

Assignment 9—R

Insert your name here

September 5, 2018

Load necessary libraries here.

```
library(dplyr)
```

```
##
## Attaching package: 'dplyr'

## The following objects are masked from 'package:stats':
##
##   filter, lag

## The following objects are masked from 'package:base':
##
##   intersect, setdiff, setequal, union
```

```
library(readr)
library(ggformula)
```

```
## Loading required package: ggplot2

## Loading required package: ggstance

##
## Attaching package: 'ggstance'

## The following objects are masked from 'package:ggplot2':
##
##   geom_errorbarh, GeomErrorbarh

##
## New to ggformula? Try the tutorials:
##   learnr::run_tutorial("introduction", package = "ggformula")
##   learnr::run_tutorial("refining", package = "ggformula")
```

Problem 1: Colleges and Universities

In this problem, you will do further cleaning and analysis of the data from the 1995 US News and World Report on colleges and universities in the US.

- a. In the Python portion of homework 9, you created a modified version of the data set usnews.csv. Read the modified data into R. Check the first few values of each vector to ensure that they were read correctly.

```
usnews <- read_csv("usframe.csv")
```

```
## Parsed with column specification:
## cols(
##   .default = col_integer(),
##   `College Name` = col_character(),
##   State = col_character(),
##   `Student/faculty ratio` = col_double(),
##   Pub_or_Priv = col_character(),
##   `IQR:Math` = col_double(),
##   `IQR:Verbal` = col_double()
## )

## See spec(...) for full column specifications.
```

```
head(usnews)
```

```
## # A tibble: 6 x 38
##   `ID Number` `College Name` State `Public/private` `Avg Math SAT`
##         <int> <chr>         <chr>             <int>         <int>
## 1      1061 Alaska Pacifi~ AK                2             490
## 2      1063 University of~ AK                1             499
## 3      1065 University of~ AK                1              NA
## 4     11462 University of~ AK                1             459
## 5      1002 Alabama Agri.~ AL                1              NA
## 6      1003 Faulkner Univ~ AL                2              NA
## # ... with 33 more variables: `Avg Verbal SAT` <int>, `Avg combined
## # SAT` <int>, `Avg ACT` <int>, `First quartile - Math SAT` <int>, `Third
## # quartile - Math SAT` <int>, `First quartile - Verbal SAT` <int>,
## # `Third quartile - Verbal SAT` <int>, `First quartile - ACT` <int>,
## # `Third quartile - ACT` <int>, `Num applications received` <int>, `Num
## # applicants accepted` <int>, `Num students enrolled` <int>, `Pct new
## # students from top 10% of HS class` <int>, `Pct new students from top
## # 25% of HS class` <int>, `Num full-time undergraduates` <int>, `Num
## # part-time undergraduates` <int>, `In-state tuition` <int>,
## # `Out-of-state tuition` <int>, `Room and Board costs` <int>, `Room
## # costs` <int>, `Board costs` <int>, `Additional fees` <int>, `Estimated
## # book costs` <int>, `Estimated personal spending` <int>, `Pct of
## # faculty with PhDs` <int>, `Pct of faculty with terminal degree` <int>,
## # `Student/faculty ratio` <dbl>, `Pct alumni who donate` <int>,
## # `Instructional expenditure per student` <int>, `Graduation
## # rate` <int>, Pub_or_Priv <chr>, `IQR:Math` <dbl>, `IQR:Verbal` <dbl>
```

b. Examine the summary of each variable. Identify any unrealistic values and set them to missing.

