AIWR Assignment 1

TEAM:

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Section 1 [dataset]: Corpus details and source

Source: https://www.kaggle.com/datasets/amritvirsinghx/environmental-news-nlp-dataset

Due to the global pandemic situation, various lockdowns have been imposed in different countries, this data contains short snippets of news from 2017 to Jan 2020.

Different news sources are present in this dataset. Consisting of a total of 418 different files that included, CNN, BBCNEWS, FOXNEWS and MSNBC.

<u>Section 2 [Requirements]: Set of free text test queries, wild card queries, Phrase queries</u>

• Boolean Retrieval

Query given by user: white house AND president Pollution and Emission

Phrase Query

Query given by user: pollution from cars
Carbon dioxide in atmosphere

Wild Card Query

Query given by user: poll*n

Section 3 [Design]: Data structures used with brief reasons and similarity scheme [4 Marks]

The data structures we have used include:

- Lists
- Dictionaries
- Arrays
- Similarity scheme Cosine similarity

Section 4.1 [Result of Boolean Retrieval] :on free text queries [2 marks]

```
query_search('white house AND president')

v 0.4s

Output exceeds the size_limit. Open the full output data in a text editor

Query given by user: white house AND president

white house AND president

Query after preprocessing: white house AND president

Query after spelling correction: white house AND president

The top 10 results for the query is:

Doc ID: 151; Doc Name: CNN.201902

Row 296: by the white house, being organized by the white house in response to a report on climate change. that report was compiled by several federal age

Doc ID: 168; Doc Name: FOXNEWS.200912

Row 1334: mike emanuel at the white house, what is president obama doing today on climate change at the white house? president obama will meet with a grou

Doc ID: 174; Doc Name: FOXNEWS.201006

Row 132: show the president and now vice president are personally involved in the disaster in the gulf. meanwhile, at the white house today, the president

Doc ID: 131; Doc Name: CNN.201706

Row 50: thank you very much, everybody. reporter: the climate was warming at the white house as officials from the president to the administrator of the e

...

Doc ID: 230; Doc Name: FOXNEWS.201502

Row 11: 'Outnumbered.' is the white house tone deaf? that's what many are asking after this from white house press secretary josh earnest when asked yeste
```

The above example tests boolean queries using inverted index.

Section 4.2 [Result with inverted index]: on free text queries with rank [6 marks]

```
query_search('white huse')
                                                                                                                                                             Python
Output exceeds the \underline{\text{size limit}}. Open the full output data \underline{\text{in a text editor}}
Query given by user: white huse
Query after preprocessing: white huse
Query after spelling correction: white house
The top 10 results for the guery is:
Doc ID: 412; Doc Name: MSNBC.201909
Row 8: white house and it has to do with climate change.
Doc ID: 151; Doc Name: CNN.201902
Row 296: by the white house, being organized by the white house in response to a report on climate change, that report was compiled by several federal age
Doc ID: 218 ; Doc Name: FOXNEWS.201402
Row 477: why are all the guys on the sunday shows carrying water for the white house? you expect a convergence of topics. what the white house says is new
Doc ID: 293; Doc Name: MSNBC.200910
Row 147: publicly battling the white house on regulatory reform and climate change policy but recently the white house made it clear it's not pleased with
Doc ID: 168; Doc Name: FOXNEWS.200912
Row 1334: mike emanuel at the white house, what is president obama doing today on climate change at the white house? president obama will meet with a grou
```

Here we use inverted index to retrieve all documents which have news related to "white huse"

Note: We have intentionally given "white huse" to show that our code performs spelling correction

Section 4.3 [Result of Wild Card queries]: [3 marks]

```
✓ 0.2s
                                                                                                                                                    Python
Output exceeds the size limit. Open the full output data in a text editor
Query given by user: poll*n
Query after preprocessing: poll*n
Query after spelling correction: poll*n
The list of words with the wildcard query is:
['pollen', 'pollination', 'pollution']
Precision= 0.011764705882352941
Recall= 0.011278195488721804
F1 score= 0.011516314779270632
The top 10 results for the query is:
Doc ID: 0 ; Doc Name: BBCNEWS.201701
Row 180 : services for people, they help mitigate climate change by being carbon stocks. they help in providing clear water for people, pollination service
Doc ID: 41 ; Doc Name: CNN.200912
Row 303 : profound, as you get more greenhouse gases in the atmosphere, you are using various plants out there that make pollen, and that's something that
Doc ID: 0; Doc Name: BBCNEWS.201701
Doc ID: 41 ; Doc Name: CNN.200912
Row 392 : increase in greenhouse gases. take a look at this graphic here. basically if you think about it, plants use carbon dioxide to photosynthesize, if
```

This is an example for wildcard queries, when entered poll*n, the matching words are displayed. Then it prints all documents in with the words appear.

