguous.
- Finite Steps: Must complete in a limited number of steps.
- Definiteness: Instructions must be clearly defined.
- Correct Output: Should produce at least one output.

3. Why Do We Need Algorithms?

- To solve problems efficiently
- To save time and memory
- To handle large inputs
- To compare different solutions
- To write better, optimized code

Example:

Searching a name in phone contacts:

- Linear search → slow
- Binary search → fast

4. What is Design and Analysis of Algorithms?

A. Design of Algorithms:

How to design an efficient algorithm.

Common techniques include:

- Divide & Conquer
- Greedy
- Dynamic Programming
- Backtracking
- Graph Algorithms

B. Analysis of Algorithms:

How to measure the efficiency of an algorithm.

Efficiency depends on:

- Time Complexity
- Space Complexity

5. Efficiency Example

Find the largest number in a list:

Method 1: Compare each element → $O(n)$

Method 2: Sort and pick last → $O(n \log n)$

6. Types of Algorithm Efficiency

- Time Complexity: How long it takes
- Space Complexity: Memory required

7. Real-Life Applications of Algorithms

- Google Maps → Shortest path algorithms
- YouTube recommendations → Machine learning algorithms
- Amazon pricing → Optimization algorithms
- Data security → Cryptographic algorithms
- File compression → Huffman coding

8. What You Will Learn in This Playlist

- How to design algorithms
- How to compare and evaluate algorithms
- When to choose the right approach
- How to write optimized code for exams and interviews

Summary:

1. What is an Algorithm?
2. Features of a Good Algorithm
3. Why Algorithms Matter
4. What is DAA? (Design + Analysis)
5. Time & Space → Key factors