- It may be helpful to use control flow or functions to help organize your work.

```
summary(usnews)
```

```
##   ID Number      College Name      State      Public/private
## Min.   : 1002   Length:1302      Length:1302      Min.   :1.000
```

```

## 1st Qu.: 1874   Class :character   Class :character   1st Qu.:1.000
## Median : 2650   Mode  :character   Mode  :character   Median :2.000
## Mean    : 3126                                     Mean    :1.639
## 3rd Qu.: 3431                                     3rd Qu.:2.000
## Max.    :30431                                     Max.    :2.000
##
## Avg Math SAT   Avg Verbal SAT   Avg combined SAT   Avg ACT
## Min.    :320.0   Min.    :280.0   Min.    : 600.0   Min.    :11.00
## 1st Qu.:460.0   1st Qu.:422.0   1st Qu.: 884.5   1st Qu.:20.25
## Median :500.0   Median :457.0   Median : 957.0   Median :22.00
## Mean    :506.8   Mean    :461.2   Mean    : 968.0   Mean    :22.12
## 3rd Qu.:544.0   3rd Qu.:492.0   3rd Qu.:1038.0   3rd Qu.:24.00
## Max.    :750.0   Max.    :665.0   Max.    :1410.0   Max.    :31.00
## NA's    :525     NA's    :525     NA's    :523     NA's    :588
## First quartile - Math SAT Third quartile - Math SAT
## Min.    :220.0           Min.    :330.0
## 1st Qu.:410.0           1st Qu.:530.0
## Median :453.0           Median :580.0
## Mean    :462.2           Mean    :583.1
## 3rd Qu.:510.0           3rd Qu.:630.0
## Max.    :740.0           Max.    :785.0
## NA's    :530           NA's    :530
## First quartile - Verbal SAT Third quartile - Verbal SAT
## Min.    :200.0           Min.    :330.0
## 1st Qu.:380.0           1st Qu.:480.0
## Median :410.0           Median :530.0
## Mean    :418.5           Mean    :530.5
## 3rd Qu.:450.0           3rd Qu.:570.0
## Max.    :630.0           Max.    :720.0
## NA's    :530           NA's    :530
## First quartile - ACT Third quartile - ACT Num applications received
## Min.    :10.00           Min.    :15.00           Min.    : 35.0
## 1st Qu.:18.00           1st Qu.:23.00           1st Qu.: 695.8
## Median :19.00           Median :25.00           Median : 1470.0
## Mean    :19.82           Mean    :25.11           Mean    : 2752.1
## 3rd Qu.:22.00           3rd Qu.:27.00           3rd Qu.: 3314.2
## Max.    :29.00           Max.    :35.00           Max.    :48094.0
## NA's    :639           NA's    :639           NA's    :10
## Num applicants accepted Num students enrolled
## Min.    : 35.0           Min.    : 18.0
## 1st Qu.: 554.5           1st Qu.: 236.0
## Median : 1095.0           Median : 447.0
## Mean    : 1870.7           Mean    : 778.9
## 3rd Qu.: 2303.0           3rd Qu.: 984.0
## Max.    :26330.0           Max.    :7425.0
## NA's    :11             NA's    :5
## Pct new students from top 10% of HS class
## Min.    : 1.00
## 1st Qu.:13.00
## Median :21.00
## Mean    :25.67
## 3rd Qu.:32.00
## Max.    :98.00
## NA's    :235

```

```

## Pct new students from top 25% of HS class Num full-time undergraduates
## Min. : 6.00 Min. : 59
## 1st Qu.: 36.75 1st Qu.: 966
## Median : 50.00 Median : 1812
## Mean : 52.35 Mean : 3693
## 3rd Qu.: 66.00 3rd Qu.: 4540
## Max. :100.00 Max. :31643
## NA's :202 NA's :3
## Num part-time undergraduates In-state tuition Out-of-state tuition
## Min. : 1.0 Min. : 480 Min. : 1044
## 1st Qu.: 131.2 1st Qu.: 2580 1st Qu.: 6111
## Median : 472.0 Median : 8050 Median : 8670
## Mean : 1081.5 Mean : 7897 Mean : 9277
## 3rd Qu.: 1313.0 3rd Qu.:11600 3rd Qu.:11659
## Max. :21836.0 Max. :25750 Max. :25750
## NA's :32 NA's :30 NA's :20
## Room and Board costs Room costs Board costs Additional fees
## Min. :1260 Min. : 500 Min. : 531 Min. : 9.0
## 1st Qu.:3320 1st Qu.:1710 1st Qu.:1619 1st Qu.: 130.0
## Median :4030 Median :2200 Median :1980 Median : 264.5
## Mean :4162 Mean :2515 Mean :2061 Mean : 392.0
## 3rd Qu.:4849 3rd Qu.:3040 3rd Qu.:2402 3rd Qu.: 480.0
## Max. :8700 Max. :7400 Max. :6250 Max. :4374.0
## NA's :76 NA's :321 NA's :498 NA's :274
## Estimated book costs Estimated personal spending Pct of faculty with PhDs
## Min. : 90 Min. : 75 Min. : 8.00
## 1st Qu.: 480 1st Qu.: 900 1st Qu.: 57.00
## Median : 502 Median :1250 Median : 71.00
## Mean : 550 Mean :1389 Mean : 68.65
## 3rd Qu.: 600 3rd Qu.:1794 3rd Qu.: 82.00
## Max. :2340 Max. :6900 Max. :105.00
## NA's :48 NA's :181 NA's :32
## Pct of faculty with terminal degree Student/faculty ratio
## Min. : 20.00 Min. : 2.30
## 1st Qu.: 63.00 1st Qu.:11.80
## Median : 77.00 Median :14.30
## Mean : 75.23 Mean :14.86
## 3rd Qu.: 90.00 3rd Qu.:17.60
## Max. :100.00 Max. :91.80
## NA's :30 NA's :2
## Pct alumni who donate Instructional expenditure per student
## Min. : 0.00 Min. : 1834
## 1st Qu.:11.00 1st Qu.: 6116
## Median :19.00 Median : 7729
## Mean :20.91 Mean : 8988
## 3rd Qu.:29.00 3rd Qu.:10054
## Max. :81.00 Max. :62469
## NA's :222 NA's :39
## Graduation rate Pub_or_Priv IQR:Math IQR:Verbal
## Min. : 8.00 Length:1302 Min. : -10.0 Min. : 0
## 1st Qu.: 47.00 Class :character 1st Qu.:100.0 1st Qu.:100
## Median : 60.00 Mode :character Median :120.0 Median :110
## Mean : 60.41 Mean :120.9 Mean :112
## 3rd Qu.: 74.00 3rd Qu.:140.0 3rd Qu.:120