Section 4.4 [Result of Phrase queries]: [3 marks]

```
Python
Output exceeds the <u>Size limit</u>. Open the full output data \underline{in\ a\ text\ editor} Query given by user: pollution from cars
pollution from cars
Ouerv after preprocessing: pollution cars
Query after spelling correction: pollution cars
The top 10 results for the query is:
Doc ID: 125 ; Doc Name: CNN.201612
Row 430: -- obama took aim at one of the key causes of climate change, right now, our power plants are the source of about a third of america's carbon pol
Doc ID: 125 ; Doc Name: CNN.201612
Row 114: climate change, obama took aim at one of the key causes of climate change, right now our power plants are the source of about a third of america'
Doc ID: 126 ; Doc Name: CNN.201701
Row 187 : key causes of climate change. right now our power plants are the source of about one-third of america's carbon pollution. that's more pollution t
Doc ID: 125 ; Doc Name: CNN.201612
Row 505: obama took aim at one of the key causes of climate change. right now our power plants are the source of about one-third of america's carbon pollu
Doc ID: 0 : Doc Name: BBCNEWS.201701
Row 88 : technology and car sharing apps. and that will also mean more electric cars. global warming and pollution are just two of the reasons many of the
```

This is an example for phrase queries this retrieval uses Biword and positional index to retrieve all the document ids and text from those documents which have similar content as the queries

Section 4.5 [how the evaluator can test]: an arbitrary text query relevant to your corpus?

The evaluator cannot enter any arbitrary query to search our corpus however under the semantic matching section he can enter any arbitrary query and we will return the most similar text document i.e the text document having the highest score when compared with out query

Section 4.6 [Any one additional functionality]: relevance feedback, semantic matching, re-ranking of results, and finding out query intention. [2 marks]

Semantic matching has been implemented in our code where if a user enters a query and the code returns the semantically highest scoring text document from our corpus.