```

```
## Max.      :118.00          Max.      :400.0    Max.      :310
## NA's      :98             NA's      :530     NA's      :530
```

```
which(usnews$IQR:Math` < 0)
```

```
## [1] 674
```

```
usnews$IQR:Math`[usnews$IQR:Math` == -10] <- NA
```

```
usnews$`Student/faculty ratio`[usnews$`Student/faculty ratio` > 50] <- NA
```

```
usnews$`Num applications received`[usnews$`Num applications received` > 40000] <- NA
usnews$`Num applicants accepted`[usnews$`Num applicants accepted` > 25000] <- NA
usnews$`Num students enrolled`[usnews$`Num students enrolled` == 4520] <- NA
```

```
summary(usnews)
```

```
##      ID Number      College Name      State      Public/private
## Min.      : 1002      Length:1302      Length:1302      Min.      :1.000
## 1st Qu.: 1874      Class :character      Class :character      1st Qu.:1.000
## Median : 2650      Mode  :character      Mode  :character      Median :2.000
## Mean      : 3126                                     Mean      :1.639
## 3rd Qu.: 3431                                     3rd Qu.:2.000
## Max.      :30431                                     Max.      :2.000
##
##      Avg Math SAT      Avg Verbal SAT      Avg combined SAT      Avg ACT
## Min.      :320.0      Min.      :280.0      Min.      : 600.0      Min.      :11.00
## 1st Qu.:460.0      1st Qu.:422.0      1st Qu.: 884.5      1st Qu.:20.25
## Median :500.0      Median :457.0      Median : 957.0      Median :22.00
## Mean      :506.8      Mean      :461.2      Mean      : 968.0      Mean      :22.12
## 3rd Qu.:544.0      3rd Qu.:492.0      3rd Qu.:1038.0      3rd Qu.:24.00
## Max.      :750.0      Max.      :665.0      Max.      :1410.0      Max.      :31.00
## NA's      :525      NA's      :525      NA's      :523      NA's      :588
## First quartile - Math SAT Third quartile - Math SAT
## Min.      :220.0      Min.      :330.0
## 1st Qu.:410.0      1st Qu.:530.0
## Median :453.0      Median :580.0
## Mean      :462.2      Mean      :583.1
## 3rd Qu.:510.0      3rd Qu.:630.0
## Max.      :740.0      Max.      :785.0
## NA's      :530      NA's      :530
## First quartile - Verbal SAT Third quartile - Verbal SAT
## Min.      :200.0      Min.      :330.0
## 1st Qu.:380.0      1st Qu.:480.0
## Median :410.0      Median :530.0
## Mean      :418.5      Mean      :530.5
## 3rd Qu.:450.0      3rd Qu.:570.0
## Max.      :630.0      Max.      :720.0
## NA's      :530      NA's      :530
## First quartile - ACT Third quartile - ACT Num applications received
## Min.      :10.00      Min.      :15.00      Min.      : 35.0
## 1st Qu.:18.00      1st Qu.:23.00      1st Qu.: 695.5
```

```

## Median :19.00      Median :25.00      Median : 1470.0
## Mean   :19.82      Mean   :25.11      Mean   : 2717.0
## 3rd Qu.:22.00      3rd Qu.:27.00      3rd Qu.: 3310.0
## Max.   :29.00      Max.   :35.00      Max.   :22165.0
## NA's   :639        NA's   :639        NA's   :11
## Num applicants accepted Num students enrolled
## Min.   : 35.0      Min.   : 18.0
## 1st Qu.: 554.2      1st Qu.: 236.0
## Median : 1094.0      Median : 446.5
## Mean   : 1851.7      Mean   : 776.0
## 3rd Qu.: 2299.2      3rd Qu.: 981.0
## Max.   :18744.0      Max.   :7425.0
## NA's   :12          NA's   :6
## Pct new students from top 10% of HS class
## Min.   : 1.00
## 1st Qu.:13.00
## Median :21.00
## Mean   :25.67
## 3rd Qu.:32.00
## Max.   :98.00
## NA's   :235
## Pct new students from top 25% of HS class Num full-time undergraduates
## Min.   : 6.00      Min.   : 59
## 1st Qu.: 36.75      1st Qu.: 966
## Median : 50.00      Median : 1812
## Mean   : 52.35      Mean   : 3693
## 3rd Qu.: 66.00      3rd Qu.: 4540
## Max.   :100.00      Max.   :31643
## NA's   :202        NA's   :3
## Num part-time undergraduates In-state tuition Out-of-state tuition
## Min.   : 1.0      Min.   : 480      Min.   : 1044
## 1st Qu.: 131.2      1st Qu.: 2580      1st Qu.: 6111
## Median : 472.0      Median : 8050      Median : 8670
## Mean   : 1081.5      Mean   : 7897      Mean   : 9277
## 3rd Qu.: 1313.0      3rd Qu.:11600      3rd Qu.:11659
## Max.   :21836.0      Max.   :25750      Max.   :25750
## NA's   :32          NA's   :30      NA's   :20
## Room and Board costs Room costs Board costs Additional fees
## Min.   :1260      Min.   : 500      Min.   : 531      Min.   : 9.0
## 1st Qu.:3320      1st Qu.:1710      1st Qu.:1619      1st Qu.: 130.0
## Median :4030      Median :2200      Median :1980      Median : 264.5
## Mean   :4162      Mean   :2515      Mean   :2061      Mean   : 392.0
## 3rd Qu.:4849      3rd Qu.:3040      3rd Qu.:2402      3rd Qu.: 480.0
## Max.   :8700      Max.   :7400      Max.   :6250      Max.   :4374.0
## NA's   :76        NA's   :321      NA's   :498      NA's   :274
## Estimated book costs Estimated personal spending Pct of faculty with PhDs
## Min.   : 90      Min.   : 75      Min.   : 8.00
## 1st Qu.: 480      1st Qu.: 900      1st Qu.: 57.00
## Median : 502      Median :1250      Median : 71.00
## Mean   : 550      Mean   :1389      Mean   : 68.65
## 3rd Qu.: 600      3rd Qu.:1794      3rd Qu.: 82.00
## Max.   :2340      Max.   :6900      Max.   :105.00
## NA's   :48        NA's   :181      NA's   :32
## Pct of faculty with terminal degree Student/faculty ratio