Code:

```
#!/usr/bin/env python
# coding: utf-8

# ## **AIR Assignment - Team 24**

# ## Dataset : Environmental News NLP Dataset

#
#
#
#
# ---

# #### Importing all the required packages

# In[1]:

from textblob import TextBlob
from nltk.corpus import stopwords
from nltk.stem import WordNetLemmatizer
from nltk.tokenize import word_tokenize
from collections import Counter
from sklearn.feature_extraction.text import TfidfVectorizer
from sklearn.metrics.pairwise import cosine_similarity
```

```
import pandas as pd
import os
import math
import copy
import nltk
import string
import glob
import zipfile
get_ipython().system('pip install nltk')
nltk.download('stopwords')
nltk.download('wordnet')
nltk.download('punkt')
# #### Extract the data from the zip file
path to zip file = "archive.zip"
with zipfile.ZipFile(path_to_zip_file, 'r') as zip_ref:
    zip_ref.extractall("content")
docid_doc = {}
doc no=0
alldata=['' for i in range(418)]
data list = []
for k in glob.glob("content/TelevisionNews/*.csv"):
 nam = k.split("/")
 print(nam)
```

```
docid doc[doc no] = nam[-1][:-4].split("\\")[-1]
#dictionary with mapping from document ID to document name
 print(docid_doc)
 data = pd.read csv(k)
 for index, row in data.iterrows():
   content=str(row[column names[-1]])
   row no+=1
 data list.append(row data)
 data list
print("Corpus is\n")
data list
print(data list[0].values())
for i in range(len(data list)): #iterating through
documents
 for j in data list[i].keys(): #iterating through
   data list[i][j]=data list[i][j].lower()
data list
data list[0][0]
# #### Stopwords removal
```

```
stopwords = list(stopwords.words('english'))
stopwords.append("i\'ve")
stopwords.append("i\'m")
stopwords.remove("no")
stopwords.remove("not")
stopwords.remove("than")
stopwords.remove("which")
def remove stopwords(text):
   return " ".join([word for word in str(text).split() if word not
in stopwords])
for i in range(len(data list)):
 for j in data list[i].keys():
   data list[i][j] = remove stopwords(data list[i][j])
data list[0][0]
punctuation='[")?,\!(}:{;$%^&]/<>=# .--'
for ele in punctuation:
 for i in range(len(data list)):
    for j in data list[i].keys():
     data list[i][j] = data list[i][j].replace(ele, ' ') #Replace
for i in range(len(data list)):
   for j in data list[i].keys():
     data_list[i][j]=data_list[i][j].replace("'s",' ')
     data list[i][j] =data list[i][j].replace("'re",' ')
      data list[i][j] =data list[i][j].replace("'",' ') #Replace
data list[0][0]
```

```
import nltk
nltk.download('omw-1.4')
lemmatizer = WordNetLemmatizer()
lemma=[]
corpus = {}
for i in range(len(data_list)):
 corpus[i]= []
 for j in data_list[i].keys():
   datalist=data list[i][j].split(' ')
   for k in datalist:
     lem+=' '+lemmatizer.lemmatize(k,pos='a')  #Lemmatize the
words to the root word by bringing context to it.
   if(i not in range(len(lemma))):
     lemma.append({})
   lemma[i][j] = lem
   corpus[i].append(lem)
#lemma
corpus[0][0]
doc id = 0
token_in_doc ={}
list of tokens = []
doc_rows = {}
```

```
for i in range(len(lemma)):
 doc rows[doc id] = []
 for j in lemma[i].keys():
   doc_rows[i].append(j)
   a = word tokenize(lemma[i][j])
   token in doc[doc id][j] = a
which doc id and tokens mapping exists
list of tokens[0:20]
# #### Finding top 100 biwords
bigrams = zip(list of tokens, list of tokens[1:])
counts = Counter(bigrams)
bigrams in the corpus
a = counts.most common(100)
common biwords = []
for i in a:
   s = i[0][0]+""+i[0][1]
   common biwords.append(s)
tuple of biwords and its frequency
print(common biwords)
# #### Building Inverted Index Dictionary
```

```
inverted index dictionary={}
term id = 1
term termids = {}
for i in token in doc.keys(): #iterate through the
   for j in range(len(token in doc[i][k])): #iterate through the
     term = token in doc[i][k][j]
       term termids[term] = term id
       term id+=1
       inverted index dictionary[term id-1] = {'docs':{},
'doc freq':1}
       inverted index dictionary[term id-1]['docs'][i]=
{'pos':{k:[j]}, 'term freq':1}
       if(i not in
inverted index dictionary[term termids[term]]['docs']):
         inverted index dictionary[term termids[term]]['docs'][i] =
inverted index dictionary[term termids[term]]['doc freq']+=1
       if (k not in
inverted index dictionary[term termids[term]]['docs'][i]['pos']):
inverted index dictionary[term termids[term]]['docs'][i]['pos'][k] =
inverted index dictionary[term termids[term]]['docs'][i]['pos'][k].a
ppend(j)
inverted index dictionary[term termids[term]]['docs'][i]['term freq'
]+=1
```

```
b = m.split(" ")
      for j in range(0,len(token in doc[i][k])-1):
        term1 = token in doc[i][k][j]
       term2 = token in doc[i][k][j+1]
       if (term1 == b[0] and term2 == b[1]):
          term = term1+" "+term2
            term termids[term] = term id
           inverted index dictionary[term id-1] = {'docs':{}},
           inverted index dictionary[term id-1]['docs'][i]=
{'pos':{k:[j]}, 'term freq' :1 }
            if(i not in
inverted index dictionary[term termids[term]]['docs']):
inverted index dictionary[term termids[term]]['docs'][i] =
{'pos':{}, 'term freq' :0 }
inverted index dictionary[term termids[term]]['doc freq']+=1
            if(k not in
inverted index dictionary[term termids[term]]['docs'][i]['pos']):
inverted index dictionary[term termids[term]]['docs'][i]['pos'][k] =
[]
inverted index dictionary[term termids[term]]['docs'][i]['pos'][k].a
ppend(j)
inverted index dictionary[term termids[term]]['docs'][i]['term freq'
]+=1
inverted index dictionary[term termids['prime minister']]
```

```
self.leaf = leaf
   self.keys = []
   self.child = []
   self.root = BTreeNode(True)
   self.t = t
def search key(self, k, x=None):
       while i < len(x.keys) and k > x.keys[i][0]:
        if i < len(x.keys) and k == x.keys[i][0]:
            return (x.keys,i)
        elif x.leaf:
            return self.search key(k, x.child[i])
        return self.search key(k, self.root)
def insert key(self, k):
    root = self.root
    if len(root.keys) == (2 * self.t) - 1:
        self.root = temp
        temp.child.insert(0, root)
        self.split(temp, 0)
```

```
self.insert non full(temp, k)
            self.insert non full(root, k)
    def insert non full(self, x, k):
        i = len(x.keys) - 1
        if x.leaf:
            x.keys.append((None, None))
            while i \ge 0 and k[0] < x.keys[i][0]:
                x.keys[i + 1] = x.keys[i]
            x.keys[i + 1] = k
            while i \ge 0 and k[0] < x.keys[i][0]:
            if len(x.child[i].keys) == (2 * self.t) - 1:
                self.split(x, i)
                if k[0] > x.keys[i][0]:
            self.insert non full(x.child[i], k)
    def split(self, x, i):
       t = self.t
       y = x.child[i]
       z = BTreeNode(y.leaf)
        x.child.insert(i + 1, z)
       x.keys.insert(i, y.keys[t - 1])
       z.keys = y.keys[t: (2 * t) - 1]
       y.keys = y.keys[0: t - 1]
            z.child = y.child[t: 2 * t]
           y.child = y.child[0: t ]
B = BTree(3) #3 indicate the degree of the each node
```

```
term id = 1
term termids = {}
for i in token in doc.keys(): #iterate through the
    for j in range(len(token in doc[i][k])):#j is the index of
     term = token in doc[i][k][j]
       term termids[term] = term id
       term id+=1
       d['docs'][i] = {'pos':{k:[j]}, 'term freq' :1 }
       B.insert key((term id-1, d))
       1 = B.search key(term termids[term])
       d = 1[0][1[1]][1]
       if(i not in d['docs']):
         d['docs'][i] = {'pos':{}, 'term freq' :0 }
       if(k not in d['docs'][i]['pos']):
          d['docs'][i]['pos'][k] = []
       d['docs'][i]['pos'][k].append(j)
        d['docs'][i]['term freq']+=1
    for m in common biwords:
     b = m.split(" ")
      for j in range(0,len(token in doc[i][k])-1):
        term1 = token in doc[i][k][j]
        term2 = token_in_doc[i][k][j+1]
       if (term1 == b[0] and term2 == b[1]):
         term = term1+" "+term2
            term termids[term] = term id
```

```
d['docs'][i]= {'pos':{k:[j]}, 'term freq' :1 }
            B.insert_key((term_id-1, d))
           1 = B.search key(term termids[term])
            d = 1[0][1[1]][1]
            if(i not in d['docs']):
            if(k not in d['docs'][i]['pos']):
              d['docs'][i]['pos'][k] = []
            d['docs'][i]['pos'][k].append(j)
            d['docs'][i]['term freq']+=1
1 = B.search key(term termids['prime minister'])
print(1[0][1[1]][1]['docs'])
# #### Search - Single word query
def word search Btree(word):
 doc = B.search key(term termids[word])
 for j in doc[0][doc[1]][1]['docs']:
   ans[j] = []
   for k in doc[0][doc[1]][1]['docs'][j]['pos']:
     ans[j].append(k)
 return ans
def word search dictionary(word):
 doc = inverted index dictionary[term termids[word]]
   ans[j] = []
    for k in doc['docs'][j]['pos']:
```

```
ans[j].append(k)
ans1 = word search Btree('money')
ans2 = word search dictionary('money')
print("Posting list retrieved from B-Tree")
print(ans1)
print("POsting list retrieved from dictionary")
print(ans2)