```

```
## Min.      : 20.00                      Min.      : 2.30
## 1st Qu.: 63.00                      1st Qu.:11.80
## Median : 77.00                      Median :14.30
## Mean    : 75.23                      Mean    :14.76
## 3rd Qu.: 90.00                      3rd Qu.:17.50
## Max.    :100.00                      Max.    :42.60
## NA's    :30                        NA's    :4
## Pct alumni who donate Instructional expenditure per student
## Min.      : 0.00          Min.      : 1834
## 1st Qu.:11.00          1st Qu.: 6116
## Median :19.00          Median : 7729
## Mean    :20.91          Mean    : 8988
## 3rd Qu.:29.00          3rd Qu.:10054
## Max.    :81.00          Max.    :62469
## NA's    :222          NA's    :39
## Graduation rate Pub_or_Priv      IQR:Math      IQR:Verbal
## Min.      : 8.00      Length:1302      Min.      : 0.0      Min.      : 0
## 1st Qu.: 47.00      Class :character      1st Qu.:100.0      1st Qu.:100
## Median : 60.00      Mode  :character      Median :120.0      Median :110
## Mean    : 60.41                                Mean    :121.1      Mean    :112
## 3rd Qu.: 74.00                                3rd Qu.:140.0      3rd Qu.:120
## Max.    :118.00                                Max.    :400.0      Max.    :310
## NA's    :98                                NA's    :531      NA's    :530
```

Write a sentence describing what you did, naming the colleges or universities affected. (For example, “Listed ages less than zero (ABC University, XYZ College) were converted to missing data.”)

Pembroke State University had an IQR: Math value of -10 and was converted to missing data.

Northwood University has a student/faculty ratio of 91.80 and was converted to missing data

St Leo College has a student/faculty ratio of 72.4 and was converted to missing data

Rutgers at New Brunswick received 48094 applications and accepted 26330 but only has 4520 students enrolled. Converted all three to missing data

- c. Find the mean percentage of alumni who donate, for private and public schools.

```
meanPub <- mean(usnews$`Pct alumni who donate`[usnews$Pub_or_Priv == "Public"], na.rm=T)
meanPub <- as.vector(meanPub)
```

```
meanPriv <- mean(usnews$`Pct alumni who donate`[usnews$Pub_or_Priv == "Private"], na.rm=T)
meanPriv <- as.vector(meanPriv)
```

- d. Test whether there is evidence that a higher percentage of alumni from private schools donate to their schools, compared to alumni from public schools.

- Hint: In part c, we took the mean of this variable in each group. What does this tell you about what type of hypothesis to use? two sample t-test

```
t1 <- usnews$`Pct alumni who donate`[usnews$Pub_or_Priv == "Public"]
t1 <- t1[!is.na(t1)]
t2 <- usnews$`Pct alumni who donate`[usnews$Pub_or_Priv == "Private"]
t2 <- t2[!is.na(t2)]
```

```
testResult <- t.test(t2, t1, alternative="greater")
testResult
```

```
##
## Welch Two Sample t-test
##
## data: t2 and t1
## t = 17.317, df = 1018.9, p-value < 2.2e-16
## alternative hypothesis: true difference in means is greater than 0
## 95 percent confidence interval:
## 10.07495 Inf
## sample estimates:
## mean of x mean of y
## 24.58287 13.44944
```

State your conclusion in context.

H₀: There's not higher percentage of donations from alumni between public and private schools

H_a: There is a higher percentage of donations from alumni between private and public schools

Since the p-value < 2.2e-16 we can reject the null hypothesis and say that there is a higher percentage of alumni from private schools donating to their schools than public schools.

e. Use `write_csv()` or `write.csv()` to save your updated data set.

- If you are using `write.csv()`, consult the R documentation to set the arguments for the function. Your output file should not have row names or row numbers.
- After you save the file, open it in Excel, Notepad++, or a program of your choice to verify that the version you saved contains the updates you made in part b.

```
write.csv(usnews, "usnewsR.csv", row.names = FALSE)
```

Problem 2: Current Population Survey

The data set `cps.csv` contains data from the 1985 Current Population Survey.