#K-gram generation K=2 for wildcard query
k gram = {} #k-grams with list of termids where that k gram is
def generateNGrams(word1, n):
 word ='$'+word1+'$'
 for i in range (0, len (word) - (n-1)):
   if(gram in k_gram):
      while(j<len(k gram[gram])):</pre>
        if(word1 < k gram[gram][j]):</pre>
          k gram[gram].insert(j,word1)
          c=1
      if (c==0):
        k_gram[gram].append(word1)
      k gram[gram] = [word1]
```

```
generateNGrams(i,2) #Generate kgrams for k=2 for the corpus
k gram
global all wildcard words
all wildcard words = {}
def intersection(d): #finding the intersection of words with all the
k-grams present
 l=list(d.keys()) # dictionary with k-gram and list of words with
k-gram
 ans=d[1[0]]
 for k in range(1,len(1)):
   j=0
   temp=[]
   while(i<len(ans) and j<len(d[l[k]])):</pre>
      if (ans[i] == d[l[k]][j]):
        temp.append(ans[i])
      elif(ans[i]>d[l[k]][j]):
        i+=1
  return ans
def post filtering(word, l , a): #postfiltering to remove any false
 temp=[]
   if(word[0] == "*"):#for search with suffix query
      word=word[1:]
      for i in 1:
```

```
if(i.endswith(word)):
          temp.append(i)
   elif(word[len(word)-1]=="*"):#for search with prefix query
     word=word[:-1]
       if(i.startswith(word)):
          temp.append(i)
     word = word.split("*") #for search with * in the middle
        if(i.startswith(word[0]) and i.endswith(word[1])):
          temp.append(i)
multiple *
     wp[i] = i
   1 = list(wp.keys())
   if(word[0] != "*"):#query with defnite characters in the
     ind = word.index("*")
     w = word[:ind]
     while(1):
        if(wp[1[0]].startswith(w)):
          wp[1[0]] = wp[1[0]][len(w):]
         wp.pop(1[0])
       1.pop(0)
     l=list(wp.keys())
     word=word[ind:]
    if (word[-1] != "*"): #query with definite characters in the end
      r = word[::-1]
     ind = len(word) - r.index("*")
     w = word[ind:]
     while(1):
       if(wp[1[0]].endswith(w)):
          wp[1[0]] = wp[1[0]][: -len(w)]
          wp.pop(1[0])
        1.pop(0)
```

```
l=list(wp.keys())
     word=word[:ind]
   while(word.count("*")>1):#query with * in beginning and end
     start = 1
     end = word[1:].index("*")
     w = word[start:end+1]
     while(1):
       if (w in wp[1[0]):
          wp[1[0]] = wp[1[0]][wp[1[0]].index(w)+len(w):]
         wp.pop(1[0])
       1.pop(0)
      l=list(wp.keys())
     word = word[end+1:]
def wildcardquery(word): #returning a list of words which are a match
 if(word[len(word)-1] == '*' and word[0] == "*"):#for multiple *
   word1 = word[1:-1]
   if(len(word1) == 1): #concatenating characters to form bi-grams in
     gram = word1+'$'
       list of words[gram] = k gram[gram].copy() #deepcopy
     gram = '$'+word1
        list of words[gram] = k gram[gram].copy() #deepcopy
      for j in range (97,123):
       gram = word1+chr(j) #adding characters in the end
       if(gram in k gram):
         list of words[gram] = k gram[gram].copy() #deepcopy
       gram = chr(j)+word1#adding characters in the beginning
       if(gram in k gram):
         list of words[gram] = k gram[gram].copy() #deepcopy
      for i in range(0,len(word1)-1):
```

```
gram = word1[i:i+2]
        if(gram in k gram):
          list of words[gram] = k gram[gram].copy() #deepcopy
 elif(word[len(word)-1] == '*'):#prefix
     gram = word1[i:i+2]
     if(gram in k gram):
        list_of_words[gram] = k_gram[gram].copy() #deepcopy
   word1 = word[1:]+ "$"
   for i in range(0,len(word1)-1):
     gram = word1[i:i+2]
       list of words[gram] = k gram[gram].copy() #deepcopy
   word1 = word.split("*")
   pref = "$"+word1[0]
    for i in range(0,len(pref)-1):
     gram = pref[i:i+2]
       list of words[gram] = k gram[gram].copy() #deepcopy
    suf = word1[1] + "$"
    for i in range(0,len(suf)-1):
     gram = suf[i:i+2]
        list of words[gram] = k gram[gram].copy() #deepcopy
 l=intersection(list of words)
def wildcardquery search(word):
 1=[]
 if (word.count('*') ==1):
   l = wildcardquery(word)
```

```
l = post filtering(word, l , 1)
  word1 = word
  if(word[0]!='*'):#suffix type
    ind = word.index("*")
    temp = word[:ind+1]
    1+= wildcardquery(temp)
    word = word[ind:]
  if(word[-1] !="*"):#prefix type
    r = word[::-1]
    ind = len(word) - r.index("*")
    temp = word[ind-1:]
    1+= wildcardquery(temp)
    word = word[:ind]
  while (word.count('*') > 1):
    start = 0
    end = word[1:].index("*")
    temp = word[start:end+2]
    1+= wildcardquery(temp)
  l=post filtering(word1, 1 , 0)