- Dataset: “Wages from the Current Population Survey,” <http://www.macalester.edu/~kaplan/ism/>, from Daniel Kaplan, *Statistical Modeling: A Fresh Approach*. Original source: Berndt, ER. *The Practice of Econometrics 1991*. Addison-Wesley.
- Metadata: `cps_metadata.pdf`, from p. 418 of *Statistical Modeling: A Fresh Approach* by Daniel Kaplan.

a. Read the data into R and plot wages versus education.

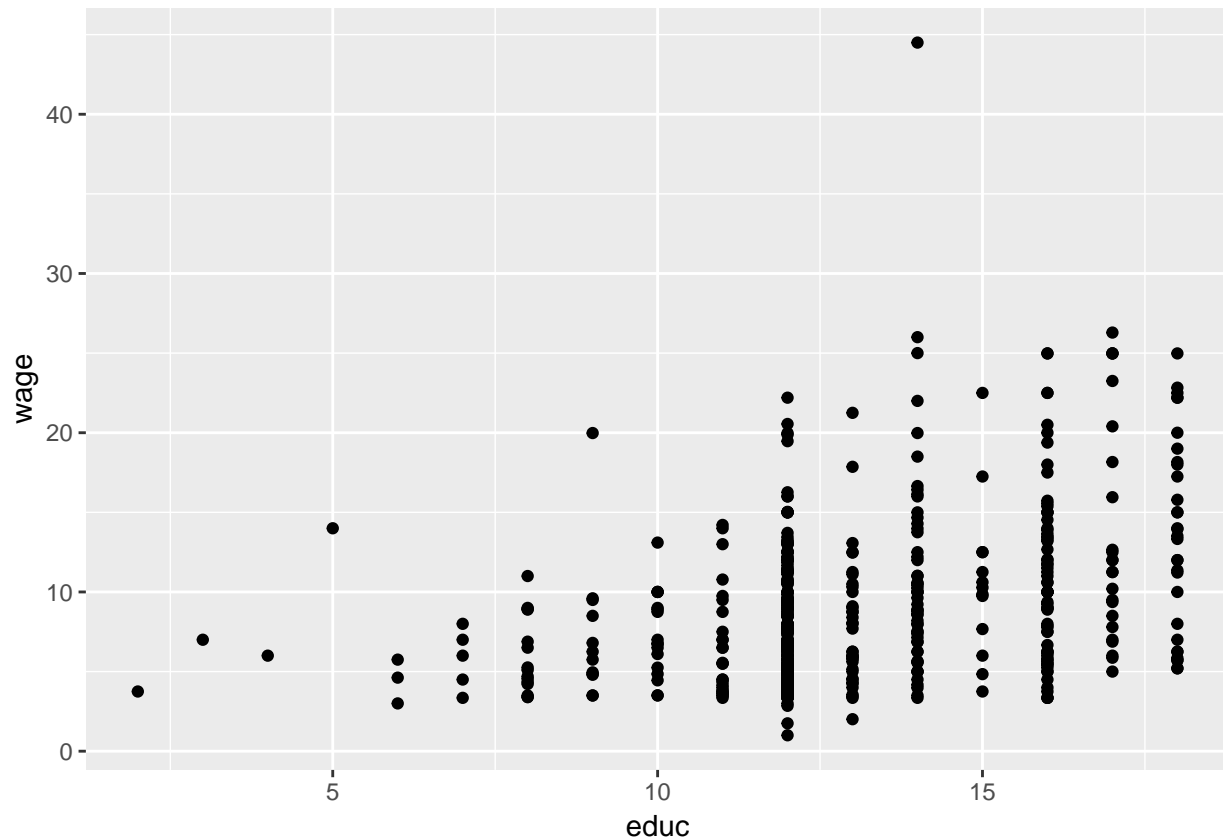
```
cps <- read_csv("cps.csv")
```

```
## Parsed with column specification:
## cols(
##   wage = col_double(),
##   educ = col_integer(),
##   race = col_character(),
```



```
## sex = col_character(),
## hispanic = col_character(),
## south = col_character(),
## married = col_character(),
## exper = col_integer(),
## union = col_character(),
## age = col_integer(),
## sector = col_character()
## )
```

```
gf_point(wage ~ educ, data = cps)
```



Comment on the appropriateness of linear regression. The wage vs education plot seems like it may have a linear relationship and we're looking at how a variable only compares to one other variable

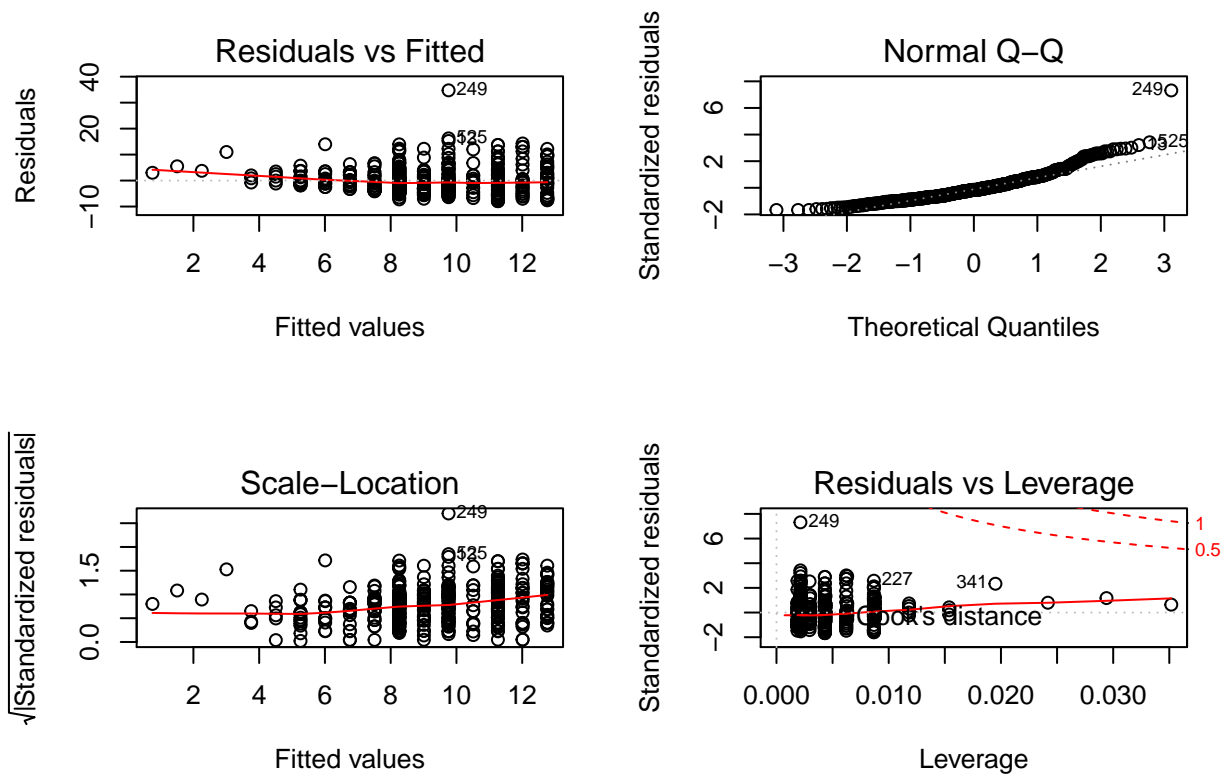
b. Perform the linear regression and examine the diagnostic plots.

```
cpsreg <- lm(wage ~ educ, data=cps)
summary(cpsreg)
```

```
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = wage ~ educ, data = cps)
##
## Residuals:
```

```
##      Min      1Q  Median      3Q      Max
## -7.911 -3.260 -0.760   2.240 34.740
##
## Coefficients:
##              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept) -0.74598    1.04545  -0.714   0.476
## educ         0.75046    0.07873   9.532 <2e-16 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 4.754 on 532 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared:  0.1459, Adjusted R-squared:  0.1443
## F-statistic: 90.85 on 1 and 532 DF,  p-value: < 2.2e-16
```

```
par(mfrow = c(2,2))
plot(cpsreg)
```



Explain why transforming the wages variable is a good idea in this case.

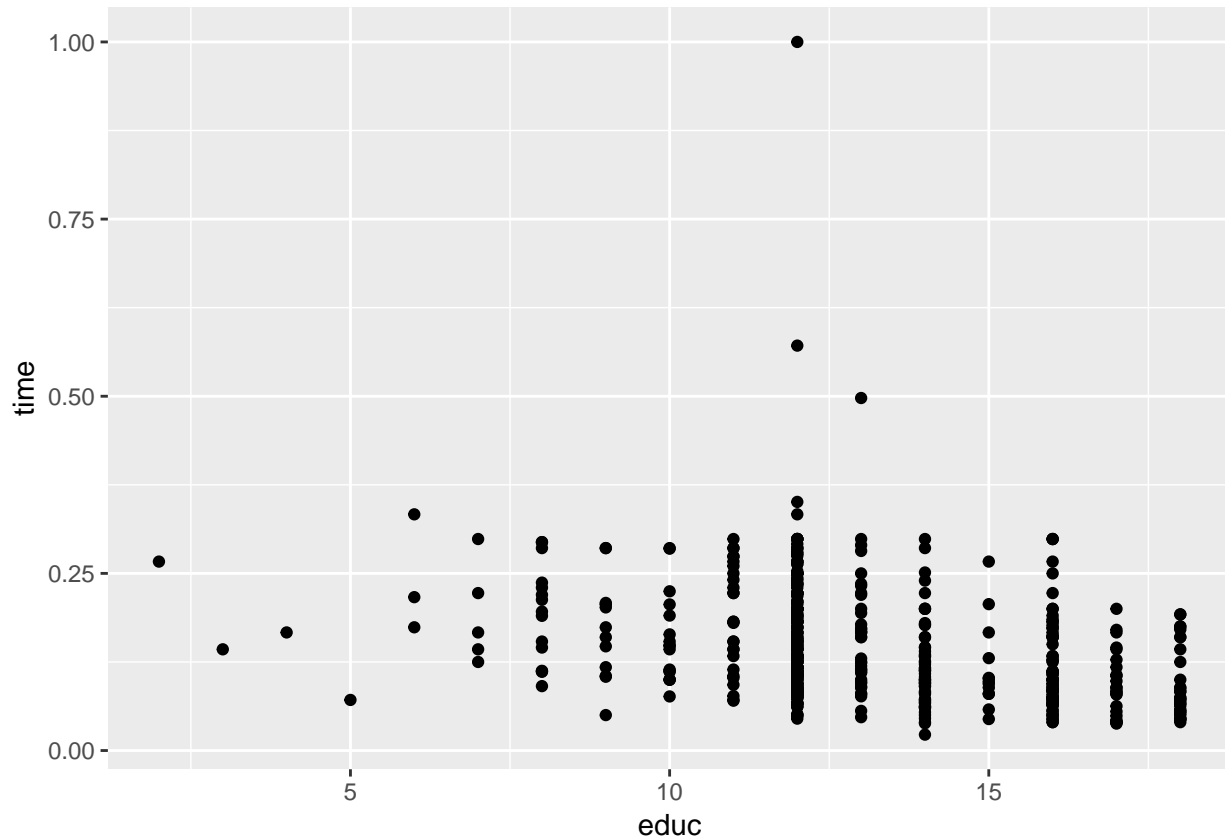
There's a lot of changes in variance in the Residuals vs Fitted plot so a transformation is a good idea.