print("The list of words with the wildcard query is:")
print(1) #words after post-filtering
print()
num relevant docs = len(1) #35
global all wildcard words
all wildcard words[ac word] = 1
  doc = B.search key(term termids[i])
  for j in doc[0][doc[1]][1]['docs']:#each doc
    if(j not in ans):
      ans[j] = []
    for k in doc[0][doc[1]][1]['docs'][j]['pos']: #row in doc
      ans[j].append(k)
```

```
ans[j] = list(set(ans[j]))
     ans[j].sort()
  num retrieved docs = len(ans)#38
 prec=num relevant docs/num retrieved docs
 reca=num relevant docs/c
 f1s=(2*prec*reca) / (prec+reca)
 print("Precision= ", prec)
 print("Recall= ", reca)
 print("F1 score= ", f1s)
 print()
 return ans
ans = wildcardquery search('t*z*')
print('The results for c*li* is the following:')
print(ans)
global all wildcard words
all wildcard words={}
tf_idf_dictionary ={}
tf idf list=[]
for i in term termids.keys():
```

```
termcollection freq=0
    for doc in inverted index dictionary[term termids[i]]['docs']:
termcollection freq+=inverted index dictionary[term termids[i]]['doc
s'][doc]['term freq']
    dfvalue=inverted index dictionary[term termids[i]]['doc freq']
    idfvalue=math.log(418/dfvalue)
   tfidf=termcollection freq*idfvalue
    tf idf list.append(tfidf)
#adding tfidf to dictionary
for i in range(len(inverted index dictionary)):
    tf idf dictionary[i+1]=tf idf list[i]
print('The tf-idf of the term
climate:',tf idf dictionary[term termids['climate']])
print('The tf-idf of the term prime
minister:',tf idf dictionary[term termids['prime minister']])
#tf-idf of a common biword
def phrase search(phrase, word1,word2,k):#Modified Intersect For
Proximity Constraint K
 searched words = {}
 for i in list of words:
   1 = B.search key(term termids[i]) #finding the posting list of
   searched words[i] = copy.deepcopy(1[0][1[1]][1]['docs'])
 a = list(searched words.keys())
```

```
first = searched words[a[0]]
  second = searched words[a[1]]
  first keys = list(first.keys()) #document ids
  second keys = list(second.keys())
  while(first keys):#for each document
    if(first keys[0] in second keys):#first document id
      rows first = list(first[first keys[0]]['pos'].keys()) #row ids
      rows second = list(second[first keys[0]]['pos'].keys())
      while(rows first):#for each row
        if (rows first[0] not in rows second): #if rowid of first term
          first[first keys[0]]['pos'].pop(rows first[0])#remove
          if(first[first keys[0]]['pos'] == {}):#remove documents
with no common rows
            first.pop(first keys[0])
          rows first.pop(0)
          x1 = 0
          flag=0
          while (x1<
len(searched words[a[0]][first keys[0]]['pos'][rows first[0]]) and
flaq==0):
            while(x2<
len(searched words[a[1]][first keys[0]]['pos'][rows first[0]]) and
flag==0):
if(abs(searched words[a[0]][first keys[0]]['pos'][rows first[0]][x1]
-searched words[a[1]][first keys[0]]['pos'][rows first[0]][x2])<=k):
                if(first keys[0] in ans):
                  ans[first_keys[0]].append(rows first[0])
                  ans[first keys[0]]=[rows first[0]]
                flag =1#stops parsing through row when the first
              x2+=1
            x1+=1
          val = rows first.pop(0)
```

```
rows second.remove(val)
     while (rows second): #deleting extra rows from second word's
       second[first_keys[0]]['pos'].pop(rows_second[0])
       if(second[first keys[0]]['pos'] == {}):
            second.pop(first keys[0])
       rows second.pop(0)
     val = first keys.pop(0)
     second keys.remove(val)
      first.pop(first keys[0]) #deleting extra docs from first word's
      first keys.pop(0)
 while (second keys): #deleting extra docs from second word's posting
   second.pop(second keys[0])
   second keys.pop(0)
   first = second
 ans1 = {}
   ans1[i] = []
   for j in ans[i]:
     ans1[i].append(j)
def phrase query search(query):
 if(query in term termids):
   return word search Btree (query)
 list of words = query.split(" ")
 if(tf idf dictionary[term termids[list of words[0]]] >
tf idf dictionary[term termids[list of words[1]]]):
   max1 = tf idf dictionary[term termids[list of words[0]]]
   word1 = list of words[0]
   max2 = tf idf dictionary[term termids[list of words[1]]]
```

```
word2 = list of words[1]
    pos1 = 0
    pos2 = 1
    max1 = tf idf dictionary[term termids[list of words[1]]]
    word1 = list of words[1]
   max2 = tf idf dictionary[term termids[list of words[0]]]
    word2 = list of words[0]
    pos1 = 1
   pos2 = 0