- c. The variable **wage** has units of dollars/hour. Create a new variable, **time**, equal to $1/\text{wage}$. (So **time** has units of hours/dollar, or the length of time a person must work to earn \$1.00.)

```
cps$time <- 1/cps$wage
```

d. Plot time versus education.

```
gf_point(time ~ educ, data = cps)
```



Comment on the appropriateness of linear regression.

e. Perform the linear regression.

```
timereg <- lm(time ~ educ, data = cps)
summary(timereg)
```

```
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = time ~ educ, data = cps)
##
## Residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -0.15393 -0.05180 -0.02021  0.04361  0.84371
##
## Coefficients:
##              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)  0.274700   0.017251  15.924 < 2e-16 ***
```

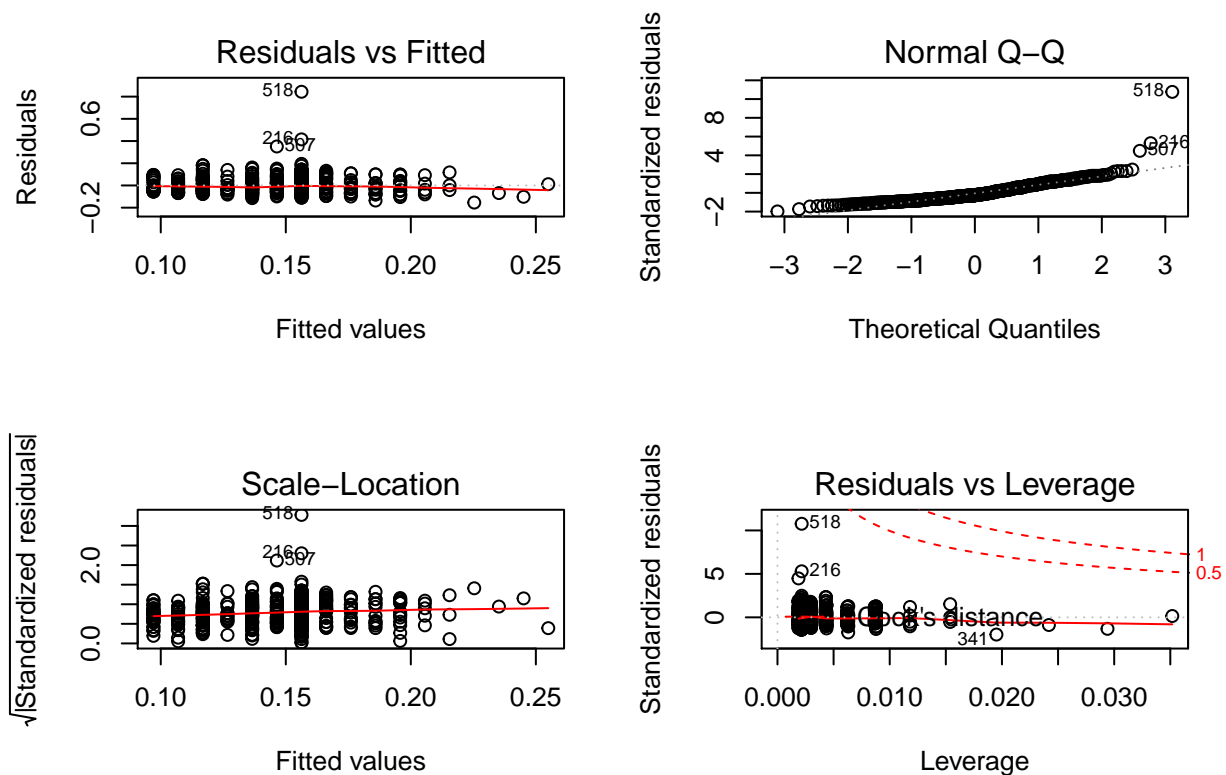
```
## educ          -0.009867    0.001299   -7.595 1.39e-13 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 0.07845 on 532 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared:  0.09782,    Adjusted R-squared:  0.09613
## F-statistic: 57.68 on 1 and 532 DF,  p-value: 1.393e-13
```