  for i in range(2,len(list of words)):
    if(tf idf dictionary[term termids[list of words[i]]]>max1):
     max1 = tf idf dictionary[term termids[list of words[i]]]
     word1 = list of words[i]
     pos1 = i
   elif(tf idf dictionary[term termids[list of words[i]]]>max2):
     max2 = tf idf dictionary[term termids[list of words[i]]]
     word2 = list of words[i]
     pos2 = i
  return phrase search(query, word1, word2, abs(pos1-pos2)+4)
ans = phrase query search("white house")
print('The results for university minnesota is the following:')
print(ans)
def not computation(words):
 words.strip()
 words = words[4:]
 words.strip()
 list of words = words.split(" ")
 if(len(list of words) == 1):
    if('*' in words):
      ans = wildcardquery search(words)
```

```
ans = word search Btree(words)
   ans = phrase query search(words)
 t = copy.deepcopy(doc rows)
 for i in ans:
   for j in range(len(ans[i])):
     t[i].remove(ans[i][j])
   if(t[i] == []):
     t.pop(i)
def and computation(words):
 list of words= words.split(" AND ")
 docs freq = {}#stores doc-freq mapping to list of words
 searched words = {}
 phq = []
 for i in list of words:
   wl = i.split(" ")
     1 = B.search key(term termids[i]) #finding posting list of
     if(1[0][1[1]][1]['doc freq'] in docs freq):
       docs freq[1[0][1[1]][1]['doc freq']].append(i)
       docs freq[1[0][1[1]][1]['doc freq']] = [i]
     searched words[i] = 1[0][1[1]][1]
     phq.append(i) #adding wildcard query and phrase query to this
 k = list(docs freq.keys()) # finding the terms with least term freq
 k.sort()
   a+=docs_freq[i]#for intersection in ascending order of doc freq
```

```
first = {}
 if(searched words):
   for i in searched words[a[0]]['docs']:
     first[i] =
list(searched words[a[0]]['docs'][i]['pos'].keys()) #storing posting
   for i in range(1,len(a)):
     second = {}
     for j in searched words[a[i]]['docs']:
       second[j] =
list(searched words[a[i]]['docs'][j]['pos'].keys())#storing posting
     for k in first:
       if(k in second):
         temp[k] = []
         for l in first[k]:
           if(l in second[k]):
             temp[k].append(1)
     first = temp
   ans1 = {}
   for i in first: #changing the format to docid-list of rows from
     ans1[i] = []
     for j in first[i]:
       ans1[i].append(j)
     if("NOT" in i):
       ans2 = not computation(i)
       ans2 = wildcardquery search(i)
       ans2 = phrase_query_search(i)
     for j in ans1:
          temp[j] = []
         for k in ans1[j]:
```

```
if(k in ans2[j]):
              temp[j].append(k)
   if("NOT" in phq[0]):
     ans1 = not computation(phq[0])
   elif("*" in phq[0]):
     ans1 = wildcardquery search(phq[0])
     ans1 = phrase query search(phq[0])
   for i in range(1,len(phq)):
     if("NOT" in phq[i]):
       ans2 = not computation(phq[i])
     elif("*" in phq[i]):
       ans2 = wildcardquery search(phq[i])
       ans2 = phrase query search(phq[i])
     temp = {}
     for j in ans1:
         temp[j] = []
         for k in ans1[j]:
           if (k in ans2[j]):
             temp[j].append(k)
     ans1 = temp
 return ans1
def andorquery search(words):
   list of words= words.split(" OR ")
   or computation = []
   if("AND" in list of words[0]):
     first = and_computation(list_of_words[0])
     wl = list_of_words[0].split(" ")
     if(len(wl) == 1 and '*' not in list of words[0]):
        first = word search Btree(list of words[0])
```

```
if("NOT" in list of words[0]):
          first = not computation(list of words[0])
       elif("*" in list of words[0]):
          first = wildcardquery search(list of words[0])
          first = phrase_query_search(list_of_words[0])
     if("AND" in list of words[i]):
        second = and computation(list of words[i])
       wl = list of words[i].split(" ")
       if(len(wl) == 1):
          second = word search Btree(list of words[i])
         if("NOT" in list of words[i]):
           second = not computation(list of words[i])
         elif("*" in list of words[i]):
           second = wildcardquery search(list of words[i])
           second = phrase query search(list of words[i])
     for i in first:
       temp[i] = first[i]
       if i in second:
         temp[i]+= second[i]
         temp[i] = list(set(temp[i]))
         temp[i].sort()
         second.pop(i)
     for j in second:
        temp[j] = second[j]
     first = temp
   ans = first
   ans1 = {}
   for i in ans:
     if(ans[i]!=[]):
       ans1[i] = ans[i]
   ans = ans1
   return ans
ans = andorquery_search('NOT hello AND good morning')