Based on these results, are you happy with your decision to pursue a master's degree? **Explain.**

The regression makes it seem like the more education you have the more money you will end up making. I guess from that standpoint I'm glad I'm pursuing my master's even though its not really about the money for me.

f. Examine the diagnostic plots.

```
par(mfrow = c(2,2))
plot(timereg)
```



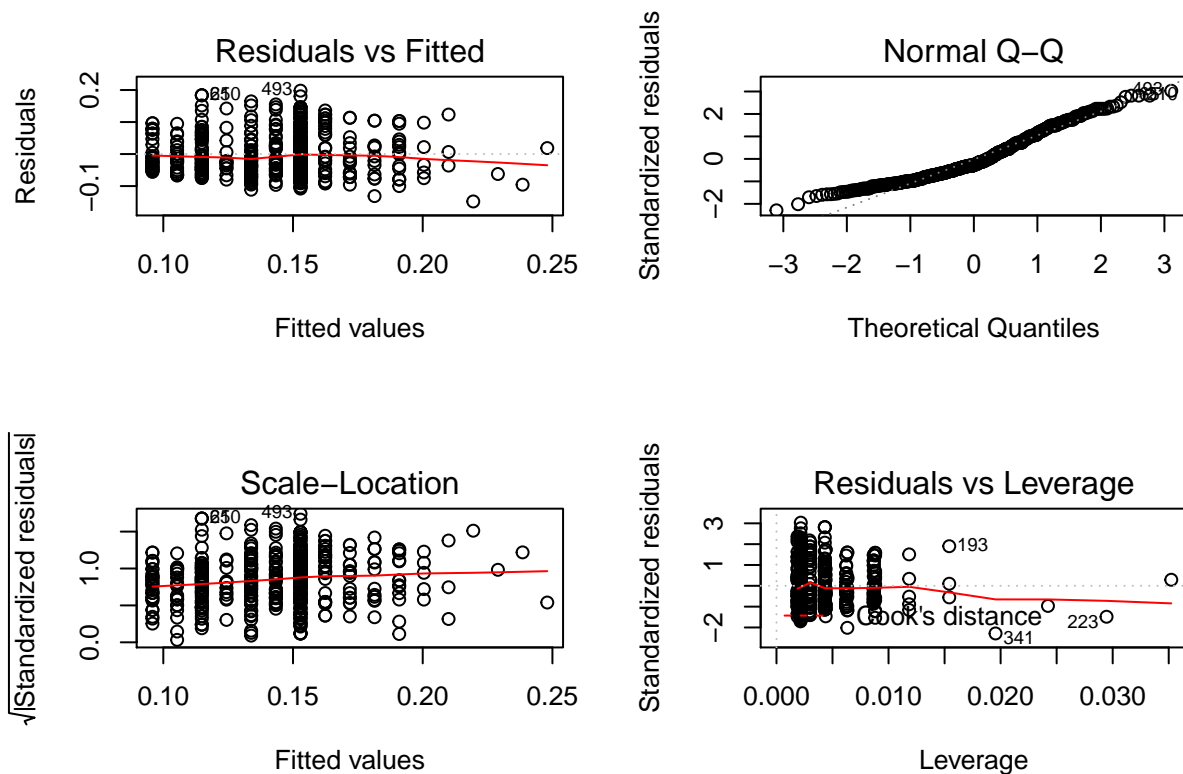
Which individuals appear to be outliers on the residual vs. predicted plot? 216, 507, 518 Re-do the regression without those individuals.

```
cps2 <- cps
cps2[216,] <- NA
cps2[507,] <- NA
cps2[518,] <- NA
```

```
timereg2 <- lm(time ~ educ, data = cps2)
summary(timereg2)
```

```
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = time ~ educ, data = cps2)
##
## Residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -0.14805 -0.04856 -0.01807  0.04557  0.19798
##
## Coefficients:
##              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)  0.267039   0.014387  18.561  <2e-16 ***
## educ        -0.009512   0.001083  -8.783  <2e-16 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 0.06538 on 529 degrees of freedom
## (3 observations deleted due to missingness)
## Multiple R-squared:  0.1273, Adjusted R-squared:  0.1256
## F-statistic: 77.13 on 1 and 529 DF,  p-value: < 2.2e-16
```

```
par(mfrow = c(2,2))
plot(timereg2)
```



Did excluding the outliers change your conclusion?

No it did not. It still looks like the more education you have, the more money you'll end up making.

- Submit your .Rmd file, your knitted .docx or .pdf (.pdf preferred), and your updated data set from problem 1e to GitHub.