```

```
print('The results for NOT hello AND good morning is the
following:')
print(ans)
def document vector (document data, vectorizerX):
 vectorizerX.fit(document data)
 doc vector = vectorizerX.transform(document data)
def ranking(query, ans, vectorizerX, only not):
 doc data = []
 mapping = {}#mapping for rows of each doc to id
 ctr= 0
   for j in ans[i]:
     doc data.append(corpus[i][j]) #data of the retrieved rows
     mapping[ctr] = (i,j)
     ctr+=1
 doc vector = document vector(doc data, vectorizerX)
 query vector = vectorizerX.transform([query])
 cosineSimilarities =
cosine similarity(doc vector, query vector).flatten()
 if(only not):
   related docs = cosineSimilarities.argsort()[:-10:]#display in
ascending order if only NOT is present
   related docs = cosineSimilarities.argsort()[:-10:-1]#else
 return related_docs, mapping
```

```
def preprocess query(query):
 l = query.split(" ")
 for i in range(len(l)):
    if(l[i]== 'AND' or l[i]=='NOT' or l[i]=='OR'):
      l[i] = l[i].lower() #coverting to lower case
 q = " ".join(1)
 print(q)
 q = remove stopwords(q) #removing stop words
 punctuation='[")?,\!(}:{;$%^&]/<>=# .--'
 q list = q.split(" ")
 for ele in punctuation: #removing punctuations
    for i in range(len(q list)):
     q list[i] = q list[i].replace(ele, ' ')
 for i in range(len(q list)):
    q list[i] = q list[i].replace("'", '')
 for i in range(len(q list)):#applying lemmatization
    q list[i] = lemmatizer.lemmatize(q list[i], pos='a')
 ans = ' '.join(q list)
 print('Query after preprocessing: ',ans,'\n')
 return ans
def query search(query):
 print("Query given by user: ", query,'\n')
 query = preprocess query(query)
 vectorizerX = TfidfVectorizer()
 l = query.split(" ")
 list of words = []
  for i in 1:
```

```
if(i=='AND' or i=='OR' or i=='NOT' or '*' in i or i in
term termids):
      list of words.append(i)
     b = TextBlob(i)
        list of words.append(str(b.correct()))
 query = ' '.join(list of words)
 print('Query after spelling correction: ','
 .join(list of words),'\n')
 if(len(list of words) == 1):
    if('*' in list of words[0]):
      ans = wildcardquery search(query)
      ans = word search Btree(query)
      ans1 = word search dictionary(query)
    if('AND' in query or 'OR' in query or 'NOT' in query):
      ans = andorquery search(query)
      ans = phrase query search(query)
 q list = query.split(' ')
 final = []
 not words = []
 not words wildcard = []
 while(i<len(q list)):</pre>
   if(q list[i] == 'NOT'):
      i+=1
      while(i<len(q list) and q list[i] not in boolean):</pre>
        if('*' in q list[i]):
          not words wildcard.append(q list[i])
          not words.append(q list[i])
        i+=1
```

```
elif(q list[i] in boolean):
     while (i < len(q list) and q list[i] in boolean or q list[i] ==
'NOT'):
       final.append(q list[i])
       i+=1
     final.append(q list[i])
 while(i<len(final)):</pre>
   if('*' in final[i]):
     final.pop(i)
 only not = 0
 global all wildcard words
 aww = list(all wildcard words.keys())
 aww.sort()
 not words wildcard.sort()
 if( final ==[] and aww == not words wildcard):
   for i in not words wildcard:
     final+= all wildcard words[i]
 for i in not words wildcard:
   all wildcard words.pop(i)
 for i in all wildcard words:
   final+= all wildcard words[i]
 all wildcard words = {}
 query = ' '.join(final)
 print("The top 10 results for the query is: \n")
 if(ans):
   related_docs,k = ranking(query, ans, vectorizerX,only_not )
   for i in related docs:
     print("Doc ID: ", k[i][0],"; Doc Name: ",docid doc[k[i][0]])
     frame =
pd.read csv("content/TelevisionNews/"+docid doc[k[i][0]]+".csv")
     print('Row ', k[i][1],end = " : ")
```

```
print(frame.loc[k[i][1]]['Snippet'])
     print("\n")
    ans = doc rows
    related_docs,k = ranking(query, ans, vectorizerX,only_not )
    for i in related docs:
     print("Doc ID: ", k[i][0],"; Doc Name: ",docid doc[k[i][0]])
      frame =
pd.read csv("content/TelevisionNews/"+docid doc[k[i][0]]+".csv")
     print('Row ', k[i][1],end = " : ")
     print(frame.loc[k[i][1]]['Snippet'])
     print("\n")
query search('white house AND m*ger')
import spacy
sem arr={}
maxim=0
new data=data list[:10]+data list[100:110]+data list[200:210]+data l
ist[400:]
nlp = spacy.load("en core web lg")
query sem=nlp(u'cars give out harmfull emissions')
for i in range(len(new data)):
        temp=nlp(j)
        sim score=query sem.similarity(temp)
```

```
maxim=sim_score
    sent=j
print(f"result:{sent}")
    # continue
```